The Enquirer.

BY THOMAS RITCHIE.] RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1814. [VOL. 11.—NO. 53.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COTTON YARNS.

THE Yarns from the Richmond Manufactory are sold by WILLIAM ANDERSON.
November 1. wtf——

THE PUBLIC

ARE hereby notified, that I shall apply to Cumberland County Court at the December term, for leave to discontinue a public road called Horse Quarter Road, in Cumberland county.

THOMAS BOOKER.
Nov. 1. w3wp

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Francis Forsee dec'd, are requested to make payment without delay. Those having claims will bring them forward, on or before the first day of January next, that they may be adjusted. Against those failing to do so, this notice will be plead in bar.

Ro. MOSELEY, Adm'r.
Oct. 28. w3w¶

PURSUANT to a summons to us directed, we have this day viewed an estray Heifer shewn to us by William Seay of this county; and do find the same to be a pale red, about four years old, very small of her age—marked smooth crop in the right ear, and a crop, slit and underkeel in the left, and do appraise her to be worth seven dollars.—Certified under our hands this 23d day of July, 1814.

A Copy,
JOHN HUDSON,
JOSEPH BINFORD,
DAVID HAMLET.
Prince-Edward, Oct. 28. w4w¶

FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed to the subscriber by Rice Graves, of the county of Louisa, dated the 9th day of June, 1806, of record in the county court of Louisa, for the purposes therein contained—Will be sold on the 17th day of November next, to the highest bidder, on a credit, (the terms made known on the day of sale) two Tracts of LAND, one of 185 acres the other of 339, in the county of Louisa, on the North-anna river, which is half mile of each other. Also Nine Virginia born SLAVES, among whom are four young men, three boys, a woman and child. Also, a waggon and four horses, one yoke of steers, stock of cattle, sheep and hogs, plantation utensils, household & kitchen furniture. The sale will take place at the late residence of said Rice Graves, dec'd, and will continue from day to day until all is sold.

JOHN GRAVES, Trustee.
October 28. w3wp

KENTUCKY LAND.

THE Subscriber has two tracts Military Land in the State of Kentucky, each containing twelve hundred acres, which he is willing to dispose of, either for cash, negotiable paper, lands any where below Richmond, (on or near navigable water) or above, not exceeding one hundred miles, or negroes, or for brick work to be done in the city of Richmond: one of these tracts lies on the river Ohio, thirty miles below the residence of Gen. Hopkins, nearly opposite the mouth of the Saline river, and a few miles from the salt works, on said river; on this tract are six hundred acres of what is called Ohio bottom, or lowgrounds, extremely rich, and peculiarly adapted to the culture of hemp, it is also supposed to be among the best situations on the Ohio for ship building. The other tract lies on Drakes' creek a branch of Muddy river which runs into Green river; it is very fertile and contains upwards of two hundred acres of the first quality meadow land, and is distant from the first tract about thirty miles. A clear and indisputable title will be made to these lands. Any communication directed to me at Grondal Grove, near Christ's City Court-house, will be attended to.

PATRICK HENDREN.
Oct. 28. w8w

EDUCATION.

THE subscriber intends opening an Academy in Milton (Albemarle county) the 15th of November next. Male and Female pupils will be received & instructed in separate rooms. Those branches of Literature and Science will be taught which constitute what is generally termed a Liberal Education. Tuition and Board, including washing, $120 per annum—$100 to be advanced at the commencement of each session. The year will consist of two sessions of five months each. No male student over fifteen, can be received, unless he comes recommended by his parents or guardian for correct moral conduct.

JAMES C. WILLSON.
N. B. The subscriber is furnished with excellent Globes and Maps. J. C. W.
Nov. 1. w5wo

Inventory and Appraisement of the Estate of Ambrose King, dec'd.

To 1 small heifer, 15s 3 cows 2l.	0	15
To 1 sorrel horse 13l. 1 black mare 15l. 1 pr. wedges, 5s.	29	5
To 2 old plow irons 2s. 6d. 3 plow hoes 6s. 1 woman's saddle 2s.	1	13 6
To old side saddle 10s. 1 man's do. and 2 bridles 25s.	1	15
To man's saddle tree and leather cut out for making 20s.	1	
To parcel of carpenter's tools 9s. do. shoemaker's tools 20.	1	9
To parcel of leather 55s. parcel pewter 28s.	3	3
To 2 pr. cards 1s. 6d. 2 razors and strop 1s. 6. 1 gun 35s.	1	18
To 1 bed and furniture 6l. 1 do. 8l. 1 chest 5s. 1 dictionary 10s.	14	15
To nine hoes 36s. 1 pr. sad irons 5s.	3	
To five knives and forks 3s. 6d. 2½ dozen large bottles 3s.	6	6
To meat tub, 1 spindle, 1 hook, 2s. 1 flying pan 5s.	7	
To 1 pot and hooks 5s. parcel old iron 4s. 6d.	9	7
To 3 barrels 6s. 1 small cask 3s 1 butter-pot 3s 6.	12	6
To 2 meal bags 5s. 1 tub and piggin 1s. 6d. Gallons 7s 6d.	13	
To brush 1s 3d. 1 chest 1s. 2 bottles 1s. spinning wheel 5d.	3	9
To parcel fodder 6s. 1 man's saddle 25s. 2 baskets 2s.	1	13
To 1 bond on Edward Garland, 3l. due 1st December, 1783.		
Do. on Isaac Haden, 12l. due March 15th, 1784.		
Bond on Joseph Watson, due January 15, 1785.	17	13
An order from John Sneed, jr. on William Keezer for	6	6
Cash in hand, 32l. 15s.	32	15
To 1 horse belonging to the estate 6l. 10s.	6	10
To do. half belonging to do. 12l. 10s.	12	10
To 1 pr. cart wheels belonging to do. 2l.	2	
To waggon and gear belonging to do. one half 7l. 10s.	7	10
To 1 musket and accoutrements 40s.	2	

In obedience to an order of court hereunto annexed, we, the subscribers, have appraised the estate of Ambrose King, dec'd. January 25, 1785,

JOHN PENDETON,
JOHN NORVELL,
JOHN MADISON.

At a court held for Hanover county on Thursday the 31 day of March, 1785—this Inventory and Appraisement of the Estate of Ambrose King, dec'd. was returned and ordered to be recorded.

Teste
WILLIAM POLLARD, Jr. c. h. c.
Dec. 1812. A Copy. Teste,
THOS. POLLARD, c. h. c.
Oct. 28. 1w

I SHALL petition the Legislature of Virginia at the next session, for leave to erect a Toll-Bridge across James River, commencing on my land in the county of Chesterfield and that lies on the one side thereof, in the county of Henrico [illegible] for the purpose.

EDWARD W. TRENT.
June 7. 6

IN CHANCERY:

VIRGINIA—At a Quarter's Court held for Henrico county, at the Court-House, the 4th day of August, 1814—

William Willis, son of William Willis, dec'd, ——— Willis, widow, and ——— Willis the only child of Cuthbert, another son of the said William deceased, John Freeman and Sally his wife, which said Sally is a daughter of the said William, deceased, Nancy Willis, also a daughter of the said William, deceased——

Plaintiffs.

Against

The Representatives of Edward Willis, deceased, who was a son of the said William, deceased, & Ramsbottom, the only son of Betsy Ramsbottom, deceased, another daughter of the said William Willis, deceased, and Susannah Willis, also a daughter of the said William Willis, deceased, & Stephen Willis, another son of the said William, deceased, *Defendants.*

The defendants not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered*, That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of March Court next, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond, for eight weeks successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-House of the said county.

A Copy. Teste,
J. B. WHITLOCKE, c. h. c.
November 1. w8w

WAS committed to the jail of Chesterfield county, somewhere about the 15th day of January last, as a runaway, a Negro Boy who calls himself John Robertson, and says that he is a free boy, and his parents are in Baltimore, and that he came from that place.—He has no free papers; he is about 18 or 19 years of age, black complexion, and about 4 feet 5 inches high; his clothing is very indifferent. Any person owning said boy, are desired to take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with according to law.

WM. WINFREE, Sailor.
October 20. 8tp

VIRGINIA.

AT Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond District, the 1st day of September, 1814.

Frances Tabb, *Pl*

AGAINST,

Philip Grymes Randolph, Susanna Grymes Randolph, Polly Cary Randolph, Robert Carter Randolph, and Lucy Burwell Randolph, infant children, heirs, and distributees of Archd. Cary Randolph by Jno. Randolph, to be assigned their guardian to defend them in this suit, Richd. N. Venable, Saml. W. Venable, Wm. L. Venable, Goodridge Wilson, his wife Elizabeth Wilson, Nathaniel Venable and his wife Martha Venable, James Daniel, for his children of his deceased wife Anne Daniel, which said Richard N. Venable and others last mentioned are the co-heirs of Abraham B. Venable; Edward Scott, William Scott, Joseph Scott, and Susannah Bass and Betsy his wife, and William Meriwether and Sally his wife which said Edward Scott, William Scott, Joseph Scott, William Bass and William Meriwether are the co-heirs of Joseph Scott dec'd and Francis Watkins, *Defts.*

THE Defendant James Daniel, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly & the Rules of this Court, & it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that he is not an inhabitant of this country: *It is ordered*, That the said Defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term and answer the bill of the Plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the City of Richmond, for two months successively and posted at the front door of the Capitol in the said City.

A Copy. Teste,
WM. W. HENING, c. c.
Oct. 5. ep8w

VIRGINIA.—At rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond District, the 1st day of July, 1814.

James M. Morris, surviving acting executor of Samuel Overton, deceased, Pltf.

AGAINST,

Richd. Anderson, Jas. Overton, Richd. Overton, & Mary Burnley, late Mary Overton, which said James, Richard & Mary are heirs at law of Saml. Overton, dec'd. and Samuel Overton, jr. residuary devisee of the said Samuel Overton, dec'd. Defts.

The Defendants James Overton and Richard Overton, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered*, That the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term and answer the bill of the Plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the city of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Capitol in the said city.

A Copy. Teste,
WM. W. HENING, c. c.
Oct. 15. 8tw

VIRGINIA.

AT Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond District, the 1st day of August, 1814.

Richard Morris, *Pltf.*

AGAINST,

Cheviers Duke, William Mills, executor of Cheviers Swift, Richard Keeling Tyler and Mary Cheviers his wife, and Reuben Smith and Elizabeth his wife, legatees and distributees of Cheviers Duke also Hardin Duke, Amy Pettus widow of Samuel Overton Pettus, Ambrose Madison and Martha his wife, Thomas Swift and Harriet his wife, William Swift and Rebecca his wife, Potter and Charles Thompson administrators of John Hawkins and Mary his wife, Burnley Duke, Amey Baker widow of Samuel Baker, Thomas Swift son of Thomas, William Smith and Anne his wife, Gabriel Poindexter and Mary his wife, Thomas Swift and Peggy his wife, and Martin Baker and Elizabeth his wife.

THE DEFENDANT Gabriel Poindexter and Mary his wife and Thomas Swift son of William and Peggy his wife not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered*, That the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the newspaper published in the City of Richmond, for two months successively and posted at the front door of the Capitol in the said City.

A Copy. Teste,
WM. W. HENING, c. c.
Sept. 17. w8w

WILL BE SOLD

TO the highest bidder at the residence of James Hopkins dec'd. in the upper end of Goochland county, on Monday the 7th day November next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, all the personable property belonging to the estate—consisting of five valuable slaves seven or eight head of horses, among which are several work horses, about twenty head of cattle, two yoke of excellent work steers, twenty & thirty head of sheep, and about thirty head of hogs, together with all

THE HOUSE-HOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

Also the crop of corn and other plantation utensils, &c. A credit of 12 months will be allowed the purchaser on all sums above five dollars, under that, cash; bond with approved security will be required. All persons having claims against said estate or against the estate of Col. John Hopkins are requested to bring them forward, properly authenticated, for adjustment, and all persons indebted to either of said estates are requested to make payment on or before that day.

The Administrator.
Oct. 5. w8ts
P. S. At the same time and place will be offered for sale ten or 12 likely young negroes.

PURSUANT to a Deed of Trust executed by Henry Gulsey to Miles Cary, for the benefit of Edmund Lockett and others, appointed as commissioners to sell the estate of Abraham Chappell, dec'd, which has been duly recorded in the County court of Chesterfield, will on Saturday, the 19th day of November next, be sold for cash, on the premises about ninety-five acres of land, being a part of the tract Abraham Chappell resided on at the time of his death, also two negroes, to wit:

DICK AND JOHN,

or so much of the said property as will be sufficient to raise the sum of three hundred and three dollars and forty three and an half cent, with interest thereon from the 28th day of November last till paid, and also all costs attending the trust deed, from its commencement throughout.

NATHL. CARY, Adm'r.
of Miles Cary, dec'd.
Chesterfield county, Oct. 15. w8ts

DOMESTIC.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.

NAVAL COURT OF ENQUIRY.

At a Court of Enquiry, consisting of Captain Isaac Hull and Capt. John Smith of the U. S. navy, at the navy-yard in the harbor of Portsmouth, N. H. to investigate the conduct of the officers and crew of the U. S. ship Adams, commanded by Capt. Charles Morris, and the causes of the loss of that ship by fire, by order of Capt. Morris, in order, as was alledged, to avoid capture by the enemy at Hampden, in the District of Maine, on the 3d of Sept. 1814, the opinion of the court upon the facts found, was, by order, attached to the proceedings, transmitted to the department, & is as follows, viz.

OPINION.

"The court having attentively considered the testimony in the case, are of opinion that Capt. Morris, the officers and crew of the late ship Adams, have done their duty, and express their entire approbation of their conduct on this occasion: and further, that had the ship not been destroyed she must have fallen into hands of the enemy. And, from the circumstances which attended her destruction, they are, moreover, further of opinion, that the conduct of Capt. Morris during the approach of the enemy, & in the destruction of the U. S. ship Adams, reflects on him the highest credit.

"The court adjourned sine die.

"ISAAC HULL,
"President of the Court.

"G. W. PRESCOTT,
"Judge Advocate."

BRITISH ACCOUNT
OF THE
ATTACK ON BALTIMORE.

HALIFAX, Sept. 28.

This morning arrived H. M. ships Tonnant, Vice-Admiral Sir A. Cochrane; Surprise, & Diomede from the Chesapeake.

An officer of one of the ships has obligingly favored us with the following interesting account of an attack made by the British forces upon Baltimore.

Sir Alexander Cochrane and Major Gen. Ross having resolved upon making a demonstration on the city of Baltimore, which might, if circumstances justified it, be converted into a real attack—on the 11th inst. the fleet entered the Patapsco, and the frigates, smaller ships of war, and transports, proceeded up the river, to an advantageous situation for landing the troops, &c.—Early on the morning of the 12th the disembarkation took place, without opposition, of the army, 600 seamen, the 2d battalion marines, and those of the squadron—the whole under the command of Gen. Ross, who was accompanied by Rear-Admiral Cockburn—soon after the landing was effected, Sir A. Cochrane shifted his flag from the Tonnant to the Surprise, and followed by the Bombs, Rocket Ships, &c. passed up the river, with the view of co-operating with the troops. At day-light on the 14th the melancholy intelligence of the death of Gen. Ross was announced on board the Surprise. He received his fatal wound from a musket ball, while engaged with a small party, in reconnoitering the positions of the enemy, and closed his valuable life before he could be brought off to the ship. Col. Brook succeeded to the command, and immediately pushed on to within 5 miles of Baltimore, where the enemy (about 6 or 7000) had taken up an advanced and strong position; here the enemy was attacked with an impetuosity that obliged him soon to give way, and retreat rapidly in every direction, leaving on the field of battle a considerable number of killed and wounded and two pieces of cannon.

At the dawn of the next day, the Bomb Vessels having taken their stations, supported by the Surprise and the other frigates, opened a heavy fire (within shell-range) upon the fort that defended the entrance of the harbor of Baltimore, which had the effect of shewing the strength and fortifications of the enemy; on the land side the town was defended by a *chain of Redoubts connected by a breastwork, a large train of artillery*, and a force apparently of from 15 to 20,000 men; the entrance of the harbor was obstructed by a barrier of sunken vessels, defended by gun-boats, inside, and flanked by powerful batteries.

These circumstances preventing any effectual co-operation from His Majesty's Ships, and it being considered that without it there was too great a disparity of force to justify an attack by the army upon the above positions of the enemy—and as the primary object of the expedition had been accomplished it was thought proper to withdraw the troops—and the next morning they embarked without the least annoyance from the enemy.

The result of the demonstration has been the defeat of the army of the enemy; the destruction by themselves of a quantity of shipping; of an extensive rope-walk, and other public erections—harassing the armed inhabitants of the surrounding country, and drawing off their attention from other important points.

Our loss on the occasion we are happy to learn, did not exceed, in killed and wounded, 250 men.

[A letter from Washington says General Ross was killed by a shot from a boy behind a tree.]

The President's Message was received at Halifax 6th inst. by the Nymphe.

About 250 American prisoners had been lately sent to England. Several hundred negroes arrived in the last vessels from the Chesapeake.

NEWS!

A Quebec paper states, that in the action on Lake Champlain, the American fleet was *driven for shelter* under our batteries, by Commodore Downie; that the British flag ship *struck on a sunken rock*, in rounding to for the purpose of laying her broadside to the American Commodore; and that the Linnet (the enemy's 2d vessel) *grounded* going into action.

The loss on board the Confiance is given at nearly 150 killed and wounded.

MILLEDGEVILLE, October 12.

A requisition has been made on the Executive of this state by the gen. government, for 2,500 of the classed militia, who are to be held in readiness, subject to the orders of gen. Jackson, who will be able to meet the enemy, should they invade the Mississippi territory or Louisiana, with an army of *ten thousand men*. This requisition will comprise the whole of the first class of our state militia not already called into service.

NASHVILLE, (Tenn.) Oct. 5.

POSTSCRIPT.

Two regiments of mounted Volunteers, upwards of two thousand strong, have met at Fayettsville, and been mustered into service. Thomas Williamson of this county, commands one. This force of brave volunteers have been collected in the course of three or four weeks from the hardy sons of Tennessee and are now marching to assist the gallant JACKSON, in prosecuting a war of JUSTICE, declared for the independence and rights of Freemen, against our haughty foe in the south. Their patriotism merits the greater applause; because, when they volunteered, it was without orders from the government, and without any assurances that they would be paid for their services. Success attend them. They are commanded by the brave Gen. COFFEE.

KNOXVILLE, October 17.

Letters from the Lower Country, in which the greatest reliance may be placed, state the loss of the British in their attack on Fort Bowyer, at upwards of 300 men.

In addition to the 2,500 militia ordered from this state, gen. Jackson, appealed to the patriotism of the people for 1,000 mounted gun men.

☞ *Two thousand at least* have gone on.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 22.

SAVAGE CONDUCT!!

A letter from the Southward says, The British are savage in their warfare now, as in the days of our Revolution: it is their character in all their wars; cruel in victory, and fawningly supple when they are conquered.—The fate of sailing master Paine is illustrative of this fact. A grape-shot passed through his thigh, and he fell—he had discharged his cannon and small arms with good effect—was boarded, and cheered his men as he lay—was stabbed by a pike—cried out for quarters, & afterwards received two deep wounds on the back of his head and neck by a cutlass, supposed to be mortal. Seven of the enemy were counted, dead, in one barge. Paine was carried off; and the other wounded and sick were left on a sand bank, dry at low water in the midst of the sound, surrounded by eighteen feet water, without a boat, in order that they might perish by flow of the tide: when it was equally convenient to have landed them on Cumberland High Point, or on Little Cumberland beach—the sand bank lies about midway between!!! Such is "the bulwark of our religion."

There are letters in town which state that sailing-master Paine expired about fifteen minutes after the action.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 24.

MORE TROOPS.

Yesterday arrived in this city, 1200 men of as fine hardy yeomanry as ever shouldered a musket, detached from the third brigade, consisting of Spartanburg, Union, York and Chester, under the command of the following officers, viz: Colonel Means; Majors Dawkins and Rouch; Captains White, Brannon, Foster, Felder, Gaffney, Clement, Ford, Kendrick, Chesnut, Beaty, Ready and Caldwell; Adjutant Lusk and Quarter-Master Berry.

They were met four miles from town and escorted in by the Washington Light Infantry, commanded by Capt. Cross, and the Independent Greens, commanded by Capt. Cunningham, with two full bands of military music. These, with those whose arrival we announced on Thursday last, compose a brigade under the command of Brig. General Moore—the whole (independent of the brigade belonging to this city, and the troops composing the different garrisons in our harbor) forming a division under the command of Major Gen. Butler.

CAPTAIN MANNERS.

The conduct of this noble hero, during the late desperate engagement between the Reindeer and Wasp, in which he gloriously fell, is the theme of universal praise. After having part of the calves of his legs carried away by a ball, he received another thro' both thighs, which made him sink for two or three minutes on his knees, but no entreaties could prevail on him to go below; and recovering himself he headed the boarders, with a full determination to master his antagonist or perish in the attempt. While climbing into the rigging, two balls from the Wasp's top, penetrated the top of his skull, and came out, beneath his chin. Placing one hand on his forehead, the other convulsively brandishing his sword, he exclaimed, "My God! My God!" and dropped lifeless on his own deck. The Reindeer was surrendered by the Captain's Clerk, no individual of a higher degree being in a state to execute the melancholy office. One of the Reindeer's men was wounded on the head by a ramrod. About half of the ramrod passed through his temples, and remained stationary. Before it could be extracted, it became necessary to saw it off close to one of his temples. The man is in a fair way of doing well.

London Paper.

BLANKS,

For Sale at the Office of Ritchie & Trueheart.

CONGRESS.

IN SENATE,

Monday, Oct. 24.

Mr. *Lambert of N. J.* appeared and took his seat.

On motion of Mr. *Giles*, the Senate resolved to *insist* on their amendment to the resolutions in honor of Gens. Brown, Scott, Gaines, Ripley, Miller, & Porter, which had been disagreed to by the House of Representatives, and requested a conference with the House thereon.

Mr. German's motion for the classification of the militia was postponed until to-morrow.

Mr. Stone obtained leave of absence for four weeks.

On motion of Mr. *Goldsborough*,

Resolved, That the President of the U. S. be requested to lay before the Senate, provided he shall not consider the same improper to be communicated, the proof of any traffic carried on in the W. Indies by the sale of negroes taken from the U. S. by the British forces since the present war, which was alluded to in the letter of the Secretary of State to the American Plenipotentiaries at Gottenburg, of date the 28th January, 1814, and contained in the late Message to Congress.

Tuesday, Oct. 25.

Mr. *German's* motion for classing the Militia was farther postponed; and

After disposing of some minor business, the Senate went into consideration of Executive business until the adjournment.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Our Reporter, who had not an opportunity to hear the whole of the speech of Mr. Webster of N. H. on Monday, was misinformed as to Mr. Webster's intention to "vote for the taxes generally." He is now correctly informed that *Mr. W. "expressed no such intention."*

Tuesday, Oct. 25.

Mr. *Stanges of Con.* presented the petition of sundry non-resident proprietors of lands in the State of Ohio, praying that the Direct Tax to be laid may be made less unequal in its operation on them than the late Direct Tax was.—Referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. *Goldsborough* obtained leave of absence for three weeks.

The Senate having insisted on their amendment to the Resolutions from this House in honor of our Military Heroes, and demanded a conference thereon, Managers of said conference were ordered to be appointed on the part of this House.

WAYS & MEANS.

The House resumed the consideration of the unfinished business, being the report of the Committee of Ways and Means, recommending the imposition of additional taxes; and the first resolution for adding 100 per cent. to the present amount of the direct taxes, being on its passage—

Mr. *Rhea of Ten.* spoke at length in support of the Resolve, and in reply to Mr. Webster's speech of yesterday.

Mr. *Calhoun of S. C.* next took the floor, and, in an able & eloquent speech, portrayed the exigency of the times, and enforced the necessity of present action, instead of recurring to former scenes, and fighting over again the old themes of contention.

Mr. *Webster of N. H.* spoke briefly in explanation.

Mr. *Fisk of Vt.* in his usual pointed manner assigned the reasons which induced him to vote for the tax.

Mr. *Shipherd of N. Y.* spoke at great length, and with his accustomed warmth, in opposition to the tax.

Other gentlemen spoke also on this and the following questions:

A division of the Question having been called on the Resolution respecting the Direct Tax, the first question put was on the following part:—"Resolved, That it is expedient to continue the Direct Tax."—On this question, the votes were—

For the motion	97
Against it	24

The question was then taken on the remaining clause of the Resolution, "*and to increase the same 100 per cent.*"—and decided as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Alexander, Anderson, Avery, Barbour, Bard, Barnett, Bowen, Brown, Burwell, Butler, Caldwell, Cannon, Chappell, Clark, Clopton, Comstock, Condict, Conard, Crawford, Creighton, Crouch, Cuthbert, Dana, Davis of Pen. Desaugelles, Desha, Duvall, Earle, Eppes, Evans, Farrow, Fisk of Vt. Fisk of N. Y. Forney, Forsythe, Gholson, Glasgow, Goodwyn, Griffin, Hale, Hanson, Harris, Hawes, Hawkins, Hopkins of Ky. Humphreys, Hungerford, Ingham, Irving, Johnson of Va. Johnson of Ky. Kennedy, Ken. of Md. Kerr, Kershaw, Kilbourn, King of Ns. C. Lefferts, Lowndes, Lyle, M'Coy, M'Kee, M'Lean, Montgomery, Moore, Nelson, Newton, Oakley, Ormsby, Pickens, Pleasants, Wm. Read, Rhea of Ten. Rich, Ringgold, Robertson, Sage, Seybert, Sharp, Smith of Va. Strong, Tannehill, Taylor, Telfair, Troup, Udree, Ward of N. J. Wilson of Penn. Yancey—89.

NAYS—Messrs. Baylies of Mass. Bradbury, Brigham, Caperton, Cooper, Culpeper, Davenport, Franklin, Gaston, Goldsborough, Hale, Hulbert, Jackson of R. I. King of Mass. Lovett, Macon, Moffit, Markell, Pearson, Pickering, Pitkin, Fos, Potter, John Reed, Rugeles, Schureman, Shepherd, Smith of N. Y. Stanford, Sturges, Taggart, Thompson, Vose, Ward of Mass. Wheaton, White, Wilcox—37.

So it was determined to continue the present Direct Tax, and increase the same 100 per cent.

The second resolution to "increase the duty on spirits distilled by an additional duty of twelve and a half cents per gallon," being under consideration, together with the amendment made in committee of the whole, going to increase the same to fifteen cents per gallon—

Mr. *Fisk of N. Y.* renewed his motion to insert twenty-five instead of fifteen.

Mr. Gaston of N. C. in the course of discussion, moved to lay on the table so much of the report of the committee of the whole as applies to the second resolution; which motion was agreed to; and