

The Salt Lake Tribune.

WEATHER TODAY—Fair.

A LITTLE CLASSIFIED AD WILL BRING BIG RESULTS. TRY ONE AND SEE.

CLASSIFIED ADS UP TO MAKE A BIG BUSINESS. SEE BACK PAGE.

VOL. XLVI. NO. 288--10 PAGES.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29, 1904.

FIVE CENTS.

TAH IRRIGATION MOVEMENT ADVANCING RAPIDLY

BRITISH EXPEDITION TO TIBET IN PERIL.

Army of Tibetans Is Being Assembled and An Attack On the British Camp at Tuna Is Feared--Arctic Weather Prevails and Position Is Perilous.

Chumbi, British India, Jan. 25.—Col. Younghusband, commanding the British expedition to Tibet, has received a personal visit from the Llama, one of the five great Lamas of Tibet, who delivered an earnest warning to return to Gnatong and promising that there would be serious trouble if he did not do so.

Large reinforcements of infantry and cavalry have already reached the Tibetan camp and more are coming from Lhasa and Shigatse, the capital.

It is expected that an attack will be made on the British camp at Tuna when the Tibetans are sufficiently reinforced.

In the meantime the British are pushing the work of road making through a gorge north of Lingmathang, which is said to be more difficult to traverse and higher than the Kyber pass. The military telegraph is being laid with the road.

All this work is being done in the face of Arctic weather. The British expedition is still waiting a proper representative from the Dalai-Lama to sign a flying column under command of Col. McDonald is ready to push forward at any moment should necessity arise.

PLAN TO IRRIGATE THE DESERTS OF UTAH

Representatives at Washington Approve Scheme Submitted by State Engineer Doremus, With Indorsement of Arid Land Commission, to Redeem Lands.

TRIBUNE SPECIAL

Washington, Jan. 25.—An important meeting was held today in Senator Doremus' committee-room at the Capitol building. Present were Messrs. Doremus, F. S. Doremus, Senator Kearns and Senator Smoot, and Messrs. Howell and Prof. Newell. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the most available plan of irrigation for Utah under the reclamation act.

Mr. Doremus presented a scheme of irrigation of the Arid Land Reclamation Commission of Utah, together with a map of the proposed canals and ditches.

The meeting was held, one in the afternoon, and the other in the morning. Mr. Doremus presented another plan. After general discussion the members of the Utah delegation were unanimously voted to approve the plan presented, and Messrs. Howell and Richardson will have a conference with Prof. Newell tomorrow, at which the entire subject will be thoroughly explored.

The discussion showed not only an intense interest on the part of the delegation, but also demonstrated the fact that they were thoroughly familiar with the situation. The approval of the plan outlined by Messrs. Doremus and Richardson includes the following: To provide an ample supply of water for Cache, Box Elder, Weber, Davis, Salt Lake and Utah counties by utilizing the Bear river and its tributaries on the north and the Duchesne and its tributaries on the south; the two to be connected by sufficient canals extending along the upper benches near the foot of the steeper slopes of the Wasatch from the mouth of Spanish Fork canyon on the south to the mouth of Bear River canyon on the north.

This scheme includes the Utah and Bear rivers, which are to be converted into reservoirs, and the Strawberry valley will also be used to store the waters of the Duchesne river and its tributaries, the water to be subsequently released, and discharged into the Spanish Fork river. The above plan will furnish water for an additional area of about 300,000 acres.

THIRTY THOUSAND SHORT.

Former Chief of the Servian Cabinet Arrested for Misappropriating Funds of an Estate.

Belgrade, Servia, Jan. 25.—Miloš Petrovitch, formerly chief of the late King Alexander's Cabinet, is also implicated in the misappropriation of \$30,000 belonging to the estate of a natural son of Prince Mihail Obrenovic, in connection with which former Minister of the Interior Todorovic (who was wounded in the palace during the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga) was arrested January 25th.

Petrovitch admits that he remitted the money to certain persons in England, claims he obeyed a direct order of King Alexander, and refuses to furnish further details. He has been arrested pending an examination of the statements made.

IN FIRE—SWEEP AALESDUND.

Relief Measures Adequate, and Inhabitants Take New Heart.

Berlin, Jan. 25.—Official information has been given out that the needs of the 13,000 inhabitants of the town of Aalesund, Norway, which was destroyed by fire on January 24th, have been provided for adequately.

Seven thousand of the people of Aalesund have gone to neighboring towns and villages and the Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenix, which was sent out to Aalesund with relief at the instigation of Emperor William, is carrying for 4000 more; she has twenty days' supplies for this number.

The people of the destroyed town have taken new heart, Emperor William's telegram having contributed greatly to their encouragement. All the ships at Aalesund were flag-bedecked yesterday upon the occasion of the celebration of Emperor William's birthday.

The relief work is well organized and provision is being made for the return of the refugees, inasmuch as there is no scarcity of food supplies in the surrounding country. It is intended to send several thousand of the refugees to Germany, with assistance in the maintenance of order at Aalesund, was afforded by the German cruiser Prinz Heinrich, which, among other things, lighted the town with its searchlights. The property losses are estimated at \$4,500,000.

DEADLY TABLOIDS

Whitaker Wright Had Planned to Take His Own Life Several Days Prior to Close of Trial.

In Addition to Cyanide of Potassium Tablets, With Which He Killed Himself, a Loaded Revolver Was Found on His Person—Verdict of Suicide Returned by Coroner's Jury.

London, Jan. 25.—"Suicide" was the verdict passed by the Coroner's jury today in the closing chapter of the tragedy of Whitaker Wright. His death was caused by poisoning by cyanide of potassium.

The jury found that Wright was sane, and that there was not the slightest doubt that his death was due to most deliberate suicide.

From the evidence at the inquest it was shown that Wright had determined to take his own life in the event of an adverse verdict and that he went to court with a cyanide tablet in his possession, while in his hip pocket was a new revolver fully loaded, and even cocked.

After the sentence Wright went to the lavatory, while the tipstaff in attendance on him remained outside. There he swallowed the tablet and, returning to the consulting room, washed down the poison with whisky and water, and died.

One of the last things Wright said was: "This is British justice."

The small Coroner's court at Westminster was so crowded that Whitaker Wright, Jr., son of the dead man, had to stand up throughout the proceedings. He and other witnesses in the main bore out the facts already cabled. Neither the son nor the deceased's closest friends, so they testified today, ever heard Mr. Wright say anything of the kind.

(Continued on page 3.)

RIOTING IN CIENFUGOS.

Over a Dozen Men More or Less Seriously Injured in an Election Row.

Cienfuegos, Cuba, Jan. 25.—A riot in which four men were seriously injured and a dozen others slightly hurt took place here last night as a result of bad feeling engendered by the election campaign.

The trouble began in the Central cafe, when Francisco Canellos and Victor Zegrean, Republicans, who were entertaining some Colombian friends, were attacked by several Liberal Nationalists. The cafe was transformed into a battlefield and a large and excited crowd surged back and forth in the street. The principal fight occurred in front of the city hall. Many revolver shots were fired, but nobody was shot, and the rioters dispersed.

The people of the city were alarmed and barred their doors and windows and closed all the stores. The situation is calmer today, but political feeling runs high.

RUINED IN THE GRAIN PIT

Defaulting Bank Cashier Rose Tells of His Downfall.

Cleveland, Jan. 25.—George A. Rose, the alleged defaulting cashier of the Produce Exchange bank, which closed its doors January 22nd, made a confession tonight to the County Prosecutor, telling of his method of using the bank's money, of which he is said to have lost \$187,000.

Rose said that he was alone in his speculations, and that his use of the bank's money began about six years ago.

He said that about three years ago, when the loss had reached only \$20,000, an auditing committee was appointed to go over the bank's books. Rose had hoped that his shortage would be discovered then, but the committee reported everything satisfactory with the bank's affairs. Rose declared that he has lived within his salary of \$125 a month and has not got a cent of the money lost to the bank by his speculation. When the shortage had reached \$200,000 Rose said that he knew that he would have to replace that sum, and seeing no other way of doing so than by speculating he continued to do so until the amount reached \$187,000.

His mental state has been miserable ever since his speculations began, he said, and often he had been tempted to commit suicide, but did not do so because of his wife and family. All of the entire sum of \$187,000, Rose declares, was lost in grain speculation in Chicago.

RUSSIA AT WORK ON THE ANSWER.

Grand Duke Alexis Will Draft the Reply to the Last Japanese Note, and After Its Approval By the Czar It Will Be Cabled to Tokio Probably by Saturday.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—Among those present at the Council today were Foreign Minister Lansdort, War Minister Kuropatkin, Vice-Admiral Avellan, head of the Admiralty department, Admiral Abazza, executive chief of the committee of the Far East; Gen. Sakharoff, chief of the army staff, and M. Hartwig, chief of the palace division.

Grand Duke Alexis will draft the reply to Japan, which, it is believed, will receive the signatures of the members of the council and be sent to the Czar tomorrow. It is hardly probable that the reply will be transmitted to Japan before January 30th.

The nature of the conclusions reached by the council is carefully guarded, but semi-official assurances were given that the subject was considered in a pacific spirit, and with a determination to do all possible to preserve peace and to successfully terminate the negotiations.

It is significant that Count Lansdort has arranged to receive the Japanese Minister, M. Kurino, at 10 o'clock tonight.

London, Jan. 25.—The Daily Graphic claims to be able to affirm that Russia's draft of her reply has not yet been officially presented to Japan, but that it has been communicated to M. Kurino, the Japanese Minister at St. Petersburg, who has been arranged to receive the Japanese Minister, M. Kurino, at 10 o'clock tonight.

(Continued on page 3.)

COTTON IS KING AND TAKES SKYWARD TRIP

Bull Movement in New York Sends the Staple Soaring and an Advance of 80 Points Was Scored—Sales Estimated at 1,500,000 Bales.

New York, Jan. 25.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 7 to 50 points and closed steady at a net advance of 51 to 56 points on the old and 5 to 14 points on the new crop positions.

With slight concessions, the market worked steadily upward until, shortly after midday, it reached 14.15. This uncovered stop orders and the market developed the widest excitement so far noted. In one jump July went from 16.25 to 16.40, while May sold up to 16.30.

The active months at this level were net 46 to 50 points higher for the day, and had scored a net advance from the low point of last week of about 25c, or nearly \$250 a trading contract.

Such a gain as this naturally attracted heavy realizing, and, with demands less pressing, there was a quick reaction of about 20 to 25 points, which, however, was followed by renewed steadiness, as the bulls again came to the support of the market.

Sales were estimated at 1,500,000 bales. The local market for spot cotton was marked up 80 points, to 16.25 for middling, and it was reported that cotton was being purchased in the South on the basis of 16.50 in New York.

New Orleans, Jan. 25.—The bull leaders meant the ring off its feet this morning in the cotton market. With frenzied covering by shorts, March was sent above the 15-cent mark to 16.25. The market opened excited on favorable cables from Liverpool. A fair amount of general buying orders was seen, but late in the morning the bull leaders offered to take all the May cotton the ring had at 16.33. The purchases amounted to 5000 bales. The ring was practically bare of offerings after this and prices quickly rose until March was 38 points higher than yesterday's close at 15.95 and May was 45 points higher at 16.33.

SRVIAN MONARCH IS READY TO ABDICATE



Belgrade, Jan. 25.—A dispatch from Belgrade says: "The guard at the palace has been increased, owing to a renewal of threats against King Peter. The report that the Prince of Montenegro had received a mandate from Russia to clear up the precarious situation in Servia is confirmed. Peter has been informed of the situation, and it is reported that he expressed himself as willing to abdicate, providing the powers are asked to name his successor."

CLARK SPECIAL ON SANTA FE SMASHES RECORDS.

Forty-Four Miles the Average Rate.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—The Santa Fe special, on which Charles W. Clark started in a record-breaking attempt to reach the bedside of his dying wife in New York, reached Chicago at 1:50 p. m. today.

Mr. Clark had been notified of his wife's death.

The special, which left Albuquerque, New Mexico, at 5:45 a. m. yesterday, made the trip to Chicago, 1577 miles, in thirty-two hours and five minutes, which is four hours and fifty-five minutes faster than the time of the Santa Fe's fast "California limited" and twenty-five minutes faster than the time of the west-bound Lowe special of last August.

Mr. Clark went from the station to the Auditorium, and at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon he will take the Lake Shore limited for New York.

ACTUAL RUNNING TIME THIRTY HOURS.

The actual running time of the special was thirty hours, the train having maintained an average speed of 45.9 miles an hour. Heavy snows in Iowa and western Illinois impeded progress materially.

Mr. Clark Hears of Loss.

Kansas City, Jan. 25.—The Charles W. Clark special train on the Santa Fe railroad, consisting of an engine, day coach and Pullman, passed through Kansas City at 2:56 a. m., six minutes late, without stopping.

H. J. Luke, a relative of Mr. Clark, went from Kansas City to Argentine, Kan., on the engine and entered the sleeper there. He will go to New York with the train. Mr. Luke will notify Mr. Clark of his wife's death within the next few hours. Mr. Clark was sitting at an open window when the special went through here.

Fast Mountain Climbing.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 25.—W. J. Black, general passenger and ticket agent of the Santa Fe, says concerning the Clark special train, which reached Chicago this afternoon: "It was the fastest run ever made on our road, taking all things into consideration. The train started from Winslow, Ariz., at 11:25 Tuesday, left Albuquerque yesterday morning at 5:45 and reached Chicago today at 1:50 p. m. The run of 1663 miles was made therefore in thirty-seven hours and fifteen minutes. This is an average of forty-four and one-half miles an hour, including all stops and delays.

"The most remarkable feature of the train's flight was its great speed through the mountains. It did better work there than on the level country farther east. The special crossed three mountain ranges, including the Continental divide, the various altitudes being 7257, 7412 and 7698 feet above sea level. No delays were encountered in the mountains, and the speed made was something new in railroad experiences. If the same approximate speed had been maintained east of the mountains, the train would have reached Chicago four hours sooner.

"Much of the distance across Kansas was done at a mile a minute speed. A noticeable thing about the race against death was the quickness of our engine men in changing engines for the special at the division points.

"Santa Fe officials are much gratified over the showing made by this train in breaking past records, but we can do better."

LOWE SPECIAL'S RACE.

The Lowe special, which took Henry E. Lowe, chief engineer of the United States Steel corporation, from New York to Los Angeles in seventy hours and forty minutes was a wonderfully fast train.

The run from Chicago over the Santa Fe was the remarkable part.

GRAND DUKE ALEXIS SPINS THE WHEEL

Russian Noble Credited With Having Made Heavy Winnings at Monte Carlo.



Paris, Jan. 25.—News has reached here that the Russian Grand Duke Alexis, while staying at Nice for several days recently, had the unusual luck to break the bank at Monte Carlo. It is reported that he won about \$50,000 at roulette, playing only half an hour.