

The Ogden Standard.

4 P. M. CITY EDITION

WEATHER—Tonight and Saturday generally fair; cooler in north portion.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 21, 1914.

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Forty-fourth Year—No. 230.

2,500,000 Men Engage In Mighty Death Struggle

Paris, Aug. 21, 4:40 p. m.—The Matin says the French have captured thus far 91 German field guns, four flags and 19 automobiles. Lieutenant Colonel Rousset, a retired military critic of excellent reputation, says the great battle has begun along a front of nearly 250 miles, 2,500,000 men taking part.

London, Aug. 21, 7:35 p. m.—The Central News correspondent in Rome says an official despatch from St. Petersburg asserts that a Russian army composed of twenty army corps will carry out the invasion of Prussia under the direction of Grand Duke Nicholas.

TWENTY ARMY CORPS TO INVADE PRUSSIA

GREATEST SHOCK IN HISTORY WILL OCCUR ON BELGIAN SOIL

Immense Armies of Germans and Austrians on One Side and Belgian, France and Great Britain to Meet in Titanic Encounter—Duration Escapes Prophecy—French Army Well Placed—Definite Information Not Permitted to Pass Censor.

BELGIAN COMMUNICATION IS CUT OFF

British and French Warships Bombard Austrian Seaport—Germans Destroy Russian Port and Harbor Works at Hango—Japan Preparing to Move When Ultimatum to Germany Expires—Austria Calling All Able-bodied Men to Arms.

"The most formidable shock in history," will occur on Belgian soil, according to French military experts, when the great armies of Germans and Austrians on the one side, and the allied troops of Belgian, France and Britain on the other, come into close contact. No definite information as to the place where the decisive encounter is to occur is permitted to pass the censor, but the general staff of the French army declares itself confident of fighting under the best auspices for its own forces.

Not a shot was fired by the Belgians when entry into Brussels was made yesterday by a strong column of German troops encamped in the vicinity. After the departure of the Belgian troops from the capital, communication was cut off between that city and other parts of Belgium and abroad. The temporary capital of the country, Antwerp, whether the Belgians have retired, is understood to be strongly fortified, and military correspondents declare the preparations for its defense extend over an enormous area, while it has been provisioned for a long siege.

British and French warships bombarded and greatly damaged Cattaro, an Austrian seaport, on Wednesday.

Libau, the Russian Baltic seaport, was badly damaged during its two-hour bombardment by a German fleet, according to the captain of a Swedish steamer. The inhabitants were panic-stricken.

German warships are reported to have destroyed the harbor works at Hango Finland.

Japan is making active preparations in view of the approaching expiration on Sunday of the time limit of her ultimatum to Germany. It is expected she will at once move on Kiao Chow, the German protectorate in China.

A final call to arms, affecting all able-bodied men from 20 to 42 years old, has been issued by the Austrian government.

Anglo-American rough riders corps has been formed in Paris and its services have been accepted by the French ministry of war.

Paris, Aug. 21, 2:55 p. m.—Official news made public in Paris today says that the German forces continue to pass the Meuse in the vicinity of Huy and that an important concentration is being carried out in Belgium this (Friday) morning.

No French territory is occupied by the enemy except a piece of enclosed land at Audum Leronan, in the Department of Meurthe and Moselle.

London, Aug. 21, 5:15 p. m.—The Central News has received a despatch from Paris saying that French forces defeated a detachment of German cavalry coming from Leopoldshohe and Hueningen, in an engagement near Basel.

The Germans retired in the direction of St. Louis, leaving 500 dead and wounded on the field. They lost most of their horses.

Paris, Aug. 21, 3:12 p. m.—A French official note says: "A French dirigible last night threw a number of projectiles on two German cavalry camps in Belgium, causing great excitement. Despite the fire of the enemy, the air craft returned safely to the French lines."

London, Aug. 21, 5:47 p. m.—According to despatches received at the Belgian legation here the Belgian army retired on Antwerp in good order and is "now ready to co-operate with the allies."

Paris, Aug. 21, 3:10 p. m.—The official news bulletin issued by the French war office today says:

"Up to the twentieth day of the French mobilization, despite the assurances of German writers even those of the German staff, the Germans have not obtained any of the decisive advantages they counted upon. Moreover, the enemy has not been able to carry the war on to our territory. This advantage has had at least a moral value which is worth noticing."

Paris, Aug. 21, 5:45 a. m.—The Petit Parisien's review of the war situation today says: "A great battle is preparing. Belgium is to be the theater of the most formidable shock in history, the duration of which escapes prophecy."

"Repulsed in the south at Dinant by the French, the Germans have been making since Tuesday a vigorous offensive movement towards the north which on Wednesday forced the Belgians, after a fine resistance, to fall back on Antwerp. The Berlin government will claim a triumph, whereas, from a strategical point of view, the movement was of mediocre importance."

"The French armies also have taken up their respective positions and it is certain that our general staff is far from being taken unprepared by our adversaries' tactics. The staff had long foreseen them and is prepared to deal with them under the best auspices."

Germans in Brussels.

London, Aug. 21, 2:50 a. m.—The Ghent correspondent of the Chronicle telegraphs "Brussels is now occupied by the enemy, having been surrendered to the Germans without the firing of a single shot."

London, Aug. 21, 2:54 p. m.—A telegram from Ostend Belgium, to the Daily Mail, dated last night, said the main body of the German army around Brussels camped for the night just outside the city, which already had been formally occupied by a small advance guard. The remainder of the troops will enter the Belgian capital today.

London, Aug. 21.—Telegraphic communication between England and Brussels was entirely interrupted today and no dispatches were accepted for any place in the Belgian provinces of Limbourg, Liege, Namur, Luxembourg, Brabant or Antwerp, except for the city of Antwerp.

Antwerp Well Prepared. London, Aug. 21, 9:20 a. m.—The correspondent of the Times at the Hague telegraphing today, says: "The preparations for the defense of Antwerp extend over an enormous area. All classes in the city are joining in the work day and night, but there is no sign of panic or confusion."

"The gates driven through the walls by a peace-loving people are closed while this work of preparation goes forward. Antwerp itself offers a strange contrast. At almost every window appear English, Belgian and French flags, giving a festive air to the city, which is preparing to resist to the last gasp."

Yesterday was about the date when, according to the forecasts of their own and many other military writers in Europe, the German troops were due to appear before the walls of Paris.

According to French official advice, it is the German's intention to pass their main army into France by the Brussels road. The Germans themselves are naturally silent, but there is no reason to doubt that they are quite as well aware of the difficulties of this route as are their opponents.

The Namur forts have not yet been attacked or rather had not been at the time of the latest advices.

War Front of Thirty Miles.

On the German left, where three Austrian army corps are said to have reinforced, the battle is said to be developing a front of nearly forty miles and according to French statement, nothing is heard from the German side.

An impenetrable curtain has been drawn over the operations in the center of the battle line, where the main French army is co-operating in the fighting.

The Russian advance in east Prussia apparently stretches over a front of sixty miles between Stalluponen and Lyck, but the Russian invaders have not yet gained much German ground.

Little is heard of the Austrian operations at present but it is known that Austrian contingents are moving along the Rhine to meet the French advance in Alsace.

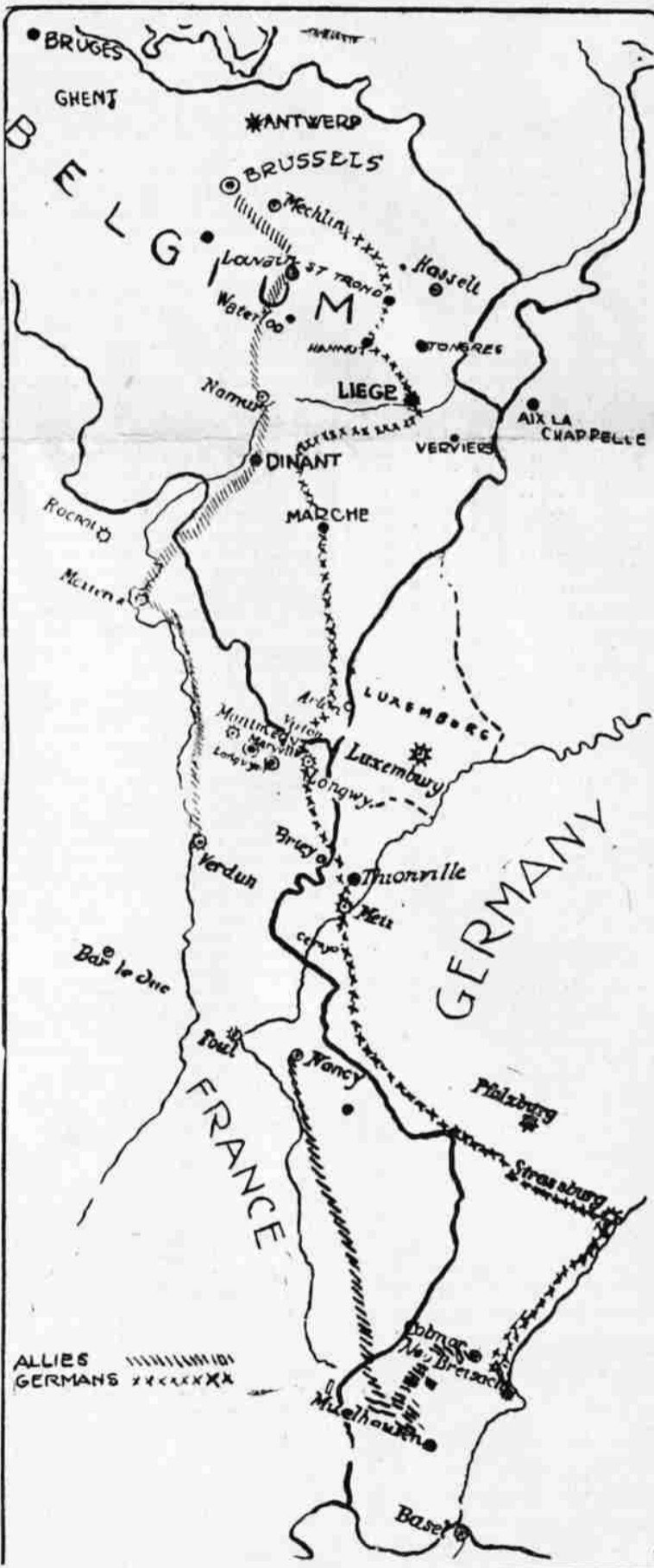
Provisions for Siege.

London, Aug. 21, 9:25 a. m.—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Chronicle telegraphing yesterday, said that Antwerp was being put in a state of defense and being provisioned for a siege.

He adds that it was stated at the office of the general staff Thursday that all foreign correspondents found in Belgium after last night would be shot.

Rome, Aug. 21.—The Tribuna states that the Austrian ambassador to Italy, K. Meray de Kapos-Bere, before his resignation because of ill health, asked the late Pope Pius X. to bless

OPPOSING LINES EXTEND OVER 250 MILES



Today's war map shows the positions of the warring armies. For a distance of more than 250 miles, from Brussels in Belgium to Mulhausen in

Germany, the great armies face each other. In the north the Germans are pressing through the Belgian lines. In the south the French claim to be winning notable victories.

Austria-Hungary and the Austrian armies. The pontiff replied: "I bless peace."

London, Aug. 21, 8 p. m.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company from Bruges says that eighteen German officers and 432 men, prisoners of war, have been sent away from that city via Dunkirk for England. When they left Bruges they were escorted by a dozen gendarmes with fixed bayonets.

AVIATOR HAS A NARROW ESCAPE

Mineola, Aug. 21.—Albert Fleux, of New York, fell 1000 feet in his monoplane to the Hempstead avia-

tion field today while looping the loop, and escaped with his life. He was badly bruised and lacerated but surgeons at the Nassau hospital said that he was suffering chiefly from shock and that they thought he would live.

CANE SUGAR TAKES A SUDDEN DROP

Portland, Ore., Aug. 21.—From its record high price in the local market of \$8.05 per hundred, which it had maintained for several days, cane sugar took a sudden and unexplained drop today to \$7.55. All other grades also fell off 50 cents.

STRIKING SCENE IN PARIS SQUARE

Eighteen Thousand Foreign Volunteers Assemble to Be Mustered in to French Army.

FLAGS OF MANY NATIONS

Thirty Thousand More Foreigners Enroll Provisionally as Friends of France.

Paris, Aug. 21, 1:30 p. m.—The great square fronting the Invalides in Paris presented a striking spectacle today when 18,000 foreign volunteers assembled in orderly formation under the flags of their various nations to be mustered in. There were 4500 Jews from all countries who desired to serve as a separate command, there were also 3000 Belgians, 4500 Italians, 2500 Russians, 2000 Swiss, 1000 Spaniards, 600 Roumanians, 355 Luxemburgians and 125 Americans.

All these volunteers were obliged to wait until the completion of the mobilization of the French regular forces, which was accomplished yesterday. In the meantime 30,000 foreigners resident in France have inscribed their names provisionally on the rolls of a committee calling itself "the friends of France."

Only those volunteers resident in Paris presented themselves today. It will take several days to comply with all the formalities and examinations and make the men into anything like an organized body of troops.

AMERICANS HAVE NARROW ESCAPE

Caught at Mulhausen at Beginning of Fighting—Projectiles Strike House.

Berlin via Copenhagen and London, Aug. 21, 4:25 p. m.—Four Americans, two men and two women, have just made known their remarkable escape from death at Mulhausen, where they were during the fighting.

They are Edward Walker, a dentist of Macon, Ga., and his wife, and a Mr. and Mrs. Cade, whose home address cannot be ascertained. Mr. Cade also is a dentist. They were caught at Mulhausen at the beginning of the fighting and had to remain several days amidst a hail of projectiles. They are now safe at Glatterbach in the Black Forest, whither they walked from Mulhausen.

A letter from one of the quartet, which has been brought to Berlin, says the uninterrupted fighting and fire of artillery never will be forgotten.

"Projectiles struck the house we were in, while others exploded in the garden," says the letter. "We awaited death momentarily, but were saved by a miracle."

EXPOSITION WILL NOT BE POSTPONED

Washington, Aug. 21.—Answering inquiries received from foreigners in European countries, Secretary Bryan has officially stated that the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco 1915 will be held as announced. So far none of the European countries who declared their intention to exhibit at the fair have withdrawn.

FREE DANCE
—AT—
UTAH HOT SPRINGS
TONIGHT
SPECIAL MUSIC. TAKE HOT SPRINGS CAR.