

Waco Evening News

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Office 417 Franklin Street.

H. A. IVY, BUSINESS MANAGER.

WACO, TEXAS, MARCH 18, 1899.

Waco expects every man to do his duty now.

"Waco is waking up," is the remark all over Texas to-day.

Cardinal Manning will celebrate his twenty-fifth anniversary of his episcopal consecration June 8th, 1899.

Again it is reported that John L., the slugger, has sworn off. John's success at swearing off is only exceeded by the facility with which he breaks his vows.

The Tribune is the name of a simon pure republican weekly paper is soon to be started at Houston. It is to be the property of a stock company and W. M. Bamberg, of the Houston Herald, is to be business manager.

It is said that almost every day there are men at Castle Garden who assert that they are in search of and willing to marry any bright and intelligent emigrant girl who pleases their fancy.

The outside world is exposing great things of Waco now, and unless she meets the expectations she will be set down in the same column with the idle boasters, who are always going to do.

The legislature of West Virginia will be called together in special session for the purpose of settling the gubernatorial muddle. If this body had done its duty some months ago it would have saved the state the expense and themselves the annoyance of a special session.

A Canadian young lady had the bans of matrimony between herself and two accepted suitors proclaimed in the parish church, the clergyman deciding that she would be at liberty to choose between the two at the altar. She evidently intends to make sure of a husband.

Last Monday Ralph Boehsamill Huson, of London, England, was married to Miss Mary Mulcahy in Montreal, and ten minutes later he died of pneumonia. They had been betrothed lovers for a long while, and Mr. Huson insisted upon the death-bed marriage so that his sweetheart could legally inherit his property.

At a trial in Augusta, Ga., recently, a man was sentenced to seven years imprisonment. Counsel for the defense urged the judge to change the sentence, saying that his client could not possibly live out more than half the time. "Well, then," replied the judge, "I will change the sentence. I will make it for life instead of for seven years." The prisoner preferred the first sentence, which was allowed him.

M. K. Barber died at Kansas City last week, leaving an estate of about \$260,000 to his second wife. John K. Barber, who claims to be a son of the deceased, contested the validity of the will. The defense introduced a novel plea, which was based on the following remarkable story: Barber's first wife died in giving birth to a boy. When one day old the boy was placed in charge of an aunt who had the same day given birth to a boy. One of the boys died, and the nurse was at a loss to tell which. It was finally decided that it was the son of young Barber's aunt. The defense claimed that it was M. K. Barber's son who died, and that John K. was the nephew of the deceased. The case was compromised by the step-mother giving John K. Barber \$60,000.

EXCHANGE ORAT.

BOUND TO HAVE REVENGE.
Fort Worth Gazette: In an Ohio village there are two elderly sisters who, when girls, thirty-two years ago, were courted by two youths unknown to fortune and fame, named Rutherford B. Hayes and James A. Garfield. The parents sent their daughters' sweethearts away because their prospects of getting on in the world were not, apparently, favorable. The Ohio man can be counted on to get his revenge if it takes thirty years to do it.

ENOUGH TO WORRY A MAN.
Houston Post: With Quay and Don Cameron fighting in Pennsylvania, Miller and Platt at daggers point in New York, the Indians stung by the president's ingratitude, the colored brother slighted and the hungry legions shelling the White House woods for everything in sight, it is no wonder Mr. Harrison is getting tired.

A POINT IN FAVOR OF WAR.
Austin Statesman: War is always a terrible thing, but a foreign war just now would save us from sectionalism. It would bring up a new crop of military heroes, and such civil hacks as Sherman and Chandler would be relegated to oblivion—we would get rid of them, and so forget there is a north and a south.

THEY GOT THERE IN HASTE.
Memphis Appeal: Some wicked correspondent at Washington sent out a statement the other day to the effect that there were very few Pennsylvania office-seekers at Washington. The next morning ninety-two applicants from that state were waiting at Senator Cameron's residence while he finished his breakfast and before noon his door-bell had been pulled off twice.

An Arch Swindler.
DALLAS, Tex., March 16.—H. C. Archer, traveling passenger agent of the Texas and Pacific, learns of a fellow that is passing off for him and swindling the railway ticket agents in Illinois and Indiana. His method is to carry with him a bundle of Texas and Pacific and Missouri Pacific maps, present his card to the agent, with whom he leaves a number of maps, and then prevails upon him to endorse a draft payable to the order of H. C. Archer, signed by R. Finley, auditor, and drawn upon the treasurer of the Texas and Pacific. This done, he takes his draft to the bank and cashes it. Several of these drafts reached Dallas and were protested. A ticket agent at Kankakee, Ill., who suffered to the extent of \$125, thus describes him: A light complexioned man about five feet nine inches tall, weighing about 145 pounds; has a sandy mustache, dresses elegantly and wears a silk hat with a broad band of crepe. It is learned that his first crooked work in this line was done under the name of H. C. Harvey.

Concerning the Confederate Home.
New York, March 16.—The citizens' committee to aid the Confederate soldiers' home at Austin, Texas, today, received a letter from Admiral Porter, in which he says: "The Confederate veterans are, as of yore, our fellow-countrymen, and in regard to the hostile feeling between Northern and Southern soldiers, the latter have long since forgotten it. Out of the conflict many good qualities which we might have otherwise never possessed—humanity, sympathy and magnanimous feelings for those who warred against the Union. The North is full of prosperity and the South, under the new order of things, is rapidly following in her footsteps. The stars shine brightly for us all, and having secured the perpetuation of the Union it behooves us of the North to assist those who are now overwhelmed with adversity. This is the best way to make a united country. There should be no North, no South, but one nation over which the stars and stripes should wave forever."

Gen. Adam Badeau sends a letter in which he acknowledges the tender care received by him in a Southern hospital during the war, and declares that the project is not one of necessity, but of patriotism. He encloses a check for \$50.

Col. Robert Ingersoll will deliver a lecture in aid of the fund at the academy of music March 24.

Trying to solve the Mystery.
TEXARKANA, Ark., March 16.—The excitement concerning the continued disappearance of the young man Robinson continues to increase. His friends and relatives have given up all hope that he is alive, and now think only of finding the remains. The district court, now in session, has instructed the grand jury to leave unturned no stone whereby the matter may be cleared up and the guilty persons identified and brought to justice, and to-night at this hour a meeting, largely attended and composed of the best citizens, is being held at the court house for the purpose of perfecting an organized effort for a thorough ventilation of the case, to the end that a wrong may be, as far as possible, righted and justice prevail.

A letter from his former home in Tennessee to the Presbyterian minister here, received this morning, states that Robinson's aged father, is completely prostrated by the news of his son's misfortune, and that his death is hourly expected.
Judge Sheppard speaks of adjourning the district court and assisting in the investigation should it be deemed necessary.

TO LONDON BY RAIL.

It Can Be Done—It May Well Be Asked, "What Next?"

There is a probability that the inhabitants of America during the next century will be able to go from New York to London by rail. It is not to be expected that any one will go this route to save time, for he will be obliged in traversing it to go westward, and thence around the globe; but it would give the traveler an opportunity to visit many foreign countries, and literally to see the world. An ocean steamer has already made more than 500 miles in one day, and the Atlantic is now traversed in six days, while the proposed trip around the world would require perhaps double or triple this time; but the novelty of the trip would be something remarkable.



THE PROPOSED ROUTE.

The projected route is from New York across North America to a point beyond the northwestern boundary of the United States; thence to Behring straits; across there to the coast of Asia; across Asia and Europe. The great gap is at present across Siberia, where there is no railroad. However, the recent movements of the Russian government tend towards putting rails across this territory. From the western continent of Europe to the Ural mountains there is now communication by rail, and the czar of Russia is said to be much interested in two lines of railway across Asia. These roads terminate on the eastern shores of the Pacific, the one terminating at Orenburg, the other at Ekaterinburg. But in order to make the chain of railway around the globe complete, the distance from St. Petersburg to Behring straits must be traversed. This region has not yet a single line of railway.

The Russian government, feeling the necessity of spanning this territory, has sanctioned a line of railway to be built across it, terminating at Vladivostok near Japan, almost due west from Portland, Ore. The continents of Asia and America are much nearer at this parallel than further south, but not near enough for the purposes of international railway communication. For this there must be a branch line leaving the Russian road a considerable distance west from Vladivostok and running up through Siberia to Behring straits.

It is understood that the crossing of Behring straits is perfectly practicable. In the narrowest place they are but ten miles wide and are full of islands, so that bridges can be thrown from one to another. During a portion of the year the straits are open and cars could be crossed on boats the same as across the river between Detroit and Windsor, Canada.

The principal American tract unprovided for is across Alaska. As yet there is no route to traverse this country, which is almost an unknown wilderness. But with the rapid pushing westward on the continent and the valuable products to be gained from Alaska, it is probable that not many years will elapse before the American Pacific roads will be pushed to the Straits.

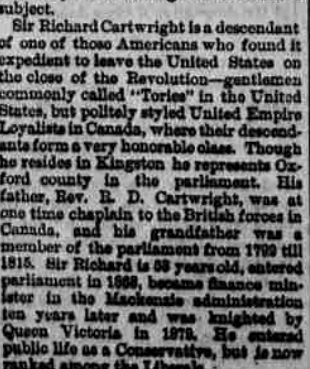
The distances to be railled are:

Miles.	
United States boundary to Behring straits	2,000
Behring straits to junction with Russian Pacific railway	2,000
Junction to European line at Ekaterinburg	5,500
Total yet to be constructed	7,500
The distances railled and to be railled are:	
Miles.	
New York to Fort Moody (British America)	5,500
Fort Moody to Behring straits	2,000
Behring straits to Ural mountains	5,500
Ural mountains to London	5,000
Total New York to London, all rail	14,000

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT.
Canada's Parliamentary Advocate of Commercial Union with the United States.

The oft suggested "commercial union" between the United States and the Dominion of Canada has at last reached the stage of tolerably active discussion on both sides of the line, for resolutions looking towards it have been introduced both into congress and the dominion parliament. The Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, of Ohio, stands sponsor to the movement in congress, and Sir Richard Cartwright, of Kingston, may be called the Butterworth of Canada. There is a suggestive similarity in the resolutions offered in each body; each one very carefully declares for negotiation merely, and it is evident that their respective authors fully realized the necessity of "feeling of the people." There is no hint of union; both the Canadian and the American evidently realized that they were dealing with a sensitive subject.

Sir Richard Cartwright is a descendant of one of those Americans who found it expedient to leave the United States on the close of the Revolution—gentlemen commonly called "Tories" in the United States, but politely styled United Empire Loyalists in Canada, where their descendants form a very honorable class. Though he resides in Kingston he represents Oxford county in the parliament. His father, Rev. R. D. Cartwright, was at one time chaplain to the British forces in Canada, and his grandfather was a member of the parliament from 1799 till 1815. Sir Richard is 58 years old, entered parliament in 1868, became finance minister in the Mackenzie administration ten years later and was knighted by Queen Victoria in 1878. He entered public life as a Conservative, but is now ranked among the Liberals.



Waco Curiosity Shop

THE
Waco Curiosity Shop
—HAS THE—
QUICK MEAL GASOLINE STOVE
SAVES WOOD, TIME & LABOR.

WANTED.
TO EXCHANGE—Furniture, Stoves or Household Goods of every description for a good horse.
TO RENT—Good seven-room house on Dutton street, also two-room house.
ALL kinds of Household articles to buy, sell, exchange or rent
TO SELL—Good seven-room House, or exchange it for Fort Worth property.
EVERYBODY to call on G. L. GOOCH at Curiosity Shop and buy goods on the Installment Plan.

CHEAP COLUMN.
For Sale.
Nice Parlor Set.
Marble-Top Bedroom Setts.
Walnut Office Desks.
Marble-top Dressing Cases.
Bureaus, Chairs, Rockers.
New and Second-hand Stoves.
Books of every description.
Musical Instruments.
Union Sewing Machines.
Wardrobes, Safes.
Extension & Kitchen Tables.
Rattan Rockers.
Queenware and Glassware.
Lamps and Lamp Chimneys.
Knives, Forks and Spoons.
Squirrel Cages.
Nice Geese Feathers.

THE
Waco Curiosity Shop
Will buy second-hand Goods, or exchange new for old.

Waco Curiosity Shop

TO THE
Farmers of McLennan and Adjoining Counties

THE
WACO LUMBER CO.
WILL EXCHANGE
LUMBER,
SASH, DOORS,
Blinds and Builders
HARDWARE.



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AT
117 S. Eight St., Waco, Tex.
BY
WACO FENCE COMPANY,
E. D. CONGER, Manager.

Write for circulars and prices. Agents wanted.
This wire and picket fence is not only cheap, but the best fence made for yards, gardens and orchards, being strong and durable. For house lots no fence can compare for price. Only \$2.50 to 3.50 per 100 feet. All pickets pointed and made of best heart pine

Dissolution of Partnership.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned parties have this day sold all their interest in the W. G. Kingsbury sheep ranch near Morgan, Bosque county, Tex., to W. G. Kingsbury and that from this date all their interest and liabilities in the same cease.
R. W. MORRISVILLE, JR.
ANDREW BORDEN.
March 14, 1899.

Get your lottery tickets from Geo. B. Campbell. No partnership in future with any one, but sales are for his own use and benefit.

The very attractive saloon known as Dick Green's, No. 515 Austin, dispenses the best straight goods and fine cigars, with choice wines. Courteous treatment for everybody.

For Corn delivered to us at our Lumber Yard in Waco, or in Car-load Lots delivered at any of the following points, to wit:
MCGREGOR, SOUTH BOSQUE, AXTELL, Mt. CALM, HUBBARD and DOWSON.

WE HAVE A VERY HEAVY STOCK AND WILL EXCHANGE ANY AND ALL KINDS OF
BUILDING MATERIAL
Including rough and dressed Lumber, such as Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Moulding and Shingles. Also Sash, Doors, Blinds and Hardware.
Our Prices will be Precisely the same as if we sold for Cash.