

The Ogden Standard-Examiner

Quite often the most interesting news of the day is to be found in the want-ad section.

WEATHER FORECAST
Occasional rain tonight and Sun day; colder in west portion.

Fiftieth Year—No. 85

Price Five Cents

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 10, 1920.

THOUSANDS OUT OF EMPLOYMENT BY STRIKE

N. Y. PASSENGER TRAINS CUT

Millerand Replies To England

INSURGENT FORCES INCREASE STRENGTH THROUGHOUT NATION

CHICAGO, April 10.—Started as a freight tie-up, the railroad strike today invaded the passenger field at New York where several trains were cancelled while the freight tie-up continued to spread among yard switching crews from coast to coast.

In Chicago, birthplace of the "outlaw" unions which called the first of the "illegal" strikes, brotherhood heads and railroad officials claimed some slight improvement today. One encouraging sign was the delivery at the stockyards of 179 cars of cattle, almost twice as many as have been moved on any one day since the strike was called, April 1.

While available figures indicate between 35,000 and 40,000 railroad men have joined the unauthorized strikes, railroad managers here estimated today that at least half a million workers in other lines have been forced out of employment by the freight tie-up.

CHICAGO, April 10.—Despite assertions by railroad brotherhood officials of a break in the ranks of insurgent Chicago switchmen and engineers, unauthorized railroad strikes throughout the country assumed serious proportions today with reports indicating nearly 35,000 men were idle.

Chicago switchmen and engineers, unauthorized railroad strikes throughout the country assumed serious proportions today with reports indicating nearly 35,000 men were idle.

Brotherhood officials declared reports that 35,000 men were idle and engineers were out were exaggerated, but admitted that the seceding workers had gained strength outside of Chicago.

A. F. Whitney, vice president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, announced that a group of striking switchmen on the Burlington road had returned to work in Chicago last night. A committee of strikers from the Chicago & Northwestern line, he said, would vote today on ending the walk-out here.

A statement issued by railroad officials declared that all indications were that the crisis in the Chicago yards had passed. Insurgent leaders, however, claimed the strike was unbroken in Chicago, and declared that 95 per cent of the switchmen in the district were out. They said twenty charters in the "rumpy" union, with 25,000 actual members, had been issued throughout the country.

E. C. Eaty, who was alleged to have boasted of being an I. W. W. and urged sabotage at a meeting of the strikers, was expelled from the new organization. He was arrested by detective from State Attorney Hoynes' office.

Packing District Hit. Approximately fifty thousand stockyards and packing house workers have been thrown out of work by the stoppage of cattle shipments.

The coal supply in Chicago was reported to be dwindling, with less than a week's supply on hand.

At Gary, Ind., twelve blast furnaces had been banked, throwing 12,000 steel workers out of employment.

Steel mills in the Mahoning valley were preparing to close down today, and company officials said 25,000 workers would be idle by tonight.

Toledo reported all but one of 23 railroads tied up and a food and fuel shortage threatened. Freight movement west of Cleveland had ceased, it was reported, and between 1,500 and 1,800 employees of nine roads there voted to organize a yardmen's union today.

More Strikers Quit. Switchmen and yardmen on the Norfolk and Western and Pennsylvania railroads walked out at Columbus last night and early today, and four crews on the Baltimore & Ohio were reported to have gone on strike at Dayton.

Freight traffic in the St. Louis district remained at a standstill today and 3,000 stockyards workers were thrown out of work at East St. Louis. Railroad officials admitted that 5,000 men on 27 roads were out in this district.

Both freight and express shipments were reported under an embargo at Indianapolis.

Strikers declared that a 100 per cent walkout had occurred at Kansas City.

Switchmen on all roads operating out of Fort Worth, Texas, walked out last night.

Insurgents Get Recruits. Switchmen on four railroads at Springfield, Ill., voted to join employees of two other roads who went out yesterday.

FRENCH REPLY TO NOTE FROM GREAT BRITAIN

Premier Millerand Gives Reasons Why Troops Were Sent to German Cities

TEUTON PROMISE HELD NOT ENOUGH

Need of Maintaining Unity Among Allies Pointed Out In Diplomatic Document

PARIS, April 10.—The note sent yesterday by Premier Millerand to the British government, in reply to the British note with regard to the action of France in sending troops into the neutral zone in Germany says: "The French government affirms first of all that no doubt can be felt of the loyalty of its attitude. The allies have been constantly informed of its policy and the French government has always opposed the entry of supplementary German troops into the Ruhr region and has added that the authorization for such an entry must have a counter part in the occupation of Frankfurt and Darmstadt."

"On April 3 its representatives in all the allied capitals informed the governments to which they were accredited (at the same time a copy being sent to the allied representatives in Paris) that Marshal Foch's measures could no longer be postponed. Furthermore, the French government recalled that the matter concerned the violation of one of the most solemn clauses of the treaty signed by France, and that the German government had formally recognized that formal authorization, given in advance, was necessary for such a derogation and that France had the right to ask for territorial guarantees.

"How could the government of France have been satisfied with the German promise to withdraw the troops when order had not been restored? Neither for reparations nor for the delivery of the war-guilt, nor for coal, have the allies received the stipulated satisfaction. "The question could be asked when the British government, which no doubt has not measured the danger of the systematic violations, would step in the path of concessions. France, in any case, was obliged to say: 'That is enough!'

Need for Unity. "The French government is no less convinced that the English government of the essential necessity of the maintaining unity of the allies for the application of the treaty with Germany. This close concert of France and England appears to France equally indispensable for the equitable solution of the vast problems which are presented at this moment in the world—in Russia, the Baltic, Asia Minor and all the Balkans."

The note closes with assurance that the French government, for the promotion of these ends declares itself entirely disposed, before France is to be assured of the consent of the allies in all inter-allied questions which the execution of the treaty raises.

Situation Better. LONDON, April 10.—The reply of France to the British note on the action taken by France in occupying additional German territory was received in London today.

Officials here view the note as conciliatory because of the expressed desire of the French for an allied conference.

In other official quarters the French note is considered to have relieved the tension of yesterday.

Vienna Pleased. VIENNA, April 10.—Satisfaction over dispatches telling of dissention taken by Great Britain and France relative to the action of the latter in sending troops into German cities east of the Rhine is not concealed by Vienna newspapers, which express the hope that France will be isolated.

Feeling in Germany. BERLIN, April 10.—Great Britain's disapproval of the action of France in occupying cities in the neutral zone east of the Rhine is hailed by newspapers here with moderate expression of satisfaction.

NOTICES OF DELAY. NEW YORK, April 10.—Notices were posted in the Pennsylvania stations that "until further notice tickets to all points will be sold subject to delay due to labor disturbances."

REVIEW SHOWS STILL MORE MEN LEAVE POSITIONS

A review of the strike situation today showed the number of men out in cities throughout the country as follows:

Chicago, 8000. St. Louis, 5000. Toledo, 4000. New York-New Jersey, 3500. Youngstown, 3000. Buffalo, 2000. Kansas City, 1500. Los Angeles, 1400. Detroit, 1300. Pittsburgh, 1000. Fort Worth, 500. Columbus, 500. San Francisco, 440. Indianapolis, 350. Gary, Ind., 300. Salt Lake City, 200. Syracuse, N. Y., 250. Saginaw, Mich., 200. Ogden, Utah, 150. Decatur, Ill., 100. Milwaukee, 100. Peacetto, Idaho, 100. Springfield, Ill., 50. Joliet, Ill., 50. Scranton, Pa., 50. Bloomington, Ill., 55. Fort Wayne, Ind., 55. Portland, Ore., no estimate.

GERMANS WORK TO BUILD HUGE SKY CRUISERS

Monsters of Air Given Try-outs in Secret Near Lake Constance, Reports Say

GENEVA, April 9.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Germans are working feverishly to construct giant commercial and passenger airships and airplanes, according to a report from Romshorn. The first trials of two monster machines were successfully held yesterday above Lake Constance. The airship Nordstern, greatly surpassing the Zeppelin Bodensee in size, capacity and power, flew for a half hour around the lake with a crew of seven men. At the same time a new giant hydro-airplane, whose motors totalled 1000 horsepower, made aerial trips with twenty passengers.

Both machines were recently completed at Friederichshaven, where the airship factory is said to have doubled in size since the armistice and other monsters have already been begun. The Germans are concealing the result of the trials and no reports of them are published in the press.

MEEKER SAYS "BIG BUSINESS" BEATS UNIONS

Campaign of Misrepresentation Is Successful Labor Commissioner Asserts

CINCINNATI, O., April 10.—In the "preliminary skirmishes" of the threatened industrial war, "big business" has beaten its rival, the trades union of Dr. Royal Meeker, commissioner of labor statistics of the department of labor declared in an address before the Cities' club. He urged co-operation in the struggle against high prices.

"By a carefully planned and lavishly financed campaign of misrepresentation, Dr. Meeker declared, 'big business' has succeeded in magnifying the defects and obscuring or distorting the benefits of publicly controlled and managed enterprises."

Contrary to the popular belief, Dr. Meeker said, profiteering was the result and not the cause of high prices. Increase of prices, he said, was to be attributed to two causes—doubling of the quantity of currency and decrease in the quantity of goods. The profiteer was the result of these conditions.

SHIPPING GERMAN CATTLE. COMPIEGNE, France, April 9.—Shipment of German cattle into France in accordance with the terms of the Versailles' treaty have begun.

RUHR WORKERS ARE GIVING UP THEIR POWERS

Committees to Reorganize to Look After Interests of Workingmen in District

HUNDREDS OF GUNS ARE SURRENDERED

Leaders Continue to Express Resentment at Advance Of Reichswehr

DUSSELDORF, April 9.—(By the Associated Press.)—The three remaining executive committees of workers' organizations in the Ruhr district, those at Dusseldorf, Elberfeld and Lennep, will dissolve Saturday noon, relinquishing their governing authority to the municipal officers.

Peter Berter, the head of the committee here, said today that all the committees in the district had decided to reorganize as committees of order, which would look after the interests of the workingmen.

Berter alleged that the reichswehr had violated their agreement by the arrival of an officer and 15 men at red headquarters today, demanding the surrender of two machine guns. These were refused, and upon an appeal to the burgomaster the reichswehr departed, whereupon the reds put one of the machine guns ready for action before their headquarters.

More than 20,000 rifles have been surrendered as provided for in the Bielefeld agreement.

The workers' leaders continue to express resentment at the steady advance of the reichswehr southward, the latter arriving today at Ratingen and Mettmann, within eight miles of Dusseldorf.

The workers declare there have been no disorders anywhere. They deny that any of the reds carried arms to their homes.

STRIKE CAUSES MAIL TO PILE UP IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, April 10.—Postoffice officials today took over warehouses to store mail piling up in Chicago as the result of the railroad and express strikes. It was announced that certain classes of mail were many days late.

Postmaster Carllie appealed to Washington and was authorized to rent motor trucks and warehouses to handle the situation. Limited capacity and increased use of the parcel post during the express strike were blamed by postal authorities for failure to handle the tremendous volume of mail.

POLICE SEEK MEN WHO STOLE PRISON BIBLES

CHICAGO, April 10.—Chicago police today were searching for the "meanest thieves" who stole 123,000 Bibles, valued at \$7,500 from the Prison Bible society. The Bibles were carried away in a moving van.

FAMOUS STOLEN JEWEL SEARCH ENDS IN ARREST

NEW YORK, April 10.—A world-wide search for a fortune in jewels, the property of Mrs. Clarence Millhiser of Richmond, Va., ended here with the arrest of James E. Foye, who had in his possession a check for \$20,000 paid by a pawn broker for nine pearls believed by police to be part of the necklace valued at \$275,000 lost by Mrs. Millhiser here last May.

When she missed the pearls Mrs. Millhiser notified police she had given two bags of jewels valued at \$500,000 to Foye, then an employe of the Biltmore hotel, and found only one package when she asked for the jewelry.

After leaving the Biltmore hotel Foye was employed by the British food commission. Foye refused to talk. He was charged with grand larceny.

HOW THEY SPEND THEIR COIN



HELEN MAC KELLAR

NEW YORK—Men take each other for what they are and women for what they seem. Hence, declares Helen MacKellar, actress now playing in "The Storm," women spend their money for fine feathers to make other women raise their eyebrows in wonder and envy rather than to "vamp" men.

Weather Predictions For Coming Week

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Monday are: Upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys: Rains and snows Monday and rains Thursday or Friday, Cool.

Northern Rocky mountain and plateau regions: Rains and snows probable middle of the week. Cool.

Southern Rocky mountain and plateau regions: Local rains probable middle of week. Cool first part; normal temperature thereafter.

Pacific states: Fair in California and occasional rains probable in Washington and Oregon. Normal temperature.

PRINCE CHRISTOPHER RETAINS HIS RANK

GENEVA, April 10.—Prince and Princess Christopher of Greece, the latter being formerly Mrs. W. B. Leeds, widow of the tin plate magnate, have requested that reports recently published in America that the prince has renounced his rank in the sovereign house of Greece be denied.

CHICAGO BANKS OPEN HOUR EARLIER MONDAY

CHICAGO, April 10.—Chicago banks, including the federal reserve bank, will adopt a daylight saving schedule, commencing Monday morning, they will advance their business hours one hour. Banking hours will be from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. except on Saturdays when they will be from 9 o'clock until noon. This was done to conform with the hours of New York banks.

RELEASE ROBERTSON. LOS ANGELES, April 9.—The St. Louis Americans today announced the release of Gene Robertson, infielder, to the Columbus club of the American association.

CHANGES MADE IN SADDLE HORSE RULES

LOUISVILLE, April 9.—Changes in the rules of the American Saddle Horse Breeders' association at its annual meeting here today made eligible for registration "the female progeny of a registered saddle stallion and a mare by a registered saddle stallion."

Previously only stallions in this class were eligible.

All officers of the association, including President Claude M. Thomas, Paris, Ky., were re-elected.

The principal aide, delivered by Wayne Dinmore of Chicago, secretary of the horse association of America, was to the effect that the number of horses in the country had grown to 21,109,000, an increase of more than a million in ten years, even though the use of automobiles had been widely extended.

U. S. REGISTERED CATTLE MEET FAVOR

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Registered cattle recently shipped from this country to Uruguay for breeding purposes have met with great favor among producers there, and a number of Uruguayan buyers are arranging to visit the United States to make additional purchases, the American consul at Montevideo today reported to the department of commerce.

STECHER BEATS PILAKOFF. NEW YORK, April 9.—Joe Stecher, world's heavyweight catch-as-catch-can wrestling champion, threw Fred Pilakoff of Finland, with a body scissors, in 22 minutes and four seconds at the Forty-Seventh Regiment armory tonight. Stecher weighed 205 pounds and his opponent 210. The challenger gave a lively exhibition, but was worn down quickly by the champion.

YOUNG KETCHEL WINS. LOS ANGELES, April 9.—Young Ketchel of Los Angeles knocked out Tommy Carter of Globe, Ariz., in the first round of their bout here tonight. The men fought at 125 pounds.

Free Seed Distribution

The Standard-Examiner has secured through the courtesy of Senators Smoot and King, a large number of selected garden seeds from the department of agriculture, which will be distributed to Standard-Examiner subscribers. Those subscribers living in Ogden can get the seeds at the Standard-Examiner office tomorrow by bringing in the coupon properly signed. Those living out of Ogden can send the coupon by mail and the seeds will be sent to them through the mail. Each subscriber will receive five packages of the seed while they last.

FREE SEED COUPON
Standard-Examiner Publishing Co.
This coupon entitles the bearer to one large package of seeds containing five varieties.
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