

# THE STAYEYER.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO STOCK-FARMING.

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**How to Prevent Pneumonia.**  
 A well established fact is that pneumonia can be prevented. This disease always results from a cold or from an attack of influenza. Among the tens of thousands who have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, for these diseases, you will not find a single case that has ever resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dread disease. The fact is it counteracts any tendency of a cold or attack of the grip towards pneumonia. It is famous for its quick cures of colds and grip. Try it. The Hadley Drug Company, The Leading Druggists sell it.

**Texas Inspection.**  
 W. D. Jordon of Quanah, has prepared the Texas section of the annual report of inspections to be made by the bureau of animal industry. It shows the number of cattle inspected last year to be 418,596, as against 307,658 for the preceding year. The cattle were distributed as follows: Montana 99,408, South Dakota 71,285, New Mexico 63,000, Colorado 10,885, Iowa 6780, Oklahoma 470, Kansas 63,972, North Dakota 42,730, Wyoming 30,097, Nebraska 16,470, Missouri 3200, California 2598, Illinois 2240; total 418,596. —Texas Stock Journal.

Home Comfort coffee is the best. J. A. Wansley & Co. tf

**Dale Brought \$10,000.**  
 The noted bull Dale, sire of Perfection, was sold last week to J. C. Adams of Moweaqua, Ill., for \$10,000. Just before the Clark sale of Herefords at Chicago at which Perfection brought \$9000, Clem Graves of Bunker Hill, Ind., sold Dale to Wabash Stock Farm Co. of Wabash Ind., for \$8000. On the day following the Clark sale the purchase of Dale by Mr. Adams was made. —Texas Stock Journal.

We desire to call your attention to the beautiful display of furniture at Oscar Hunt & Co's. store, some lovely pieces and suites for sale at reasonable prices.

We frequently see a man walk into a confectionery or grocery store, pick up an apple, a stick of candy or a banana, and devour it with as much nonchalance as if he were the proprietor of the establishment. Now, of course an apple or a stick of candy is not worth much, but suppose everybody who happened into the store should help themselves in this fashion, where would the merchant's profit come in? It would not come in at all; on the contrary he would go broke in a short while. You have no more right to sponge on the dealer than anybody else. So when ever you want a little fruit or a little candy, plank down your nickel and don't "sponge" any longer. —Ex.

**We Will Not Be Undersold.**

**CANYON LUMBER CO.**

CANYON CITY, TEXAS.

## SMITH WALKER & COMPANY

ARE PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE

### WILL CONTINUE IN BUSINESS.

THAT THEY

## GROCERIES

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE AND OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST. AN INVESTIGATION WILL CONVINCING YOU.

## DRY GOODS

WE ARE FILLING IN ALL BROKEN LINES, HOWEVER, FOR THE PRESENT WE WILL

### CONTINUE TO SELL AT COST.

REMEMBER ALL GOODS CHARGED WILL BE AT REGULAR PRICES.

## SMITH, WALKER & COMPANY.

### THE CENTER OF THE LIVE- STOCK INDUSTRY.

According to the Federal census, giving the number of head of livestock in the different states of the union on 1st of June 1900, the great state of Texas stood first in cattle with 9,546,970, Iowa was second with 5,336,849 and Kansas third with 4,495,043. Missouri, Nebraska and Illinois had about 3,000,000 each, Indian Territory and Oklahoma combined 3,000,000 and Colorado 1,500,000. Kansas City is thus shown to be the central point and natural market of the greatest cattle producing territory in the world. During the first of the New Century, Kansas City's chief mission seemed to be the smashing of commercial records and so successful were its efforts that in the receipts of live stock and the percentage consumed by local abattoirs, the new records established out number those of any other city. Cattle receipts for the year amounted to 2,000,165 head, out numbering

the previous year's, and heaviest previous receipts, by over 30,000. There were 126,410 calves received, also a record breaking supply, and the hog receipts, which aggregated 3,719,404, were the largest ever recorded and over 600,000 in excess of the previous year's arrivals. Sheep receipts, while not the largest on record, were very heavy, having reached a total of 980,978, and of the number, 776,693, were slaughtered in Kansas City, representing 79.3 per cent of the total supply and eclipsing all previous slaughtering records, as did the killing of cattle which reached a total of 1,142,289 or 58.4 per cent of the receipts and the killing of hogs which amounted to 3,544,800 or 95.3 per cent of the total supply. There were also 96,957 horses and mules received during the year and the total valuation of live stock passing through the Kansas City stock yards was \$130,377,653.00, over 4,000,000.90 greater than in 1900 and representing about one seventh of the total bank clearings of the year, which reached the enormous to-

tal of \$918,000,000.00, within itself a record breaker and \$143,000,000.00 in excess of the previous year's clearings. In the summer and fall of 1901 the territory for hundreds of miles around Kansas City passed through a drouth that, for severity, has seldom been surpassed, but so far from proving a disaster to the industries of the city, its effect was only felt in showing its greatness in adversity and how little are its institutions dependent upon local conditions. Much of this supremacy is due to the perfect railroad facilities which Kansas City's geographical position affords, and when thousands of immature cattle were forced on to the market during the dry months the demands of the far away states of the north and northwest, where feed was plentiful, absorbed a large portion of the surplus in as simple and natural a manner as if the exchange had been made by next door neighbors instead of between men living thousands of miles apart. These exchanges were affected through the Kansas City market which

maintained its position as the largest stocker and feeder market in the world, having distributed 50,000 more cattle to the range and feeding points during the year than any other two markets combined and having approached within less than 9000 head of the greatest of all distributing years—1900—when from Kansas City alone, about 670,000 cattle and calves found their way back to the country. An idea of the increase of stockers and feeders called for by what was formerly considered "outside territory" may be obtained from the Kansas City Stock Yards Company's annual distribution report which shows Montana to have taken nearly 30,000 cattle compared with 300 the year before; South Dakota, 11,000 against 1,100; Wyoming, 10,000 against 1899; Minnesota, 3000 against 300 and Washington, 2400 against none at all in 1900. Two thousand pure blood cattle sold at auction at Kansas City at a general average of \$226.15 during 1901, out of about 15,000 pure blood cattle sold at auction during the year through-

out the whole United States; and at Kansas City, during the first month of the year, the pace was set for high priced heifers when Carnation 77704 was sold by Clem Graves, of Bunker Hill, Ind., to J. C. Adams, Moweaqua, Ill. for \$3700. Other high prices were paid during the year for female pure blood cattle at Kansas City and other places until the climax was reached in December when W. S. Marr, of Aberdeenshire, Scotland, sold Nissie 153d to W. C. Edwards & Co. of Rockland, Ontario, for \$6000. This was not only the highest

price paid for a cow during the year, but exceeded any like consideration since the famous "New York Mills" sale in 1873 which took place near Utica, N. Y. and at which one Shorthorn cow sold at 40,000, and another at \$35,000. In fact, the 1901 was the most successful year in the history of the Kansas City market and shows the steady trend of the business to that point which is destined to become the greatest livestock market in the world.

Mr. Leslie Robeson of Hereford is visiting in town this week.

**WE ARE HERE**

to sell the best goods at reasonable prices. We want a share of your patronage and by courteous treatment and honest dealing we hope to hold your trade. Our stock of

**GROCERIES, COUNTRY PRODUCE, CONFECTIONS, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES**

is the freshest to be found on the market.

**J. A. WANSLEY & CO.**