

VENUE HOTEL. Austin, Texas. Thebo, Manager. Centrally located. First class in every respect. Popular hotel of the State Capital. GAZETTE HEADQUARTERS.

SECOND EDITION THE FORT WORTH GAZETTE.

THE GAZETTE'S SPECIAL TRAIN. Will leave for Dallas every morning except Sunday at 10:30 o'clock. DALLAS ROUTE. Passengers received on this train by Dallas.

VOL. XX--NO. 107.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GENUINE OIL PAINTINGS GIVEN AWAY FREE. The only cost to you being a very moderate outlay for the frame. We have engaged Professor H. H. Englehardt, the famous lightning artist to occupy our front window. In five minutes he will produce a beautiful landscape picture that would require the work of days by other artists. One of these genuine oil paintings we will give free with each cash purchase of \$1.00, adding a small charge for the frame of the picture. Come and see the artist work. It is a wonderful exhibition. His hours are 9 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m.

G. Y. SMITH AND CO. G. Y. SMITH AND CO.

MILLINERY FROM US. We have the latest fashions, and save you 20 per cent. "MONNIG'S."

HURLED Five Men Suddenly to Their Death.

TWO BOILERS IN A MISSISSIPPI OIL MILL EXPLODE WITH AWFUL EFFECT.

SIX OTHERS INJURED

PERSONS ATTENDING THE DISASTER SUGGEST DESCRIPTION. Chief of Those Searching for Relatives—The Mill Had Once Been Destroyed by Fire.

Memphis, Tenn., April 1.—At 2 o'clock this evening two boilers of the oil mill at Greenville, Miss., exploded, wrecking the mill property and causing the death of five men. JENNY WILLIAMS, fireman; OLIVER HUMPHREYS, assistant fireman; TOM FREEMAN, laborer; EDWARD WILKINSON, carpenter; and following were injured: BLANK WOLFE, chief engineer, badly scalded and bruised; COLUMBUS WASHINGTON, burned and cut by the timbers, will die; TOM BROWN, badly bruised and injured.

ALF. M. TAYLOR WAS FOLLOWED UP AT A LATE HOUR. The Bullet Penetrated His Clothing and Rebounded Producing a Slight Wound. Dallas, Tex., April 1.—(Special)—Gold Durt of 143 Jackson street, about Alf. M. Taylor, well known in sporting circles, while the latter was standing the Metropolitan cafe about 11:15 last night. The bullet was 22-caliber and struck Taylor on the left shoulder. It penetrated his clothing and rebounded, causing only a slight wound. Deputy Constable Black disarmed the woman and placed her in jail. Taylor was in the street when the hurt woman drove up in a cab and called for him. He returned to see her. She followed him into the house, cursing freely, and refused to leave. Taylor was seen after the shooting, but was loath to make any statement, and only begged that nothing be said. A reporter called at the county jail and the hurt woman refused to be interviewed, having left orders not to admit newspaper men to her presence. It is rumored that another woman occupied the back of the shooting, and that the hurt woman refused to be interviewed, having left orders not to admit newspaper men to her presence.

Greenwall's Opera House. ALL THIS WEEK. BALDWIN-MELVILLE CO. AT POPULAR PRICES. Matinee prices, 10c and 20c. Night prices, 10c, 20c and 30c. MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:30.

East Lynne. To-night Louisiana. Monday Night. TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR-ROOM. Thursday Matinee. TO BE ANNOUNCED. DEVILOP WEBB. Tickets now on sale for entire week.

ROLAND REED. In His Third Success. The Politician Monday Matinee. The Woman Hater Tuesday Evening. Lead Me Your Wife Tickets now on sale. Regular price.

SUBSIDIES

For Mail Carrying Lines of Steamers

BRINGS UP A WARM DISCUSSION ON THE FLOOR OF THE SENATE.

ADVOCATE ECONOMY.

SENATOR VILAS LEADS ATTACK ON PRESENT SYSTEM.

The House Finished the Consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill Yesterday.

Washington, April 1.—In the senate today Mr. Butler (Pop., N. C.) introduced a bill requiring the acceptance of current legal tender funds in payment of notes, bonds or private obligations. The senator explained that the purpose of the bill was to put a stop to gold notes, etc., which were being forced upon the people.

"Does this propose to affect existing contracts?" asked Mr. Hill. "It does not," responded Mr. Butler. "I do not believe in breaking contracts."

The bill was referred to the finance committee. Mr. Call (Pla.) offered a resolution directing an inquiry by the common public lands committee in the patenting of unreserved lands in the state of Florida, asserting that there was much irregularity on the part of the interior department as to the lands and that foreign corporations were absorbing them. His colleague, Mr. Penco, was opposed to giving the committee directions to investigate the matter and moved to refer the resolution to the committee without directing and the two senators agreed to put to a vote the previous resolution being carried.

The following Cuban resolution was also introduced into the senate today: "Resolved, that the continued violations of the usages and laws of war between civilized people, the inhuman outrages on men, women and children constantly reported on reasonable evidence, either authorized or perpetrated by the Cuban revolutionists, not only on the citizens of the United States, but also on the citizens of the United States, and carried on between the government of Spain and the revolutionary forces, organized as the army of Cuba, demands the immediate action by the United States, not only for the protection of the citizens of the United States resident in Cuba, under the treaties with that country, but also the higher considerations of a common humanity and civilization, imperiled by barbarities and cruelties known only to the darkest and most cruel and most bloody periods of history.

"Resolved, that an adequate force of the United States shall be sent to Cuba sufficient to protect, by force if necessary, citizens of the United States in the state and the violation of treaty obligations between Spain and the United States.

"Resolved, that the president of the United States communicate to Spain these resolutions and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

The resolution went over under the rules until tomorrow.

Mr. George, the principal, then resumed his speech in opposition to the claims of Mr. Depout in the senate.

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

Mr. Peffer gave notice that his motion to take up discussion for an inquiry into the resolution and inform that government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of Americans and the interests of civilization, and that the United States will not tolerate any further course of disorder and outrage in Cuba."

MESSAGE

Of President Diaz Sent to Congress.

MOST IMPORTANT PART OF IT IS AN ALLUSION TO VILAS.

ZUELA TROUBLE.

DOCTRINE FAVORED

THAT CONDEMNIS FOREIGN FACTS OF AMERICA.

All the American Republics Should Proclaim a Doctrine Similar to President Monroe's.

City of Mexico, April 1.—The most important part of the president's message delivered today at the opening of congress is an allusion to the Anglo-American controversy and President Cleveland's message to congress. This part of the main address is as follows:

"With our northern neighbor our intercourse is of the same friendly and peaceful character, and our relations with that country have been for some years past, strengthened as the relations are by the growth of common interests which unite the two nations in bonds of more than political alliance. It is our duty to maintain the peace and stability of the republics of America, and to support the principles of justice and equity which are the basis of our civilization."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

TRAIN WAS ROBBED.

A 'PRISCO' CANNON BALL HELD UP IN MISSOURI.

Three Masked Men Did the Work in Regulation Style—The Safe Was Blown Open.

Leflore, Mo., April 1.—The east-bound cannon ball train on the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad was held up and robbed three miles east of this city at 1:30 this morning by three masked men. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

The robbers boarded the train at this place at 12:30 and after reaching the scene of the robbery held up the train and robbed the passengers. The safe was blown open and robbed.

MESSAGE

Of President Diaz Sent to Congress.

MOST IMPORTANT PART OF IT IS AN ALLUSION TO VILAS.

ZUELA TROUBLE.

DOCTRINE FAVORED

THAT CONDEMNIS FOREIGN FACTS OF AMERICA.

All the American Republics Should Proclaim a Doctrine Similar to President Monroe's.

City of Mexico, April 1.—The most important part of the president's message delivered today at the opening of congress is an allusion to the Anglo-American controversy and President Cleveland's message to congress. This part of the main address is as follows:

"With our northern neighbor our intercourse is of the same friendly and peaceful character, and our relations with that country have been for some years past, strengthened as the relations are by the growth of common interests which unite the two nations in bonds of more than political alliance. It is our duty to maintain the peace and stability of the republics of America, and to support the principles of justice and equity which are the basis of our civilization."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

"The doctrine of President Monroe, which is the basis of our policy, is the doctrine of the independence and sovereignty of the American republics, and of the exclusion of European intervention in the affairs of the continent."

BOLTED

That Is What Hon. W. S. Baker Says.

THINKS THE DUDLEY COMMITTEE UNQUESTIONABLY EXERCISES ITS AUTHORITY.

THE WAGO MEETING

OF SOUND MONEY DEMOCRATS WAS THE LOGICAL CONSEQUENCE

And They Had No Other Course to Pursue Except the One Taken.

Home Rule Doctrine.

Waco, Tex., April 1.—(Special)—Speaking of the action of the sound money men yesterday and the free silver people last Saturday, Hon. W. S. Baker said today:

"I regret deeply the action of the silver men last Saturday, but I participated in the result. There was nothing left for the sound money men to do but to take the action they took yesterday afternoon. The silver men just simply bolted, and so far as I am concerned I shall stay with the regularly organized and legally constituted Democracy. I believe to be a Democrat, and as such shall stay in that position. I believe in the home rule doctrine. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the Democracy of Texas in taking action hereby. Home rule is a vital principle of Democracy and when we are brought to this point, then we are treating on dangerous ground. I did my best to persuade the silver men out of taking the action they took Saturday, but to no avail. The truth of the matter is that the thing was manipulated by some men who are anxious to ruin for votes and had not the courage to do so on their own behalf. Dudley's committee exceeded its authority, unquestionably, hence its mandates were not binding on the