

## VERMONT RATE OF DEATH LOW EXCEPT CANCER

Green Mountain State Has the Lowest Mortality of Any Registration State for Typhoid Fever, With Wisconsin Showing a Decrease From 1912 to 1913.

## IN TUBERCULOSIS TOO SHOWING IS GOOD

Equally Creditable is Showing as Regards Infant Mortality While Pneumonia is Under Better Control Than in the Neighboring States.

Secretary Charles F. Dalton of the Vermont state board of health points out that Vermont is making rapid strides in the control of disease, barring cancer, the "unknown disease," and he defends the general reputation of the state in the following interview:

Much prominence is being given to the fact that Vermont in 1913 had the highest death rate from cancer of any state in the registration area. While it is fitting that we should take cognizance of this condition and do everything possible to correct it, the idea should not be allowed to exist that Vermont has a similar reputation in regard to other diseases. Cancer is a disease about which we know practically nothing as to the cause, and the only treatment is early surgery.

When the statistics are shown in regard to the diseases which depend for their prevention upon state control and correct medical treatment, it will be found that Vermont either leads the whole United States or is well to the front. For example, the same report which says that Vermont had the highest mortality from cancer in 1913 also says in speaking of typhoid fever, "Vermont had the lowest mortality of any registration state from this disease in 1913 (7.8)." Also: "As compared with the rates for 1912, there were quite pronounced increases in Kentucky, Maryland, Montana, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Ohio and Utah, while Vermont and Wisconsin showed marked decreases." The figures 7.8 represent the number of deaths per 100,000 population, Vermont being 7.8, the other nearby states showed as follows: New York, 10.3; Massachusetts, 7.9; Rhode Island,

## ENRICH THE BLOOD

Hood's Sarsaparilla, a Spring Tonic Medicine, Is Necessary

Everybody is troubled at this season with loss of vitality, failure of appetite, dull headaches, indigestion and other stomach troubles, or with pimples and other eruptions on the face and body. The reason is that the blood is impure and impoverished.

Hood's Sarsaparilla relieves all these ailments. It is the old reliable medicine that has stood the test of 40 years—that makes pure, rich, red blood—that strengthens every organ and builds up the whole system. It is the all-the-year-round blood-purifier and health-giver. Nothing else acts like it, for nothing else is like it. There is no real substitute; so be sure to get Hood's. Ask your druggist for it today, and begin taking it at once.—Adv't.

83; Connecticut, 11.3; New Hampshire, 11.9; Maine, 12.

In tuberculosis of the lungs, the "great white plague," Vermont makes an enviable showing among eastern states notwithstanding the fact of our great granite and marble industries. The 1913 death rate for this disease in Vermont was 88.5. Comparing this with our neighbors, Maine had 86.2; New Hampshire, 98.9; Massachusetts, 129.8; Connecticut, 121; Rhode Island, 133.4; and New York, 145.9. The death rate from tuberculosis has steadily decreased in Vermont, so that in 1913 there were only 303 deaths, compared with 725 deaths in 1908. The figures for the year 1914 will show that there was a still further decrease, there being that year only 280 deaths. This is due to our methods of control, prevention and treatment.

Diphtheria, another disease formerly dreaded, has been almost conquered in Vermont by methods of quarantine and state distribution of antitoxin, and among the eastern states, Vermont leads by a very large margin in this respect. The figures of death rates per 100,000 population show this effectively: Vermont, 9.7; Maine, 11.6; New Hampshire, 12.8; Massachusetts, 17.6; Connecticut, 19.1; New York, 19.5; Rhode Island, 24.3.

Pneumonia, about which we are just beginning to learn, is under better control in Vermont than in any other nearby state, as the following figures of death rates show: Vermont, 140; Maine, 143.3; New Hampshire, 146.8; Rhode Island, 146.8; Connecticut, 151.4; Massachusetts, 154.8; New York, 171.4. In this disease, New York had the highest death rate of any state in the registration area, with Massachusetts second.

In the matter of infant mortality as shown by the statistics of deaths from diarrhea and enteritis in children under two years of age, our rating is equally creditable. With the highest death rate in Pennsylvania at 106.3 per 100,000 population, and Maryland second at 101.1, Vermont shows a rate of 49.2, with Maine 61.4; New York, 74.6; Connecticut, 83; Rhode Island, 83.7; Massachusetts, 86.7; New Hampshire, 96.2. Thus our babies are being saved for future useful lives.

Even in such diseases of adult life as Bright's disease, we have no reason to think that lives are being sacrificed unnecessarily, for we find that the highest death rate for this disease was in Maryland, 140.1, and we and our neighbors had the following rates: Massachusetts, 90.9; Maine, 102.9; Connecticut,

112; Vermont, 115.6; New Hampshire, 118.8; Rhode Island, 123.9; New York, 134.7.

One of the points which must be taken in consideration is the number of deaths occurring from unknown causes, that is, cases in which no diagnosis was made by the physician. Many such deaths would be included among other diseases if the facts were known. It speaks well then for the medical profession of Vermont that there were in 1913 only 3.1 deaths per 100,000 population put down as due to "ill-defined or unknown causes". New York leads the east on this item with 1.5, but the other states show as follows: Massachusetts, 5.7; Rhode Island, 7.9; Connecticut, 9.5; New Hampshire, 12.1; Maine, 25.5.

In addition to these facts, it should also be stated that the Vermont state board of health has become known throughout the entire country during the past year by its methods of dealing with the scourge of infantile paralysis, and that it is setting a pace in the study of this disease which forms an entirely new epoch in the history of preventative medicine. While other states had very little idea of the number of cases of this disease, Vermont secured a complete clinical record of practically every paralyzed case, and these have since been supplemented by charts showing the muscles affected. All of this is being studied and arranged, so that the valuable data thereby secured will be available for the whole world in future epidemics.

Vermont laws and regulations for the control of communicable diseases have been recognized as standards for years, and the new law just passed by the legislature of New Hampshire adopts the system of local health officers and other means of public health work which have been in vogue in Vermont for many years. Our methods of work along other lines of sanitation have been equally advanced and what other states are just beginning to do and to advertise has, in many instances, become an established custom in Vermont from long usage. Vermont was the first state in the union to establish a state laboratory of hygiene with free examination for diagnosis; was the first state to provide an annual school for health officers; was the first state to have a traveling tuberculosis exhibit with moving pictures; was among the first to furnish free anti-toxin for diphtheria, and silver nitrate solution to guard against blindness in babies and now has again set the pace for all states in legislative control of venereal diseases.

These are a few of the facts about Vermont which our citizens should know, and we may well be proud of the standing of the old Green Mountain state in its relation to the medical world as well as in other respects.

## ARGUE WEBB-KENYON LAW.

Conflict of Decisions in Nearly Dozen States Comes to Issue in Supreme Court.

Washington, May 12.—A conflict of decisions in nearly a dozen states over the construction and constitutionality of the Webb-Kenyon interstate liquor law came to an issue Monday in the supreme court in oral arguments on cases from Kentucky and West Virginia. Attorneys for the Adams Express Co. began an argument to the effect that the Webb-Kenyon law was unconstitutional if construed to make interstate shipments of liquor for personal use into dry territory subject to state law. Counsel for the Anti-Saloon league were present, prepared to submit that the law applied to liquor intended for personal use and was constitutional, but the case went over until to-day before the express company's argument was concluded.

## SEA GIVES UP 16 MORE BODIES

Those of Nine Men, Five Women, a Boy and Girl Recovered.

NONE OF THEM HAVE YET BEEN IDENTIFIED

So Changed that Identification is Slow—How Americans Gave Up Life Belts

Queenstown, May 12.—Sixteen bodies were brought into Queenstown yesterday afternoon by a tug chartered by the Cunard line. None of the bodies have yet been identified.

The bodies are those of nine men, five women and a boy and a girl. They were floating with life belts 20 miles east of the scene of the disaster. All the bodies have greatly changed and, in consequence, identification will be slow. The tug's decks were littered with deck chairs and other wreckage from the Lusitania.

Two bodies were brought ashore at Castletown, near Baltimore earlier yesterday. Of the bodies at Baltimore, six are of men and four of women.

The Cunard line yesterday despatched a tug to Baltimore to bring these 12 bodies to Queenstown. Relatives of survivors who had planned to leave yesterday are going to remain over in the hope of the possibility of making further identifications. It is reported here that one of the bodies at Baltimore had on it papers bearing the name "Harrison, Main street, Bridgeport, Conn.," and that on another there was found the circular of a firm, "Florence & Co.," toothbrush manufacturers in Connecticut. The tug despatched Monday evening by the Cunard company to the scene of the disaster to look for bodies had not returned to Queenstown up to noon yesterday.

Lady Allan, wife of Sir Montague Allan, of Montreal, has gone to London. Lady Allan's back was injured, but she was well enough to travel under the care of several doctors and nurses. A number of other survivors went to London with her.

Probably the most unconcerned of the survivors is the eight-month-old son of Mrs. H. Booth. The mother lost her life, but the father has been located at a hotel in Ottawa. The baby was picked up from the water but apparently is suffering from oil effects. A number of the survivors recognized the infant and remembered that the father had remained behind in Canada. An aunt of the infant who is in England will take charge of him.

A pathetic case is that of Mollie Mainman, aged 16, and the seven-year-old twins, Elizabeth and Edwin Mainman, who lost their father, A. R. Mainman, their mother, and two brothers. The family was on the way to Chester, England, to take possession of an es-

## A NON-ALCOHOLIC TONIC

Many people need a tonic at this time of year, old folks, weak folks, thin people, people who are run-down from too much work—and vacation still many weeks away. Nervous people also need a tonic but cannot safely take alcohol.

A non-alcoholic tonic that will build up the blood and strengthen the nerves is what most people need and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are exactly that.

The one symptom of thin blood that everybody recognizes is pallor. It shows so gradually that other people are liable to notice it before you do. But it is important that you should notice and heed the warning because the thin blood that causes the pallor betrays some drain on the body or some poisoning by its own waste materials that, if not corrected will result in physical breakdown and ill health.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only build up the blood but they have a direct strengthening action on the nerves. As they are free from narcotics and any harmful or poisonous drugs they are safe for every member of the family.

Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Write today to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., for the free booklet, "Building Up the Blood" and, if your stomach troubles you, ask for a diet book also.

There are indications that the heavy death toll among the American men in the first cabin was due to a scarcity of lifebelts, many of them having given the life preservers they had obtained to helpless women.

There is a reprobation of testimony that no American man got into a boat until after he had been thrown into the water.

Webb Wade, secretary of Alfred G. Vanderbilt, has not yet been able to arrange with his request that all necessary tugs be chartered at the expense of the Vanderbilt family to search for other bodies as well as that of Mr. Vanderbilt. Until he heard the story of Dr. Owen Kenan of New York, Mr. Wade believed his employer had entered one of the boats smashed against the side of the ship, but Dr. Kenan's story is so definite it is accepted generally as the correct version of Mr. Vanderbilt's last moments aboard the ship.

London, May 12.—Walter H. Page, the American ambassador, has received a message from Wesley Frost, the American consul at Queenstown, urging him to make clear to the Cunard company and to the British admiralty that "realistic effective measures to recover the 1,100 missing bodies from the Lusitania are imperative."

In this connection Mr. Page said yesterday that the embassy was doing everything possible to expedite the recovery of bodies and that he had assurances from the admiralty and the company that they were doing and would continue to do the same.

The embassy has taken steps to have the bodies of Americans embalmed, and upon identification it will see that they are returned to America.

## TURK LOSSES PUT AT 45,000

Allied Troops Have Continued Their Advance on the Gallipoli Peninsula, Athens Reports—The Porte Claims Successes.

London, May 12.—The allied troops on the Gallipoli peninsula continued their advance Friday and Saturday, according to an Athens despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. They are reported to have occupied important positions in spite of the desperate resistance offered by the Turks, whose total losses are estimated at 45,000 men. The hospitals in Constantinople are said to be so crowded that wounded are being sent to Konia in Asia Minor.

Constantinople, May 10, via Amsterdam and London, May 12.—The following statement was issued yesterday by the Turkish war office:

"On the Dardanelles front the enemy made four desperate attacks near Ari Burnu Sunday night, but was repulsed by bayonet attacks and suffered heavy losses. Three enemy battalions were annihilated.

"Monday afternoon the enemy constantly carried away wounded to their boats.

"In the south, near Suddul Barr the enemy attacked under the protection of naval guns, but owing to our counterattacks his assault was unsuccessful."

London, May 12.—Turkish troops are being transported from Smyrna to the Turkish seaports of Alexandria and Adalia, says a despatch received yesterday from Athens by the London Evening Star, owing to the fear that a landing is about to be made at those places by forces of the allies.

## NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Games.

At Boston—St. Louis 5, Boston 1.

At Brooklyn—Chicago 5, Brooklyn 1.

At New York—Cincinnati 2, New York 1.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 4, Pittsburgh 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

Won Lost Pct.

Philadelphia ... 14 7 .667

Chicago ... 14 8 .636

Boston ... 12 9 .571

Cincinnati ... 11 10 .524

Pittsburg ... 11 12 .476

St. Louis ... 11 14 .440

Brooklyn ... 9 13 .409

New York ... 6 14 .300

## AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Games.

At Detroit—Detroit 5, Boston 1.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 3, New York 1.

At St. Louis—Philadelphia 3, St. Louis 0.

At Chicago—Washington 2, Chicago 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

Won Lost Pct.

Detroit ... 18 7 .720

New York ... 12 8 .600

Chicago ... 14 10 .583

Boston ... 9 9 .500

Cleveland ... 11 12 .476

Washington ... 8 13 .381

St. Louis ... 6 15 .286

## It's a mighty short way to pipe-joy

if you go via Prince Albert—tobacco that answers every question any man can hand out! You can jam it in your old jimmy pipe or roll it into a makin's cigarette and it will produce more real and true happiness than any brand at any price you ever bucked up against. Now, let's all get together, and repeat slowly and distinctly:

## PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

can't bite your tongue, and can't parch your throat, because it is made by a patented process that removes the bite and the parch. No other tobacco ever was or can be made like P. A. And P. A. tastes as good as that sounds!

So the warm tip is: Get the jimmy pipes out of dark corners, out of the rafters, where you've hidden them for fear of more tongue bites. Get 'em out and fire up with P. A., for you can go to it fancy-free from sun-up right down the line to the pillow-period!

And the sooner you know this little thing personally, the more joy 'us you'll be.

Prince Albert is sold everywhere in tippy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; pound and half-pound tin humidors—and that classy pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that just beats the band for keeping P. A. fine like silk. You buy one quick.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO. Winston-Salem, N. C.

## Low Shoes of High Quality!

Keep your eyes on the shoes that are worn by the men in Barre; you will see they are especially good-looking as a rule.

If you could investigate you would find a large proportion would be

## Regal Shoes

That means that they came from this store—for no one else in Barre can sell Regals.

If you demand genuine shoe satisfaction, let us show how near we can meet your ideas in our Regals, prices

\$3.50 to \$5.00

Moore & Owens, BARRE'S LEADING CLOTHIERS Barre, Vermont



## COOK IN COMFORT THIS SUMMER

YOU can make your kitchen as livable as your living room—if you have a NEW PERFECTION Oil Cookstove. No wood-box, no ash-pan, no coal-hod to bother with. A clean, cool kitchen, and half the drudgery gone.

The NEW PERFECTION is as quick and handy as a gas stove. It lights instantly, and gives you a big volume of heat, easily regulated just by raising or lowering the wick. It is easy to operate, easy to clean, and easy to re-wick. 2,000,000 women say it's "gasstove comfort with kerosene oil."

Ask your dealer to show you the NEW PERFECTION No. 7 with the fireless cooking oven, also the PERFECTION Water Heater. It gives you plenty of hot water without any of the bother of a coal range.



For best results use SOCONY brands of kerosene oil.

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