

We are requested to publish the proceedings of the Alburgh celebration entire. As a sheet of this size we cannot find room for a detailed account, more particularly at this time. Suffice it to say that as usual on such occasions everything passed off in good order. The day was ushered in with a national salute from a six pounder—captured from the British at the battle of Plattsburgh. Capt. Giles Harrington officiated as Marshal of the day. Declaration read by H. H. Reynolds, Oration by F. Hazen Esq. It may be necessary to state that the Alburgh Band discoursed most soul-stirring music on the occasion.

At the table a patriot of 76 presided, and to give the gentlemen an appetite the ladies were also present. This is as it should be. Who were more patriotic during the Revolution than the ladies? And who can appreciate freedom better than their daughters? From the spirited toasts we select the following:

The fourth of July—May it continue to be celebrated when Kings tyrants and despots shall be unknown in the earth.

The memory of Washington—(Drank standing and in solemn silence.)

The President of the day—whose existence is precisely contemporary with the day we celebrate, a proud coincidence in the order of providence may be yet live to see the American Eagle perch upon the mountains of Canada—(three cheers.)

The Army and Navy—May they never dishonor the American flag.

The memory of Lafayette—When the day arrives in which the freemen of the U.S. can honorably pay the debt they owe to the descendants of France may it be done with compound interest.

The President of the U. S.—(No drinking.)

The American Eagle—May she ere long spread her wings over the entire continent of North America.

The memory of the patriot Chenier—When his country is free let his epitaph be written.

Andrew Jackson—The hero of New Orleans,—in the next struggle with Great Britain may a double portion of his spirit animate every officer in the U. S. service—(Drank standing.)

The American Congress—May those members who voted for the late Neutrality Bill, like Judas, repent and go out.

The memory of Thomas Jefferson.

The memory of Von Scholtz—The patriot and hero; his name will be held dear to every lover of liberty while that of Calborne is lost in infamy and disgrace.

The flag of freedom—We believe there are some who now surround this festive board that will yet live to see it floating in triumph over the whole continent of America.

The revolution in Canada may its course be onward, propelled by the blood of its martyred heroes, spilt at the shrine of liberty, may it speedily triumph and bring down vengeance upon the heads of its enemies.

American Apostates—If ever an American, at home or abroad, shall condemn the Republican institutions of his country, may a mark be put upon him; may the finger of scorn be always pointed at him; may cold neglect meet him every where; may the shades of the martyrs of liberty haunt him, day and night, till, in deep anguish of spirit, he shall be constrained to cry out, like one of old, my punishment is greater than I can bear.

Capt. Sherman of the Steamboat Burlington—May his torism, hypocrisy, and treachery to the patriots last Fall, forever disgrace him in the eyes of every Republican.

To the Publisher of the N. American.

SIR—In your paper of the 24th instant, notice a statement made by an Alburgh correspondent, of the outrage committed at 6th Concession upon the two Mr. Donaldsons; I feel that what is published, falls far short of exposing all the turpitude connected with the affair. I have learned the facts from a source that renders doubts impossible. Saturday a woman on Beach Ridge had a bee to rear the body of a log house; the two Donaldsons, Nathan and Thomas attended; while busy at the work a British dragoon came there, who soon got into a quarrel with one Nichols, a late volunteer, a poor drunken, quarrelsome fellow; from words, they went to blows, and Nicholas was soon top, doing up the troop's chores with a right good will. The two Mr. Donaldsons, for the purpose of saving the troopers corporation and Queen's coat from destruction, quit their work and took Nichols off. The dragoon got up, took himself, looked at his uniform, cursed the whole party and departed.

Monday the two Mr. Donaldsons and Nichols were arrested by a warrant and taken to 6th Concession for trial; Mr. Al-

bert Chapman of St. Albans, and Capt. McCummings of the Queen's service, sat as a court, who inquired of two or three persons (but not under oath) and ordered N. Donaldson and Nichols to furnish bail in some two or three hundred dollars each, and acquitted T. Donaldson; Donaldson furnished his bail; Nichols was unable to give bail. Without losing any time, N. Donaldson and his brother backed their waggon out, Nathan had got into it with two or three others in company with them, and Thomas was about to get in, when he discovered the same Dragoon who figured the Saturday before at the raising, who was at the same time pointing out the two Donaldsons to the troops, whose barracks were within a few paces, and exclaiming "there are the d—d rascals;" some twenty or thirty of the royal troop pounced upon these victims; three fell upon Thomas, who after being thrown down and considerably bruised and disfigured, succeeded in clearing himself from the wretches and escaped into a house. While this was going on, a large number pitched upon Nathan in the waggon; he was first struck across the back of his neck with a club, which stunned him, & at the same moment dragged out of the waggon, & the waggon turned bottom side up. Nathan while thus prostrate and insensible, was literally covered with soldiers, each kicking, stamping and pounding their victim in the most brutal manner, until they considered him lifeless. After Donaldson had lain a short time in his blood by the road side, a Captain took him up and carried him into the Guard House. After some time Donaldson became apparently sensible (though not really so) when the waggon and horses were put in order, and the Captain took him back and put him into the waggon to be carried home. While on their way to the waggon, a large soldier was suffered to strike Donaldson again with his fist, with full force and effect. Donaldson was then laid apparently lifeless into the carriage, and his friends were suffered to take him away. Donaldson was taken to his house & medical aid procured. On the third day he came to his senses, which is the first recollection he has had since he was struck with a club in the waggon. His case has not arrived at that crisis at which his chances of recovery can be correctly judged of.

The Donaldsons are steady industrious men; and are emphatically good citizens although residing in Canada. What is most remarkable to those unacquainted with Canadian laws, government, and morals, is that during all the time while this horrid transaction was passing, the court, the military commander of that section of territory, and all other officers of the volunteers on the spot, were apparently indifferent spectators of the whole. The Donaldsons by the laws of all civilized nations, were under the protection of the court before which they had been called.

JUSTICE.

Alburgh, July 27, 1839.

For the North American.

(WRITTEN JULY 4TH, 1839.)

Hark! what sound is that? It is the cannon's roar as it peals forth to the world the death knell to British oppressions in these fair states; at that sound tyrants and despot tremble—patriots rejoice. Hush! Hear the loud huzzahs of the multitude, and look! see yonder star-wrought banner floating on high with a wild, majestic flow as though partaking of the general jubilee. A lovelier banner never waved over the brave than our bleeding fathers won and proudly bequeathed to their children. This is the anniversary of that glorious day when Americans dared be free, dared bid defiance to British despots, dared vindicate their rights; relying for aid against their tyrannical oppressors upon the God of battles and the justness of their cause. It is a nation's jubilee; and may the sons of liberty never forget to celebrate this anniversary as befits the glorious day. How many thoughts rush tumultuously to our minds upon the return of the anniversary of those events which we are commemorating till lost in the contemplation, we fancy we can see our immortal Washington heading his gallant heroic band; see them march to the conflict with a firm tread, knit brows, clenched hands, an unnatural light spread over their countenances ever revealing their deadly hatred towards their despotic oppressors and their determination to conquer or die; see them engaged in the dread-

ful conflict the aged sire, the giddy youth; the father and son, side by side with a holy enthusiasm. Hark! the war-cry of Washington and liberty; death or glorious victory, peals to the skies in accents so dread and wild as make the life-blood start—the combat thickens! hear the shouts of the assailants, the shrieks of the wounded and the groans of the dying; see multitudes pouring into the deepest convulsions of the fight; see the fierce charge of the horsemen; see them fall smeared with blood and die beneath their horses feet; arms and standard trampled in blood; column and line burst through each other. But Hark! that cry again, it is victory! Victory! yes American valor and love of liberty have prevailed over foreign hirelings, trained soldiery—for vain is it for trained warriors to fight against a people actuated by the purest feeling which can influence the human mind. How many such visions pass through the mind of a true American, and with what holy enthusiasm he gazes upon the bright and meteor glare of the striped banner till his bosom heaves tumultuously, his hands become clenched and he involuntarily joins the multitude in their loud huzzahs with which the welkin rings. Oh! that the patriots of the Canadas could join us in the celebration; but the time, is not far distant when not only the Canadas but the now down-trodden and debased subjects of British royalty in Great Britain itself shall rise in their might and destroy every vestige of royalty, and the cry of liberty which will be raised in Canada will be responded to from the other side of the Atlantic. Yes! the tottering thrones of Europe shall crumble into dust, and the cry of liberty shall resound from clime to clime, and from pole to pole, for the spirit of liberty is abroad, and the minions of despotic power might as well attempt to chain the forked lightnings of heaven as to arrest its progress.

A. M.

For the North American.

SCENES IN CANADA.

I have seen the worthy and honest man branded as a felon, and driven from his home as an outlaw, and his family turned out into the frost and snows of winter, because he presumed to follow the honest dictates of his own conscience, and do his duty.

I have seen the heavens lighted by the lurid flame of the peasant's happy cot, and the mechanic's once pleasant home, and the occupants mourning in the depth of winter, over the ashes of their late peaceful dwelling.

I have been where news of battle came, and have seen the tears course down the withered cheeks of age; and the merry glee of childhood restrained, to mourn over some affectionate relative, who taught their earliest sports, and led their first games; some loved brother, the playmate of infancy; or even perhaps, the idolizing fathers whose very step was welcomed as the harbinger of joy, and whose voice, was as music to their listening ears.

I have seen a few private persons urged on by their own jealousy and hate, load with abuse, drag to the dungeon, and finally murder on the scaffold, their innocent victims, under pretence of their being "dangerous men," and traitors to their country.

I have seen the last morsel of bread wrenched from the hands of the famishing Canadians to support an inhuman and ruthless soldiery, the instruments of despotic power, to oppress, and enslave a harmless, and unoffending people.

And seeing all this, I said no wonder the Canadians revolt! Heaven speed them in their efforts!

TRISTRAM.

"We wish our FELLOW SUBJECTS in the United States," (says the Montreal Courier) could be made acquainted with the fact, that in the Canadas lands equal in fertility, cultivated and wild, are to be had for one fourth the prices demanded in the States."

We twig the idea, Mr. Courier. We know there are British subjects in the U. S., and the vipers ought not to be nourished by Republicans; it is incompatible with their interests and their duty. It is these subjects to a foreign power, and who are very numerous in this country, that are corrupting Republican institutions, and clearing the way for the return of that aristocratic tyranny which was once driven from the land at the expense of blood.

In regard to the price of lands in Canada we have only to remark that a liberal form of Government would increase the value of property four fold.

It gives us sincere and heartfelt gratification to be able to inform our readers, that upwards of TWENTY DOLLARS has been contributed by the citizens of Fort Covington, to purchase copies of W. L. Mackenzie's able and eloquent Defence before the Court which sentenced him to 18 months imprisonment.—They are designed for gratuitous distribution. A good example—let other towns imitate it.—Franklin Gazette.

It is a pity that something cannot be done for Mackenzie in Swanton and other towns in this vicinity. We can furnish a few copies of the Gazette containing the trials of Messrs. Mackenzie and Case, to such as make immediate application.

Property Lottery.

SCHEDULE of property for sale by lottery, on Caldwell's Manor, on the first Monday in September next. The subscriber, desirous of leaving the country is induced to take this method of disposing of his real and personal property. Price of Tickets \$5.00.

- 1st Prize, House, barn, out buildings and 5 acres of land, 3d lot in the 8th concession on Caldwell's Manor, \$600.00
- 2. Nine do, adjoining the above land on the west 200.00
- 3. Nine do, adjoining the last mentioned land on the west, 150.00
- 4. Nine do do do do 125.00
- 5. Nine do do do do 125.00
- 6. Nine do do do do 50.00
- 7. Nine do do do do 50.00
- 8. One Double Waggon, 40.00
- 9. One Grey Horse, 40.00
- 10. One Sorrel Horse, 40.00
- 11. One New Double Harness, 30.00
- 12. One Pot Ash Kettle, (best) 30.00
- 13. One do do 25.00
- 14. One Double Sleigh, 15.00
- 15. One Cook Stove, 20.00
- 16 to 25. Ten Prizes of two ewes and two lambs each at \$8.00 per Prize, 80.00
- 26. One Fanning Mill, 7.00
- 27. One Plow, 5.00
- 28. One Cross-Cut Saw, 5.00

\$1,637.00

THOS. DONALDSON.

Beach Ridge, Caldwell's Manor, July 25, 1839.

We, the undersigned, are acquainted with the property mentioned in the above schedule, and, in our opinion, it is worth the amount it is estimated at, and we feel willing to purchase tickets and abide the result, as we believe it will be fairly drawn.

JAMES CURTIS.
WILLIAM MILLER.

Notice.

THE Public are hereby notified, that the undersigned will petition the General Assembly of the State of Vermont, at the October Session, A. D. 1839, for the exclusive privilege of keeping a Ferry from Abel Phelps' landing place in Alburgh, to the landing place in North Hero, opposite to said Phelps' landing place; and from said landing place in North Hero to the said Phelps landing place in Alburgh, and so along the shores of North Hero and Alburgh, one mile each way from both of said landing places, for, and during the term of ten years from, and after the 1st day of November A. D. 1839.

ABEL PHELPS.

Alburgh, July 27, 1839. 17-3w

Public Notice.

Is hereby given that the undersigned will petition the General Assembly of the State of Vermont at its next session, shewing that the Ferry now kept by Abel Phelps, to whom the privilege of ferrying across the waters of Lake Champlain, dividing the Towns of North Hero and Alburgh, in the County of Grand Isle, was some few years since granted, is in danger of being discontinued for want of some suitable person to carry on the same, and inasmuch as the said Ferry is of the utmost importance to the public, he will pray that Honorable Body for a grant of the privilege of a Ferry from the farm now occupied by himself in said North Hero to the opposite shore in Alburgh, for the term of ten years from and after the first day of Dec., 1840, extending along the shore of said North Hero from the Block-house Point so called, north to a point of land called Squire's Point; and along the Lake shore of Alburgh from the point of the Tongue, north to the farm of Abijah Pettit in said Alburgh.

THOMAS PETIT.

Alburgh, July 15, 1839.

Farmers

Will find at the Store of the Subscriber a good Stock of Scythes, Snathes, Pitchforks and Rakes as cheap as the cheapest.

- ALSO—
- N. E. Rum at 55cts. per gallon.
- St. Cruz do. 95cts. do.
- A. Gin 75cts. do.
- A. Brandy 95cts. do.
- Bbl. Salt at \$2.34 per Bbl.
- Cod Fish at 5 1-2cts. per lb.
- Summer Oil, (1st. quality) at 80cts.
- Winter Sperm Oil at \$1.25.

Cash wanted at a good bargain, for all Sorts of Goods.

Old Accounts paid for Cash, &c.
LORENZO PERRY,
Solicitor Merchant,
Swanton Falls, 16th July, 1839.

Fashionable Tailoring.

FRANCIS McCADDEN, grateful for past favors, since he commenced business begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the

Tailoring Business,

in all its various branches, one door north of the Post Office, where he will be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with their custom. Garments, warranted to fit, and of the very best workmanship and latest fashion. CUTTING done on short notice. Wanted, one or two first rate Journeymen. St. Albans, July 12, 1839.

DR. WILLIAM EVAN'S

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

PREPARED BY HIMSELF.

To Mothers and Nurses.

The passage of the Teeth through the gums produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is great irritation in the mouth and gums during the process. The gums swell, the secretion and saliva is increased, the child is seized with frequent and sudden fits of crying, watchings, starting in the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts; the child shrieks with extreme violence, and thrusts its fingers into its mouth. If these precursory symptoms are not speedily alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally supervene, and soon cause the dissolution of the infant.—Mothers who have their little babes afflicted with these distressing symptoms should apply DR. Wm. EVAN'S CELEBRATED SOOTHING SYRUP, which has preserved hundreds of infants when thought fast recovery, from being suddenly attacked with that fatal malady, convulsions—

A Blessing to Mothers.

Dr. W. Evans's celebrated Soothing Syrup for Children cutting their teeth.

THIS infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of children when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. The preparation is so innocent, so efficacious, and so pleasant that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, though there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle of syrup should be used on the gums to open the pores.—Parents never should be without the syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for if a child wakes in the night with a pain in the gums, the syrup immediately gives ease by opening the pores and healing the gums, thereby preventing Convulsions, Fevers, &c.

Proof positive of the efficacy of Dr. Evan's Soothing Syrup.

To the Agent of Dr. Evan's Soothing Syrup: Dear Sir—The great benefit afforded to my suffering infant from your Soothing Syrup, in a case of protracted and painful dentition, must convince every feeling parent how essential an early application of such an invaluable medicine is to relieve infant misery and torture. My infant while teething, experienced such acute sufferings, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and family supposed that death would soon release the babe from anguish, till we procured a bottle of your syrup; which as soon as I applied to the gums, a wonderful change was produced, and after a few applications the child displayed obvious relief, and by continuing in its use, I am glad to inform you, the child has completely recovered, and no recurrence of that awful complaint has since occurred; the teeth are emanating daily, and the child enjoys perfect health. I give you my cheerful permission to make this acknowledgement public, and will gladly give any information on this circumstance.

WM. JOHNSON.

A gentleman who has made trial of Dr. Evan's Soothing Syrup, in his family, (in case of a teething child,) wishes us to state that he found it entirely effectual in relieving pain in the gums, and preventing the consequences which sometimes follow. We cheerfully comply with his request.

N. Y. SUN.

We believe it is generally acknowledged by those who have tried it, that the Soothing Syrup for Children Cutting Teeth, advertised in another column, is a highly useful article for the purposes for which it is intended. Highly respectable persons, at any rate, who have made use of it, do not hesitate to give its virtues the sanction of their names.

BOSTON TRAVELLER.

A severe case of teething with summer complaint, cured by the infallible American Soothing Syrup of Dr. W. Evans. Mrs. McPherson, residing at No. 8 Madison St., called a few days since at the Medical Office of Dr. Evans, 100 Chatham Street, N. Y., and purchased a bottle of the syrup for her child, who was suffering excruciating pain during the process of dentition, being momentarily threatened with convulsions; its bowels too were extremely loose, and no food could be retained on its stomach. Almost immediately on its application, the alarming symptoms entirely ceased, and by continuing the use of the syrup on the gums, the bowels in a short time became quite natural. As a tribute of gratitude for the benefit afforded the child, the mother came forward of her own accord, and freely sanctioned publicity to the above. Pray be particular in applying at 100 Chatham street, as there are several counterfeiters advertised. No other place has the genuine for sale.

IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS—Children generally suffer much uneasiness from the cutting of their teeth. Whatever dangerous or fatal symptoms attend this process of nature, they are produced invariably from the highly irritated and inflamed condition of the parts—therefore the principal indications of cure are to abate the inflammation and to soften, soothe and relax the gums.—If that is effected, the infant is preserved from subsequent fever, inflammation, spasmodic coughs, twitching of tendons, croup, canker and convulsions, displaying their fatal consequences. If mothers, nurses or guardians have their babes tortured with painful and protracted dentition, and this notice attracts their attention, they should not be deterred from purchasing a bottle of EVAN'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, the incomparable virtue of which in completely relieving the most distressing cases (when applied to the infant's gums as directed) is invaluable.—The remedy has restored thousands of children when on the verge of the grave to the embraces of their distracted parents, attacked with that awful and mortiferous malady—convulsions.

Sold at Dr. W. Evan's Office, 100 Chatham street, N. Y., and by all his Agents throughout the Union, and by LORENZO PERRY, Agent, Swanton, Vermont.