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Daily Press

THE WEATHER
Fair Sunday; Monday, unsteady; little change in temperature; variable winds.

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NEW RAILROAD LAW APPEARANTLY O. K.

Corporation Lawyers Hold Long Conference Over Mat- ter at Portsmouth, N. H.

NO ALARM IS FELT BY AMENDMENTS ADOPTED

Attorneys Representing All Important
Lines in the Country Confer on
Statute in Order to be Able to Ad-
vise Clients of Proceedure—No Fault
is Yet Discovered.

(By Associated Press.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 6.—The
conference of attorneys representing
all the important railway systems of
the United States, called for the pur-
pose of discussing the new railroad
law and which has been in progress
here for several days, broke up this
afternoon. Another meeting will be
held in New York in December. A
statement giving a general outline of
the work of the conference was issued
by a committee appointed for that pur-
pose. So far as could be gleaned,
there appeared to be a general senti-
ment among those present in favor
of a liberal interpretation of the
amendments to the railroad law adopt-
ed by the last congress. This was
particularly true of the so-called long
and short haul clause, in the consid-
eration of which much time was spent.

Will be Conservative.
The lawyers who have been engaged
in the conference, express confi-
dence that the Interstate Commerce
Commission will proceed conservatively
without making any rulings which
will seriously disturb existing condi-
tions.

There has been no disposition
whatever on the part of any one to
suggest means of evading the act,"
said Edgar J. Rich, general solicitor
of the Boston & Maine Railroad.
"The sole purpose," he continued,
"has been to construe the act and to
advise the railroad officials as to what
they must do in order to comply with
it in letter and spirit."

The statement given out by the
conference committee, of which R. Wal-
ton Moore, of Washington, D. C.,
representing the railroads of the South
generally, was chairman, follows:

The conference has considered
questions arising under the act to regu-
late commerce recently amended by
congress. The sections to which the
amendments contained in the Mann-
Ekins bill apply, are numbers 1, 4, 6
and 15 of the act and besides the many
points relative to those sections which
were discussed, there was some dis-
cussion of the new section which es-
tablished the commerce court. The
Sundays of the meeting were spent in
interchange of views of those present.
Some informal votes were taken, but
this was not with any thought of for-
mally important action, but in order
to obtain a more definite expression
of opinion than would otherwise have
been possible on matters which were
in the main, those of a practical na-
ture on which traffic officials wish to
be advised before the effective date of
the amendments, which is August 5.

Resembles Former Meeting.
The conference resembled, in its
objects and proceedings, the one held
at Atlantic City in 1906, to consider
the provisions of the Hepburn bill
amendments, and which was produc-
tive of good results in arriving at a
proper understanding of what was in-
tended by the new legislation and
which undoubtedly intended to bring
about better relations between the
carriers and the public and to place
the former in closer touch with the In-
terstate Commerce Commission.

The spirit which marked the pro-
ceedings, was one of helpfulness and
there was a plain disposition not to
take any action which might create
antagonism and strife.

It is understood that the lawyers
composing it and others will come to-
gether sometime in the future.

In the meantime the Interstate
Commerce Commission will clear up
many of the doubts which exist as to
the construction of the various pro-
visions of the act as it now stands.

W. E. Kay, of the Atlantic Coast
Line, said tonight:

Many Questions to Consider.
For three days the conference con-
sidered the long and short haul clause.
The questions involved particularly
dealing with rates, where there is wa-
ter competition, were referred to a
committee which was instructed to
report at a conference to be held in
New York in December. There are

many questions as to which the attor-
neys are in doubt, including those of
the constitutionality of certain pro-
visions of the new law, the extent of
the Interstate Commerce Commission's
authority and whether the rulings of
the commission can be carried to the
United States Supreme Court.

COUPLE SPENDS FIRST SUNDAY IN PRISON

Dr. Crippen and Girl Compan- ion Eat of Jail Menu Today.

(By Associated Press.)
QUEBEC, Aug. 6.—Dr. Crippen and
Miss Leneve will spend their first
Sunday in prison tomorrow and prepa-
rations have been made to enable each
to enjoy, apart from the other, the
conspicuous of their own church. Crip-
pen is a Roman Catholic and his
companion is a communicant of the
Church of England.

If they so wish they may attend
the separate services held in the beau-
tiful little chapel connected with the
grimy stone prison on the heights of
Abraham.

The dentist's request for a Bible
several days ago is the only sign of
religious feeling either prisoner has
exhibited since they were confined
here six days ago.

Miss Leneve declined to see the
Anglican chaplain of the prison when
he sent word to her several days ago.
The regular Sunday bill of fare at
the prison is oatmeal gruel for break-
fast and dinner, and bread and water
for luncheon. On week days the pris-
oners have meat and potatoes for din-
ner. Crippen will fare somewhat bet-
ter, for out of the scanty sum found
on him at his arrest he is buying a
quart of milk a day. The girl's phys-
ical condition has gained her more
elaborate food than the regular prison
menu calls for.

Parker Congratulates Gompers.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 6.—
President Samuel Gompers, of the
American Federation of Labor, today
received a letter from Alton B. Parker,
former Democratic candidate for Pres-
ident, congratulating him on the recent
settlement of the controversy between
the federation and the Bucks Stove &
Range Company.

HIS MURDER A MYSTERY

No Clue to Slayer of Wealthy Cleveland Lawyer.

GOLF CADDY IS SUSPECTED

Police Believe the Millionaire Was Killed for Revenge and an Italian is Being Searched for—Reward of \$5,000 is Offered.

(By Associated Press.)
CLEVELAND, OHIO, Aug. 6.—
After twenty hours work, the police
are tonight as much at sea as ever
in regard to the mysterious murder
of William L. Rice, the millionaire
lawyer, whose body was found in the
roadway near his house last night.
Rice had been shot twice, struck on
the head by some blunt weapon and
slashed across the left hand with a
knife.

The theory of robbery has practi-
cally been abandoned and the police
now believe that the murdered man
met his death at the hands of men
who were seeking revenge. They are
searching for an Italian golf caddy
who, it is said, had sworn vengeance
against Mr. Rice for siding against
him in a fight which he had with
another caddy and which resulted in
his dismissal.

Apart from this slight clue and the
fact that two foreigners were seen
in the vicinity of where the murder
took place just prior to the discov-
ery of the body, the police confess
that they have nothing tangible to
guide them. The body was found
close to a powerful arc light and al-
though Mr. Rice carried a large
sum in currency on his person, in ad-
dition to several valuable articles of
jewelry, nothing was missing.

Mrs. Rice and her four daughters
are expected to reach Cleveland in
the morning. They are hurrying
back from Wyano, Mass., where they
had been spending the summer and
where Mr. Rice had planned to meet
them in a couple of weeks.

A reward of \$5,000 has been offer-
ed by Judge E. C. Blandon and At-
torney Frank H. Ginn, Rice's law
partners, and J. B. Zerbe for the cap-
ture of the murderers.

INDIAN SAYS BRIBE WAS OFFERED HIM

Territorial Delegate Testifies Before Committee Investigat- ing Oklahoma Land Deal.

REFUSED ATTEMPTED PURCHASE BY M'MURRAY

Representative of Tribe Declares Contract Holder Wanted to Pay Him \$25,000 to Stop His Opposition to Measure—Accused Congres- sman Deny Charges Made.

(By Associated Press.)
MUSKOGEE, OKLA., Aug. 6.—
Not only Jake L. Hamon, but J. F.
McMurray was named as a would-be
briber in the investigation of the
\$30,000,000 Oklahoma Indian land
deal before the special congression-
al committee today.

Mr. McMurray is the holder of the
contracts with the Choctaw and
Chickasaw Indians to promote, which,
in congress Senator Thomas P.
Gore charged he was offered a
bribe.

C. C. McCurtain, a Choctaw Indian
and a delegate to Washington for his
territory, charged that McMurray,
in 1906, offered him a bribe of
\$25,000 to withdraw opposition to
the Old Tribal McMurray contracts
which subsequently were disap-
proved by President Roosevelt.

Green McCurtain, chief of 8,000
Choctaws and a venerable Indian of
62 years, then took the stand and
told the committee that one George
W. Scott, whom he believed acted in
the interest of McMurray, had offer-
ed him one-fourth of the "profits" to
be realized from the land deal, pro-
vided he induced the tribe to with-
draw all opposition to the deal. This
offer referred to new contracts held
by McMurray, which are the basis
of the present investigation.

Offered Indian Same Amount.
The amount of the bribe men-
tioned by McCurtain, who is a son of
the chief, is the same as that which
Senator Gore alleges was offered him
on May 5, last, by Jake Hamon to
put through the pending contracts,
which, according to Senator Gore,
would result in the selling of 450,000
acres of coal, asphalt and timber
lands owned by the Indians to a
New York syndicate on a basis that
would give McMurray and his asso-
ciates an "attorney's fee" of ten per
cent, of \$3,000,000.

The presentation of the charges
against McMurray followed another
day of sensational testimony, during
which Senator Charles Curtis, of
Kansas, and Congressman B. S. Mc-
Guire, of Oklahoma, appeared on
the stand to refute statements that
they were "interested" in the deal.

The name of Vice-President Sher-
man again was mentioned, and con-
ferences held by President Taft over
the McMurray contracts, were re-
ferred to.

Both President Taft and Vice-
President Sherman, according to
Senator Curtis, had declared that the
ten per cent attorney's fee asked for,
was excessive. The opinion was un-
animous at the President's confer-
ence, he said that in the sale of the
land no attorney's assistance was
needed and the government, by
treachery, already had stipulated to
sell the land on its own responsibility.

Made Him Offer.
"A long time ago," said Chief Mc-
Curtain in his testimony, "many of
the Choctaws protested against the
big fees that would be allowed un-
der the McMurray contracts. I, my-
self, sent a protest to the secretary
of the interior—just before the ad-
journing of the last congress.
George W. Scott came to my home
and asked me to sign a letter. I
refused to do so. Then he came
again and told me he wanted to
write a letter to the secretary of the
interior withdrawing my protest
against the McMurray contracts.
When I said I would not do that he
said he was authorized to agree to
give me one-fourth of the profits if I
did. 'Yes,' he said, 'we are going to
set a ten per cent fee out of it and
you will get one-fourth of the tenth.
Now you sign the letter and it would
be a great bargain.' I absolutely
refused to do it and he went away."

"A good many of your tribe did
sign the contracts with McMurray,
didn't they?" asked Congressman
C. B. Miller.

Lost Faith in Government.
"Yes, they did that because they
are losing all faith in the govern-
ment. They have lost all faith in
the government officials and in their
tribal officials, too. It is because they
have been given so many promises
and the promises have not been kept."

"The government promised it
would sell the land and distribute
the profits in 1906. It has not done
so yet. The Indians are becoming
disheartened over the government's
promises and that is why they signed
the contracts. They thought it would

be better to get some of the money
than none of it."

"Are they in a hurry to get
money?"

"Yes, they certainly are. They
need it. They are poor, living on
promises so long."

"Why do you Indians have so
many lawyers?"

"Because we want to get the
money."

"Can you estimate how much your
tribe has paid out in attorney's fees
in the last ten years?"

"Our tribe in that time has paid
out about \$300,000."

Among the developments of the
day were:

Talked Over at White House.
Senator Curtis told of having been
summoned by telephone to the White
House to discuss there with Presi-
dent Taft and Vice-President Sher-
man the merits of the McMurray con-
tracts. Mr. Taft had expressed the
belief that the ten per cent fee was
too high and his visitor agreed with
him. Then the senator thought suf-
ficiently refuted by imputation that
he was "interested" in the land deal.

The senator knew McMurray for
years and had never known of his
attempting to "influence" legislation.
Senator Curtis also testified that
he knew of no animosity existing be-
tween himself and Senator Gore ex-
cept that Mr. Gore had remarked
that Curtis was "meddling too much
in Oklahoma affairs by fair means
and by foul."

Congressman C. E. Creager, of
Oklahoma, attacked the testimony
previously given by Hamon, whom
he accused of having suggested that
he might obtain an "interest" in the
contracts but which Hamon denied.

Congressman McGuire denied he
ever was "interested" in the con-
tracts or had sought their approval
by congress. He said he knew Mc-
Murray and Hamon. He asserted he
had never been improperly approach-
ed in regard to the contracts and he
never was interested in them "to the
extent of one penny."

D. C. McCurtain, who described
himself as a delegate to Washing-
ton for the Choctaws, testified that
before the disapproval of the old
tribal contracts by President Roose-
velt, 1908, and which they were still
pending, he was approached by Mc-
Murray in the lobby of the Raleigh
hotel at Washington.

McCurtain had been talking with
Cecil Lyon, national Republican com-
mitteeman of Texas, but Lyon went
away before the subject of the \$25,000
was discussed.

D. C. McCurtain testified:
"I met Mr. McMurray in the lobby
and he said 'You know we have a
contract for the sale of the land.' I
said 'I heard it but have never seen
a copy of the contract.' He said:
'We have decided we will give you
\$25,000 if you will not oppose the con-
tract.' He said: 'If the secretary of
the interior approves the contract in
its present form, we will give you
\$25,000. If he scales the contracts,
then the \$25,000 probably will be cut
down accordingly. I want to talk to
you further about this matter.'

"I did not see McMurray for several
days, but in the meantime I got to
thinking about the proposition and I
knew that they were going to bring
powerful political influence to bear in
support of that contract. I thought
maybe if I did not manifest too much
opposition to that contract I would be
in a position ultimately to defeat it,
but if I became too antagonistic I
might have no opportunity to get my
feet together and that they might,
in some way, secure the approval of
the contract."

"Several days after that I saw Mc-
Murray in the capitol and I said, 'I
have decided to accept your propo-
sition.' But I did not learn any more
about the contract by that means.

"The matter went on for some time
and no effort was made to get the con-
tracts approved. Then the matter
went along until the constitutional
convention of Oklahoma appointed a
committee to investigate whether it
were possible to purchase the coal
lands from the Indians.

McCurtain Busy Again.
"McCurtain became active again. He
wanted to appear before this commit-
tee as the representative of the Choctaw
Indian nation. His endeavor to
secure a written statement from Gov-
ernor McCurtain that McMurray rep-
resented the Choctaws and they so re-
cognized him. McMurray came to my
house to see me. He stated he
thought he was in a position to do
the nation a great deal of good. Then
I said, 'Mr. McMurray I don't want
anything to do with your contracts.'

"Mr. McMurray, in an interview, de-
clared he made the offer. He said Lyon
had been financially interested with
him in the contracts."

"Have you ever received any finan-
cial assistance from any person hav-
ing a contract with the Indians?"
Chairman Burke asked Congressman
McGuire.

"Never," Mr. McGuire replied.
"There never was the suggestion of
aid to be given me by McMurray or
anyone else."

"Is there any reason why Senator
Gore should feel unfriendly toward
you?"

"None that I know of. Yet he has
done his utmost to give me a black
eye. Moreover, he has done a great
deal of fabricating."

STAGE IS ROBBED AND DRIVER KILLED

Second Hold-up Within a Week is Made by Bandits in New Mexico.

TWELVE BARS OF SILVER ARE TAKEN FROM COACH

Search is Soon Made and the Lifeless Man and Vehicle Are Found by the Roadside—Tragedy is Reported and Chase of Band Begins, But Escape is Made in Mountains.

(By Associated Press.)
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Aug. 6.—
For the second time within a week the
Mogollon-Silver City stage was held
up and robbed today, murder being
added to the crime in the affair. Jose
Dominguez, the driver, watchful be-
cause of his experiences, opened fire
on the bandits today and brought a
volley from their weapons. Several
bullets pierced his body, killing him
instantly.

The robbers hastily gathered up
twelve bars of silver bullion, the prop-
erty of the Ernestine Mining Com-
pany and the Socorro Mining Com-
pany, which was being shipped out
from the mines, and left the scene.
They met no further resistance, as
the stage was making its trip without
passengers.

Finds Dead Driver.
When the stage failed to arrive at
Greenwood, Jake House, relief driver,
was sent out to ascertain the trouble.
He came upon the coach which had
been driven several hundred yards
from the scene of the robbery by the
Indians, and, pursuing his search
further, found the dead driver lying
in the road where his body had been
tossed by the robbers.

Returning hastily to Greenwood,
Rouse reported the affair and soon a
posse was chasing the fleeing bandits.
Mounted police took the trail and with-
in a short time found eleven of the
twelve silver bars lying at the road-
side near where the stage was rob-
bed.

Evidently the burden was too great
for the robbers and they abandoned
all but one bar of the treasure, which
is valued at about \$1,500.

Flee to Mountains.
It is believed by officers of the
mounted police that there were only
two men engaged in the hold-up and
that they have succeeded in reaching
a mountainous country, having had
three hours start of the police.

The scene of the robbery is 20
miles from a railroad and in a spar-
sely settled section of southwestern So-
corro county.

Jose Dominguez, the dead driver,
lived at Silver City and leaves a
widow.

POPE MAKES APPEAL TO KING ALFONSO

Vatican Waits to See What Happens in Spain Against Church Today.

(By Associated Press.)
SAN SEBASTIAN, SPAIN, Aug. 6.
The city is invested with soldiers.
Throughout the day groups of peas-
ants, headed by priests, who had ig-
nored the announcement that the man-
ifestation had been abandoned, ar-
rived. When they were halted by the
troops, the priests disappeared, leav-
ing their followers, who became pan-
-stricken, fearing they were about to
be shot. They were reassured by the
officers, and scattered in various di-
rections. It is probable that there will
be no disturbances here tomorrow.

Situation in Rome.
Notwithstanding the fact that the
anti-government demonstrations ar-
ranged for Sunday in Spain have been
prohibited, the vatican will await to-
morrow's report of the situation in
the different Spanish provinces before
completing the note which will be for-
warded in reply to that of Premier
Canalejas. Meanwhile, it is asserted,
the Pope has sent an autograph letter
to King Alfonso in Egnalid appealing
to his majesty's sense of equity and
justice for a solution of the conflict in
favor of the church.

FATHER SIGHT-SEEING; DAUGHTER IS RE-STOLEN

Portsmouth Girl Locked Up at Eliza- beth City, N. C. Steals Out With Lover Again.

(By Associated Press.)
NORFOLK, VA., Aug. 6.—His pas-
sion for sight-seeing proved too strong
for W. M. Mutter, of Portsmouth, and
it resulted in losing his seventeen-
year-old daughter, at Elizabeth City,
N. C., after the police had wrested her
from John McClannay, with whom she
had eloped. The father, who went to
Elizabeth City, when he received word
that the police had found the eloping
pair, locked the girl in a room at a
hotel. He had reproved McClannay
and it was supposed he had given up
all thought of wedding the girl.

Mr. Mutter started out on a sight-
seeing trip about town and almost
immediately Mr. McClannay drove up
in a buggy and effected a rescue of
the girl. They drove to Camden, N.
C., and were about to be married
when the father arrived on the scene
and took his daughter home with him.

Rather Die Than Force Payment.

(By Associated Press.)
LEBANON, PA., Aug. 6.—Rather
than press his fellow-citizens by pro-
cess of law to pay delinquent taxes,
Dallas F. Shroff, of this city, today
sent a load of rabbit shot into his
body and died instantly in the chick-
en house in the rear of his home. The
tragedy was planned with such cool
deliberation that the case is unique in
the history of suicide of Lebanon coun-
ty.

Complain of Robberies.
PARIS, Aug. 6.—Many Americans
are complaining at the United States
consul that they have been made vic-
tims of bands of English and American
swindlers, using an antiquated scheme
to entrap the objects of the swindle.
James A. Brown, of Westchester, Pa.,
was robbed today of \$55 in a cafe in
Broad daylight by members of the
band.

Cuban Weds Heiress.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Thomas Es-
trada Palma, a son of the late Presi-
dent of Cuba, and Miss Helen Dou-
glas Browne, were quietly married in
Grace Episcopal church, here today.
The bride is a daughter of Douglas
Lester Burman-Browne and a distant
relative of the late W. C. Whitney.
She is an heiress in her own right.

SEES BIG G. O. P. GAINS

W. B. McKinlay Tells Taft all is Well.

FORECAST OF CAMPAIGN

Chairman of the Republican Con- gressional Campaign Committee Talks Optimistic to President—Will Fight on "Glorious Achievements."

(By Associated Press.)
BEVERLY, MASS., Aug. 6.—Represen-
tative W. B. McKinlay, of Illinois,
chairman of the Republican congress-
ional campaign committee came to
Beverly today filled with optimism
of the possible result and gave Presi-
dent Taft a forecast of the coming
congressional elections.

"Will the next house be Republi-
can?" Mr. McKinlay was asked.

"Why," he replied, "there is abso-
lutely no question about it. I am just
as sure of it as I am in Beverly today.
We won't lose any districts and we
will get back a number that were lost
two years ago. In Indiana we ought
to get back two or three seats alone."

"How about the Levering district in
Massachusetts which Mr. Foss won in
the special election?"

"We will get that back sure."
"And the Perkins district in New
York, recently won by Mr. Havens?"

"There is absolutely no doubt that
we will get it."

Every question put to Mr. McKinlay
elicited a response equally, if not
more, optimistic. He hesitated at noth-
ing. The committee will maintain
headquarters in New York and Chi-
cago.

RESCUES HIS CHILD; FATHER LOSES LIFE

Prominent Chicago Newspaper Publisher is Drowned off New York.

GIRL FALLS OVERBOARD REACHING FOR HER HAT

Holds Daughter Above Water Until Taken Out by Nearby Parties and He Sinks Exhausted—Dead Man Active in Politics and Fighter of Anti-Saloon League.

(By Associated Press.)
DEPOSIT, N. Y., Aug. 6.—W. R.
Michales, publisher of the Chicago
Staats-Zeitung, was drowned at
Onauqua, a few miles from here at
4:30 this afternoon and his body re-
covered three hours later. The de-
ceased was out in a small boat with his
eight-year-old daughter who lost her
hat and, reaching out for it, she fell
overboard. The father jumped
out after the child, and catching hold
of her, held her above the water
until his strength failed.

Partis in boats nearby rescued the
child but the father sank and was
drowned.

Active in Politics.
"CHICAGO, ILLS., Aug. 6.—Walter
R. Michales, who was drowned in
Lake Onauqua, N. Y., was general man-
ager and half owner of the Chicago
Staats-Zeitung, and was active
politically. He was president of
the United Societies, a political or-
ganization formed by representatives
of several hundred foreign fraternal
and social organizations in Chicago
and Illinois.

During the six months prior to the
last Chicago election Mr. Michales
spent a large part of his time and
energy directing a fight to prevent
Chicago being voted "dry."

Both through his newspaper and
the United Societies, Mr. Michales
was active against the Anti-Saloon
League and partly as a result of his
effort, the local option question was
kept off the ballot. Mr. Michales was
among the best known men in
Chicago.

GREED FOR RICHES MAY MEAN AMERICA'S RUIN

Cardinal Gibbons Moralizes on Self- Indulgence as He Watches Autos Speed By.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Cardinal
Gibbons sat on the spacious veranda
of a Long Island country house this
afternoon and, watching the automo-
biles flit down the road before him
in one unending stream, moralized on
the dangers of self-indulgence that
have beset all republics.

"I think," he said, "we are closely
approaching the age of extravagance
and inordinate pleasure enjoyed by
Rome just before her fall. The cry
of today is for more and more riches.
The rich man is greedy for more.
It is the same with the with the well
to do. It is the same everywhere."

"Truly," we have many generous
ones among the rich, but I could
wish that more of them would con-
sider the unfortunate. This great
desire for riches is making people
very selfish. Then there is the de-
sire for inordinate pleasures."

Will Use Yacht Mayflower.
(By Associated Press.)
BOSTON, MASS., Aug. 6.—Presi-
dent Taft's solicitude about the health
of President Montt, of Chile, who is
showing the effect of long hours spent
in traveling, caused the Chilean chief
executive to change his mind about
returning to New York on an evening
train and he will not leave this city
until the 1:03 train tomorrow after-
noon. It was learned from President
Montt on his arrival here from a visit
to President Taft, at Beverly, during
the day, that when President Taft had
noticed his visitor's apparent fatiga-
he urged him to use the presidential
yacht Mayflower to return to New
York and thus avoid the train.

Ship Roosevelt on Fire.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Commander
Perry's historical ship, the Roosevelt,
which carried him north on his last
successful dash to the pole, caught fire
early this morning, while lying in her
berth in the East river. Flames broke
out supposedly from spontaneous com-
bustion in a rubbish heap on the port
side amidship, but they were quickly
discovered by the night watchmen
who turned in an alarm, but was able
to put them out readily before the ar-
rival of the fire companies. The dam-
age will not exceed \$25.