

Fourth Liberty Loan Starts Tomorrow. Get Behind It And Let's Put It Over Quick. Push The Loan like Our Boys "Over There" Are Pushing The Huns.

SPEAKERS FOR LOAN CAMPAIGN

Addresses Will Be Made in Every Section of Tazewell County Sunday—Program and Local Chairmen.

A meeting of the citizens of the Jeffersonville Banking District was held in the Court House Tuesday afternoon and arrangements made for conducting the campaign for the 4th Liberty Loan. C. R. Brown, manager of the county campaign, was present. E. L. Greever was selected as chairman of the meeting. Mr. Greever made a stirring speech in behalf of the Fourth Loan, which he termed the great "Victory Loan." Mr. J. W. Chapman also spoke on the duty of the people back home to support the boys in France to the utmost.

- County Chairman Brown, on behalf of W. E. Peery, chairman of the Jeffersonville district section, announced the following chairmen of committees of the precincts in this district. It was noted that all the men appointed are busy men, men of affairs, and that was the reason given for their selection, on the principle that it is the busy man who does things.
- Following are the appointments:
- North Tazewell—K. D. R. Harman.
 - Tip Top—Dr. Frank Pyott.
 - Gratton—Wm. Pruett.
 - Cove Creek—T. L. Shuffelbarger.
 - Burke's Garden—C. J. Moss.
 - Crocketts Cove and Horsepen—J. P. Whitman.
 - Poor Valley—Jno. A. Neal.
 - The Cove—W. O. Barns.
 - Thompson Valley—Wm. Clayton.
 - Benbow—R. P. Buchanan.
 - Maxwell—C. P. Harman.
 - Dry Fork—Gart Harman.
 - Pounding Mill—George Hurt.
 - Tazewell—W. E. Peery.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES

Tazewell County Men Who Will Be Charged With Putting Over Bond Issue at Different Precincts.

- In almost, if not quite every hamlet church and school house in the county, will be heard next Sunday the voice of Liberty Loan speakers. The following schedule will be carried out as planned by Rev. C. R. Brown, the county chairman:
- Graham—Rev. H. E. Kelo, Methodist church, 3 p. m.
 - Pocahontas—A. S. Higginbotham and T. C. Bowen, Parlor Theatre, at 3 p. m.
 - Falls Mills—J. W. Hicks at 11 a. m.
 - Ebenezer—H. C. Calloway, V. L. Sexton at 11 a. m.
 - Tip Top—Rev. W. C. Thompson at 3 p. m.
 - Burke's Garden—J. W. Chapman at 3 p. m.
 - Benbow—S. M. B. Coulling and C. R. Brown at 3 p. m.
 - Pleasant Hill—A. C. Buchanan at 11 o'clock.
 - Cove—Geo. C. Peery and Barns Gillespie at 11 o'clock.
 - Richlands—E. L. Greever at 3 p. m.
 - Cedar Bluff—R. O. Crockett at 11 a. m.
 - Mt. Carmel—J. A. Leslie, 11 a. m.
 - Dailey's Chapel—J. A. Leslie, at 3 p. m.
 - Pounding Mill—J. N. Harman at 11 a. m.
 - Raven—J. N. Harman, at 3 p. m.
 - Maxwell—T. A. Repass, at 3 p. m.
 - Horsepen—L. A. Tynes and H. C. Post at 11 a. m.
 - Crockett's Cove—L. A. Tynes and H. C. Post at 3 p. m.
 - North Tazewell—W. H. Werth at 8 p. m.
 - Asbury—H. L. Spratt and C. W. Steele, at 3 p. m.
 - Concord—J. Powell Royall, at 3 p. m.
 - Cove Creek—J. S. Bottimore and C. C. Payne at 11 a. m.
 - Shawyer Mills—J. S. Bottimore and C. C. Payne at 3 p. m.

PUT IT OVER AT ONCE—CAN BE DONE THE FIRST WEEK.

The Fourth Liberty Loan begins tomorrow, the 28th, and closes October 19th, just about three weeks time. But, if the chairmen of the precincts will go at it, we can put it over the first week. Go at it like the boys are going after the Germans in Pershing's army—put it over and be done with it and be ready for the next job.

OVER THE TOP.

Sale of War Stamps in County Has Been Most Gratifying, and Allotment Believed to Have Been Sold.

The War Savings Stamp drive in Tazewell County, according to information yesterday afternoon, is progressing satisfactorily, and will no doubt be over the top, when one or two precincts in the county have reported. The campaign is still being carried on in several parts of the county.

R. O. Crockett, assistant director, who has had charge of the campaign, feels very much gratified at the fine showing the county has made, and the excellent work done by the committees. If possible, the lists of the subscribers will be published in this paper, beginning next week. These lists will show who have bought the stamps and who have not.

HAVE YOU HAD YOUR BONDS CONVERTED YET?

The Tazewell banks call especial attention to the fact that the time limit for the conversion of bonds of the first and second Liberty Loans will soon expire. The Bank of Clinch Valley and the Tazewell National Banks have carried an advertisement in this paper for the past month calling the attention of the people to the fact that bonds should be presented to them for conversion. If you fail to do this you lose the increased interest rate. Attend to this matter at once.

USE YOUR CARS NEXT SUNDAY.

No one need hesitate to use their car next Sunday to attend Liberty Loan meetings. On the other hand, it is your duty to do so—your patriotic duty.

If necessary to use your cars in order to reach the speaking place in your community, do not hesitate to do so. A Liberty Loan meeting will be held within reach of everybody next Sunday, and every man, woman and child should attend, whether they expect to buy bonds or not. Use your car next Sunday.

NORTH TAZEWELL "OVER THE TOP."

The Town Council of North Tazewell, at a recent meeting, found that there was a balance in the treasury of \$1,000. The question came up, "What shall we do with it?" Somebody said, "Buy War Savings Certificates," and without discussion, or at least very little, it was so ordered. So far as known here, North Tazewell is the only town in this county or in this section to do such a thing. The municipality of North Tazewell has set a good example, and in this action put their town clear over the top.

BRITISH TAKE NAZARETH: 18,000 PRISONERS, 129 GUNS.

The ancient city of Galilee, where Joseph plied his humble trade as a carpenter and where Christ spent His childhood, was delivered from the terrible Turk on Friday, when Irish, English and Australian horsemen dashed into it and past it in one of the most far-flung and brilliant encircling operations of all military history.

Eighteen thousand Turks were trapped like so many rats. One hundred and twenty guns were captured. What remains of the Turkish Nabulzus army has been cut off from all avenues of escape save for a narrow stretch along the Jordan east of Beisan, which city also is in British hands.

Occupation of Nazareth marks a British advance of seventy-five miles since the fall of Jerusalem. The operation culminating in the glorious victory which more than settles the British account with the Turks for the Kut-el-Amara defeat, were carried out along a total of fully 150 miles.

"Traversing the field of Armageddon," says Allenby's report of Friday, received here today, "we occupied Nazareth, Afula and Beisan, collecting the disorganized masses of the enemy troops and transport from the south."

"All of the enemy's avenues of escape save the Jordan fords between Beisan and Jisrel-Damieh have been closed."

And on the following day, Allenby the model crusader was able to telegraph to the war office:

"We hold Nazareth and the passages of the Jordan. Eighteen thousand prisoners, 120 guns counted."

HAVE YOU SENT CLOTHING FOR BELGIUM AND FRANCE?

Any person who has up to this time failed to contribute clothing for the destitute people of France and Belgium may yet do so by bringing the garments to the store of Mr. Will Ed. Peery by noon tomorrow.

SADDLE HORSE FOR SALE.

Fine saddle, black, five years old, 1200 pounds, well gaited. Price reasonable. Write E. K. Crockett, Tip Top, Va.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS COMING

Governor Davis and General J. Lane Stern Will Inspect Tazewell Rifles Tonight—Address at Theatre.

Governor Westmoreland Davis, and Hon. Jo. Lane Stern, Adjutant General of Virginia, will visit Tazewell this afternoon and be our guests tonight. The object of their visit here will be the annual inspection of the Tazewell Rifles, the Tazewell company of the State Militia.

Both Governor Davis and General Stern have been invited to make addresses at the picture show tonight, and meet the people of Tazewell. This will be the first visit Governor Davis has made to Tazewell since he was elected. He has a large number of friends in Tazewell county, who remember his activities in connection with the farmers organizations in the State. General Stern has never before visited Tazewell. He occupies one of the most important offices in Virginia, being at the head of the selective service of Virginia. All the local draft boards in the State work under his supervision. All the calls for men are issued through his office, and the Government looks to his office for the general management of the federal selective service law in Virginia.

Governor Davis and General Stern will be the guests tonight of Mr. L. A. Tynes.

Colonel Stern will this afternoon make an inspection of the property of the Tazewell Rifles, and tonight the company will be mustered and inspected. The company will likely pass in review before the Governor, and the Adjutant General after the muster, after which the visitors and the company will march to the picture show, where the guests will be asked to make addresses.

RICHLANDS NEWS.

Richlands, Sept. 25.—On September 15th Jacob Ball passed peacefully away. He had been sick for some time. He was married to Miss Eliza C. Prater about 57 years ago to which union were born seven children, three boys—M. L. Ball, J. F. Ball, and C. E. Ball, of Richlands, and four girls, Mrs. Callie Herten, of Richlands; Mrs. W. H. Painter, of Ada, W. Va.; Mrs. J. H. Brown, of Richlands, and Nora M. Ball, who is still single. His first wife preceded him to the great beyond on Sept. 24, 1909. Mr. Ball has lived a consistent Christian most of his life and remained in the faith until the end.

Mr. Geo. D. Horton has sold out his large stock of goods to Mr. Beverly Shreve. Mr. Horton gives possession the first of October.

Farmers are getting busy cutting corn and sowing wheat. Corn is generally good.

Mr. Ben Mutter, of Paint Lick, was visiting his son, J. B. Mutter Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. G. W. Wimmer and family were visiting his brother Sunday.

Mr. William Hanks, of Roderfield, was visiting homefolks at Richlands the latter part of the week.

Mr. John C. Green, of Paint Lick, was visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. B. Mutter last Thursday.

Mr. Walter Jackson was visiting friends and relatives at Richlands on Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. O. F. Brown, of this place, who has been laying brick at Princeton, is at home on a vacation.

FRAZIER, JENKINS ET ALS.

C. C. Frazier, W. E. Jenkins, well known citizens of Pocahontas, were here one day recently on business. Frazier is a member of the grocery firm of Ellett and Frazier. Jenkins is the husband of Mrs. Jenkins, a prominent dry goods merchant. Both Frazier and Jenkins are "old timers," pioneer business men, as is also Ellett, of Pocahontas, when that little smoky city was wetter than it is now, but perhaps less respectable and not so happy as now. These men, along with other good men, fought General Booze and his cohorts long and valiantly and successfully, and are now resting upon their well deserved honors. All the same, Jenkins did not report at headquarters, as did his friend Frazier, when he was at the "Hub" on the day referred to above.

LIBERTY LOAN DIRECTIONS AND SUGGESTIONS.

Tazewell County's allotment has not been made at this writing. The amount will be about twice that of the Third Loan. This means that the man who bought a one hundred dollar bond last time must buy two one hundred dollar bonds this time, or find a buyer for the other 100-dollar bond.

You can pay in instalments if you choose, but pay cash if possible, even if you have to borrow the money, in order to save the banks extra trouble and expense.

CATRON CAUGHT AGAIN.

Deserter From Camp Lee is Caught at Tip by Graham Policeman—Had Gun But Didn't Use It.

Creed Catron, the young Tip Top boy, who has given the military authorities a great deal of trouble, having deserted twice from Camp Lee, was arrested by Policeman Rosenbaum, of Graham, at the home of Catron's mother, near Tip Top, last Saturday night. He was brought here to jail last Sunday morning, and will be taken to Camp Lee in a few days. The records are not clear as to the point from which Catron deserted this last time. It is believed, however, that he left his company at some point of embarkation. When arrested he had a double-barreled shot gun, loaded, but did not attempt to use it.

DR. CLAFLIN AT THE METHODIST CHURCH.

Dr. Claffin, the representative of the Anti-Saloon League of America, made a strong address in the Methodist church last Sunday night. There was a large audience.

The speaker presented his cause in an unique and striking manner by comparing the war in Europe and the "war" in this country against liquors.

First, as to the cost in money. The cost of the war to America, for the next year, he said, if it continues, will be between thirty and forty billion dollars; not "millions," mind you, but billions, an inconceivable amount. The cost of liquor in America for the last 25 years, interest at 6 per cent compounded, amounts to more than 150 billion dollars.

Second, as to cost in human life. If the American army numbers as many as two million men next year, the number of fatalities, he said, will be about 111,000 men.

The number of deaths, according to the best authorities, due to liquor, reaches the enormous amount of 500,000 a year. That is to say, about five times as many men are slain by booze yearly as are slain in battle in the greatest war of history. These telling facts made a deep impression on the audience.

At the close pledges were asked for the work and the sum of \$150.00 was pledged, to be paid in monthly instalments. At Pocahontas, \$257.00 was given. At Richlands on Monday night, \$519.00. Dr. Claffin was disappointed keenly in the amount of Tazewell's subscription.

THE HEAVIEST PORKER.

Comes forward now our friend, Mr. Wm. E. Peery, and affirms that he has now and proposes to show up at "killin' time," the heaviest hog in the county. George Lewis is saying nothing but is "sawing wood." We'll see. He editor of this sheet demands a good mess of sausage from both—who matter who wins.

TO THE FAHERS OF SOLDIERS.

Your boy is going over to the strife across the sea, To give his life in need be, in the cause of liberty. He'll fight with dauntless courage till the awful work is done— Let me ask you a question, Father,—are you worthy of your son?

Your boy is fighting for you in the trench mud over there; The grime is on his features, but no vestige of despair. In the red hot fire of battle he is standing by his gun— You—what are you doing, Father, to be worthy of your son?

Your boy is facing horror such as never pen can tell; All about him is destruction—he is in the pit of hell. But his valor never falters—he is out to "strafe" the Hun— Is your life ignoble, Father? Would your actions shame your son?

Are you living like a hero—facing wrong with fearless eye? Ready for the Right to battle, ready for the Right to die? Are you helping, giving, working, backing up both man and gun? If you're not, how dare you own him—that brave boy—your soldier son?

Your boy is bravely fighting, or he may be lying now; With his country's flag about him and death's victory on his brow. Ere you close your eyes in slumber, ere your next day's span is run, Answer truly, truly, Father,—are you worthy of your son?—Laruna Sheldon in the New York Times.

YOUR UNCLE SAM SHOWS 'EM HOW

Preparations For Taking the St. Mihiel Salient by Americans Surpasses All Powers of Imagination.

The extensive preparations made by the American forces for the battle of St. Mihiel salient, in which Pershing's forces won such a signal victory, are so stupendous that the mind can hardly grasp it. Some idea of the immense scale of the undertaking is gathered from the following facts:

There was issued 100,000 detail maps covering in minutest detail the character of the terrain of the St. Mihiel salient, including natural defenses and telling how each was manned and by what enemy units. These maps were corrected in some instances as late as the day before the battle opened, and were supplemented by 50,000 photographs. These were for the guidance of the artillery and infantry and were scattered among the officers of the whole army a few hours before the zero hour.

6,000 Telephones at Work.

Five thousand miles of wire was laid on the St. Mihiel salient and on its borders before the attack and immediately after the Americans advanced 6,000 telephone instruments were connected with these wires throughout the battle zone.

When the battle opened on the morning of Sept. 12 trucks started northward at a speed of seven miles an hour, unloading wires across No Man's Land until they reached points where the reels had to be carried by signal Corps men afoot.

Such work as this made it possible in the recent battle for American officers whose troops had flanked the foe's trenches to telephone back, informing the artillery of the exact location of the enemy trenches and in a few minutes bringing a deluge of metal on the boche.

Telephone squads carried these lines up to the fighting front on Thursday morning and soon in the triangular battleground there was a telephone system in operation that would have been adequate to handle the telephone business of a city of 100,000, and it was going at top efficiency. The branch lines were connected with the main axis, which was established through the middle of the salient. Ten thousand men were busily engaged in operating the system. Many of the phone exchanges were on wheels.

Several thousand carrier pigeons supplemented the Signal Corps.

We captured a tremendous quantity of German signal supplies, 500 miles of German wire, many switchboards, one radio truck and numerous batteries.

In the midst of the battle other Signal Corps men took more than 10,000 feet of moving film depicting war scenes and many thousands of photographs.

Extensive hospital facilities were arranged, including thirty-five hospital trains, 16,000 beds in the advanced areas, and 55,000 others further back. Happily, less than 10 per cent of the hospital facilities were needed, and the entire army surgeons and nurses were enabled to give the finest care to our wounded and sick, and every attention to the German wounded.

Used 1,500,000 Shells.

In the course of the operation our guns fired approximately 1,500,000 shells.

Forty-eight hundred trucks carried men and supplies into the lines. They were assisted by miles of American railroads. The entire force was gauged and the engines were pulled by engines marked "U. S. A."

In addition to restoring this big territory to France with an unprecedented small force the Americans liberated two railroads and a canal from the menace of the boche artillery. We took 15,188 prisoners and the following spoils: One hundred and eleven guns, including twenty-five of large caliber and seventy-eight Austrian 77s; forty-two trench mortars, two hundred machine guns, thirteen trucks, including an ambulance; thirty box cars, four locomotives, five caissons, forty wagons, and thirty-six narrow gauge cars.

The quantity of captured munitions is still unestimated, but one spot alone yielded 4,000 shells for 77s and 350,000 rounds of rifle cartridges. Twelve thousand hand grenades were found in one dump. Four ammunition dumps were taken, but the quantity of munitions in them is as yet unestimated.

Large quantities of food, clothing, trinkets and many documents bring up a total which makes our first venture as an individual unit assume characteristic American proportions.

WILL MISS THE "NEWS"

A large number of former readers of this paper will not get this week's issue, their names having been erased in order to comply with government regulations, of which we gave full and timely notice. Next week the town and the rest of the county list will be gone over, and those who are three months or more in arrears on subscription must be erased. This is not a matter of choice with us, nor a pleasant duty, but a necessity.

If you wish your paper continued, send us your subscription. The label shows month and year of expiration of your subscription.

HELP STARVING CHILDREN

Miss Jessie O'Keefe Will Make Collection in Tazewell For Destitute Orphans in France.

Mrs. Alexander Stuart, of Abingdon, is district manager of an organization which is raising a fund for the relief of French children whose fathers have given their lives "to make Democracy safe for the world." It is estimated that ten cents per day, or \$30.50 a year, with the aid of the widowed mother, will enable the child to eke out an existence. Miss Jessie O'Keefe has kindly undertaken the work in our town. The program is to organize the children, and try in his way to raise \$36.50 for each two hundred and fifty inhabitants in our own. As Tazewell has about 1,000 inhabitants, the children, by systematically contributing their pennies, nickels and dimes, can provide for four destitute French children. At the same time, Miss Jessie expects a number of persons who are able to take one or more of these French orphans as their special charge. Mrs. Stuart has the names of hundreds of these children, and the donors may select the name, and be put in direct communication with the child, and know that every cent contributed reaches the mark. A more worthy appeal cannot be made.

STATEMENT FROM CHAIRMAN BROWN.

To the citizens of Tazewell County: We are called on to raise another "Liberty Loan." Let's determine that no complaint shall pass our lips. We are three thousand miles behind the front line. Our task is an easy one. Think of the boys who have gone overseas to make the Supreme Sacrifice for all that is dear to us. Their money is to support our army. Without its efforts, think, think, what would befall us. When a salesman calls on you next week, do not say, "I'm busy; I'll think about it, call again." Remember this salesman is a busy man neglecting his private business; he is in reality working for you. Subscribe, subscribe liberally. Speakers are going out before the county next Sunday, Sept. 29th. They are going gladly. I earnestly call on all who read this to begin at once by phone or otherwise to thoroughly advertise these meetings.

After the war some men will be ashamed to look in their own faces; others will avoid looking if possible. Who will it be?

Yours for the Fourth Liberty Loan,
C. R. BROWN,
County Chairman.

FOR SALE.

One 36-inch solid French burr corn mill, also one No. 16 bolt made by Nardylke and Morrison Co. For particulars, call on or address E. R. Howard, Wittens Mills, Va. 9-27-18.

LADIES, ATTENTION!

All ladies who work on surgical dressings, etc., are urged to be present at the surgical dressing room of the Red Cross in the Court House at Tazewell on Friday, September 27th, 1918, at 2 o'clock p. m. Please be on time. J. W. CHAPMAN, Chairman Red Cross.

TWO NARROW ESCAPES.

Two men narrowly escaped being run down by automobiles last week, on the Main Street. The parties alighting from the street car walked almost in front of an auto which was whizzing by the standing street car. In all cities and well regulated towns an ordinance forbids automobiles to pass by a standing car. The auto must stop still and wait until the car starts and the track is clear, so as to avoid accidents.

The Clinch Valley News has called attention to this matter more than once. The Town Council should take some notice of the danger and the possibility of injury referred to. The streets of this town are narrow and the wonder is that accidents have not already occurred. Whether the council acts or not, let all auto drivers slack up or stop entirely when passing a standing street car.

CLEVELAND TRACTOR DEMONSTRATION.

All who saw the demonstration on Monday of the Cleveland tractor, by S. J. Peters, county agent, feel satisfied that this tractor did work that no other four-wheel tractor can do.

One man openly expressed regret that he had not seen the Cleveland three months ago. Remarkable, his expression! Don't buy a tractor because it is cheap. Buy one that will do your work. To those who were unable to attend the demonstration as well as those who desire further particulars, Phone S. J. Peters, agent for Tazewell and Russell counties. You cannot realize the many uses a Cleveland is built for or any conception of its power or ability until you have seen one.—Adv.

HELP TO SAVE OUR SOLDIERS

Red Cross Issues Urgent Call For Peach Stones, Walnut Shells, Etc., to Be Used in Protection From Gas.

A nation-wide campaign for the collection of certain fruit stones, fruit pits, and nut shells must be vigorously carried on immediately. These materials are urgently needed to make carbon which is used to protect our men overseas from German poison gas. Every organization and individual in the country is expected to cooperate and take part in this vitally important campaign. The Red Cross is to be the principal agent of the Government in connection therewith. Its functions are outlined in this article.

Materials to Be Collected.

The following are the materials to be collected:

- Peach stones,
- Apricot pits,
- Prairie pits,
- Olive pits,
- Date seeds,
- Cherry pits,
- Brazil nut shells,
- Walnut shells (English or native)
- Hickory nut shells
- Bitternut shells

Need Not Be Separated.

It is not necessary to separate the various materials listed above. They may be mixed together indiscriminately. Any of these materials, if sound, no matter how old, will be accepted. Care must be taken, however, to exclude all materials not listed. If a field has been studied carefully by Government chemists and no materials outside of the above list are desired.

Must Be Dried Before Shipping.

All pits and nuts must be thoroughly dried in ovens or in the sun before they are delivered to the collection centers mentioned later in this article. It is extremely important. It will simplify matters if the individuals, restaurants, hotels, etc., dry their own pits before turning them over to the Red Cross.

There is no objection to storing these materials outdoors as rain does them no harm; but they must be thoroughly dried when delivered to the collection centers. Only pits from native cherries can be used. Do not include cherries imported from Italy.

General Functions of Red Cross.

The Red Cross will be the organization in every city or town which will accept collections from all sources and make arrangements for shipping. It will also give out needed information and make announcements to the papers.

Arrange For a Place to Receive Materials.

Every Red Cross Chapter should therefore arrange at once for a place where these materials may be received, not only from its own members, but from the members of other organizations and the general public. Materials collected will be forwarded to collection centers as explained.

Junior Red Cross members, Boy Scouts and Camp Fire Girls should be asked to make a house to house canvass for these materials and this should be repeated from week to week. They should also be asked to make every effort to collect all nuts lying on the ground. If possible, the edible nuts should be opened as the meats have a good market value. Otherwise, whole nuts may be shipped.

Boy Scouts or others should call regularly at fruit markets or stands to collect discarded fruits from which the pits can be extracted.

Department stores, schools, banks and other institutions should be urged to use their premises as sub-collection centers, from which the materials may be brought to the Red Cross center or centers periodically.

Great emphasis should be placed on the fact that this is truly an emergency matter. It is a suggestion of saving the lives and health of our men overseas from German poison gas and every patriotic citizen in the whole country should be eager to take part in this campaign.

Let everyone take all of the above mentioned walnuts and other things to the nearest Red Cross organization and shipping directions will be furnished to the different Red Cross organizations in the next few days. In the meantime collect all you can.

Some Tazewell boys life may be saved by your prompt attention to this matter.

J. W. CHAPMAN,
Chairman Red Cross.

If you haven't bought your War Savings Stamps, you still have a chance to redeem yourself.

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