

FALL OF NISH SEEMS NEAR

Bulgarian Artillery Has Begun Violent Bombardment of the Outer Forts

ALSO CAPTURED SMALL TOWN NEAR BY

Nish-Kavola, Two Hours' March Northeast, Said to Have Been Taken

Bulgarian troops advancing northeast of Nish are within two hours of the city, a Saloniki dispatch says...

The French official statement to-day says of the western front between the river Aisne and Oise, that German troops yesterday, after having attempted to surprise forces in the French trenches...

Paris, Nov. 5.—The Bulgarian military violently bombarded the advanced forts of Nish on the Nishava river...

GERMAN VICTORY IN WESTERN ARENA

Army Headquarters at Berlin Says That Trench Northeast of Le Mesnil, Held by French Since Oct. 24, Has Been Captured.

Berlin, via wireless, Nov. 5.—The capture of a trench northeast of Le Mesnil, Champagne district, which the French had held since Oct. 24, was officially announced by army headquarters today.

Advances all along the line by the Teutonic forces invading Serbia were announced and the capture of 2,700 Serbians is reported.

The Russians are still on the offensive in the region southwest of Dvinsk, but their attacks against the German lines have been futile, and they have suffered heavy losses, the statement says.

AEROPLANES COLLIDED

And Four Aviators Subsequently Were Burned to Death.

Paris, Nov. 5.—Two military aeroplanes collided while making a landing yesterday at Le Bourget. They caught fire and the four aviators manning the machines were burned to death.

SUSPICIOUS FIRE

Bleachery Plant at East Braintree, Mass. Seriously Damaged.

East Braintree, Mass., Nov. 5.—The extensive plant of the East Braintree bleacheries was damaged to the extent of \$70,000 by a fire which threatened the whole village last night.

The blaze started in the main office building soon after it had shut down for the night, and spread quickly to the two adjoining structures, destroying them together with cotton valued at \$40,000 and much expensive machinery.

The plant, which had been working up to its capacity, employed 800 hands and occupied 30 acres on Factory hill. It was owned by Henry McCook.

A Reporter

"She had a number of dresses, hadn't she?" "Yes, she's been happily married four times."—Detroit Free Press.

NOT A GREAT MANY MEN.

But Overwhelming Artillery is Forcing the Invasion of Serbia.

London, Nov. 5.—The Daily Chronicle's Serbian correspondent who has just reached Saloniki from Belgrade and Kraguyevats declares that the German progress in Serbia is a repetition of the old story of overwhelming artillery power.

"It is established," he says, "that Von Mackensen's army does not include more than 150,000 men, but it is provided with artillery ample for any army of a million. Into Belgrade alone more than 50,000 shells were poured."

The correspondent describes the fighting around Uskup as the bitterest of the war. "The Serbs were outnumbered five to one by the Bulgarians, but the battle raged eleven days before they quitted the city. For the greater part of that struggle the contending armies were within two hundred yards of each other, and hand to hand encounters were continuous, with heavy losses on both sides."

"Even when the Serbs were forced to fall back beyond the city, the Bulgarians were unable to enter for days as the Serbian commandos (irregulars) fought with the Bulgarian commandos doggedly street by street from cellars to house-tops."

"Serbian officers declare that one additional regiment on their side would have turned the tide of battle in their favor. This indeed has been true at several points where ferocious fighting has occurred in the past fortnight."

TAFT CRITICIZES ROOSEVELT.

Thinks His Broadening of Use of Executive Power Dangerous.

New York, Nov. 5.—Broadening the use of executive power as exercised by former President Theodore Roosevelt was termed as "unsafe doctrine" by former President William Howard Taft in an address here last night.

"Mr. Roosevelt," he said, "in his notes for a possible autobiography says in regard to certain acts of his administration 'I did not usurp power, but I did greatly broaden the use of the executive power.'"

"My own judgment is that this is an unsafe doctrine and that it might lead to irremediable injustice to private rights. The maining of such a view is that the executive is to play the part of a universal providence and set all things right. The president is not an omnipotent and benevolent prophet."

"Mr. Roosevelt followed this principle in settling the Pennsylvania anthracite strike, and no one has a higher admiration of the value of what he did than I have. Had he failed in arbitration, however, Mr. Roosevelt proposed to use the army to seize private property. The benevolence of his purpose no one can deny. But from a standpoint of a government of law it could only be regarded as lawless."

NATIONAL BANKS EXPANDING.

Declares Comptroller Williams, Since Federal Reserve System Came In.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 5.—Substantial expansion of the business of the national banks since the inauguration of the federal reserve system is shown in a statement issued last night by Comptroller of the Currency Williams, based on the returns of the 7,613 national banks of the United States to his call for their condition September 2.

"The total resources of these banks on September 2," says the statement, "exceeded by more than \$424,000 the greatest resources ever shown by any previous call in the history of the national banking system, and amounting to \$12,267,090,429. The increase in resources over the call of June 23, 1915, was \$471,900,000. The increase in resources over the call of September 12, 1914, was over \$783,000,000."

"Loans and discounts, including letters of credit and customers' liability on account of acceptances, amounted to \$6,825,000,000, being an increase over the June statement of \$145,000,000, and showing an increase compared with September 12, 1914, of \$425,000,000. Total deposits amounted to \$9,220,000,000, exceeding by \$327,000,000 the highest amount ever previously shown, and being \$408,000,000 in excess of the total deposit in the June statement."

The signals correspondent to those of the Rio Laga, which left New York for Quebec Oct. 31. The Rio Laga registers 2,515 tons and was built at South Shields in 1910. She is owned by Peterson and Co. Limited, of London.

NEW CABINET FOR GREECE

A Coalition Organization Is Expected to Result from the Conference

ALL PARTY LEADERS WERE SUMMONED

New Government Probably Will Be Founded in 24 Hours

Athens, Thursday, via London, Friday, Nov. 5.—King Constantine has summoned the leaders of all parties to confer on the situation resulting from the overthrow of the Zaimi cabinet, and it is expected that the ministerial crisis will end within 24 hours.

ONCE A BRITISH PRISON. Ancient Building at Bangor Destroyed By Fire.

Bangor, Me., Nov. 5.—The historical landmark known as the Crosby warehouse in Hampden, five miles below the city, used at one time as a British prison, was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning.

It was a three-story brick building, erected in 1809 by Gen. Charles Crosby at the head of the then extensive docks at Hampden, where imports from the West Indies and other foreign ports were landed. It was the most pretentious building in the Penobscot valley at that time.

In 1814, when the British fleet came up the river and harassed the inhabitants, the building was used for a prison, and many native prisoners were confined there. It has been used for various purposes since, but for some years has been unoccupied.

The Bangor Historical society, had an option on the property, and a plan to preserve it and establish a museum was under consideration. The property was owned by J. N. Towle and the J. C. Towle estate of Bangor and was worth about \$1000. The origin of the fire is unknown. The building was not insured.

ONE INSTANTLY KILLED.

And Another Hurt When Automobile Struck Wagon.

Worcester, Mass., Nov. 5.—Otis Winslow Everett, aged 63 years, cousin of Congressman Samuel E. Winslow, and manager of the Winslow Skate company, was instantly killed, and his son, Louis Winslow Everett, aged 31, suffered a broken nose and several body bruises about 3:15 yesterday afternoon, when an automobile in which they were returning to Worcester from a business trip to Boston, crashed into a wagon at Belmont street and Coburn avenue.

The men in the wagon, Dominika Marterio, aged 27; Constanto Laboria, aged 20, and Dominico Contotal, aged 22, all of Demarco terrace, were thrown into the street, but escaped serious injury.

According to Louis Everett, who was driving the car, he noticed a red light as he left the Lake Canaway and thought it was the rear light of another automobile. He was planning to turn out when he suddenly saw another light directly in his path. He then discovered the first light was a signal on the street railway, and to save himself from running into a wall he turned the car quickly back into the road, to find the wagon directly in his way. He jammed on the brakes to avoid a collision, but the car skidded, struck the rear end of the wagon and turned turtle, burying him and his father under the wreck.

The elder Mr. Everett was a very large man and the seat of the automobile rested on his head and the upper part of his body in such a manner that the weight was kept from crushing the life out of his son.

Mr. Everett was born in Newton Upper Falls and his body will be taken to Newtonville for burial Saturday after services at 2:30.

MONTPELIER

John Latusch and Elms Lorasway Were Married in Stowe Oct. 27.

Having been quietly married in Stowe a week ago Wednesday, Oct. 27, and unknown to their friends, Mr. and Mrs. John Latusch who have been visiting relatives in this city since that time were discovered and comforted and then at the Central Vermont station this morning by a number of friends and relatives, the newly married couple having for their home, the bride was Miss Elms Lorasway of Stowe. They have been visiting Mrs. Leo Gauthier, Mrs. George Moraw, Mrs. Frank Murray and Mrs. Homer Savoie, Jr., in this city.

Fourteen excursion tickets were sold at the local station in Montreal to-day. Among those who went were Bert Snow, who is taking a vacation from his duties in the Montpelier Grocery company, and Mr. and Mrs. John Doherty of Nibley avenue.

MRS. MARY H. GATES

Died Yesterday Afternoon at the Home of Her Son, George M. Gates.

Mrs. Mary H. Gates passed away at the home of her son, George M. Gates, 22 Orange street, Thursday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock. She had been in impaired health for several years, although her condition did not become serious until a few months ago. Besides the son with whom she resided many years, she leaves a second son, Ernest I. Gates, a resident of Schenectady, N. Y. Her husband, Scott L. Gates, is in Bridgeport, Conn. Two nieces, Miss Ethel McLaren and Mrs. Jennie Alken, live in St. Johnsbury, and a half-brother, Harvey A. McLaren, is a resident of Barnet.

Mary Helen (McLaren) Gates was born in Barnet in 1845 and had been a resident of Barre for the past 35 years. She was a member of the Barre Congregational church.

Funeral services will be held at the home, 22 Orange street, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Barnett of the Congregational church will be the officiating clergyman and interment is to be made in Hope cemetery.

DEATH OF A. B. CLIFFORD.

Well Known Resident of East Montpelier Died Last Evening.

Amplyous B. Clifford, a resident of East Montpelier for over fifty years and a veteran of the Civil war, died at 10 o'clock last evening at his home in East Montpelier village after two days' illness with bronchitis and heart trouble. Mr. Clifford suffered a severe illness two years ago, which left him in poor health, and he has been unable to pursue steadily his work as wheelwright, a trade which he followed for many years.

The deceased was about 70 years of age and he leaves, besides his wife, no near relatives, Eugene and William Whitcomb of Montpelier being nephews, and George A. Huntington of First avenue, Montpelier, is a brother-in-law. He was a member of Brooks post, G. A. R., of Montpelier and belonged to the Wyoming lodge of the Masons, North Montpelier. Mr. Clifford enlisted in the Union army July 27, 1864, in the 9th Vermont regiment, but was transferred to Co. E of the 6th Vermont. He was mustered out on July 29, 1865.

The funeral probably will be held Sunday at his late home.

20 DOCTORS IN CONFERENCE.

Not On Any Single Patient But On Diseases in General.

St. Johnsbury, Nov. 5.—The quarterly meeting of the Caledonia County Medical association was held at the Avenue house last night with a large attendance of physicians and invited guests. Dr. George Rublee of Hardwick, vice president, presided at the meeting, and papers were read on the "Biliary Tract" by Dr. E. H. Ross of this place, and on "Gastric Ulcer and Cancer" by Dr. Fred B. Lund of Boston, president of the Clinical Congress of Surgeons of North America. At the banquet which followed, Dr. J. M. Allen of St. Johnsbury acted as toastmaster and the speakers were Dr. C. A. Crumlin and Dr. Rev. A. P. Grinn of this place, and Dr. Lund. The latter gave an interesting talk on his experience as a member of the Harvard unit in France. Yesterday afternoon, Dr. J. M. Allen conducted a clinic at Brightlock hospital which was attended by nearly a score of doctors.

HOUSE AT ST. ALBANS BURNED.

With It Went a Barn, Total Loss Being \$2,500.

St. Albans, Nov. 5.—The last house in the city known as High street, which Eugene W. Dewart recently bought of his mother, Mrs. S. C. Dewart, of Detroit, Mich., was burned to the ground early last evening. Most of the household goods on the first floor were saved, but only a few articles of furniture on the second floor, which was occupied by Herbert L. Bingham and family. The barn was also destroyed. The loss on house and barn is \$2,500, partially covered by insurance. It is thought that the fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp. Mrs. Dewart and infant child were not in the house. Mr. Dewart had been reading and stepping into the shed returned in about five minutes to find the kitchen in flames. Mrs. S. C. Dewart, who lived in Burlington for the past few years, left recently to make her home in Detroit.

WOMAN BADLY HURT.

When Husband's New Machine Was Overturned at Orwell.

Orwell, Nov. 5.—Mrs. Clifford Watt was seriously injured yesterday afternoon when the automobile, in which she and her husband were riding, went over a 20-foot bank, overturning and pinning her beneath. Mr. Watt escaped with slight cuts about the head. Mrs. Watt was unconscious for a long time.

The automobile, a five-passenger, was a new one and was delivered to Mr. Watt only yesterday morning. The accident occurred at the railroad station crossing. A train was approaching and Mr. Watt, who saw it, drove his car toward the bank to avoid a collision.

GOING TO ENLIST.

Three St. Johnsbury Young Men Leave for Montreal.

St. Johnsbury, Nov. 5.—Sidney Lawrence, Oliver Curtis and James Crookford left yesterday for Montreal en route to England, expecting to enlist. They are English citizens. Curtis is a member of the English reserves. The young men have been here a few years employed at Fairbank's sock factory.

Lucky Man. The prisoner threw the magazine across his head in disgust and cursed eloquently. "Nether" but continued stories," he growled, "as 'I'm to be hung next Tuesday."—Chicago Herald.

WILSON DELAYS HIS DEPARTURE

He Stays in New York Longer Than He Expected To-day

SHOWS THE TOWN TO HIS FIANCEE

Also Accepts Dinner Invitation from Cleveland H. Dodge

New York, Nov. 5.—President Wilson, whose first plans were to return to Washington at 10 o'clock this morning, delayed his departure until late to-day in order to accept a dinner invitation of Cleveland H. Dodge.

Despite the late hour at which he left the Manhattan club banquet last night after making his first speech on preparedness, the president was up early to-day and at 9 o'clock called at Mrs. Galt's hotel and took his fiancée for a long automobile ride.

WILSON SEEKS FAVOR ON MORE DEFENSE

Begins Campaign for Support of Policy of Better Preparation Against War—Addressed Manhattan Club Banquet in New York Last Night.

New York, Nov. 5.—President Wilson opened the administration campaign for his national defense program in a comprehensive and carefully prepared address delivered here last night at the Manhattan club banquet. He declared solemnly that the United States had no aggressive purposes, must be prepared to defend itself to assume "full liberty and self-development." Significantly he said that, "with ourselves in this great matter we associate all the people of our own hemisphere," adding that, "we wish not only for the United States, but for them the fullest freedom of independent growth of action."

The president was received with enthusiastic applause as he entered the banquet hall and during his address, the hall was decorated with American flags and even the galleries were filled with Democrats, happy over their victory in New York City. When the president rose to speak, everyone jumped up and applauded again and again until he was forced to signal for quiet.

"Within a year," said the president, "we have witnessed what we did not think possible, a great European conflict involving many of the greatest nations of the world. The influence of the great war are everywhere in the air. All Europe is in battle. Force everywhere speaks out with a loud and imperious voice in a titanic struggle of government, and from one end of our own dear country to the other end men are asking one another what our own force is, how far we are prepared to maintain ourselves against any interference with our national action or development."

The president called upon "men of all shades of political opinion" to rally to the support of the program. He said it represented "the best professional and expert opinion of the country," and he gave warning that "if men differ with me in this vital matter I shall ask them to make it clear how far and in what way they are interested in making the permanent interests of the country safe against disturbance."

"No thoughtful man," declared the president, "feels any panic haste in this matter. The country is not threatened from any quarter. She stands in friendly relations with all the world. Her resources are known and her self-respect and her capacity to care for her own citizens and her own rights. There is no fear amongst us. Under the new world conditions we have become thoughtful of the things which all reasonable men consider necessary for security and self-defense on the part of every nation confronted with the great enterprise of human liberty and independence. That is all."

"Is the plan we propose sane and reasonable and suited to the needs of the hour? Does it not conform to the ancient traditions of America? Has any better plan been proposed than this program that we now place before the country? In it there is no pride of opinion. It represents the best professional and expert judgment of the country. But I am not so much interested in program as I am in safeguarding at every cost the good faith and honor of the country. If men differ with me in this vital matter, I shall ask them to make it clear how far and in what way they are interested in making the permanent interests of the country safe against disturbance."

"The fulfillment of the program I propose I shall ask for the hearty support of the country, of men of all shades of opinion, of men of all shades of political opinion. For my position in this important matter is different from that of the private individual who is free to speak his own thoughts and to risk his own opinions in this matter. We are here dealing with things that are vital to the life of America itself. In doing this I have tried to purge my heart of all personal and selfish motives. For the time being, I speak as the trustee and guardian of a nation's rights, charged with the duty of speaking for that nation in matters involving her sovereignty—a nation too big and generous to be contenting and yet courageous enough to defend its rights and the liberties of its people wherever assaulted or invaded. I would not feel that I was discharging the solemn obligation I owe the country were I not to speak in terms of the deepest solemnity of the urgency and necessity of preparing ourselves to guard and protect

BRYAN IN TIRADE AGAIN WILSON

Attacked President's Policy of Preparedness and Says Wilson Himself Admits There Is No Need for a Change.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 5.—Former Secretary of State Bryan came out squarely against President Wilson's national defense plan to-day in a formal statement. A departure from our traditions, the reversal of our national policy, a menace to our peace and safety and a challenge to the spirit of Christianity, which teaches us to influence others by example rather than by exciting fear, is Mr. Bryan's expressed view of the national defense plans set forth in the president's speech last night.

"The president himself admits there is no reason for a change in our policy," says Bryan, and continued: "He says the country is not threatened from any quarter. She stands in friendly relations with all the world. Her resources and her self-respect and capacity to care for her own citizens and right are well known," and to make the statement the more emphatic, he adds, "There is no fear amongst us. If we are not threatened by any nation, if our relations with all nations are friendly, if anybody knows that we are able to defend ourselves if necessary, and if there is no fear amongst us, why is this time chosen to revolutionize our national theories and to exchange our policy for the policy of Europe?"

"Why abandon the hope that we have so long entertained of setting an example to Europe? Why encourage the nations of Europe in their fatal folly by imitating them? Why impose upon the western hemisphere a policy so disastrous?"

"There has not been a time in 50 years when there was less reason to add to the expenses of the army and navy, for we are not only without an enemy but our preparedness is increasing relatively as the other nations exhaust themselves."

REAL RIOT OF REGALIA

Marked Hospital Benefit Masquerade Dance Last Night.

"We can all make merry again," the slogan adopted by the Hospital Aid society in staging its masque carnival at Howland hall should be revamped to read, "We all made merry again." We all applies to some four hundred people who participated in one of the most joyous dancing functions of the year in Howland hall last evening. Nearly every one who joined in giving the slogan its strictest construction went on masque. It was a riot of adornment and the variety of regalia employed by the dancers at once defies description. Beyond the most sanguine hopes of the hospital workers, the carnival was a moving success, financially and in the measure that it provided many novel variations from dances of the less spectacular sort. There was a very generous response on the part of the public and needless to say, had there been a disposition to let someone else do the masking, the carnival in some of its aspects would have been a failure.

Prizes offered by the society for the most comical and the most original costumes were awarded near intermission time by a jury of three, who had carefully scrutinized all of the masqueraders. The prize for the most original female costume went to Miss Jessie McLean of the Barre City hospital, who was dressed as an old woman of eight generations, or thereabouts, ago. To Miss Marie Quinlen went the prize for the most original feminine costume. Her attire was made up wholly of college banners. A. L. Jameson, togged out in apparel woven out of ropes, defied the implication that he was marked for the gallows, and won the first prize for the most original attire. The prize for the most comical male costume went to Harry W. Quimby of Newport, N. H.

Beyond any doubt the awards were popular with the dancers as a round of loud applause punctuated each announcement. If the judges had set out to make four awards and attach thereto a list of "honorably mentioned," fully three-fourths of those who made pretentious efforts to masquerade would have been in the honors.

Carroll's orchestra played for the dancing and there were a number of bizarre features in the dance order. Confetti dances there were aplenty, but interest during a part of the evening centered largely about the dancing of the pierrots. In the clownish costumes of the old French and Italian jesting valet, they presented a very striking appearance. The following couple were the most original: Henry Carroll and Miss Ruth Humphrey, Grace Barclay and Miss Ethel Morgan, Frederick Keston and Miss Vera Lyman, Perry Oliver and Miss Sue Nichols, Edmund Lorange and Miss Elizabeth Carson, Mr. Brennan and Miss Gladys Bradford, Alexander Hall and Miss Ruth Parker, John Sector and Miss Alice Evans.

Throughout the evening refreshments of ice cream, wafers and lemonade were served at a booth in the northeast corner of the hall. Carnival decorations surrounded the refreshment and confetti booths, and the revenue from those two sources augmented considerably the receipts at the door.

The following committee had charge of the carnival: Mrs. E. M. Tobin, chairman; Mrs. Ella Eastman, Mrs. Robert Q. McDowell, Mrs. Charles Scott, Mrs. M. H. Miller, Mrs. C. T. Hill, Mrs. Mattie Willey, Mrs. H. A. Richardson, Miss Ena Adie and Miss Annie Bradley; in charge of the favor booth and refreshments, Mrs. F. M. Kempton, Mrs. W. P. Scott and Mrs. Grant A. Lane.

BURGLARY AND LARCENY.

Were Charges Brought in Franklin County Court.

St. Albans, Nov. 5.—In Franklin county court yesterday State's Attorney A. S. Cushing filed information against John Lowell, Frank Laro and Eddie Gosselin, and all pleaded guilty. Lowell and Laro were charged with burglary of the storeroom of the Green Mountain Packing company and Gosselin was charged with the larceny of \$100 from Edward Laro of Newfittville. F. Q. Gosselin, who is in the hospital, was charged with the larceny of \$100 from the storeroom of the Green Mountain Packing company.

JURY'S TASK DIFFICULT

Two Widely Varying Stories Told of Witness Stand

ARGUMENTS MADE IN GARELLI CASE

Barre Man Was Charged with Assault with Intent to Kill

The case of state vs. Pietro Garelli, charged with assault with intent to kill, was given to the jury this forenoon, the arguments, which were commenced late yesterday afternoon, having been completed to-day. This is one of three cases which are similar. Two other respondents, Pietro Zampini and Giacinto Polti, are alleged to have been with Garelli when the assault took place in Barre on Aug. 7.

Three witnesses for the state identified the respondent as one of three men seen on Circle street at the time of the alleged attack on Eugene Gapit, an Austrian, Gapit testifying that Garelli, Zampini and Polti were the trio who jumped on him and shot twice at him as he was prone on the ground.

James Andrews and Alexander Porter, who testified that they had known the trio for six or seven years, gave evidence that they met the men on Circle street after the fire alarm had rung, the box being pulled in by Gapit, and also testified that they were able to make identifications because of the headlights of the auto fire truck, which shone on the men's faces. They greeted the Italians but none answered.

Against this evidence the defense put on witnesses, including the respondent, Polti and Zampini, to show that the three men were at home and in bed at the time of the trouble, and two of the men told of failing to hear the fire alarm. Throughout the trial the state put in evidence tending to show that because of the strike which existed last spring, when there were two factions among the strikers, ill feeling existed against Gapit by the Italians and that a threat had been made that Gapit would "get his." Counsel for the defense objected against much of that testimony and also against the introduction of a verse in an Italian paper which is said to be about "scabs."

The next case to be taken up is that of state vs. Raffaele Mastriani, charged with impeding an officer. Next week one of the two manslaughter cases on the list of state cases may be taken up. Attorney-General Barber is expected in the city tomorrow and will be associated with the state's attorney in the trial of those cases.

DOUBLE MISFORTUNE.

Barre Bowlers Motored Into Ditch and Then Were Beaten at St. Johnsbury.

Misfortune befell a company of Barre bowlers as they bowled toward St. Johnsbury early last evening in Jack Anderson's touring car. The gleaming spires of the lily white town were discernible just over the roll of the land and but a short five miles lay in the path of the car, when the rear end of the machine sagged and came perilously near precipitating the occupants of the second seat into the highway. Driver Anderson, with his auto headed for the deep ditch, applied the brakes successfully on the very edge of the depression in the landscape.

The bowlers, Thomas Batchelder, Fred Ferrin, Edmund Gardens, Robert Phillip and Thomas Davidson, clambered out of the machine to await developments. Soon there appeared a larger car, devoid of passengers but for the driver, and headed in a direction that promised to land the rolling team on the alleys in seasonable time. While Mr. Anderson was waiting for assistance from St. Johnsbury, the bowlers made street and finished to Barre this morning. A St. Johnsbury car was requisitioned to carry the Barre bowlers back to Washington county and Mr. Anderson's car was brought to this city to-day.

Misfortune was a consistent and persistent companion of the Barre team, for the St. Johnsbury bowlers added a bit of irony to the situation by inflicting a decisive defeat on the visitors.

TALK OF THE TOWN

John Shea, of the Shea Shoe Co. left to-day for Boston, on a few day's visit.

Remember the chicken pie supper Saturday at the Presbyterian church. A special table reserved for store clerks—adv. L. E. Hutchinson of Brookline street returned to Barre this morning from Northfield, where he has been visiting friends in the Cox brook neighborhood.

A telephone call at the fire station summoned the firemen to the house of Joseph Kovachy at 23 Maple street this afternoon at 1:30. The auto truck made a flying trip to the scene and found a chimney blaze. A short stay was made until all danger was past. No damage was done.

Particulars of an \$8,000 realty transaction are at hand as a result of the consummation of a sale of the farm in Willimansett owned by Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Colby recorded to-day. The property, located a short distance from the George Lynde farm, is known as one of the best pieces of farming realty in this portion of Vermont. Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Colby of Lowell, Mass., are the purchasers and they were away to-day, moving their household goods from the car in which they were on their way to Willimansett week. They are to take possession next week. The farm comprises 200 acres of land and the deal includes tools and a part of the crops. Mr. Colby will dispose of other property at a public auction. The transaction was completed through the home office of the B. A. Perry Real Estate Agency.