

CARRANZA SLAIN WHILE TRYING TO FLEE FROM MEXICO; FELL VICTIM TO TREACHERY OF HIS OWN FOLLOWERS

Attack Which Resulted in the Death of the President of Mexico Is Said to Have Been Led by General Rodolfo Herrera, a Former Enemy of Carranza, Who Recently Attached Himself to the Support of the President.

CARRANZA'S COMPANIONS SAID TO HAVE SHARED HIS FATE

The Massacre Took Place Thursday Morning at Tlaxcalantongo, According to an Official Announcement Made at Mexico City—Carranza Had Been President of Mexico for Three Years.

Mexico City, May 21.—Venustiano Carranza, who fled from this city on May 6 and who took flight into the mountains of Puebla following a battle near Rinconada, was killed at 1 o'clock Thursday morning at Tlaxcalantongo, according to official announcement here.

Carranza's companions, the names of whom are not yet known, are declared to have shared his fate. The attack which resulted in the death of the president was led by General Rodolfo Herrera, it is said.

General Herrera belonged to forces commanded by General Francisco de P. Mariel, who accompanied Carranza in his flight from this city, but who last week deserted Carranza and joined the revolutionists.

There is some uncertainty regarding the exact affiliation of General Herrera. It is generally believed, however, that he commanded a small guard which was with the fleeing president. He was in rebellion against Carranza for several years, centering his operations in the state of Puebla. He surrendered last March to General Mariel, who was in command of government forces in that state.

When General Mariel went over to the revolutionists last week, a portion of his troops remained loyal to the president, and it is believed that Carranza took with him in his flight toward Tlaxcala. Carranza, who finally turned against him, Tlaxcalantongo is a small village in the vicinity of Huachinango, in the northern panhandle of the state of Puebla. It is 35 miles from San Andres Bata. Carranza left his forces and took refuge in the mountains.

The official announcement, which was given out at 10:30 o'clock to-night from the headquarters of General Alvaro Obregon, stated it was based on official dispatches.

Venustiano Carranza, elected president of Mexico, March 11, 1917, by the largest vote ever cast in a presidential election in his country, stepped from political obscurity to national and international prominence on the graves of the hopes of General Etoriano Cobiella, the usurper, and his followers. Simultaneously with General Huerta's coup d'etat and the assassination of President Madero, the news went out to the world that General Venustiano Carranza, elected governor of the state of Coahuila in 1911, refused to recognize the usurper and would resist him by force of arms.

"Madero's revolution was political," Carranza is quoted as having said. "Mine is a social one."

Born of parents in comfortable circumstances in Cuatro Ciénegas, state of Coahuila, Dec. 29, 1859, Venustiano Carranza was educated in the public schools of his native state and later studied law at the Mexican capital. When he was admitted to the bar, however, an affection of the eyes prevented him from practicing and he returned to his native state to become a rancher. His experience as a rancher first, then as judge, senator and finally governor of Coahuila, made Carranza familiar with the agrarian problem, the root of political unrest in Mexico.

Having defied Huerta, Carranza rallied a small band of 600 followers which grew into a sizeable army when he won the support of Francisco Villa. Carranza's influence spread rapidly, the military victories of his chief aide, Villa, rallying the various factions of northern Mexico around his banner. For a time, however, real progress was slow. Huerta's machinations had embroiled Mexico with the United States and intervention seemed imminent. The killing of W. S. Benson, a British subject, by a staff officer of Villa, further complicated the situation.

Then came Villa's victory at Torreon, the first real success of the war. Carranza was pressing Huerta hard when the A. B. C. conference to discuss the differences between the United States and Huerta was called in Buffalo. General Carranza refused to suspend hostilities and declined to abide by the result of those diplomatic negotiations. The fighting went on with the result that General Huerta resigned the provisional presidency July 15, 1914, and a month later General Carranza made his triumphant entry into Mexico City, Huerta, in the meantime, having fled to Spain.

Shortly afterward independent revolutionists led by Zapata, General Pascual Orozco and others commenced. Discussion between Villa and Carranza, which began at the Torreon confer-

PRICE REDUCTION BECOMES HYSTERIA Kansas City Merchants Offer to Sell \$16 Shoes for \$7.75 and \$6 Silk Hose for \$1.95.

Kansas City, Mo., May 22.—Almost without exception, Kansas City dealers in wearing apparel quote prices in their advertisements in to-day's papers at reductions ranging from ten to sixty per cent.

The most horizontal declines are in one of the leading department stores, where women's silk hose and women's shoes, \$4 and \$6 grades of the former being offered for \$1.95 and shoes "formerly priced up to \$16" for \$7.75.

An exclusive shoe store places its entire stock on sale from \$5 downward.

The demand for advertising space, according to the advertising managers of the papers, has amounted to a clamor. Twenty and twenty-five per cent reductions dominate the advertisements of men's suits and haberdashery and one ready-to-wear dealer, while restricting his price reduction to ten per cent on his second pair of trousers with each suit.

GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION To Find Out Why Prices Do Not Fall in California Cities.

Los Angeles, May 22.—The federal grand jury will begin an investigation Wednesday as to why clothing prices have not fallen in Los Angeles and San Diego, J. Robert O'Connor, United States attorney, announced today.

Resolutions that no general price reductions be made at the present time, except at the loss and financial peril of the retailer or by causes that create a panic, were adopted by the Merchants and Manufacturers' association.

RACE WAR RESULTED IN TWO KILLINGS Whites and Blacks Fought at Fayetteville, N. C., When White Girl and Negro Woman Got Into Altercation.

Fayetteville, N. C., May 22.—In a clash last night between whites and blacks, S. C. Butler, white, was killed, Deputy Sheriff W. C. Moore, a negro, was wounded, and a white man shot, and several houses in the negro section were burned. A call for troops was cancelled when the city quieted down.

The trouble started in an altercation between a white girl and a negro woman in a suburban mill village.

STATE REBEKAHS OFFICERS. Mrs. Gertrude S. Jewell of Proctorville Elected President.

Burlington, May 22.—The 35th annual session of the Rebekah assembly, held in this city yesterday, brought Old Fellows week to a close. Reports showed two new Rebekah lodges instituted and 400 new members taken during the year. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Gertrude S. Jewell of Proctorville; vice-president, Mrs. Adelle B. Wallis of Waitfield; warden, Mrs. Mabel B. Caldwell of Burlington; secretary, Miss Emma H. Gates of Ludlow; treasurer, Mrs. Eva M. Hazen of Windsor. The following officers were appointed: Marshal, Mrs. Louise C. Perry of Brattleboro; conductor, Mrs. Calla A. Beebe of West Rupert; inside guardian, Mrs. Margaret R. Kelley of Derby; outside guardian, Mrs. Kate B. Smith of Montpelier; chaplain, Mrs. Stella A. Goddard of Hyde Park; Miss Ailsa Wood of Keesebrouck; district number one, Miss Mabel Livingston of Bennington; district number two, Mrs. Ella H. Dow of Belmont; district number three, Mrs. Hattie Winter of Burlington; district number four, Miss Ethel D. James of Keesebrouck; district number five, Mrs. Mary S. Ansbore of Derby; district number six, Mrs. Myrtle Hall of West Burke; district number seven, Mrs. Heuston of Northfield; district number eight, Mrs. Mary Paul of Woodstock; district number nine, Mrs. Ailsa Wood of Keesebrouck; district number ten, Mrs. Anna Richmond of Brattleboro; district number 11, Mrs. Hattie Paige of Hyde Park; district number 12, Mrs. Bertha Hall of Saxtons River; district number 13, Mrs. Mary Dutton of Williamstown.

after the president had fled from this city.

Orders have been given that a train be taken to Berlin, the nearest railway point to Tlaxcalantongo, to receive the bodies of those killed in the encounter in which President Carranza lost his life.

The body of Mrs. E. S. Fiske was taken this morning to Rochester for a brief service and burial in the family lot.

S. B. Bates, state highway commissioner, went this morning to Northfield to attend a meeting of the trustees of Norwich university, which has to do with the selection of a president of the institution.

Linus Leavens was in Burlington yesterday on his way to Cambridge. Word was received this morning of the death of Stanley Slack, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Slack of Northfield. He was a junior in Norwich university and died at the Fanny Allen hospital of acute Bright's disease. Besides his parents he leaves two sisters and a brother.

Mrs. Annie L. Farrow of Johnson is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. L. Saunders, of Troy Hill.

LA HUERTA REPORTED PRESIDENT OF MEXICO Governor of State of Sonora and Recognized as Leader of Revolutionary Movement Said to Have Been Chosen Provisional Governor.

Laredo, Tex., May 22.—The commandant of the Nuevo Laredo regiment has advised the Mexican vice-consul at Laredo that Adolfo de la Huerta, governor of the state of Sonora and recognized as leader of the revolutionary movement, has been elected provisional president of Mexico. The report is unconfirmed.

The condition of Mrs. L. Howard, who is ill at her home at 6 Averill street, is very critical.

UNITED STATES TO ARBITRATE Will Fix the Boundaries of Armenia for the Allies

PRES. WILSON TELLS OF ACCEPTANCE And Ambassador Wallace Informed Council of Ambassadors

Paris, May 22.—Ambassador Wallace informed the council of ambassadors today that President Wilson had announced that the United States would accept the role of arbitrator in fixing the boundaries of Armenia.

The announcement of the president's decision was received with great satisfaction by the members of the council.

Paris, May 22.—The council of ambassadors today discussed the contention of the Germans that war material destroyed by them remained their property. It was decided that armaments, whether destroyed or delivered to the allies, according to the terms of the treaty, must be considered allied property.

HUNGARIAN PEACE TREATY SIGNED JUNE 4 Hungary Has Notified Council of Ambassadors of Intention to Sign—Successor to Apponyi to Be Named.

Paris, May 22.—The peace treaty with Hungary, it was decided by the council of ambassadors today, will be signed in the grand Trianon palace at Versailles on June 4.

The Hungarian delegates presented to the council three notes. The first announced the resignation of Count Apponyi as president of the delegation. The second notified the council of the appointment of Ivan Prasnowski to succeed him. The third told of Hungary's decision to sign the treaty and intention of naming delegates for that purpose.

The council decided that in the absence of Count Apponyi it was fitting that Hungary send a member of the government or a person conspicuous in public life, who might be considered as representative of the country, to sign the treaty.

BRITISH SCHOONER RAMMED AND SUNK Crew of John M. Wood Were Picked Up by the Steamer Lake Elash Which Rammmed Her.

Boston, May 22.—The British schooner John M. Wood has been rammed and sunk by the steamer Lake Elash, which later picked up the crew, according to a wireless message received this morning.

The schooner left Barbados for St. Johns, N. F., April 17. The Lake Elash, which is owned by the shipping board, was last reported bound for San Juan, P. R., to Rio, from Baltimore, April 20.

MONTPELIER W. T. Averill, who has been farm superintendent at the state agricultural school at Randolph Center, has resigned to become the county agent in Orleans county.

Harry A. Black, secretary of state, Friday afternoon suspended the automobile operator's license of Aime Boutin of Winooski for careless and negligent driving. It appears that Boutin's automobile ran into a team and that Boutin did not remain or offer any assistance after the accident.

J. B. Sanguinetti of Barre has settled his account in the estates of John and Louis Tomas, late of Barre. The will of H. P. Stoddard, late of Warren, has been proven and J. L. Spalding of that town appointed executor. H. J. Conant has been appointed administrator of the estate of Fannie S. Little, late of East Montpelier.

The grand list book in Montpelier has been filed, according to the provisions of the state laws, and is now open to the public for examination, and appeal from the appraisal of property, as made by the listers, other than the appraisal on real estate, which can not be changed this year, can now be made.

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BERGDOLL NOT YET LOCATED Wealthy Draft Dodger Escaped in a High-Powered Motor Car

Philadelphia, May 22.—Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, the wealthy draft dodger, who escaped from non-commissioned army officers at his mother's home here yesterday in a high-powered motor car, still was at liberty today. Both federal and city authorities said that an all-night search had failed to reveal even the direction in which he went.

Every place it was thought he would be likely to go was closely watched throughout the night. Circulars describing the fugitive and his car were sent to all sections of the country.

The exact reason for Bergdoll's visit to Philadelphia, which was considered of sufficient importance to warrant his temporary release from the military prison at Fort Jay, N. Y., where he was serving a five-year sentence for evading the draft, has not been explained. According to the military authorities at Governors Island, he was given a three-day furlough to attend to important confidential business matters.

Department of justice agents declared they were convinced that Bergdoll was aided in his escape.

When he got away he was dressed in his army private garb of olive drab and wore on a string about his neck was his convict number, 10.

JOHNSON LEADING IN OREGON PRIMARY Wood is Second and Close Behind the Leader—Lowden and Hoover Third and Fourth Respectively.

Portland, Ore., May 22.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson was leading the field of four candidates for the Republican presidential preference vote on the face of meagre returns early today from the Oregon primary election.

Fifteen counties gave Johnson 1,178, Wood, 1,104, Lowden 417 and Hoover 292.

EVENING DRAWING SCHOOL. State ment of the Work Accomplished During the Year.

Regardless of difficulties which presented themselves for the successful conduct of our vocational training school, another step in the line of sound development of this branch of the city school system has been taken.

The special courses for the apprentices of the granite industry proved to be successful.

Even though only a small number of students were able to secure drawing instruction, a reasonable price, every one of them completed the course in geometrical drawing, and at least five of these passed their final test very satisfactorily.

The course in simple projection drawing, which is a preliminary step to working in architectural drawings, was taken up by others who could not get instruments such as are needed for geometrical drawing. The tests these students went through are the diagram sketches and crude clay models displayed on a table in the modeling department. They show to what extent they are able to do this in spite of the higher-grade mechanic, along almost any line of work.

The modeling department itself has for natural reasons less original art work to show this year. As those who are now doing the work in decorative free-hand drawing progress sufficiently, they in part will be allowed to take up the development of carvers and sculptors, while free-hand drawing is essential to designers.

Several students of the advanced drafting department have left the city before they completed the school term, but much work showing the earnestness with which most of them have pursued their studies can be seen on the draughting tables.

In the past year, the instructors were Carl Abate, sculptor, Kenneth A. Gale, draughtsman, with the Jones Bros. Co.; William A. Murray and Charles Pamperl.

The total enrollment has again increased to 126 students, of which nine were young women.

While there are a few so-called picture shows on exhibit, the expert critic will not say that very sound progress has been made which lays a solid foundation for the development of the school to the highest possible mark of efficiency at which those desiring the courses are aiming.

Continued co-operation and support of this school by the citizens of Barre will assure this within very few years.

Besides the announcement of the exhibit on May 20, on page 5, the exhibit will also be open to visitors on Tuesday from 9:30 to 8:30 p. m.

M'ADOO GOT WT. PREFERENCE Former Secretary of Treasury Received Twice as Many Votes as Wilson

GOV. EDWARDS OF NEW JERSEY THIRD Only a Small Fraction of Democrats Went to the Polls

The choice of Vermont Democrats for president in Tuesday's primary was William G. McAdoo, former secretary of the treasury. McAdoo had a clear lead over 11 other persons voted for under the Democratic designation, his nearest competitor being his father-in-law, President Woodrow Wilson, with Gov. Edwards of New Jersey third.

With seven towns not yet reported, McAdoo had 134 votes, Wilson 65, Edwards 56, Hoover 37, Bryan 26, Johnson 18, Clark 15, Cox 14, Debs 8, Ford 7, Palmer 7, and Marshall 6.

Only 103 cities and towns out of 240 thus far reported cast any Democratic votes in the primary. There were seven towns missing at the secretary of state's office this morning.

The total vote of the 103 cities and towns was 393, so it is evident that the Democratic vote for the entire state will not run much above 400.

McAdoo and Wilson received one or more votes in every county. McAdoo was the most popular in Rutland county, where he got 26 votes. Orange county polled the highest for Wilson, which was 10. Rutland county was also the strong Edwards county, nearly one-half of his support being secured there. Washington county Democrats were strong for Hoover, with nearly one-half the votes cast. Johnson was a favorite in Rutland county. Rutland and Washington counties cast the eight Debs votes, five in the former and three in the latter.

In Addison county 15 towns didn't cast a Democratic vote; in Bennington county, 6 towns; Caledonia county, 7 towns; Chittenden county, 7 towns; Essex county, 7 towns; Franklin county, 4 towns; Lamoille county, 5 towns; Orange county, 5 towns; Orleans county, 7 towns; Rutland county, 7 towns; Washington county, 7 towns; Windham county, 9 towns; Windsor county, 12 towns.

The Washington county vote for Democratic nominee was as follows: For McAdoo—Barre City 1, Marshfield 1, Middlesex 2, Montpelier 4, Northfield 5, Plainfield 2. For Edwards—Barre City 1, Middlesex 1, Montpelier 1.

For Hoover—Barre City 4, Barre Town 1, Berlin 1, Montpelier 3, Northfield 1, Waterbury 1.

For Bryan—Marshfield 1, Middlesex 1, Wilson—Barre City 2, Roxbury 2, Waterbury 3, Woodbury 1. For Marshall—Waterbury 1. For Corwell—Caledonia 1. For Palmer—Moretown 1, Worcester 1. For Johnson—Caledonia 1. For Debs—Barre City 2, Barre Town 1. Scattering, 5.

The Three Leading Candidates in State. The vote of the state for the three leading candidates was as follows: McAdoo, Wilson, Edwards.

McAdoo 393, Wilson 103, Edwards 103. Bennington 5, 2, 14. Caledonia 4, 1, 13. Chittenden 7, 7, 14. Essex 10, 4, 14. Grand Isle 4, 2, 11. Franklin 5, 2, 7. Lamoille 8, 2, 10. Orange 12, 12, 24. Orleans 7, 7, 14. Rutland 26, 3, 29. Washington 13, 6, 19. Windsor 14, 4, 18. Total 393, 103, 266.

More Republican Returns. The following additional towns reported Republican returns to the secretary of state last night and today: Corwell—Wood 13, Johnson 7, Webster 1, St. George—Wood 12, Coolidge 1, Norton—Wood 5, Johnson 3; Baltimore—no votes cast; Bennington—Wood 22, Johnson 2, Webster 12, Knox 1, Hoover 7, Murdock 1; Marlboro—no votes cast; Vershire—1 for Hoover as Republican and 1 for Hoover under Democratic designation; Woodford—Wood 4, Webster 3, Wilson (Democratic) 2; Pittsfield—Wood 6, Coolidge 2; Webster 2, Harding 3, Johnson 1, Lowden 1.

The Vershire town clerk reported that there was no presiding officer at the Vershire primary and only one ballot cast.

TALK OF THE TOWN Numerous complaints have been entered by men of the mercantile district regarding automobiles and team parking either directly in front of stores or hydrants. The city ordinance reads to the effect that such practice will not be tolerated and because of this, Fire Chief Hennessey issues a warning to all that vehicles must not be parked within 15 feet of any hydrant, unless the owner is willing to pay \$15, and then his privilege extends but a few seconds.

Ma Sweet and family, consisting of Mrs. Lillian Roberts, Mrs. H. G. Bennett, Mrs. H. A. Rockwood, Mrs. Mark Cutler, Mrs. Alice Bissard, Mrs. Percy Carr, Mrs. E. C. Hoberk and Miss Mary Pullmore, gave another performance of the Sweet family concert in the armory hall in Northfield last evening for the benefit of the Northfield Universalist church. The second act of the program was furnished by local talent of Northfield, it being a musical number which was exceedingly successful, dancing to music by the Norwich university orchestra was enjoyed and refreshments of ice cream and cake served.

Nearly \$100 was taken in during the evening. The Barre people made the trip in automobiles furnished by Horace Richardson, Mark Cutler and Rev. F. O. Hoberk.

MANY NEW SHRINERS. Were Admitted at Meeting of Mt. Sinai Temple Last Night.

A large class crossed the hot sands of the Mt. Sinai temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, in Montpelier last evening. Rain did not prevent a large attendance and one of the best times of recent years occurred. The class is the largest that has been adopted in some years. W. H. Herrick, the new potentate, did the work for the first time. The business meeting occurred in the afternoon, followed by the banquet and then a concert was given by the Shrine band, after which the Arab patrol, under the direction of Captain H. B. Moulton, gave an exhibition drill. This the candidates were allowed to watch, after which they were taken to the dressing room, where they were prepared for the evening's entertainment.

The class of candidates follows: Harry R. Schucker, Charles Craig, Fred S. Dyke, Northfield; Leo E. McClure, Bradford; Fred S. Folsom, William M. Fayer, Wells River; O. C. Taylor, Norwich university; Harold W. Fitts, Barre; W. H. Sherman, Montpelier; W. J. Lamorey, Springfield; Harold Park, Burlington; Guy Bridges, H. H. Lawrence, Springfield; H. B. Johnson, C. E. Johnson, Claude E. Foss, Island Pond; Frank G. W. Cross, Montpelier; R. H. Royce, Johnson; E. B. Colburn, Montpelier; Rae Parrott, Burlington; R. F. Hamblett, Newport; A. J. Houghton, C. P. Bidart, Springfield; H. K. Smith, Montpelier; D. G. Huntley, Newport; O. D. Ellison, Springfield; A. H. Slavton, Morrisville; H. A. Amidon, Northfield; Charles E. Mould, H. A. Skinner, Fred W. Mould, Morrisville; S. B. Goffins, J. S. Phips, St. Albans; C. P. Bishop, Johnson; J. S. Locke, Springfield; J. H. Heinker, Essex Junction; H. C. Parker, J. S. Moore, Johnson; O. L. Butties, Brandon; H. C. Schulz, St. Albans; Roy D. Harris, D. O. Nason, Middlebury; C. R. Thibodeau, Edmund; A. Foss, A. T. Carr, H. B. Finn, Springfield; G. P. Benjamin, A. Elliott, St. Albans; J. A. Proaty, Newport; J. A. Waite, Morrisville; C. C. Kellogg, F. K. Packard, Winooski; Walter Woodgate, Shelburne; C. E. Spaulding, Colchester; Alexander Blair, St. Johnsbury.

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR ATTACK ON GIRL Walter Wyman of Irasburg Sent to State Prison for Not Less Than Eight Years.

Newport, May 22.—Walter Wyman of Irasburg pleaded guilty before Judge W. W. Wright yesterday to a criminal assault upon a 12-year-old Nollie Tift some weeks ago and was sentenced not less than eight nor more than 20 years at hard labor at the state prison at Windsor. He will be taken there today by Sheriff E. J. Hill.

This is the crime for which the girl's mother, Ethel Tift, was sent to Windsor for from charges of 10 years, being found guilty of complicity. Wyman was found in Detroit, by Edward Brown of the Wood Detective agency of Boston, and brought here yesterday. He had eluded arrest for several weeks.

MEASLES PREDOMINATES. Is the Chief Communicable Disease in Fifth District.

If it were not for the measles, district No. 5 would have a good record as regards the number of communicable diseases reported for April. Of the 192 cases of all kinds of communicable diseases reported there were 121 of measles; and Barre led in that classification with 83 cases. Barre town had 17 of the measles cases. Northfield had 27 of the 35 cases of whooping cough.

The report of Health Officer Dr. Burr is as follows: Influenza—Duxbury 1. Mumps—Barre City 1, Barre Town 3, Bradford 1, Brookfield 1, Montpelier 3, Northfield 3, Orange 1, Ryegate 2, Diphtheria—Barre City 1, Montpelier 1.

Measles—Barre City 83, Barre Town 12, Bradford 2, Cabot 2, East Montpelier 3, Montpelier 5, Newbury 2, Plainfield 2, Strafford 1, Vershire 2, Washington 4, Williamstown 2, Williamstown 2, Worcester 1. Chickenpox—Barre City 1, Barre Town 4, Bradford 1. Scarlet fever—Barre Town 3, East Montpelier 4, Worcester 2. Whooping cough—Berlin 3, Montpelier 3, Northfield 3, Middlesex 1, Vershire 1.

FALL CAUSED DEATH. Mrs. R. E. Howard of Bennington Fell From Roof of House.

Bennington, May 22.—Mrs. R. E. Howard, wife of Trustee Howard of ward three, died last night after a long illness at the Putnam Memorial hospital as the result of injuries received when she fell from a roof, May 5. Mrs. Howard was hanging out clothes upon a pulley line extending between two buildings. While working the rope through the pulley the cord broke and she was thrown to the ground, a distance of about 200 feet. At the hospital she was found to have suffered a broken collar bone and a broken wrist. Later it was ascertained that she had also suffered broken ribs causing pneumonia which developed pleurisy and later pneumonia.

NEWPORT FARMER GORED. Sewell Wilson Gored By Bull And 25 Stitches Had to Be Taken.

Newport, May 22.—Sewell Wilson, a farmer living on the Glenn road, was badly injured yesterday when gored by a bull he was leading in from pasture. The animal had not been considered dangerous and Mr. Wilson was taken unawares. Twenty-eight stitches had to be taken to close Mr. Wilson's wounds.

LOWELL'S GAIN SMALL. Population Is 112,479—Wakefield, Mass., Grew Faster.

Washington, D. C., May 22.—The population of Lowell, Mass., is 112,479, the census bureau announced to-day. This is a gain of 8,238, or 8.8 per cent over 1910.

Wakefield, Mass., 1910, increased 1,606, or 14.1 per cent.

JOHN W. GORDON A CANDIDATE

Known Barre Attorney to Run for Representative in Congress

STATES HIS VIEWS ON SEVERAL MATTERS There Are Now Four Aspirants for the Republican Nomination

Announcing himself to the Republican voters of the second Vermont district as a candidate for representative in Congress, John W. Gordon of Barre puts himself on record as a believer in a standing army large enough to guard American interests, a large navy, adequate tariff but not a monopolistic tariff, an improved diplomatic service, a national budget, liberal treatment to the veterans of the World war, maintenance of the merchant marine, slow meddling with matters called economic domain, development of agriculture and adherence to the prohibition amendment but revision of the Volstead act.

Mr. Gordon will have as his opponents in the campaign for the nomination the man whom he ran against in 1914, Representative Porter E. Dale of Island Pond, as well as two other entrants, Raymond H. Trainor of White River Junction and Ernest W. Gibson of Brattleboro. In the Republican convention of 1914 Mr. Gordon had a strong vote at the outset and held others to his support in later ballots.

Mr. Gordon is recognized as one of the leading lawyers of the state. He is 62 years of age, a native of Vershire, a graduate of Dartmouth college, a school teacher for some years and also the leading lawyer of the state. He has had the usual official experience which comes to many men in Vermont, such a school trustee, lister, town law agent, city attorney and village trustee, and in addition, he has served four terms as mayor of the city of Barre and was in the Vermont Senate in 1914.

While serving in the Senate, Mr. Gordon was chairman of some of the most important committees, namely, general committee and committee on constitutional revision, and also was a member of the judiciary and street railroad committee. In that assembly he was considered one of the ablest members.

Mr. Gordon was recently the president of the Vermont Bar association. His professional studies, a penchant for reading in English and in French and a well-developed hump of observation have enabled him to grasp the ideas of Congress, as admirably to fill the position as a representative in Congress. In fact, few people in the state have a more ready command of historical and current matters. Study of history in the light of law events has stamped deep impressions on Mr. Gordon's mind, and has some positive ideas, as will be seen by the following statement of his platform:

To the Republican Voters of the Second District: In announcing to the Republican voters of the second district that I am a candidate for the office of representative in Congress, I will briefly state some planks of my platform.

I regret that the women of Vermont, equal in virtue and intelligence to any, should not have the right to vote in common with hundreds of thousands of their sisters in other states. I favor the grant of adoption of the metric system, as a more scientific method of measuring, and I should be glad to see it employed in a large degree. It should be taught in our schools and is not difficult to acquire. It would tend to uniformity of our weights and measures. We have four different sizes in gills, three different sizes of barrels and gallons, and a variety of ounces, grains and pounds, two sizes of 100-pound weight, four different tons and two or three kinds of miles. This is confusing to business. We have long had the decimal system for our money and no one would exchange it for the intricate system of shillings and pence. Our four nations use the metric system as a standard and two hundred and twelve countries use the metric units more than any others.

III. We must have a larger army than our old one of 50,000 men. If we do not, we are just asking anything. It was the need of a greater military establishment. Our army must guard possessions that reach half way around the world, to say nothing about home protection. I would favor a large increase in our engineers' corps, and this corps should be trained so that in case of emergency they could handle our transportation, at least to the extent of moving the necessities of life.

IV. No one will question the need of a navy easily holding second place among the navies of the world. No other nation unless Great Britain, whose colonies are included, has so large a sea coast exposed to attack. Our navy is our first line of defense.

V. We need an adequate tariff, not a monopolistic one. We should especially protect industries that are based on domestic production. As a result of our tariff we should no longer depend upon optical instruments made in Germany out of Nebraska sand.

VI. Our diplomatic service should be better provided for. During the last war it was not in a condition to expand its system and personnel to meet the needs of the world. We had all sorts of substitutes. It is well to note that our diplomatic service was so deficient that when we met to make a treaty at Versailles we had no plans. Great Britain obtained substantially all she asked because her diplomatic service was as good as supplied with personnel that she had a plan for every question. France came next to England in that respect. Our foreign service should