

GERMANY OST A LEADING MAN

Alfred Von Kinderlin Wachler, Secretary of Foreign Affairs

DIED AT STUTTGART AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS

Official Was Regarded as an Expert on Affairs of the Near East

Stuttgart, Germany, Dec. 30.—Alfred Von Kinderlin Wachler, secretary of foreign affairs of the German empire, died suddenly at his home here to-day after a brief illness. He was 60 years old and one of Germany's foremost diplomats, and was regarded as an expert on affairs in the near East...

TURKS ARE ADVISED TO SETTLE ON PEACE

European Powers' Ambassadors Have Made Statement to Ottoman Government With It a Request for Prompt Action.

Constantinople, Dec. 30.—Ambassadors from most of the European powers have advised the Ottoman government to make an effort to come to terms with the Balkan allies. The Russian ambassador coupled his advice with a warning regarding the dangerous consequences of a delay, in view of the situation in Asia Minor. This Russian representation has produced a disagreeable impression in the Turkish official circles, while the agitation in the army favors a resumption of hostilities continues.

U. S. CITIZENSHIP FOR PORTO RICANS

As Soon as They Desire It, Is the Recommendation of Chief McIntyre of the Bureau of Insular Affairs.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 30.—Approval of the extension of vocational education in the Philippines and the immediate grant of American citizenship to those Porto Ricans desiring it, constitute the principal features in the annual report of Brigadier-General Frank McIntyre, chief of the bureau of insular affairs. In his annual report, made public yesterday, General McIntyre renews the recommendation for congressional action looking to the biennial inspection of the insular possessions by a board of visitors made up of representatives of the executive and legislative branches of the government.

Discussing education in the Philippines and the refusal of Congress to extend an appropriation to help in this work, General McIntyre makes no criticism of this attitude on the part of the national legislature, but points out that such financial assistance might "lead to dependence upon this source of revenue and result in complications of a more or less serious character if later this assistance were denied."

"It is estimated," General McIntyre continues, "that probably one-third of the children of school age are now being afforded opportunities to acquire at least an elementary education; and while this leaves a great number still to be reached, many of whom must pass their whole lives without the benefits of education, it is of no less importance that progress along other lines contribute simultaneously with the advance in learning, to raising the standards of living in the Philippines.

Improved sanitary conditions, new means of communication that will open up regions impracticable to reach now, and other public works are not only essential for their own account, but will permit educational facilities to be supplied where it is impossible to furnish them now, except at unwarranted expense.

"Philippine standards of living are only to be raised and Philippine progress generally to be encouraged by industrial development of the Filipino people. The Philippine government has well recognized this, and a notable feature of its education is the opportunities it affords for vocational instruction. There is now an enrollment of about 450,000 Filipino students in industrial courses and the opportunities generally for this important instruction compare favorably with opportunities for such education in the United States."

English which is spoken and written by more natives than speak and write any other language will, according to the report, become the official court language on January 1, as it long has been the official language in the other branches of the government.

As to Porto Rican citizenship, General McIntyre says it is practically the testimony of everyone familiar with conditions on the island territory that the desire for it is the underlying cause of whatever political and social unrest there is on the island. He points out that citizenship has been recommended by the bureau, by successive presidents and secretaries of war, besides being promised in political platforms. "It is very much to be hoped," he concludes, "that this grant may be legislatively authorized during the current session of Congress."

Harry J. Woodward resumed his duties as manager of the Barre Medicines Quarry company's offices in the Aldrich building to-day, after a week's vacation, which was passed in the southern part of the state.

PARCEL POST MAY REDUCE LIVING COST

Will Bring the factory and the Farm Into Closer Touch With the Consumer—Some Facts About the New System.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 30.—A New Year's gift by the American government to the American people will be a thoroughly equipped domestic parcel post. Following consideration of the subject in a general way for a third of a century, Congress, last August, authorized the postmaster general to establish the new system on January 1st, 1913.

In actual operation, it is expected that the parcel post will bring the factory and the farm into closer touch with the consumer, and that it may reduce the cost of living. The largest city and the most obscure hamlet alike will enjoy the advantages of the parcel post. It will be open to all on precisely equal terms.

The new system will be a direct competitor of the express companies, particularly on small package business. By it, shippers practically may send from their own doors, parcels to any one of the 60,000 postoffices in the United States.

The rate of postage for parcel post matter differs radically from those of other classes of mail. First, second and third class mail matter now is transported at a flat rate for any distance. Parcel post rates are based upon a series of zones and they increase as the distance increases. The first zone includes all territory within a radius of approximately 50 miles from the postoffice; at which the parcel may be mailed; the second, 150 miles; the third, 300 miles; the fourth, 600 miles; the fifth, 1,000 miles; the sixth, 1,500 miles; the seventh, 2,000 miles; and the eighth, all territory beyond 1,800 miles.

By the terms of the law, all matter not now embraced in the first, second and third, classes of mail matter may be forwarded by parcel post, provided a single package does not exceed 11 pounds in weight or is not greater in dimensions than 72 inches in combined length and girth, and is not of such a character as to injure postal employees or damage equipment or other mail matter. In a word, it will include all kinds of merchandise.

The rates are computed on the distance and on the weight of the package in pounds. Provision is made however, for small packages weighing from one to four ounces, which may be sent at a flat rate of one cent for each ounce; but for packages weighing more than four ounces the pound rate of postage applies.

Within the postal district of any postoffice a local rate of five cents for the first pound and one cent for each additional pound is prescribed. Within the 50 miles representing the first zone, the rate is five cents for the first pound and three cents for each additional pound. This rate increases with the distance until it reaches a maximum of twelve cents a pound for delivery within the eight zone, 1,800 miles from the point of mailing.

Under the regulations promulgated by Postmaster General Hitchcock, the maximum weight of two parcels for a postoffice is all parcels, except those weighing four ounces or less, addressed to any point in Canada, Mexico, Cuba and the Republic of Panama. The domestic rate also applies to any point in the Hawaiian islands, the United States postal agency at Shanghai, to any point in Alaska, and between any two points in Alaska. It applies, likewise, to parcels mailed in the United States for delivery in the Canal Zone and to parcels going to or coming from the Philippine Islands.

In the opinion of the postal experts the new service will be the most gigantic transportation proposition ever undertaken by the government. The services will extend over more than 1,435,000 miles of transportation lines, including 233,899 miles of railways, 164,209 miles of star routes, 29,283 miles of steamboat lines, and 1,007,772 miles of rural mail routes.

For parcel post matter, a distinctive set of postage stamps has been provided. These distinctive stamps must be used for all parcel post matter. If the packages bear ordinary postage stamps they will be held for postage.

AUTO RACER KILLED.

Machine Went Wrong at Los Angeles Yesterday Afternoon.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 30.—Hal Shain, a well-known automobile racer, sustained injuries that caused his death in half an hour, three others were seriously hurt, and a number slightly cut and bruised, when Shain's machine shot out of the cup-shaped track on the concession pier at Venice yesterday afternoon, and plunged into the crowd.

Shain had been one of the chief attractions at Venice because of the small size of the track on which he rode and the great speed at which he traveled. The cup is 70 feet in diameter at the top, and it represents a speed of 53 miles an hour to keep an automobile on the almost perpendicular track. A thin red line a foot below the top served as "the dead fire line" for the driver.

Shain lost control of his machine, and it went over the "dead line." After splintering several railing posts it then toppled to the bottom of the cup and shot to the top again and plunged down through the railing and among the spectators. Then the automobile fell back with Shain underneath.

MURDER VICTIM BURIED.

Clara Lemay Was Buried at Millbury, Mass., Yesterday.

Millbury, Mass., Dec. 30.—The funeral of Clara Lemay, a pretty 14-year-old mill girl, who was shot and killed by Charles Adams Friday, took place at the Baptist church yesterday afternoon and was largely attended.

Rev. H. E. Chapman, pastor, officiated and the junior class of the church sang. There were a number of floral tributes. Burial was in Central cemetery. The bearers were Eugene Chapman, Archibald, Carlton Howe and Haven Stewart.

1200 PICKETS STATIONED

In Strike of 125,000 Garment Workers of New York To-day

NO DISORDER NOTED IN OPENING HOURS

About 4,000 Factories Are Closed by Great Labor Movement

New York, Dec. 30.—Men and women garment workers, estimated to be 125,000 in number, struck in New York to-day, tying up approximately four thousand factories. They demand higher pay and better working conditions. A mass meeting of strikers was held as early as four o'clock this morning and at daylight in the drizzling rain a picket squad of 1,200 had been posted at all the factories affected. At least two women were in each squad of forty persons. Five halls throughout the city have been engaged by the strikers for gathering places. Violence has been discontinued by the leaders, and the walk-out to-day was accompanied by no disorders.

The garment workers were ordered yesterday by the local executive of the United Male Garment Workers of America to go out on strike this morning. As the meeting of the executive was being held crowds of workers thronged the outside building and cheered when the strike decision was read to them.

After the local committee met, the national executive committee gave its endorsement and voted to place T. A. Rickett of Chicago, chairman, at the head of the strike. Other national committee members present included Victor Altman, Buffalo, Meyer Schwartz, Cincinnati, Abraham Gordon, Baltimore, Frank Doyle, Syracuse, and John Bush, Canada. No announcement was made whether the presence of practically all of the national committee was an indication that the strike would be extended to other cities.

The demands of the workers have not been formally presented to employers, representatives of the latter said. Henry Waxman, treasurer of the national committee, explained this as follows: "The manufacturers give no notice in advance when they are going to cut wages and we are following the same tactics."

The sub-contract system which is declared to have led to labor in dark tenements and child labor figures in the demands. The abolition of both is asked for. Other demands are a 20 per cent. wage increase, with a minimum wage scale of \$10 a week for women and \$12 for men; over time work to be paid for at time and a half rate, holiday over time at double rates and clean and sanitary workshops.

Strike leaders, discussing the demand for better wages, said that men have been receiving as low as \$8 a week and women less.

NOTORIOUS CRIMINAL ATTEMPTED ESCAPE

Jesse Pomeroy Sawed Door at Charlestown State Prison To-day and Reached Corridor, Where He Was Captured by Guard.

Boston, Dec. 30.—Jesse Pomeroy, whose crimes startled the country nearly forty years ago, attempted unsuccessfully to escape from the Charlestown state prison to-day. He sawed the cell door, but the guard saw him in the corridor before daybreak and captured him without resistance.

ALLEGED ROBBER HELD.

George Barnard to Be Tried at June Term of Addison County Court.

Vergennes, Dec. 30.—George Barnard has been bound over to the June term of Addison county court on the charge of stealing \$114 from James Murphy of New Haven. The respondent pleaded not guilty when arraigned before Justice G. F. O. Kimball and was held in bail of \$500. Being unable to procure the bail, Barnard was taken to the county jail at Middlebury.

It is alleged that Barnard was seen in Murphy's company in Vergennes and that he returned to the latter's house, where Murphy lived alone. It is alleged that during the night Murphy woke up to find the house on fire and himself robbed of \$114, his trousers pocket having been cut out as he slept. When Barnard was arrested in Burlington the officers found seven \$50 bills issued by the Middlebury bank, and one of the bills having a peculiar mark was identified by Murphy as being one of those which he lost.

A GEORGIA FARMER WAS BADLY HURT

D. P. Hurlbut Was Crushed Between Wagon and Side of Barn When His Horses Became Frightened.

Georgia, Dec. 30.—D. P. Hurlbut of this place was very seriously injured Saturday afternoon while engaged in drawing hay for a neighbor, F. T. St. Dennis. The hay was being drawn from Mr. Dennis' to the station at Oakland for shipment.

As the team was being backed into the barn and while the horses were still partly outside the barn, the doors blew against the animals. This frightened them and they backed, pinning Mr. Hurlbut between the wagon and the side of the barn. Two or more of his ribs were broken, but the exact nature of his injuries has not yet been learned, as it has so far been impossible to make an examination. It is known, however, that he is badly hurt.

BOY AND SISTER DROWNED.

Former Refused To Be Saved Without The Latter.

Concord, Mass., Dec. 30.—John Brown, 17 years old, and Margaret Brown, 3 years old, children of Mr. and Mrs. James Brown of Harrington street, Concord Junction, broke through the ice on the pond in the rear of the Strathmore mills at the Junction about 3:30 yesterday afternoon and were drowned. John was skating and drawing his little sister on a sled when the ice broke and both went into the water. James and Catherine Brown, an older brother and sister, who had been watching from the edge of the pond, ran out to help them and also fell into the water. John could have saved himself by grasping the hockey sticks and poles which other skaters extended to him, but he refused assistance to save the little girl and persisted in that effort until he, too, was drowned.

James and Catherine were rescued with some difficulty by Carl and Andrew Nolan, two of the skaters. Carl Nolan, who had two previous rescues to his credit, jumped into the icy water, fully dressed, and with his brother's help succeeded in getting the two children onto the solid ice.

The police were notified and grappled for the bodies. Fortunately they had recovered John's body, but Margaret's is still in the pond. Dr. Henry J. Walcott of Concord, medical examiner, viewed the boy's body.

TWO LIVES LOST IN NEWPORT, R. I. FIRE

And Thirteen Buildings Were Damaged to Extent of \$200,000 Early Sunday Morning.

Newport, R. I., Dec. 30.—Two lives were lost and 13 buildings damaged here early yesterday in a fire which caused a loss of \$200,000.

Firemen and policemen, searching through burned dwellings after the fire, discovered the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Heath.

Mr. Heath was 70 years old and an invalid, and appearances indicated that his wife had tried to carry him from their burning home when both were overcome by smoke and burned to death. Mr. Heath was a Civil war veteran.

Several persons were temporarily overcome by smoke and some were helped by firemen and policemen from burning houses. Fireman William H. Graf carried his father through the smoke-filled halls of his dwelling to the street.

The fire started in the three-story brick block and frame store of George A. Weaver company, at Broadway and Spring street, and spread rapidly to near buildings.

Flaming brands were carried long distances to dwelling houses by a strong west wind, and in a short time several houses were afire.

Among the buildings destroyed were the planing mill of M. A. McCormick, the store of the Weaver company, and dwellings of James Kane, Constance Small, Peleg Bryer and Frederick Bloom.

Other dwelling houses were damaged considerably. Half the loss is covered by insurance.

The blaze started from an unknown cause and had gained considerable headway when discovered.

The entire fire fighting force of Newport was helped by more than 200 blue-jackets from the naval training station under the command of Lieutenant-Commander H. K. Gage. Two naval ferry boats laid lines of hose near the waterfront and helped in checking the spread of the flames. The fire was put under control after three hours.

BURNED WOMAN WILL DIE

Miss Sarah Howley, 48, Injured at Newton Center, Mass., Yesterday.

Boston, Dec. 30.—Mystery surrounds the probably fatal burning of Miss Sarah Howley, 48 years old, in the home of her sister, Mrs. Wesley L. Pease, at 436 Perker street, Newton Center, yesterday. Miss Howley is lying at the Newton hospital, with her whole body terribly burned.

She has been sick for some time, and yesterday while Mr. and Mrs. Pease were at dinner she was asleep in her room. Suddenly Mr. and Mrs. Pease heard her scream and she rushed downstairs, her clothes ablaze, and a lighted match in her hand. The flames were quickly put out, but not before Mrs. Pease had been badly burned in the arms and hands. Dr. Edward A. Andrews was called and the Rev. Dr. D. C. Riordan of the Sacred Heart church arrived in time to administer the last rites of the church.

Neither Mr. nor Mrs. Pease knew there were any matches in Miss Howley's room, nor were they able to give any explanation of the blazing clothes. Mrs. Pease was confined to her bed last night, suffering from a nervous shock.

TOTAL LOSS WAS \$25,000.

Two Fires Gave Portland Firemen a Busy Day.

Portland, Me., Dec. 30.—A total loss of \$25,000 was caused by two fires which gave the firemen of this city a lively time early Sunday morning. A large one-story building on Exchange street, owned by the Deering estate and occupied by two stores, and a four-story brick block in Monument square owned by James P. Baxter and containing several stores, were badly damaged, and much of the stock of the various stores was ruined.

FAMOUS PAINTER DEAD.

Robert Lee MacCameron Made Portraits of Presidents Taft and McKinley.

New York, Dec. 30.—Robert Lee MacCameron, American painter, who recently returned to the United States after a long residence abroad, and also a few months ago was made a chevalier of the legion of honor, died in his apartments here yesterday in his 47th year. Among well-known people whose portraits he painted in recent years are President Taft, Mrs. Edward H. Harriman and Rodin, the French sculptor. He also made the portrait of President McKinley and Justice Harlan and Brewer.

SEVEN YEARS LONGEST TERM

That Was Imposed on Frank M. Ryan at Indianapolis

EIGHT CONVICTED MEN GOT SIX YEARS

Two Sentenced to Two Years—Sentences of Five Were Suspended

Indianapolis, Dec. 30.—Frank M. Ryan of Chicago, international president of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' union, who was convicted in United States court here Saturday in the dynamite conspiracy cases, was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment by Judge Albert B. Anderson to-day.

Six-year terms were imposed on Eugene A. Clancy of San Francisco, former vice-president of the union and member of the international executive board from 1904 to 1911; Michael J. Young of Boston, member of the executive board from 1909 to date and business agent of the local in Boston; Philip A. Cooley of New Orleans, member of the executive board from 1910 to date; John T. Butler of Buffalo, first vice-president of the union and member of the executive board in 1900, 1902, 1904, 1906 to date; Herbert S. Hoeklin of Detroit, formerly business agent of Detroit, member of the executive board from 1909 to date and appointed secretary-treasurer to succeed J. J. McNamara, but resigned during the trial; Olaf A. Tveitmore of San Francisco, secretary-treasurer of the California Building Trades Council, editor of "Organized Labor" and president of the Asiatic Exclusion League; John E. Munsey of Salt Lake City, business agent of his local; Frank C. Webb, member of the executive board in 1907 and 1908.

Four-year terms were imposed on John H. Barry of St. Louis, member of the executive board five terms and former business agent at St. Louis; Peter J. Smith of Cleveland, business agent of his local.

Three-year terms were imposed on Paul J. Morris of St. Louis, president and business agent of his local in 1909 and 1910; Henry Leitinger of Indianapolis, formerly of Pittsburg, once member of the executive board and now president of the Indianapolis local; Charles N. Beum of Minneapolis, member of the executive board in 1908; Michael J. Cunnane of Philadelphia, business agent of his local; Edward Smythe of Peoria, Ill., business agent and financial secretary of his local; Murray L. Pennell of Springfield, Ill., president and recording secretary of his local; W. Bert Brown of Kansas City, business agent of his local; Michael J. Hannan of Scranton, Pa., business agent of his local; Ernest G. W. Basesy of Indianapolis, business agent of local for two years; William J. McCain of Kansas City, business agent of his local; William E. Reddin of Milwaukee, business agent of his local; Frank J. Nipper of Anderson of Cleveland, member of local.

One-year terms were imposed on the following: William Shupp of Chicago, business agent of local; James E. Ray of Peoria, Ill., president of local; William Bernhardt of Cincinnati, financial secretary of local until beginning of trial; Edward Phipps of Syracuse, N. Y., financial secretary and treasurer of local; Charles Wachmeister of Detroit, business agent of local; Fred Monney of Duluth, Minn., financial secretary of local.

The sentences on the following were suspended: Patrick J. Farrell, member of the executive board in 1906 and 1907 and secretary-treasurer of the Iron Workers' Council of New York; James Cooney of Chicago, business agent of his local; James Coughlin of Chicago, assistant business agent of his local; Hiram R. Kline of Munich, Ind., former general organizer for the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, and Frank J. Murphy of Detroit, business agent of his local.

On motion of the government, Edward Clark of Cincinnati, the confessed dynamiter, who testified for the government, was given a suspended sentence. All who received prison terms will be taken to the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas, probably to-night.

Only a few people greeted the prisoners when they brought into the federal building this forenoon, and those were mostly wives and women relatives. At the outset all the motions for new trials of the 38 convicted men were overruled by Judge Anderson.

After overruling the motions, Judge Anderson likewise disposed of the motions for arrest of judgment. Then, turning toward the prisoners, who were arranged in alphabetical order in three rows, he said: "It has been more difficult than was expected to arrive at the degree of guilt in each of your cases. Have you anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced?"

In reply to this question, Frederick H. Farrell, speaking in his own behalf, said that he never had been in sympathy with dynamiting and he had voted against continuing the iron workers' strike. Later the sentences were imposed.

UNION STRONGER THAN EVER.

Declared Secretary McClory of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.

Indianapolis, Dec. 30.—Secretary Joseph E. McClory of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers yesterday issued the following statement to the 12,000 members of the union whose strike

against "open shop" contracts named by the government and for the McNamara dynamite...

"In spite of all that has happened, our organization is stronger than it ever was. We have more ranks than abundance, more leaders and our affairs will continue to be managed with the best care and ability obtainable.

The obligation of the organization to its members will be fully performed in every respect, and we feel confident that our members to a man will remain loyal to our union. The absence of some of our officers will not interfere with the management of our business."

The union's last convention was held in Milwaukee in 1911 five months after the McNamaras were arrested. The annual convention this year was indefinitely postponed by the executive board on account of the trial here.

When asked whether another convention would be called, Mr. McClory said the question would be taken up later.

GOMPERS WILL LEND AID TO THE UNION

Will Stand by Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, Members of Which Were Convicted at Indianapolis.

New York, Dec. 30.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is quoted to-day as saying that he will do all in his power to stand by and strengthen the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, many members of which appeared for sentence in the dynamite conspiracy cases at Indianapolis to-day.

"I hope the verdict will be proved to be unjust," said President Gompers, "but whether just or unjust, the bridge and iron workers' union will be continued as an efficient union."

Haverhill Shoe Workers Strike

They Made Demonstrations Before Several Factories But There Was No Violence To-day.

Haverhill, Mass., Dec. 30.—Shoe cutters quit work in several factories here to-day in response to a general strike order issued by the local committee of the United Shoe Workers of America. The strikers made demonstrations before many factories, but there was no violence.

WILL MEET IN RUTLAND.

Vermont State Bankers' Association On Feb. 21.

Barton, Dec. 30.—C. S. Webster, president of the Vermont State Bankers' association, has announced that the annual meeting of the association will be held at Rutland, Feb. 21.

ARRESTED FOR ST. JOHNSBURY POLICE

William Silva and Mrs. Winnifred G. Wheelock Were Arrested in Boston Yesterday and Escorted to Vermont State Line.

Boston, Dec. 30.—Lieut. Carter, Inspectors Damery and Kennedy arrested William Silva, 26 years old, and Mrs. Winnifred G. Wheelock, 30 years old, at the home of Silva's brother, 26 Dune avenue, Somerville, yesterday morning on a statutory charge. The arrests were issued from St. Johnsbury, N.H., where Mrs. Wheelock, who is said to be the mother of six children, lived with her husband up to two weeks ago.

She disappeared and her husband located her in Somerville. Silva lived several weeks in St. Johnsbury. Both waived extradition proceedings and were taken to the Vermont state line by Inspector Kennedy and delivered to Vermont authorities.

SUES DEPUTY SHERIFF

Dr. W. G. E. Flanders of Burlington Claims Ejection From Garage.

Burlington, Dec. 30.—Papers were filed in the county clerk's office Saturday in a suit for \$5,000 damages brought by Dr. W. G. E. Flanders against Fred S. Rowley of New Haven. This is an action for trespass and in the year filed Dr. Flanders alleges that Mr. Rowley entered the garage at 219 Main street, ejected the plaintiff and seized a large amount of personal property, such as automobile supplies, etc., thereby preventing the plaintiff from carrying on the business. The suit grows out of the serving of papers by Mr. Rowley, who is a deputy sheriff, in another suit.

DEATH OF MRS. L. W. ROWELL.

Occurred at An Early Hour Sunday Morning.

Mrs. L. W. Rowell died of heart trouble at her home, 37 Jefferson street, at 2:30 o'clock Sunday morning. She had resided in Barre for nearly three years, her former home being in St. Johnsbury. Mrs. Rowell leaves two daughters, Mrs. Georgia R. Carleton and Miss Winnifred E. Rowell, also a grandson, Ralph E. Carleton, and a brother and sister, L. A. Estabrook of West Lebanon, N. H., and Mrs. O. H. Hale of this city. A private service will be held at her home Tuesday morning. Interment will be made at West Lebanon, N. H.

WAS IN 100TH YEAR.

Mrs. Fossil Wilford Died Saturday at Daughter's Home in Berlin.

Mrs. Rosalie Wilford died Saturday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Almon St. John, in Berlin, having reached the age of 99 years. Besides the daughter, Mrs. Wilford leaves four sons, Theodor, Albin and John Wilford, of Williamstown, and Paul of Barre. Burial will be in the Catholic cemetery at Montpelier, following the funeral service at St. Augustine's church Tuesday.

Weather Forecast.

Rain to-night. Tuesday unsettled and somewhat colder; increasing south shifting to west winds.

RESCUED MEN ABOARD HER

They Had Abandoned the Raymah at Sea December 15

THE MEN BROUGHT TO NEW YORK TO-DAY

Vessel Was Battered Nearly to Pieces by Wind and Sea

New York, Dec. 30.—The steamer Ardayne arrived here to-day, having on board Captain Tibbo and six men comprising the crew of the New Foundland schooner Raymah, which was abandoned in mid-ocean on December 15. The Raymah was bound from New Foundland for Puerto with a cargo of fish. The vessel was practically hattered to pieces by the wind and the seas. Before leaving, her crew fired the Raymah so that she would not be a menace to navigation.

EXTORTION CASE HEARD.

Benjamin T. Howland of Brandon Placed Under \$2,000 Bail.

Rutland, Dec. 30.—Benjamin T. Howland of Brandon, carpenter, who was arrested several days ago by the county sheriff's department on the charge of getting \$1,000 from Mrs. James H. Whelden, wife of a Brandon coal dealer, through threats was arraigned before City Judge Fred G. Swinerton here Saturday afternoon. He pleaded not guilty to the charge of extortion and stood trial. W. A. Atwell of Brandon being his attorney, State's Attorney Bert L. Stafford of this city prosecuted. Judge Swinerton held the respondent for the March term of Rutland county court number \$2,000 bail. He went to jail in default of surety.

It is alleged that Howland went to the home of Mrs. Whelden one night recently while her husband was away to discuss some prospective carpentry work at the Whelden house. As the story goes he insulted Mrs. Whelden, frightening her so that she locked herself in her room. He is said to have hung around the house for some time, telling her that he would circulate a story that he was seen coming out of the house at a late hour during the husband's absence, unless Mrs. Whelden paid him the money.

It is alleged that a second unsuccessful attempt to get money led to Mrs. Whelden telling her husband of the occurrence. The woman is highly respected in the village and the people are very indignant over the affair.

BUYS RESTAURANT AGAIN.

Charles M. Hawes Back at His Old Business in Bgfre.

Beginning on January 1, 1913, Charles M. Hawes will be found back at his old place in charge of the Eureka restaurant on North Main street, he having purchased the restaurant from H. N. Johnson, who has been running it during the past few months. Mr. Hawes sold the business three years ago to go to Plainfield to run the hotel there. Recently he disposed of his interests at Plainfield and returned to Barre. The negotiations for the purchase of the local eating place have just been completed.