

with all their power in Congress to de-

Mr. Clay has defined his position clearly and distinctly. He stands upon the whig platform of 1842. In several instances he has signified his approval of it, without equivocation or mental reservation. This tariff, upon all occasions, Mr. Clay declares to be that moderate, reasonable, certain, and durable system of protection which he approves, and such a tariff he declares does not violate the principles of the compromise act, which it accomplishes by carrying out adequate protection to American industry. Upon this tariff, too, the whole whig party are willing to stand before the country. Its operations justify the most implicit confidence of the nation in its provisions. The whole country is exulting in its blessings and benefits. It is rapidly restoring the country to its wonted unrivalled career towards wealth and greatness. Even the south are gradually yielding to the conviction of its salutary influence. In five years, if it continues, it will conciliate all opposition, harmonize the differences between the North and the South, and carry forward the nation to the highest pinnacle of prosperity. But on the other hand stands Maria Van Buren, who has declared uncompromising hostility to the tariff in principle and detail. Following his lead, his partisans in Congress are going to the death against the black tariff. The issue is now fairly made before the people. Clay and the American tariff, or Van Buren, and British free trade. Who goes for Clay.

ADVERTISING.

The following excellent remarks from a western paper on advertising, are worthy the serious consideration of men of business. Keep your advertisements before the people. This is the way to become extensively known and get a good run of business. He must be a very self-sufficient man who presumes that the people to any great extent must necessarily be acquainted with his business, his stand his articles for sale, and his terms of trade. It is just as important for a business man to be known extensively as a politician. His name should appear in print with the most judicious and enterprising neighbors, or some tradition of his existence in the business world will be all that is left of him. The great body of the people of the county may suppose he is still hanging on to the skirts of trade in a state of suspended animation, and will prefer to lend their patronage to those who invite them with an earnestness which shows they will be grateful for their custom and alive to their accommodation.

A friend remarked to us the other day that a business that was not worth advertising is not worth doing. There is much truth in the remark, but a truth that does not seem to be appreciated by most of our business men. Many men think to cease advertising is economy, and that it reduces expenses; that if they have but little business to do, it is not worth advertising; if they do a great deal there is no use of advertising. Advertising is useful, then, inasmuch as it is a travelling sign. Again—advertising is a travelling sign. A business man will hesitate to pay twenty dollars for a sign, where he would never think of paying half the sum for advertising. The sign is a sign seen only by those who pass the store, and can see the goods that are for sale as well as the sign. The advertisement is a comprehensive sign, that comes under the eye of thousands, who never see the sign over the door, yet some pretend to argue that because some men have done a good business without advertising, it is unnecessary. He might as well argue that because some have made money without industry, industry is unnecessary.

NATIVE AMERICAN PARTY.

We cannot understand why the Tribune and Albany Evening Journal are making such a terrible outcry against the proceedings of this party. The Native American party seems to be composed of proslaves from both the other parties, and combined for a purpose disconnected with the general politics of the country. We have ever advocated an adherence to party discipline, and yet there are some great emergencies when the political trammels may and must be laid aside for a time to correct some very pressing overshadowing evil which may be preying upon the vitals of the country, and which can be accomplished in no other way. Such we believe was the state of affairs in the city of New-York. Owing to the influence of their numbers upon the result of elections the Roman Catholics in New-York had been gradually acquiring an ascendancy which threatened destruction to all the revered institutions of the city, and almost ostracized Native Americans from office and profitable employment. Under pretence of sectarianism the Protestant Bible was denounced as the Heretic's rule of faith and banished from the public schools. In the middle of the 19th century, in the very land of pilgrims the mired representative of St. Peter seems to have usurped a power as arbitrary and as bigoted, and to command a submission as abject as that witnessed among the crouching slaves who immediately surround the Vatican itself. For years papal priests have controlled the destinies of the city. For the purpose of increasing party strength, a vast proportion of the city offices have been placed in the hands of papists by the loes who have generally been in power. The city funds have been shamefully squandered, taxes enormously increased, and the municipal government administered to accommodate the interests of lo-topartisans and demagogues. The patience of the Native Americans was utterly exhausted. The spirit of religious freedom and hatred of ecclesiastical despotism from which sprung this great republic of freemen was aroused. Individuals of both political parties breaking loose from the ties of party united to purge the government of the city and purified its institutions from the taints of Romish bigotry and superstition. They nominated a first rate whig, pledged to reform, for Mayor. The great body of the whig party sympathized deeply in a cause fraught with so

much good to the welfare of the city. The loco demagogues who have so long traded upon abuse, and courted foreign influence have been hurled from their seats. A staunch whig Mayor and common council have succeeded to power. The augen stable will be cleaned by a thorough process of reform, and we doubt not that in the presidential contest every whig will be found in his place, and the party again present an undivided front against the common enemy.

NEW ORLEANS CHARTER ELECTION.

If the whigs were to go through as many lo Triumphs for their innumerable victories as the locofocery does over the election of a mayor at New Orleans, such a glorification since anno lucis would never have been witnessed in the world. Every loco journal from the waters of the Gulph to Nova Scotia is making just as much exultation as the dourby admiral Van Tromp, when he placed a broom at mast head, with which he in vain threatened to sweep the English from the ocean; but was soon obliged himself to take shelter among the dykes of Holland.

It would much better become them to do penance for the most daring prostitution of the ballot boxes, by allowing foreigners to go to the polls with fraudulent certificates of naturalization that was ever before witnessed in the country.

After all, the loco candidate succeeded by only 204 majority, out of above three thousand votes, of which probably a thousand were illegal. By the following account it will be seen that Judge Elliott, who was an active instrument in these illegal proceedings, has been impeached, and ignominiously ejected from the bench.

The Impeachment Case was decided at New Orleans on the 6th inst. The court found Judge Elliott guilty of the four articles of impeachment preferred against him—the majority being two of the articles 10 years and 4 days, and on the other two 11 years and 3 days.

They then unanimously resolved, that Judge Elliott be forthwith removed from his office, and that he be considered vacant from this, the 6th day of April. They also unanimously resolved that this verdict should not affect the legality or validity of the certificates of naturalization issued by Judge Elliott; and further, that six days time be given for those who dissented from the majority to enter their protest in writing.

Repetition of Falsehoods.—One of the basest feuds of political engineering which is being daily performed by the loco press at the very opening of the presidential campaign, and before the frenzy of passion can be plead in extenuation of guilt, is the reiteration of falsehoods after the clearest evidence of their want of truth has been adduced. In the face of the most irresistible refutation their journals seldom if ever have the magnanimity to retract, and answer remonstrance only by aggravating repetition. There is not the least truth in the language which we subjoin as uttered by Mr. Clay. The propagators of this falsehood have been repeatedly defied to produce the shadow of evidence of such expressions proceeding from Mr. Clay during the whole course of his political life. No records of it in the debate in congress in 1819, or allusion to it by any of the speakers can be found in Niles's Register, or the reports of the congressional papers of the day, or elsewhere in any press in the Union. It is among the thousand and one base coinages by which the reptiles of locofocism are determined to poison the public mind against the most illustrious citizen of the republic. It may, therefore be put down with the pretended quotation made a few days since in congress from a speech in which Mr. C. is made to renounce protection, which turned out to be a baseless fabrication, and was entirely abandoned by the member who incautiously brought it forward on the strength of newspaper authority only.

LOOK AT THIS.—If gentlemen will not allow us to have black slaves, they must let us have white ones; for we cannot cut our fire wood, and black our boots, AND HAVE OUR WIVES AND DAUGHTERS WORK IN THE KITCHEN.—Henry Clay.

We cut the above from a Democratic paper.

We regret to see such expedients resorted to by any party—they may receive a momentary benefit by such a course, but in the end it will rebound to their injury. Henry Clay never uttered such a sentiment we venture to assert, and it is disgraceful to any paper or party to use such wretchedness against him. —Portland Bulletin.—[neutral paper.]

THE "WHITE SLAVE" FALSE HOOD AGAIN.

In our paper of Saturday last, we quoted the following from the Lowell Journal, viz these remarks:—"In vain have we demanded proof that Mr. Clay ever uttered what has been attributed to him. Files of newspapers published at the time have been examined, in which there are no missing papers, and no such expressions as that attributed to Mr. Clay, can be found. The Lowell (Mass.) Journal, thus notices the miserable slanders as it appeared in another paper. We will only remark that we instituted a similar examination into Niles's Register, and found the facts as stated by the Journal;" then followed this from the Lowell Journal:—"Having seen it in the Advertiser we were induced to turn to the debater of Feb. 15, 1819, which we found in Niles's Register, and that year. No such language is there recorded. It does not appear that Mr. Clay spoke on that day. We read the whole of the debate. Speeches were made by N. H. Fuller of this State, Livermore of N. H., Golsom of Va., Cobb of Ga., Taylor Tallmadge of N. Y., Scott of Mo. By neither of these gentlemen was language recorded of the kind partook of the character of the above, or anything like it. From a pretty thorough knowledge of Mr. Clay's public course, we would have had no hesitation in pronouncing the charge false, without recurring to the record. Having done so we call upon the Advertiser either to substantiate its charges or retract.

Wool.—There is no important change in the wool market; demand continues good and prices firm. The stock of coarse wool has been somewhat increased by arrivals from Buenos Ayres, but most of those importations had been contracted for, before arrival.

Married,

In New York city, April 2, by Rev. Dr. Erskine Mason, Hon Solomon Foot, M. C. of Rutland, to Mrs. Mary Ann Dana, of Clarendon.

Died

In Middlebury on the 15th inst, Hannah Farnum aged 84 years.

While sojourning at the West Mr. Andrew Rutherford of this town. A funeral sermon was preached to a large and attentive audience, on the occasion at the Methodist Chapel, by Rev. Mr. Ayres

Licences.—The example of Addison County Court in refusing licences to rum sellers, is having a salutary effect through the state. In a multitude of towns licences have been refused, and we now hear that the court in Rutland Co. have vetoed them in every instance.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN NAVIGATION HAS COMMENCED.—The Burlington is on her regular trips. The Serenac has been launched and will enter upon the line in 10 days.—Fare \$3.00.

CONGRESS. Our regular record has been omitted this week from press of other matter which must appear. The progress of affairs however in relation to the two great topics of interest, is fully displayed by the Washington correspondents. The treaty of annexation has been signed and as a Vermont senator informs us is hourly expected in the senate. But the same gentleman assures us that it can never be ratified by the Senate. Indeed if our accounts from Washington are correct the whig party as a body have determined to veto it. It will be seen in another column that the House have again refused to take up the British tariff bill.—They fear the people, and we doubt whether the loco majority will dare pass the bill.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE. The subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has on hand a large assortment of black and drab Hats of the latest New-York fashions, which he offers for sale at the lowest prices or on order than can be bought in this county.

JOHN JACKSON. N. B. The highest price will be paid for lambs wool and Maskrat skins. Middlebury, April 17, 1844. 51:tf

STONE WARE. The subscriber offers for sale a good assortment of Stone Ware, consisting of Churns, Jugs, Pudding Pans, Butter Pots, Common Pitchers, Fancy do. &c. &c. IRA STEWART. Middlebury, April 16, 1844.

HENRY A. WISE. This notorious, blustering slaveholder from Virginia, a member of Congress, has been appointed Minister to Brazil. S. A. under a salary, it is said, of \$9000.—This is the fellow who bent the inmost powers of his emaciated frame in rejecting proposals to recognize the independence of the republic of Hayti least he should be compelled to associate in the same circle with a colored minister! How can he now reconcile himself to the appointment that he has received!—Does he not know that he is going to a government of mixed races? But he may console himself from the fact, that the Brazils are less mixed than any other of the South American provinces. Nevertheless Henry must sit in the Brazilian court with the very class of persons which his fair (!) Virginia sun-burnt skin caused him to reject. Indian, African and mixed-blood ministers will pour in around him, and the Virginia brawler will find himself among more than his equal. Perhaps the existence of slavery in Brazil, or the color of South American gold is sufficient to induce the chivalrous son of Accomac, to sacrifice his principles!—Philadelphia Elevator.

BALTIMORE CONVENTION OF RATIFICATION. MAY 2, 1844. The Delegates from Vermont to the Young Men's Convention of Ratification—are requested to meet at the ASTOR HOUSE in the City of New York, on Monday the 29th day of April, inst, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of preliminary organization. It is recommended that each delegate provide himself with a sprig of EVERGREEN.

We hope that the County of Addison will not be behind any other in the State, in the number and respectability of her delegation to this Convention. She should exhibit the same patriotic pride to surpass other counties upon this occasion, which she does in displaying her whig ascendancy at the ballot boxes. Now or never is the time to secure a victory of which nothing can deprive us but too much elation, which induces negligence. One more vigorous campaign settles the prosperity of the country, for at least the present era. The time and expense are nothing in comparison with the object to be attained. The rail road company from Philadelphia to Baltimore have reduced the fare for delegates to \$5.00. We learn that Chittenden and Rutland Counties are to be numerously represented. Who then in Addison County is ready for Baltimore. Recollect every whig is entitled to a seat.

BRIGHTON MARKET

MONDAY, April 15, 1844. Reported for the N.E. Farmer. At Market 480 Beef Cattle, 40 pairs Working Oxen, 500 Sheep, and 940 Swine. 140 Beef Cattle unsold. PRICES.—Beef Cattle.—Prices have again declined and we reduce our quotations. Extra \$5. First quality \$4.50; 4.75; second quality \$4.14; 3.75; third quality \$3.50 a \$4. Sheep.—Sales from \$2.50 to \$3.75. A few coarser weathers 5.50 a \$6.

WOOL.—There is no important change in the wool market; demand continues good and prices firm. The stock of coarse wool has been somewhat increased by arrivals from Buenos Ayres, but most of those importations had been contracted for, before arrival.

HERE THEY COME!

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS, entirely new style, bought very low for cash and they will be sold uncommonly cheap by April 16, 1844. A. FRANCIS.

THE WORCESTER PREMIUM EAGLE PLOW.

The best plow now extant; and which drew the premium at the plowing match of the Massachusetts Agricultural Society last fall. Nothing more could be necessary than a statement of this fact, to commend it to the farmers of this region. It has given perfect satisfaction wherever it has been tested. The subscriber has the above Plow for sale at his establishment in Middlebury and feels certain that it is a first rate implement of husbandry. ROYAL D. FARR. Middlebury April 9, 1844.

At ONE DOLLAR 20 Doz. Pairs Fairwells best Spring Heel Kid Slips, at BIRGE'S.

Good Fresh Bread.

THE subscriber will furnish good fresh bread at his Bake Shop, at the same price at which the flour can be purchased by the pound in this village. Also, Pies and Cakes, for families will be furnished at the same favorable rates. G. RUSSELL Dec. 13, 1843.

Female Seminary. THE Summer term will commence on Monday May 13th. Miss Anne F. Stone, Assistant. L. L. TILDEN, Principal. Middlebury, April 23, 1844. 51:3w

CLOTH CAPS. JUST rec'd an assortment of Men's Youth's and Children's Cloth Caps for sale low by Z. BECKWITH & CO. April 22, 1844.

STONE WARE &c. JUST rec'd a lot of Stone and Brown Earthen Ware of all descriptions for sale at Factory prices by Z. BECKWITH & CO. April 22, 1844.

Hats!! Hats!!! AT THE OLD STAND A FEW RODS NORTH THE JAIL. THE subscriber would inform the public that he has on hand a large assortment of black and drab Hats of the latest New-York fashions, which he offers for sale at the lowest prices or on order than can be bought in this county.

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