

MOLASSES.

Highest grade REBOILED Louisiana Sugar House Molasses.

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We have Good Molasses at 30 Cents a Gallon and up.

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If you want Something nice,
—'Phone—

HOWELL BROS.

THE GROCERS.

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE

OF FINE MILLINERY.

MISS St. LEON'S entire Stock of Fine Millinery must be closed out at once in compliance with legal requirements in such cases. Everything must go. All goods NEW AND UP-TO-DATE and will be sold at a great sacrifice. The stock includes everything in the Millinery Line.

MISS St. LEON has been employed as Trimmer.

J. S. MOORING Jr.
Trustee.

PARSONS' BOTTLING WORKS.

Enlarged and refitted with New and Improved Machinery. A Strictly First Class and Up-to-Date Plant, now prepared to fill orders large or small, for a PURE, WHOLESOME and HIGH GRADE SODA WATER, all flavors, at Wholesale and Retail.

PRICE, ONLY 50 CENTS PER CASE.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. Country Merchants, Picnic and Festival parties especially invited to give us a trial. We guarantee all goods of our manufacture, and give prompt attention to all orders. Call on or address,

C. C. PARSONS, Bryan, Tex.

Sole Proprietor and Bottler—"MANGONIC WELLS WATER," Nature's own Remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, etc.—Headquarters for: Fine Cigars, Candies, Fruits, Nuts, etc.

.....There is

A REASON!

FOR MAKING

Slaughtering Prices

on our SPRING STOCK of Dry Goods. It is no longer a question of Profit with us. The question is HOW TO DISPOSE OF THE STOCK IN THE QUICKEST WAY and get the CASH for it. In order to do this we have inaugurated a great

JUNE CLEARING SALE

and invite your attention to a partial list of the BARGAINS we have to offer:

2 lady worth 30c now at	20c	1 lot Misses Slippers worth \$1.50	1.00
" 15c now at	10c	pair now	1.00
Japanese worth 15c now at 10c	10c	1 lot Misses Slippers worth \$1.00	75c
anitta Cord worth 12c now at ..	8c	pair now	75c
Omity worth 15c at	10c	Men's \$5.00 Lilly-Brackett Shoes	2.00
" 10c at	7c	now only	2.00
" 20c at	12c	Men's Shoes from \$1.00 to \$3.50 per pair.	50c
Lawn worth 15c at	10c	Boys' Knee Suits worth \$9.00 go-	5.00
" 10c at	7c	ing at	5.00
Silk Challies worth \$1.00 at	30c	Boys' Knee Suits worth \$5.00 going	2.00
Silver Star Madras worth 15c now ..	10c	at	2.00
Ladies Waists worth 60c	37c	Boys' Knee Suits worth \$3.00 going	1.50
Grasside Madras Shirting worth 15c	10c	at	1.50
now	12c	Boys' Knee Suits worth \$2.00 going	1.00
lot Matting worth 25c yd to close at 17c	12c	at	1.00
lot Matting worth 16c to close at 12c	10c	1 lot Men's Suits worth \$10.00 now	5.00
One lot Ladies Shoes worth \$3.50 to	2.00	1 lot Men's Suits worth \$5.00 now	4.00
close at	1.50	Men's Black Dress Suits, Frock or	3.00
lot Red Slippers worth \$1.50 pair	1.00	Sack	1.50 to \$10.00
to close at	70c		

Just Received—New Line Near Silk Lining; new Stock

Valencien Lace.

Cole Bros.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE LANDING.

All the Troops Reach the Land In Trains Without an Accident.

NO ATTACK MADE BY SPANIARDS.

All That Were at Baiquiri Left the Town After Reducing a Portion of It to Ashes.

ONE THOUSAND CUBANS GUARD THE ROADWAYS.

They Acted as Sentinels to Warn the Soldiers of Any Approach of the Spanish on the First Night Out.

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On Board Associated Press Dispatch Boat Wanda, Baiquiri Harbor, Cuba, June 23, via Kingston, June 23.—At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon 6000 trained American soldiers were encamped in the hills around Baiquiri, 10,000 more rested on their arms on board the transport off shore, ready to join those who had debarked as soon as available launches and small boats could carry them ashore. The time and sea were propitious for the army of invasion.

The navy and army cooperated splendidly and as the big warships closed in on the shore to pave the way for the approach of the transports and then went back again, three cheers for the navy went up from 10,000 throats on the troopships and three cheers for the army arose from ship after ship as the troopships moved in to take their share in the hazardous game of war, and it was magnificent.

Cuban insurgents, too, bore their share in the enterprise honorably and well. Five thousand of them were in the mountain fastnesses and dark thickets and ravines and lay all through the night on their guns watching every road and mountain path leading from Santiago to Guantanamo. One thousand of them were within sight of Baiquiri making the approach of the Spaniards under the cover of darkness impossible.

At 4 o'clock this morning as the Associated Press dispatch boat approached Baiquiri, the entire island of Cuba seemed wrapped in a soft mist, like that of dogdays in northern latitudes. A dull, thick cloud lay on the eastern horizon and the color reflected in the gray waters of the ocean, which are generally undulated in a lazy breeze. Distant objects loomed up dimly, but it was seen that the many troopships that had been lying several miles in the offing, had drawn in towards shore, while three or four warships lay menacingly near the harbor.

All around the transports steam launches and small boats bobbing about like corks were the first indications of the true object of the undertaking ahead. An hour later the sun was rising in the eastern sky, touching the mountain tops with patches of light green and revealing in the great semicircle the troopships, some close to the coast line, others a mile distant, with decks crowded with eager, expectant men, impatient to begin the great movement of destiny, to make a new chapter in the history of America, the first invasion by our army of a foreign country in half a century.

As the dispatch boat of the Associated Press ran closer in, near where the New Orleans was lying, with her great Armstrong guns trained on Baiquiri, tongues of a lurid flame and black smoke were seen rising from the town, an inevitable consequence of war and a sure sign the Spaniards had gone, leaving ruin behind them. The captain of the New Orleans shouted the news to the dispatch boat, adding: "You had better keep off a little. You are in range. They have a rifle on the hill on the eastern side of Baiquiri." There is a steep rocky hill known as Punta Baiquiri, rising almost perpendicularly at the place indicated. It is a veritable Gibraltar in possibilities of defense.

From a staff at its summit the Spanish flag was defiantly floating at sunset last night; but it was gone this morning and with it the Spanish guard which had maintained the signal station. Between nightfall and dawn the Spaniards had taken alarm and fled from the place, firing the town as they left. The flames were watched with interest from the ships. Two sharp explosions were heard. At first they were thought to be the report of guns from the Spanish masked batteries, but they proved to be explosions of ammunition in the burning buildings. Three hours' waiting made the men on the transports impatient to get ashore and in action, and every move of the warships were closely watched by the soldiers.

The last of the troops from the transports put foot on Cuban soil at 1:10

o'clock this morning, but it will be Saturday evening before all the ammunition, horses, big guns and provisions can be taken from the transports.

A little before 9 o'clock Wednesday morning the bombardment of batteries of Jaragua was begun by the ships of Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet. This was evidently a feint to cover the real point of attack, Jaragua being about half way between Baiquiri and Santiago. The bombardment lasted 20 minutes. The scene quickly shifted back again to the great semicircle of the transports' fleet before Baiquiri. At 9:40 the New Orleans opened fire with her gun and sent a shell rambling and crashing against the hillside. The Detroit, Waup, Machias and Suwanee followed suit, and soon the hillside and valley seemed to be ablaze as shot followed shot in quick succession amid the wildest excited cheering of the soldiers on the transports. In five minutes the sea was alive with flotillas of small boats, headed by launches, speeding for Baiquiri dock. Some boats were manned by crews of sailors, while others were rowed by soldiers themselves. Each boat contained 16 men, every one in fighting trim, and carrying three days' rations, a shelter gun and 200 cartridges, ready to take the field on touching the shore, should they be called upon to do so.

The firing of the warships, however, proved to be a needless precaution, as their shots were not returned and no Spaniards were visible. General Shafter boarded the Segurana and closely watched the landing of troops. Brigadier General Lawton, who had been detailed to command the landing party, led the way in a launch, accompanied by his staff, and directed the operation. A detachment of 80 regular infantry soldiers was the first to land, followed by General Shafter's old regiment, the First infantry. Then came the Twenty-fifth, the Twenty-second, the Tenth, the Seventh, the Twelfth the Second Massachusetts regiment and a detachment of cavalry. The boats rushed forward simultaneously from every quarter; a good-natured rivalry was in the first, and they scrambled over one another and leaped ashore.

General Lawton threw a strong detachment for the night about six miles west on the road to Santiago and another detachment was posted north of town among the hills. The rest of the troops were quartered in town. Other troops were quartered in deserted houses while others still preferred the shelter of their tents in adjoining fields. The morning's fire, it was seen, destroyed the roundhouse, the repair shops and several small dwellings. The town was deserted when the troops landed, but women and children soon returned to the surrounding thickets and returned to their homes. The sun-browned soldiers, quickly searched the buildings in the thickets after the landing in search of lurking foes and marched into unknown country beyond nightfall with long swinging strides, with cheers of their comrades still waiting on the transports and strains of Yankee Doodle from bands on the troopships saluting them as they disappeared from view over the hills of Baiquiri.

The landing was completed without loss of life, the only casualty being the wounding of an insurgent on the hills by a shell from one of the warships. He will lose an arm.

The insurgent troops at Baiquiri, commanded by General Castillo, are estimated to number 1000 men.

Nearly Fifty Thousand at Chickamauga. Chickamauga, June 23.—No orders of any kind affecting the status of General Brooks' army have been received and the work of preparing the men for the field is going forward rapidly and satisfactorily. There are now at the park nearly 47,000 men, and these are being added to daily by from 700 to 700 recruits. The largest number in any one day came in yesterday, there being about 1500.

Captured All But Mantia. London, June 23.—The Manila Railroad company having offices in this city has received a cable message saying through the Philippine insurgents have captured all, but the inner city of Mantia, they are respecting property and are refraining from looting.

Garcia Carried Out His Part. Washington, June 23.—A delayed dispatch from Santiago says:

General Garcia, just prior to the landing of troops, received a cablegram from the war department at Washington practically giving him instructions as to what to do with his forces. It notified him among other things, that 1600 Cubans were to attack the rear of the Spanish force at Baiquiri on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. This, later dispatches show, had been performed. That the landing of a great army of volunteers was the execution of a carefully arranged plan is shown by dispatches received by General Garcia from officials at Washington. Under date of June 20, 30 days before the work was actually accomplished a letter was received by General Garcia, in which it was suggested to him that our forces would be materially assisted if he would have as large a force as possible in the vicinity of the harbor of Santiago. General Garcia immediately made plans to carry out this project.

Frank Sterne Ended His Life. Houston, June 23.—Frank Sterne, a well known citizen of Houston, was found dead in his store at 115 Main street yesterday morning by the negro porter. A ghastly wound in the head showed that the deceased had placed a pistol to his right ear and fired a bullet into his brain.

CUBAN REACHES GARCIA FROM CITY OF SANTIAGO.

He Brings Drawings of the Bay and the Forts and Other Very Valuable Information.

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In General Garcia's Camp, Aurren Dera, Santiago de Cuba, June 23, per Associated Press dispatch boat Wanda, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 23.—A Cuban who left the city of Santiago Monday night, arrived at General Garcia's camp Tuesday morning with accurate maps of the harbor and the earthworks surrounding it. The ships of Admiral Cervera have moved from the position they were in three days ago and now lie in almost a circle, surrounding the small island and light house about half way up the 4-mile harbor.

The cruiser Cristobal Colon, which is uninjured, lies west, commanding with her port battery the narrow neck of the harbor, while the Viscaya, also uninjured, lies east. Both the Spanish boat destroyers are temporarily disabled, one had been struck by fragments of the shells that sunk the Reina Mercedes, and the other having her boiler tubes in course of repair.

The most important statement made was in substance that the torpedo boats had not since their arrival here made any attempt to leave, being unable to do so. The ships have only half their supplies of coal, although some coal arrived over the overland route two weeks ago. The shell that struck the Reina Mercedes was fired by the Massachusetts. Beyond this loss, and quite a large loss of life incident to it, there was little or no damage done. The earthworks were disturbed and one smoothbore gun was dismounted in the west battery. Seven new guns are being put up facing the sea, the three on the west are from the ships and are of the 6-inch rapidfire variety. Automatic guns of all descriptions, it appears, are being dismounted from the ships and mounted on earthworks surrounding the city. A new line of trenches have been dug about a mile from the city.

The Spanish soldiers, known as the regular troops, are on half rations, and no rations or supplies are furnished the local Spanish forces numbering about 3000 men. A spirit of discontent it seems is very widespread among the Spanish troops and an uprising in Santiago is feared. There are absolutely a lack of drugs in Santiago. The crews on the Spanish warships are also on half rations.

Grooley Hears From Allen.

Washington, June 23.—Gen. Grooley has received a dispatch from Lieutenant Colonel Allen of the signal service, in charge of the cable station established at Playa del Este, Cuba. It did not relate to military operations, but from the fact that no reference was made to important developments, it was inferred that the situation had not changed materially since last night, when the landing of troops was in progress.

Guilt of Withholding Funds.

Chicago, June 23.—Ex-Banker Edward S. Dreyer was found guilty of withholding \$316,000 of the funds of the West Park board of commissioners, of which he was treasurer, from his successor in office. There was a discrepancy in the account as kept by the board and the bank of E. S. Dreyer & Co. There are 15 indictments still hanging over Dreyer's head as a result of his financial downfall as a banker.

Judgment Against the State.

Austin, June 23.—Judgment was rendered against the state in the district court in a suit brought at the instance of the railroad commission against the Southern Kansas Railway company. It was alleged by the state that the defendant was guilty of extortion in the matter of freight rates on coal hauled from Panhandle to Miami. Notice of appeal was given.

Renewed Resignation.

London, June 23.—It is rumored that Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, will shortly resign from the ministry in order to assume the leadership of a large number of Unionists in the house of commons who are discontented with the foreign policy of the government.

Serious Runaway Accident.

Whitesboro, Tex., June 23.—As Miss Henry, who lives in the country some miles north of town, was coming to town in a buggy she met a thrasher engine in the road, frightening her horse, causing it to run away, throwing her out and bruising her up very severely. The buggy was torn to pieces and the horse killed.

Chinese Warship Driven Ashore.

St. Petersburg, June 23.—Information has just reached here that during a recent typhoon at Port Arthur, a Chinese torpedo boat destroyer was driven ashore and 13 men drowned. The Russian warship Sissoi Veliky was also damaged during the same storm.

Cornell Won the Race.

New London, June 23.—The great Varsity boat race between Yale, Cornell and Harvard was rowed on the Thames today. The race was won by Cornell by a length; the Yale was second, six lengths ahead of the Harvard. Time, 23 minutes and 40 seconds.

Killing of a Mexican.

San Angelo, Tex., June 23.—About eight miles southwest of here at the Bismark farm, Pedro Leon, a Mexican, was killed.

Prominent Lumber Man Dead.

Dallas, June 23.—M. T. Jones, a prominent lumber dealer, whose home was at Houston, died here of fever.

REMEMBER THE NAME!

JOHN B. MIKE.

The Original Cutter,

Wants Your Order for Groceries.

PHONE 40.

Look over this Line of

FINE IMPORTS

and see if there is anything you want.

Creme de Menthe
Falcon Brand Holland Gin
Veno Vermouth
Pale Orange Bitters.

Creme de Cocoa
Maraschino
ALL THE LEADING BRANDS OF LIQUORS.

DUNN & DALY.

James' Mosquito Lotion, Toilet Soaps, and True Flower Odors from California, the Land of Flowers.

HEAT POWDER

The best and Purest Powder on the Market.

ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO INFANTS

Has no Equal for the Cure of

Prickly Heat

It Softens and Preserves the Skin of Adults and the Noxious Odor of excessive perspiration

GOOD LUCK

to Drink at the

GLOBE SALOON

TAYLOR & COX, Prop.

SUMMER DRINKS!

COOLING DRINKS, STRENGTHENING COOLERS

EVERYBODY TREATED RIGHT.

Best Wines, Liquor and Cigars

.....THE KANDY KITCHEN

Ice Cream Parlour

ICE CREAM

Elegantly Refitted

COOL and Inviting.

"NAME ON EVERY PIECE"

LOWNEY'S

Chocolate Bonbons.

TO MY PATRONS AND FRIENDS

Of Brazos, Madison, Grimes, Robertson and Burleson Counties.

The combined Capital and assets of companies represented by me amount to more than \$1,000,000.

The capital and assets of Companies I represent writing GINS amount to more than \$35,000,000.

I confidently believe that I can serve you better and more than any one else in Any Line of Risks, be they town or Country.

have an efficient office force, the affairs of which are under the management of FRANK W. McCONNICO.

I also represent Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York, Pacific Mutual Life, Am. Union Life, Fidelity and Casualty of New York.

For which I am the only authorized agent in Bryan and appreciate your business.

A. D. McCONNICO