

The Two Vaughans

(Original.)

It was just 8 o'clock when I entered my office. The clerks were busy at their various duties, while my typewriter was reading a morning paper, waiting for work. I was surprised to see my desk open and a man sitting in my place. There was something familiar in the clothes he wore, which were of the same pattern as a suit I often wore. But what was my astonishment when he turned and—great heaven, there sat myself!

lost my senses or you are pretending to be me for a purpose." A pained expression passed over his face as though he had begun to doubt his own sanity. Then, turning to the gaping clerks, he said: "Come, decide between us, and do it quickly or we shall both go mad. Am I John Vaughan or not?" The clerks continued to gape. "Decide!" I said on the verge of frenzy. "Decide," repeated my other self, "and if I am not myself I will leave this office and betake myself to a madhouse."



Mrs. Hughson, of Chicago, whose letter follows, is another woman in high position who owes her health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. "Money seemed but poor and paltry compared to health, and yet a few dollars invested in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought me good health. I suffered for several years with general weakness and bearing-down pains, caused by womb trouble. My appetite was frightful, and I would lie awake for hours, and could not sleep, until I seemed more weary in the morning than when I retired. After reading one of its advertisements, I decided to try the merits of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so glad I did. No one can describe the good it did me. I took three bottles faithfully, and besides building up my general health, it drove all disease and poison out of my body, and made me feel as spry and active as a young girl. Mrs. Pinkham's medicines are certainly all they are claimed to be."—Mrs. M. E. HUGHSON, 347 E. Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.—\$2000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

JEANNETTE RELIEF FUND.

Nearly Thirty Thousand Dollars Raised For Flood Sufferers. Jeannette, Pa., July 10.—Almost \$30,000 has been collected for the relief of the sufferers by the Oakford park dam disaster of last Sunday, and the work of relief has been systematized. About \$60,000 more will be needed. The greatest problem now before the citizens of the flooded districts is that of speedily clearing up the wreckage and making away with the large number of dead chickens, hogs, cattle and horses. The stench issuing from some of the piles of driftwood has been sickening. Coroner Charles A. Wynne has set Wednesday, July 15, as the date for the first hearing of the inquest to be held into the deaths resulting from the disaster. The remains of Miss Mary B. Davis, one of the victims of the flood, have been found. This makes twenty-one bodies recovered. A request has been sent to Governor Pennypacker to visit the scene of destruction.

BATTLE ROYAL IN COTTON.

Bulls and Bears Apparently Evenly Matched. New York, July 10.—The struggle for mastery was continued with unabated vigor in the cotton market, and so evenly matched apparently were the opposing parties that neither seemed able to obtain a decisive advantage. At the opening the bulls were aided by firmness in Liverpool, particularly in respect to the stock market there, which reported sales of 10,000 bales at a 10 point advance. First prices here were 13 points higher to 1 point lower, the decline being confined to the January option, while August, opening at 11.51, showed the greatest gain. At once, however, the bears came aggressively to the front, and in the first few minutes had secured a decline from the opening of from 4 to 11 points, with September selling down to 10.43 against 10.72 at the opening.

THINK TWICE.

It Will Repay Residents of Barre to Follow This Citizen's Advice.

That good old adage, "Think twice and not once," is brought to mind when one reads the following account of the experience of a Barre citizen. Mr. L. H. Hooker made a public statement on the subject years ago, and at this time repeats his former testimony with renewed emphasis. L. H. Hooker, carpenter and builder, of 101 Prospect street, says: "What I first stated in the winter of 1907 about Doan's Kidney Pills, said at E. A. Drown's was not only absolutely true but today in the month of May, 1908, I just as emphatically endorse the preparation as I did when it first came to my notice. I have good reasons for doing so. I had consulted physicians and used every known kidney remedy which came to my notice and which my friends suggested, but still the stopping of the dull, almost constant pain just over my kidneys was remotely in the distance. If I sat down for a short time it made me nervous and I was compelled to get up and walk about for the slight comfort that makeshift afforded. In addition to the backache, trouble with the kidney secretions was very observable at night. When I commenced to use Doan's Kidney Pills my condition I considered serious. I knew from the direct action of the pills on the kidneys that they were going to the root of the trouble and I continued the treatment until I had used five boxes. During the time which has passed, and it is over five years, I have had occasion to appeal to Doan's Kidney Pills and I have never appealed to them in vain. I have recommended them to many friends and acquaintances, who have used them with such good results that they positively state they are an excellent preparation. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States."

PHILIPPINE OPIUM BILL.

Public Discussion Continued in Manila Before Commission. Manila, July 10.—The public discussion of the opium bill, regulating the sale of the drug in the archipelago, was continued before the United States commission. American lawyers, representing the Asiatic local syndicates and also the monopolists operating in Hongkong and Singapore, argued in favor of the adoption of the bill, and quoted statistics showing that the rapid spread of the opium habit had been undermining the Filipinos since the expiration of the Spanish monopoly. On cross examination the opponents of the bill proved that many signers of the Chinese chamber of commerce's mammoth protest, which is backed by the Evangelical union, are the chief importers and distributors of opium, and that hence they are occupying an untenable position in favoring a prohibition which, if effective, would ruin the signers. The commission introduced a substitute bill, making the importation of opium unlawful except by pharmacists and permitting the disposal of the drug only by a physician's certificate. Final action in the matter is indefinitely delayed.

THE KISHINEFF PETITION.

Hay Tells His Circulators to Be at Oyster Bay Next Tuesday. Washington, July 10.—Secretary Hay was in further conference with some of the Jewish leaders and communicated to them the president's desire that they should, at Oyster Bay next Tuesday, consult respecting the disposition to be made of the Jewish petition to Russia. The secretary took occasion to emphasize the president's desire that there should be no further delay in the submission of the petition, so that it will be ready next week. It is probable that the course to be pursued will consist in the dispatch of cablegrams to Mr. Riddle, United States charge at St. Petersburg, directing him to inquire of the Russian government whether it is willing to receive a petition the nature of which will be briefly outlined by Mr. Riddle, and further proceedings will be governed by the Russian answer.

Powder Works Blow Up.

Oakland, Cal., July 10.—The Hercules Powder works near Plume have blown up. Several persons were badly injured.

Former Assemblyman Dead.

Red Bank, N. J., July 10.—Former Assemblyman George B. Snyder has died at Fairhaven, aged sixty years.

GOVERNOR INTERVENES

Durbin Won't Have Negro Lee Taken to Evansville.

NO RAILROAD TO GALLOWS.

Whatever His Crime, Executive Declares, He Must Have a Fair Trial, Which He Could Not Get in Riotous City.

Evansville, Ind., July 10.—Governor Durbin, upon learning that Judge Rasch had ordered the negro, Lee Brown, brought back here for immediate trial, telegraphed Judge Rasch that he would not allow the prisoner to be taken from the state institution at this time. He doubted whether a fair trial could be secured now, and under the present conditions, it would be too dangerous for the prisoner to be brought here. Judge Rasch immediately on receipt of the governor's order telegraphed Sheriff Kratz to return without the prisoner. He said the trial would be postponed indefinitely. In his telegram to Judge Rasch Governor Durbin said: "I decline to sanction an arrangement whereby the negro, Lee Brown, is to be tried immediately at Evansville under the military forces of the state. My information, obtained from medical of-



ficers of the state reformatory, is that the prisoner is suffering from severe and possibly fatal gunshot wounds. However heinous the crime or seemingly clear the guilt be, it is entitled under the sacred tenets of our jurisprudence to a hearing, which he cannot have in the very nature of things until he is sufficiently recovered to make a defense, if he has one. No grounds should be given for the suspicion that even a guilty man has been railroaded to the gallows to satisfy public sentiment or that the civil authorities have been influenced by the demonstration of the lawless.

"I do not wish, by consenting to the programme suggested, to confess to the world that in the second city in Indiana the law has not been enforced in an orderly manner without the presence of troops. Nor do I desire to compromise for a moment with the mob spirit. Let this man be tried as speedily as his condition will permit under the safeguard prescribed by our laws. If guilty he will pay the penalty of murder with his life. If at any stage of the procedure it shall appear that there are those in your city who desire to deprive it of its efforts to exercise the function conferred by the people, then the state will be ready to give further demonstration of its disposition and its ability to do with rioters as they deserve." As Lee Brown will not be brought back here, the militia force will be reduced soon, but the city will have some troops for some time. The funerals of seven victims of the riots, with two policemen on guard, have been held. The grand jury has returned nineteen indictments against participants in the trouble Sunday night and is now investigating the disturbances of Monday night.

Lynching in Massachusetts Foiled. Springfield, Mass., July 10.—Charles Vitkofski of West Springfield narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of a mob of 100 met in Huntington for throwing a beer glass at George K. Fond of Huntington and cutting his nose off close to the face. After severe treatment at the hands of the mob Vitkofski was taken prisoner by Deputy Sheriff A. Allen and locked up. While on the way to the station the mob followed the officer and demanded the prisoner, continuing their cries of "Lynch him! Get a rope!"

White Man in Danger of Lynching. Atlanta, Ga., July 10.—Governor Torrell has ordered out the Griffith rifles at Griffith, Ga., forty-eight miles south of this city, to guard the jail there, in which James Bethune, a white man, is confined, charged with having attempted to assault his daughter. It is reported that threats have been made to lynch Bethune, and the governor, upon request of the sheriff, called on the militia.

Negroes Flee From Evansville. Mount Vernon, Ind., July 10.—More than 200 negro refugees from Evansville have reached here on trains, in vehicles and by walking. They report that they were warned to leave Evansville or be killed. Many received threats that their houses would be burned. Several in the delegation were wounded.

Every Disease Comes, or is caused by a "Gruel" You may depend on that and you may also depend upon your money back if we can't cure you after you buy 6 boxes of Dr. Casson's Kidney and Bladder.

E. A. DROWN, 48 North Main Street.

TO RESCUE AMERICAN SHIPS.

The Gunboat Hancock Sent to Venezuelan Waters.

Washington, July 10.—The navy department, at the instance of the state department, has taken steps to prevent further interference with American shipping in the Orinoco by either government or rebel forces. This action was taken upon the advice of Mr. Russell, United States charge at Caracas, dated on the 6th inst., to the effect that the government forces had detained two ships belonging to the Orinoco Steam Navigation company at San Fernando and the insurgents had detained and were likely to destroy three other ships belonging to the same company at Ciudad Bolivar. Orders have been cabled to the United States ship Hancock at Port of Spain to proceed at once up the Orinoco and release the detained vessels. No resistance is anticipated.

Payne Again at His Desk.

Washington, July 10.—Postmaster General Payne resumed his official duties. He stated that he had been greatly benefited by his visit in the Catskills. He said there were no investigation developments to announce. The investigating officials are holding frequent conferences, and the inspectors are busily working on several phases of the investigation. While the officials refuse to talk, it is known that important developments in the investigation are expected shortly.

Cloudburst in Iowa.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., July 10.—Eastern Iowa has been visited by a destructive cloudburst. The loss to crops was heavy and much damage was done by lightning. In the vicinity of Wyoming several hundred feet of the track of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad were washed out. A portion of the town of Wyoming was inundated, and many of the inhabitants were driven from their homes. No lives were lost.

Arrested in Kishineff Synagogue.

London, July 10.—According to a Vienna dispatch to the Times, a memorial service for the victims of the Kishineff massacre was held in the synagogue of the Austrian capital. The students, wishing to show their disapproval of the massacre, decided to attend in a body. At the entrance to the synagogue they were surrounded by gendarmes and arrested. They will be prosecuted for disturbing public order.

Pacific Fleet Off to Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., July 10.—The Pacific squadron, composed of the flagship New York, the cruiser Marblehead and the gunboat Bennington, has sailed from the Puget Sound navy yard for the north and will anchor next at Dutch Harbor. The squadron is in command of Admiral Glass. On its return it is expected that extensive repairs to the New York, requiring a year, will be made.

San Francisco Mint All Right.

San Francisco, July 10.—The officials sent from eastern mints to count the coin in the local branch mint have finished their work and reported everything satisfactory. They counted more than \$38,000,000 in gold and \$15,000,000 in silver and weighed \$30,000,000 in bullion. This is the largest amount of coin ever counted in the history of the San Francisco mint.

Fatal Corner in Beans.

Chicago, July 10.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from San Francisco says that after losing \$45,000 in cornering the lima bean market and securing 6,000,000 pounds, to find nobody who wanted the beans, Lyden & Co. have assigned. The liabilities will amount to \$300,000 and the assets are estimated at \$25,000.

Killed His Wife in a Dream.

Baltimore, July 10.—At an early hour Frank Manoley shot and killed his wife while she was sleeping in bed. She was shot four times in the head. Manoley says he was dreaming and imagined he was shooting at a burglar.

New Mast For Shamrock III.

New York, July 10.—Before Shamrock III. resumes her tuning up another mast will be put in place of the one she has been carrying. The two Shamrocks were towed into Erie basin and the sailors on Shamrock III. immediately began to take out the big steel pole mast. The mast which is to replace it was on the dock, having been brought over from England. It had been used in some of Shamrock III's early trials on the other side. Whether the new mast is any longer than the other has not been disclosed.

Red River Levee Breaks.

Texarkana, Ark., July 10.—The latest reports from Red River at points north of here received say that the river is still rising. The levee on the Hiram G. Sanderson place broke last night, and hundreds of acres of land and adjoining plantations are under water. The river is falling farther north.

A Postmaster Appointed.

Washington, July 10.—William H. Tracy has been appointed fourth class postmaster at Beedes, N. Y.

Advertisement for Williams' Root Beer featuring an illustration of a woman and a dog. Text includes: 'The good for dogs, but they like it, as every one does after one taste. Children love it, women adore it, and men think it's great. It's all right, too, and does the business. Try it on your next thirst and you will always keep Williams' Root Beer on hand. Keep it cool and you will have a drink "fit for the gods." It is a temperance beverage with a flavor unobtainable anywhere or by anything and a barrel of it wouldn't upset the weakest stomach. It has the roots and herbs right in it, that's why. Make up a batch at home and have "the drink that will..." WILLIAMS & CARLETON CO., Hartford, Conn., Makers of Williams' Flavored Extracts.'

3 1-2 Per Cent. Paid on Deposits.

Barre Savings Bank & Trust Co., BARRE, VERMONT. OFFICE IN THE BOLSTER BLOCK. Begun Business Feb. 27, 1903. OFFICERS: J. HENRY JACKSON, President. GEORGE HOWLAND, Vice-President. F. G. HOWLAND, Treasurer.

FIRST-CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES, 5 PER CENT. STATEMENT, MARCH 1, 1903.

Table with columns for Assets and Liabilities. Assets: Real Estate Loans (\$20,000.00), Other Loans (\$10,000.00), Bonds and Investments (\$1,000.00), U. S. 2 Per Cent Bonds at par (\$1,000.00), Funds on hand (\$5,000.00). Total: \$37,000.00. Liabilities: Capital Stock (\$5,000.00), Surplus Funds (\$10,000.00), Undivided Profits (\$5,000.00), Dividends unpaid (\$200.00), Dividend, 6 per cent (\$5,000.00), Deposits (\$1,000.00), Premium U. S. Bonds sold (\$2,000.00). Total: \$37,000.00.

All our Mortgage Loans are made on improved property in the State of Vermont. Interest is credited to depositors April 1st and October 1st in each year, thus giving depositors compound interest. We pay all taxes on deposits not exceeding \$200.00. We should be pleased to do business with you.

Barre Savings Bank and Trust Company DIRECTORS: J. HENRY JACKSON, GEORGE HOWLAND, BURT H. WELLS, H. A. EASTMAN, HOMER FITTS, E. W. BISHOP, W. G. REYNOLDS, GEORGE MILNE, F. G. HOWLAND.

SOFT AND SMOOTH as velvet and as pure as the driven snow, hence the most delicate fabrics are not injured by its use. No red or chapped hands. Absolute soap purity is Sunlight Big Cake—Little Price—Only 5 cts. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR LAUNDRY SHAPE