

THE MERCUR MINER.

VOL. IX.

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THE MERCUR MINER.

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Utah's Johannesburg.

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Grant Van Hoose Editor
James T. Jakeman Manager

NOTICE.

During our absence any business transacted with W. I. Peckham for us will be O. K. The gentleman will receipt for money due the office, will take orders for job printing, etc.

James T. Jakeman,
Manager.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

We have been very fortunate in securing the services of Prof. Grant Van Hoose as editor of The Miner and feel certain the public of Mercur will appreciate the change.

THE PUBLISHERS.

EDITORIALS.

REPUBLICAN TICKETS.

NATIONAL TICKET.

For President of the United States,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

For Vice President,
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS.

UTAH STATE TICKET.

Governor,
JOHN C. CUTLER of Salt Lake City.

Secretary of State,
C. S. TINGEY of Nephi.

Supreme Judge,
D. N. STRAUP of Salt Lake City.

Treasurer,
JAMES CHRISTENSEN of Richfield.

Auditor,
J. A. EDWARDS of Brigham City.

Attorney General,
M. A. BREEDEN of Salt Lake City.

Superintendent of Schools,
A. C. NELSON of Mant.

Congressman,
JOSEPH HOWELL of Wellsville.

Presidential Electors,
H. F. MYTON of Salt Lake City,
JAMES A. MINER of Salt Lake,
B. W. WADE of Ogden.

THIRD DISTRICT JUDICIAL TICKET

For District Judges:

CHARLES W. MORSE,
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
MORRIS L. RITCHIE,
GEORGE G. ARMSTRONG,
of Salt Lake City.

For District Attorney:

F. C. LOOFBOUROW,
of Salt Lake City.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

SENATOR FIRST DISTRICT.
Peter Clegg, of Tooele.

REPRESENTATIVE SEVENTH DISTRICT.
William N. Gundry, of Stockton.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.
TOOELE COUNTY.

COMMISSIONERS.

Charles Anderson, Grantsville.
John Shields, Tooele City.

REPRESENTATIVE TO LEGISLATURE.

William N. Gundry, Stockton.

TREASURER.

E. M. Orme, Tooele City.

SHERIFF.

A. O. Evans, Ophir.

ATTORNEY.

John B. Gordon, Tooele City.

ASSESSOR.

Joseph E. Millward, Grantsville.

COUNTY CLERK.

Ivor Ajax, Central.

RECORDER.

Frank Frailey, Stockton.

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.
William Leaver, Lincoln.

SURVEYOR.

Andy Anderson, Mercur.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND IRRIGATION.

The following speech of Secretary Shaw at Denver is of more interest to the voter of Utah than any other piece of literature that will be circulated this campaign by either party. If any question is of vital interest to this state, irrigation is that question. The gentleman said:

"I recently examined a publication prepared by William E. Smythe and supposed to have been sent out by the Democratic National Committee, entitled, 'Which is the Party of Irrigation?'"

"The document is a labored argument to show that Senator Newlands,

of Nevada, drafted the irrigation bill which was ultimately passed by a Republican house, a Republican senate, and signed by a Republican President. One can but admire the boldness of the minority party in thus claiming credit for legislation enacted by the majority in strictest harmony with recommendations of the President. The conclusion reached is equally refreshing. The Democratic national committee evidently takes the position that if any provision of the Newlands bill as drafted was ultimately enacted into law, then of course the electors of the arid states should vote against Theodore Roosevelt. In this they do no violence to their reputation for subtle logic. But as this is the only claim which our Democratic friends make for responsibility for any affirmative and progressive legislation, it may not be out of place to examine their title.

"The entire delegation from the arid states, regardless of party, has favored irrigation for more than a decade, and many bills have been introduced providing for large appropriations for the reclamation of arid lands. I would not rob these gentlemen of any of the credit to which they are entitled for protecting the interests of their immediate constituents, but I can not forget that if any one of these honored representatives had failed to do his utmost for irrigation he would have been retired to private life.

"After ten years of this non-partisan effort by the representatives of arid states they were no nearer success than when they began. Here and there in other states there was found a nominal friend, but no influential Congressman or Senator from a humid state was willing to risk his political fortunes by an aggressive espousal of irrigation. On the contrary, there were many—and they were not confined to any one political party—who looked upon irrigation as of doubtful statesmanship and some openly declared against the use of public revenues in developing western competition in agriculture.

"While both political parties in their national conventions declared in favor of adequate national legislation to reclaim arid lands, there was wanting an advocate against whom the charge could not be made that his enthusiasm was controlled by local interests. William Jennings Bryan, in a speech delivered some years ago at my home, said he once witnessed a contest with reference to allowing stock to run at large within the city limits. A board of aldermen was elected upon that issue and the campaign became heated. He said that for some time before election if you saw a group of men talking, you would know what they were talking about and if you listened you could tell who owned the cow. Prior to December, 1901, when you heard a group of congressmen talking about irrigation, if you listened you could tell who represented arid states. But when President Roosevelt submitted his message to congress in December of that year, conditions changed. In the course of a lengthy discussion of the subject he said:

"It is as right for the national government to make the streams and rivers of the arid regions useful by engineering works for water storage as to make useful the rivers and harbors of the humid region by engineering works of another kind. The storing of the floods in reservoirs at the headwaters of our rivers is but an enlargement of our present policy of river control, under which levees are built on the lower reaches of the same stream."

"This has the ring of Republicanism. The Republican party has fostered every industry wherever practicable. It fostered transcontinental lines of railroad and thereby developed the agricultural resources of the western states; the mineral resources of the mountain states and the commercial interests of every state and territory west of the Missouri river. And the development of these industries laured to the corresponding advantage of every city and hamlet between the seas. The Republican party, against persistent Democratic opposition, has fostered every manufacturing industry in this country. There would not be a woolen mill, or a silk factory, a rolling mill, or a glass factory, in the United States this day but for the Republican policy of fostering American industries wherever American industries are practicable. I repeat that the President's message of December, 1901, as applied to irri-

gation, has the ring of Republicanism. "And that is not all. That message gives Theodore Roosevelt the distinction of being the first to risk his own political fortunes by espousing the cause of irrigation. It gives him the distinction of being the first American in high elective office to combat the somewhat narrow sentiment against the loan even of public revenues for the reclamation of arid lands and thus bringing them into competition with humid lands. It must also be conceded, I think, that Theodore Roosevelt, was extremely fortunate in making his recommendation at the exact moment when sentiment in the United States respecting irrigation changed, or he must be given credit for causing this change of sentiment.

"I want to emphasize the fact that the representatives of arid states, regardless of their wisdom, regardless of their integrity, regardless of their enthusiasm, regardless of all the influence they could bring to bear, were as helpless as the babes in compassing results. Not so with Theodore Roosevelt. He was the leader of the dominant party and such a leader as (Continued Next Week.)

Local & News Items

MERCUR LOCAL MENTION.

Ex-Superintendent Arthur Brown is in town this week.

Mrs. Billings and children have returned from the city.

Auditor Conkling of the Salt Lake and Mercur came in Sunday on his regular official trip.

Miss Winnie Smith came over from Sunshine on Friday and returned with Mr. Erath on Sunday.

Mrs. Joe Garland will have the assistance of a little lady in about fifteen years, whose existence began last Monday at noon.

Manager Derr, of the Con. Mercur, returned on Sunday from a week's excursion in politics where he has been very successful.

Mrs. Simpson of Manning, came down Sunday to visit her husband, Engineer Simpson. Mrs. Simpson moved to the city for school advantages.

Mr. Baker, ex-county attorney, and W. N. Gundry of Stockton, Republican candidate for the State Legislature, were in town Monday in the interest of politics.

Manager Wiswall of the Geysor Marion, went to Salt Lake on Friday to visit his family and incidentally to take in the football game at the University of Utah.

Mrs. Hattie Hughes left town on Wednesday to spend a few weeks in Salt Lake, Mill Creek, and Cottonwood, visiting and resting. Her boarders will board round till she returns.

At school, the fourth and fifth grades seem to be considerably interested in one Cinderella, a young lady that in past ages used to steal a march on the old folks and take in the dances.

Did you know that Frank Erath carries one of the freshest and most complete stock of fruit and produce to be found anywhere in the state? If you don't know it, crowd in sometime and be convinced. He will be glad to wait on you in your turn.

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. Coletti, a citizen of long standing in Mercur, contemplates leaving Mercur to reside in Salt Lake. Her son Gusti, one of the brightest boys turned out by the Mercur schools, has a good position in Willis and Horne's Drug store and Mrs. Coletti will join him. We wish them both the success they so richly deserve.

From time immemorial people have desired to peep under the veil that conceals from them the future and from time to time seers have arose that were able to give glimpses to the credulous of what events are to come. It is reported that a certain gentleman of this town, whose name we will not mention, a railroad agent, and a dispenser of black diamonds, sought out of these seers and asked to know the past, present and the things that are shortly to come to pass—he found out.

Manager Bothwell, of the Sacramento, was down looking over the mine last week and returned on Friday. From his general conversation it seems the Sacramento has a great quantity of soft ore carrying good values but at present there is no known process of working it. The experiment of roasting it will be tried and should it succeed the gold department of the mine will be in good condition for years to come. If it fails, the prospect in the leaching department is not good. A fair prospect of quicksilver has been struck on the incline, but not as much as had been expected.

The "pek-a-boo" waist is doomed in Wisconsin, but that will have no effect.

Do you clean your teeth every day? Don't let the dentist have all your money.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR U. S. PATENT.

M. A. No. 3858.

In the United States Land Office at Salt Lake City, Utah, August 16, 1904. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the act of Congress approved May 10th, 1872, "To promote the development of the mining resources of the United States," the Consolidated Mining Company, a corporation of the State of Missouri, having its principal office at the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and having complied in all respects with the laws of Utah relating to foreign corporations, by Frank B. Stephens, its agent and attorney, whose postoffice address is Salt Lake City, Utah, claiming 1,500 linear feet of the General Sherman lode, vein or mineral deposit, bearing gold, silver and other precious metals, with surface ground 600 feet in width, lying, being and situated in the Ophir Mining District, County of Tooele, State of Utah, being Mineral Survey No. 4932, has made application to the United States for a patent for the said mining claim which is more fully described as to metes and bounds by the official plat and by the field notes of survey thereof, now filed in the office of the Register of the District of Lands, subject to sale at Salt Lake City, Utah, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface with a magnetic variation at 16 deg. 30 min. east, as follows:

Beginning at Corner No. 1, which is identical with the northwest corner of this location, from whence U. S. M. No. 4 bears north 14 deg. 12 min. west 1157.8 feet, and corner No. 2, survey No. 4931, of the Battle Ax lode bears south 4 deg. 23 min. east 366.6 feet, and running thence south 21 deg. 20 min. west 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence south 68 deg. 40 min. east 600 feet to corner No. 3, thence north 21 deg. 20 min. east 1500 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning; the notice of location of said mining claim being of record in the office of the Recorder of Tooele County, at Tooele City, Utah, in Book "H," page 90, as shown by the records of John Faunce, District Recorder of said mining district, now on file in the office of the said County Recorder of Tooele County, Utah; the presumed general course or direction of the said General Sherman vein, lode or mineral deposit being shown upon the said plat as near as can be determined from present developments, this claim being for 1,500 linear feet thereof, together with the surface ground shown upon the said official plat. The nearest known locations being the Teller lode, Survey No. 4786; Ist. Northerly Extension Miners' Delight lode, Lot No. 93; the Battle Ax lode, survey No. 4931; Grey Eagle No. 2 lode, Lot No. 62; Vesta lode, Lot No. 61; the Cleveland lode, Lot No. 165, being so designated in the official plat.

Acres.	Acres.
Total area of General Sherman lode	20.661
Less area in conflict with Survey No. 4786, Teller lode	2.493
Lot No. 93, 1st Northerly Extension Miners' Delight Lode	0.0004 2.4934

Net area General Sherman lode 18.1676
Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground, vein, lode, premises, or any portion thereof so described, surveyed, platted and applied for, are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed as according to law and the regulations thereunder, within the time prescribed by law, with the Register of the U. S. Land Office at Salt Lake City, County of Salt Lake, State of Utah, they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of said statute.

I direct that this notice be published in the Mercur Miner at Mercur, Tooele County, Utah, for a period of nine consecutive weeks.

FRANK D. HOBBS, Register.

First publication August 26, 1904; last publication October 19, 1904.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR U. S. PATENT.

M. A. No. 3858.

In the United States Land Office at Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 16, 1904. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Act of Congress approved May 10th, 1872, "To promote the development of the mining resources of the United States," the Consolidated Mining Company, a corporation of the State of Missouri, having its principal office at the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and having complied in all respects with the laws of the State of Utah relating to private corporations, by Frank B. Stephens, its Agent and Attorney, whose postoffice address is Salt Lake City, Utah, claiming 1,500 linear feet of the Grey Rock Extension vein, lode or mineral deposit, bearing gold, silver and other precious metals, with surface ground 600 feet in width, lying, being and situated within the Ophir Mining District, County of Tooele, State of Utah, being Mineral Survey No. 4933, which is more fully described as to metes and bounds by the official plat, and by the field notes of survey hereof, now filed in the office of the Register of the Dis-

tricts of Lands, subject to sale at Salt Lake City, Utah, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface with a magnetic variation at 16 degrees, 30 minutes east, as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at Corner No. 1, which is identical with the northwest corner of the location, and from whence U. S. M. No. 4 bears north 43 deg. 43 min. 30 sec. W. 1099.8 feet, and running thence south 21 deg. 20 min. W. 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence south 68 deg. 40 min. E. 600 feet to Corner No. 3, thence north 21 deg. 20 min. E. 1500 feet to Corner No. 4, thence north 68 deg. 40 min. W. 600 feet to Corner No. 1, the place of beginning; the notice of location of said mining claims being of record in the office of the Recorder of Tooele County, at Tooele City, Utah, in Book "H," page 153 of the Ophir Mining District records, filed for record the 29th day of April, 1887, as shown by the records of John Faunce, District Recorder of said mining district, now on file in the office of the said County Recorder of Tooele County, Utah; the presumed general course or direction of the said Grey Rock Extension vein, lode or mineral deposit being shown on the plat as near as can be determined from present developments, this claim being for 1500 linear feet thereof, together with the surface ground 600 feet in width as shown upon the official plat. The nearest known locations being the Lot No. 99, Mountain Gem lode; Lot No. 87, Henrietta lode; Lot No. 164, Lost Boy lode; Lot No. 96, Lillie Rose lode; Lot No. 165, Cleveland lode; Lot No. 62, Grey Eagle No. 2 lode; Lot No. 61, Vesta lode, survey No. 4931; the Battle Ax, survey No. 4932; the General Sherman, being so designated in the said official plat.

Acres.	Acres.
Total area of Grey Rock Extension lode is	20.661
Less area in conflict with Lot No. 99, Mountain Gem lode	0.610
Survey No. 4931, Battle Ax lode	2.064
Survey No. 4932, General Sherman lode	6.438
Lot No. 87, Henrietta lode	1.230
Lot No. 164, Lost Boy lode	0.960 10.711

Net area of Grey Rock Extension lode 9.960
Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground, vein, lode, premises, or any portion thereof so described, surveyed, platted, and applied for, are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed as according to law and the regulations thereunder, within the time prescribed by law, with the Register of the U. S. Land Office at Salt Lake City, County of Salt Lake, State of

Utah, they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of said statute.

I hereby direct that this notice be published in the Mercur Miner at Mercur, Tooele County, State of Utah, the newspaper published nearest to the said mining claims, for a period of nine consecutive weeks.

FRANK D. HOBBS, Register.

First publication, August 24, 1904. Last publication, October 19, 1904.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PATENT.

M. A. No. 3140.

United States Land Office, Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 2, 1904. In accordance with commissioners' letter N of March 15, 1904, and for the purpose of securing the issuance of a new and correct patent, notice is hereby given that John E. Dooly, as administrator of the estate of Noble C. McGrath, has made application for patent for the Fourth of July No. 2 (amended) lode mining claim, consisting of 1487.2 linear feet of the lode and surface ground as shown by the official plat, being survey No. 4412, situated in the Ophir mining district, Tooele county, Utah, and described in the plat and field notes of survey on file in this office, with magnetic variation at 16 deg. 40 min. east, as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at corner No. 1 and running thence N. 43 deg. W. 1087.2 feet to corner No. 2, thence N. 47 deg. E. 580.7 feet to corner No. 3, thence S. 41 deg. 53 min. E. 1087.4 feet to corner No. 4, thence S. 47 deg. W. 552.6 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning, containing a net area of 12,768 acres, the area in conflict with Hercules No. 2, survey 3570, of 270 acres and Chloride Point No. 2, survey 3570, of 1,192 acres, having been excluded and the area in conflict with Hill Side, survey 4884, of 1,799 acres being included in this application.

The presumed general course or direction of the vein or lode is as shown upon the official plat.

Said claim is situated in the unsurveyed part of township 5 S. R. 4 W. The N. W. corner of township 6 S. R. 3 W. bears S. 11 deg. 12 min. E. 7961.7 feet from corner No. 1 of said claim.

Said claim is of record in the office of the Recorder of Tooele county, at Tooele City, Utah, in Book "H," at page 256. The adjoining and conflicting claims are the Chloride Point No. 2 and Hercules No. 2, survey 3570, and Hill Side, survey 4884.

I direct that this notice be published in the Mercur Miner, at Mercur, Utah, the newspaper published nearest said claim, for a period of nine weeks.

FRANK D. HOBBS, Register.

L. H. Gray, Attorney.

First publication, August 3, 1904. Last publication, Sept. 28, 1904.

What it Costs to See the Fair

Breakfast	20
Car Fare to Grounds	95
Admission	50
Luncheon	30
Dinner	40
Car Fare to Lodging	95
Lodging	1.00
	2.50

This estimate is published in the August issue of Leslie's Magazine and was prepared by a man who writes from personal experience. He adds: "A man on an average salary may do the World's Fair in a generous and enjoyable way for two weeks for from \$45 to \$75. This, of course, does not include railroad fare."

The cost of railroad fare, as also details of train service via the Rock Island System, can be had on application to



E. DRAKE, G. A. BIBLE,
Dis. Pass. Agt. Trav. Pass. Agt.

100 WEST SECOND SOUTH ST.,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

C. B. SLOAT, Gen. Agent Pass. Dept.,
800 Seventeenth St., DENVER.

THE IDEAL WORLD'S FAIR TRIP

Leave Salt Lake City at 3:15 any afternoon—just a convenient time. Arrive in Denver, via the D. & R. G., at 4 the next afternoon, remaining until 10:35—just long enough to see the city and your friends there. Arrive in St. Louis at 7:19 the second morning after—just when you are feeling best and when it is easiest to reach your hotel and your friends.

The entire trip is made in a Standard Sleeping Car, with no changes.

For other details call on or write

R. F. NESLEN, General Agent,
79 West Second South Street,
Salt Lake City.

