

# The Garland Globe

J. A. Wixon, Editor & Manager.

GARLAND UTAH

## UTAH STATE NEWS

The town of Murray is to have a Carnegie library.

The milk dealers of Salt Lake City have advanced the price of milk to ten cents a quart.

A can factory with a capacity of 100,000 cans per day may be established in Ogden in the near future.

The Spanish Fork city council has granted the franchise for an inter-urban railroad through Spanish Fork.

One of the unique exhibits at the state fair this year will be a trout weighing ten pounds, and thirty inches long.

Beaver county is to have a four-day fair at Beaver City, beginning September 21. There will be exhibits and sports of all kinds.

An association is being formed, the purpose of which is to better the agricultural conditions in the country tributary to Salt Lake City.

The grand stand at the Buena Vista race track, Salt Lake City, was destroyed by fire Thursday night, the loss being estimated at \$10,000.

According to the estimates of the state horticultural inspector, about \$400,000 worth of apples will be shipped to markets outside of the state this year.

"Harvest Home" day at Willard, on August 31, was attended by hundreds from adjoining towns. Feasting, sports and dancing were the order of the day, everything being free to visitors.

The Intermountain Good Roads association, which will hold its annual convention in Ogden during the Four-state fair, is making big preparations for the entertainment of the delegates.

Another new bank has been opened at Ogden. The new bank is financed by men of wealth and standing in the commercial world of Utah, Nevada, Idaho, South Dakota and other states.

A movement is on foot by the farmers of the Plain City district to conserve the flood waters of Weber river for irrigation purposes by constructing reservoirs in that section of Weber county.

Because he fell asleep in the spectator's division of the police court in Salt Lake City, and snored so loudly that he interrupted various pleadings, John Orsel was sentenced to two days in the city jail.

A carload of pipe for the Annabella waterworks has been ordered and the system will be installed at once. This will give Annabella a supply of the purest mountain spring water delivered to the homes of the people.

William Jeffries, alias "Salt Lake Speedy," who is alleged to have murdered William Coslett in the Heidelberg saloon in Salt Lake City, on the morning of August 5, is under arrest at Seattle, and will be brought back for trial.

E. J. Mack, an habitual "dope fiend," died in jail in Salt Lake City from an overdose of cocaine. He was brought to the station in a helpless condition by a policeman and died an hour later.

Utah has two representatives at the International Tax association convention which opened at Milwaukee on Tuesday, the two being both scheduled for short talks during the session. They are Hardin Bennion and J. J. Thomas.

Changes in the state school course of study have been made by the committee of county superintendents. In all grades below the seventh, simple health and hygiene will be substituted for physiology and a number of additional minor changes will be made later.

The estimate of the honey crop of Emery county this year is \$25,000, and is considered a good showing, as the bees are valued at about \$6,000 in the entire county. The strained honey crop will foot up from ten to twelve carloads.

What is claimed to be a sample of the richest and best yield in the country in the way of Elberta peaches is being exhibited by L. Stokes, a prominent grower of Roy, Utah. He has peaches that average three to the pound and 203 bushels to the acre.

For the first time in the history of the bee industry in Mt. Pleasant, a carload of honey has been sold out of the town. Contracts were signed by the respective bee men during the past week which bind them to ship the car September 15. The car will be 30,000-pound capacity.

Farmers in Utah county who are suffering from ravages of the alfalfa weevil, which is gradually working south from Salt Lake county, are cutting and burning their lucern, discing and harrowing their fields and digging up the ditch banks and fence corners where the insect breeds.

## FOILED BY ENGINEER

### BRAVE MAN PREVENTS HOLD-UP OF COLORADO MIDLAND TRAIN AND KILLS BANDIT.

#### Refused to Obey Orders When Covered by Revolver in Hands of Robber and Began Shooting, Which Put His Comrades to Flight.

Leadville, Colo.—As the result of an attempted train robbery on the Colorado Midland railway between Divide and Floressant, one robber is dead, Engineer Stewart shot in the leg, and an unknown hobo dangerously injured. The other two robbers made their escape, but a posse organized by Sheriff Von Puhl has taken the trail.

When the Midland westbound No. 3, in charge of Conductor Wesley Steele, reached Divide, one of the robbers climbed on the tender; and when the train reached mile-post 32, a short distance beyond, covered Engineer Stewart with a revolver. The train had stopped at this point to meet train No. 4, eastbound. Stewart, however, drew his revolver, when the robber opened fire, the bullet striking Stewart in the leg. Stewart promptly opened fire, killing the man.

At this moment the other bandits sent a fusillade of bullets into the door of the express car, but the express messenger refused to open the door. By this time the train crew opened fire on the robbers and they immediately fled in the darkness. An unknown tramp, who was stealing a ride on No. 3, was accidentally shot by the train porter and seriously injured.

## UPRISING IN PHILIPPINES.

### Movement is Headed by Former Governor of Nueva Vizcaya.

Manila.—An uprising against the government is reported in the province of Nueva Vizcaya. A constabulary force is hurrying to the scene and a battle is expected hourly. The rebel movement is headed by Simeon Mandac, former governor of the province of Ilocos Norte, who has been a fugitive from justice. Mandac occupies Solano, a town of about 6,000 inhabitants, northwest of the center of Nueva Vizcaya and about five miles north of Bayonong. The telegraph wires north of Bayonong have been cut and it is impossible to learn the number of Mandac's followers. It is doubted, however, that the rising is serious.

## IGNORES UNITED STATES.

### President of Panama Makes No Reference to This Country in His Message.

Panama.—The political situation in the republic is unchanged. On Thursday afternoon the national assembly held its first session and President Mendoza's message was read. The document reviewed the events of the last two years and then touched upon foreign relations. In this regard, it said that the relations between Panama and foreign nations were most cordial, the republic having received demonstrations of good will from all. The message made no reference to the United States, ignoring that country's recent pronouncement that Senator Mendoza's re-election to the presidency would be unconstitutional.

## Money Needed for Fire Fighters.

Missoula, Mont.—According to a message received at the forestry headquarters from Secretary Wilson of the agricultural department, no appropriation has been made to defray the hospital expenses incurred in the care of those injured in the forest fires. So far this expense amounts to over \$2,000 in this district and the assessment of 25 cents per man is not sufficient to cover. Plans are being made for a special tax, including all of the forestry employees, to defray this expense.

## Second Largest City in World.

Washington.—Greater New York has a population of 4,766,883 under the thirteenth decennial census, according to figures issued Thursday night by the director of the census. This makes New York the second largest city in the world, and as large as any two foreign cities, excepting London. Since 1900 the population of the metropolis has increased by 1,329,681 or 38.7 per cent, as compared with 3,437,202 under the last census.

## Fire in California.

Auburn, Cal.—After a fierce fight with the fire which threatened the destruction of Forest Hill, a force of 150 soldiers, aided by hundreds of citizens, succeeded on Thursday in subduing the flames. A large area of timberland was burned over.

## LABOR DAY



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## LEAPS FROM ROOF TO DEATH

### Prominent Utahn Chooses Horrible Death as Result of Financial Reverses.

Salt Lake City.—David S. Murray, formerly general manager of the Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company in Utah, Idaho, Wyoming and Montana, leaped from the roof of the Deseret National bank building, corner First South and Main streets, Wednesday morning at 6 o'clock, and was instantly killed. Despondency resulting from financial difficulties and the excessive use of alcoholic stimulants was the cause of the suicide. The skull was crushed by the impact and the left leg was broken and the bones jammed into the body. The corpse was otherwise mutilated.

Mr. Murray was born in Kentucky, and was about 48 years of age. At the age of 19 years he came to Utah for a visit with his uncle, Governor Eli Murray, who was appointed to the territorial governorship of Utah in 1880, and reappointed in 1884. Mr. Murray remained in Utah and had gained a high position in business and social circles in Utah and all the west. He is survived by a wife and a daughter.

Mr. Murray was recognized throughout the United States as an expert in all that which relates to telephone service. He was the inventor of numerous devices now in use by the Bell, and under his supervision many valuable improvements were installed.

In 1907 Mr. Murray was married to Miss Olga Marix, a sister of Mrs. Wilbur W. Flagg and niece of Commander Marix, who served on the board of inquiry in connection with the Maine disaster in Havana harbor. One daughter, Genevieve, was born of the union.

## Hoax Results in Tragedy.

New York.—Ten Brooklyn firemen and policemen are under the care of surgeons, after having nearly lost their lives as the result of being hoaxed by children. The firemen were told by the children that one of their number, a little girl, had fallen through a manhole into a great ten-foot truck sewer. The men organized a rescue expedition and went into the big pipe in search of the supposed missing child. They were overcome by the deadly sewer gases and were brought to the surface unconscious.

## Beverly to Remain Summer Capital.

Beverly, Mass.—In laying the cornerstone of the new Y. M. C. A. building here on Wednesday, President Taft announced that Beverly would continue to be the summer capital of the country, at any rate for two years more. Melville Woodbury, who presided at the ceremonies, referred to the president as "Beverly's most distinguished summer boarder."

## Wyoming Coal Miners Return to Work

Denver, Colo.—Under an agreement entered into on Thursday between representatives of the coal operators and the miners of southern Wyoming, several thousand men who have been on strike for a number of months will return to work at once, pending ratification of the agreement by a joint convention to be held in Cheyenne on September 9.

## Farmer Killed by Mad Hog.

Hartford, Conn.—John H. Bartlett, a farmer, is dead at his home in Dalton as the result of a hog bite. He was attacked three days ago by the hog, a white Chester boar weighing 400 pounds, and received a slight wound in his leg before he could escape.

## ADOPTS THE KANSAS IDEA

### Colonel Roosevelt Announces His Political Creed and Lines Up With the Insurgents.

Oswatimie, Kan.—In clear and emphatic fashion Theodore Roosevelt announced his political creed here on Wednesday. It was a crowd of insurgent Republicanism. It aligned him definitely with the insurgent movement within the party as a whole. It placed him on record as an advocate of some policies which find favor with the insurgents and as an opponent of every "special interest" which he believes exercises a sinister influence on the affairs of the people.

Colonel Roosevelt declared himself in favor of wide increase in the power of the national government so that it might assume greater activity in control of the corporations, and in working out the policies which he believes should be adopted. He declared for the "new nationalism," as he termed such an increase in governmental power.

Colonel Roosevelt characterized the issue of the day as "the struggle of free men to gain and hold the right of self-government as against the special interests, who twist the methods of free government into machinery for defeating the popular will."

"The issue is joined and we must fight or fail," said he.

## Homestead Law Broadly Construed.

Washington.—Frank Pierce, acting secretary of the interior, has written a letter to Senator Reed Smoot construing the large homestead act in so far as it provides, "That after entry and until final proof the entryman shall reside within such distance of the land as will enable him successfully to farm the same." If the homesteader "personally farms the land entered or personally supervises the cultivation and improvement of the same," the department will not inquire into his place of residence.

## Tried to Save Lincoln.

Hanover.—Major Henry Reed Rathbone, who was an aide to President Lincoln and received a stab wound in trying to save the life of his chief on the night of the assassination, is near death in the criminal ward of the asylum at Hildersheim, of which he has long been an inmate. Many years ago while occupying the post of American consul here, Major Rathbone murdered his wife. He was convicted, but declared to be insane, and was committed to the institution where he has since lived in luxury.

## Wealthy Sick Man Suicides.

New York.—Solomon J. Hirsch, a wealthy clothing manufacturer of Chicago, committed suicide in the Hotel Knickerbocker on Tuesday by cutting his throat with a razor while sitting at a desk where he had written several letters. Then he walked into the bathroom, where he dropped dead. Continued illness was the cause of his act.

## Helen Gould Now Doctor of Laws.

New York.—The degree of doctor of laws has been conferred on Miss Helen M. Gould by the American college for girls at Constantinople. This institution, which is under the control of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions, has for years been befriended by Miss Gould.

## Holy Roller Dies of Starvation.

Los Angeles.—Mrs. Nellie Boyle one of the four Holy Rollers who entered upon a fast which lasted thirty-eight days before being interrupted recently by the police, died at the county hospital Wednesday of starvation.

## CLOAK MAKERS WIN

### ONE OF THE GREATEST STRIKES IN HISTORY OF GARMENT MAKING COMES TO END.

#### Loss in Wages Alone Has Exceeded Ten Million Dollars During Nine Months Struggle Between 70,000 Workers and Employers.

New York.—The cloak makers' strike, one of the greatest industrial disturbances in the history of American labor, was settled Friday night. Seventy thousand garment workers who have been idle for nine months, will return to work. Ten thousand, and those dependent upon them—fifty thousand souls in all—were on the point of eviction, and hundreds had already been forced on to the streets.

The industrial loss to employers and employees has run high into the millions. In loss of wages alone the total has been estimated at more than \$10,000,000, while the loss to manufacturers, jobbers and retailers the country over has been computed at ten times that amount.

In spite of the stupendous readjustment involved, the strike has been in the main notable for peacefulness. There were numerous cases of petty disorder, and a petition of the manufacturers brought forth from Justice Goff of the state supreme court an injunction in which he ruled that any strike called to demand the closed shop was in restraint of trade.

## RESULT OF IDAHO PRIMARY.

### Governor Brady Renominated by Republicans and Hawley Chosen by Democrats.

Boise, Ida.—Returns from Idaho's primary election show that Governor Brady, Republican, is renominated by a handsome majority over all, estimated at 2,000. This is large, considering the light vote and the number of candidates. Congressman Hamer, standpat'er, was defeated decisively by former Congressman French, insurgent. French's majority may reach 5,000. James H. Hawley, anti-state-wide prohibitionist, was nominated for governor on the Democratic ticket, and A. M. Bowen for congress. The other candidates known to have been nominated are:

Republican: Supreme court justice, I. N. Sullivan, renominated; lieutenant governor, L. H. Sweetser; treasurer, O. V. Allen, defeating the incumbent, Hastings; mine inspector, R. N. Bell; auditor, S. D. Taylor, renominated; attorney general in doubt between Morrison and McDougal, incumbent; secretary of state, between B. E. Hyatt and E. L. Whitney, and school superintendent, between Chamberlain, incumbent, and Grace Shepperd.

Democratic: Supreme court, J. L. McClear; lieutenant governor, E. J. Hunter; auditor, E. W. Jones; treasurer, Joseph T. Carruth; secretary of state, O. V. Badley; attorney general, Frank L. Moore; school superintendent, Gertrude Noble; mine inspector, J. A. Czizek.

It is reported that not over 30 per cent of the total vote went to the polls. On account of the supreme court having held that the second choice vote was compulsory, and, unless indicated, the first choice would not be counted, thousands of voters wrote in names indiscriminately for second choice in order to protect their first choice. This greatly delayed and terribly complicated the count.

## CURRENCY LAW CONSTRUED.

### Ruling Allows Banks to Add Five Hundred Million Circulation.

Washington.—Secretary MacVeagh's ruling on the term "commercial paper," in the interpretation of the emergency currency law, became known in its full import here Thursday. The way now is clear for the banks of the United States to put into circulation \$500,000,000 in emergency money at the first sign of a stringency.

The law provides that commercial paper upon which emergency currency may be issued shall include only notes representing actual commercial transactions, which shall bear the names of at least two responsible persons and have not more than four months to run.

## General Wood Confers With Taft.

Beverly, Mass.—General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, United States army, was in conference with President Taft for several hours on Friday on the estimates for the next fiscal year. It is the announced intention of the general and the president to keep the army expenses to as low a figure as is compatible with the efficiency of the service.