

By CHARLES G. EASTMAN, Woodstock, Vt.

BUSINESS CARDS.

O. A. BRYANT, Dealer in English, French, and American Dry Goods, W. I. Goods, and Groceries, Crochery, Glass and Hard Ware, Elm Street.

MELISH & SLADE, DEALERS IN FLOUR, W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES, ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND, FRUITS, CONFECTIONARY, SUMMER DRINKS AND REFRESHMENTS.

RUSSELL & CLARK, DEALERS IN FLOUR, W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES, ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND, FRUITS, CONFECTIONARY, SUMMER DRINKS AND REFRESHMENTS.

H. H. BAILLY, Manufacturer of Saddle Saddles and Dealer in Jewellery, Cutlery and Fancy Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

W. H. HATCH, One door south of Union Hall, Elm Street, TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

THOMAS W. WARREN, DEALER IN HATS, SHOES AND LEATHERS, All kinds of Leather for sale cheap—Also, Boots and Shoes of every description.

WHITNEY'S HOTEL, Corner of Elm and Central streets, BY S. WHITNEY.

EAGLE TEMPERANCE HOUSE, BY M. WOOD, SOUTH SIDE THE PARK, 286.

BRICK STAGE HOUSE, SOUTH SIDE BLACK RIVER, BY JOHN R. SMITH, LUDLOW, VT., 161 ft.

Z. P. HYDE, BRICK STAGE HOUSE, PROCTORVILLE, VT., 230 6m.

HENRY T. MARSH, HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, ALSO DEALER IN CARBONAS, AND VARIOUS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, CENTRAL STREET.

W. P. SCOTT, Painters and Dealers in Paints and Carriages of all kinds.

JOSHUA MITCHELL, CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH-MAKER, HIGH STREET, 116.

GEORGE FISHER, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Saddle Saddles of every description, Pleasant Street, 218.

D. R. B. PALMER, Office in the Brick Block opposite Whitney's, CENTRAL STREET.

S. J. ALLEN, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office opposite Whitney's Hotel.

ADIN H. HAMMOND, TOMSONIAN BOTANICAL PRACTITIONER, Between the Methodist and Episcopal Churches, 257-1/2.



GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.

The Great and only remedy for Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption, is the Hungarian Balm of St. Anne, which has been used in England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendance of the inventor.

FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR IMPURITY OF THE SYSTEM.

IF you read the history of dyspepsia, you are astonished at the number of cases which are still remaining after the use of the most powerful medicines.

MISSISSIPPI—Grass-Tampering has been introduced to you to suit the following for reference to the Grass-Tamperer.

DR. S. J. ALLEN'S, Office in the Brick Block opposite Whitney's, CENTRAL STREET.

ADIN H. HAMMOND, TOMSONIAN BOTANICAL PRACTITIONER, Between the Methodist and Episcopal Churches, 257-1/2.

LIVELY SPARK, BY ALBERT PAGER, Court Street.

COLMAN & BARRETT, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Elm Street, 183.

JACOB COLLAMER, JAMES BARRETT, O. P. CHANDLER, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, CENTRAL STREET, 208.

TRACY & CONVERSE, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Office over the Bank, Elm Street.

L. A. MARSH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Central Street.

EDWIN HUTCHINSON, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, WOODSTOCK, VT.

WASHBURN & MARSH, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW, 17 Office in the new block, lately occupied as the 'Clay Club News-Room.'

P. T. WALKER, Master in Chancery, C. P. MARSH, 230 ft. CALVIN FRENCH, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, PROCTORVILLE, VT., 251.

CONCORD RAIL ROAD.

Fare reduced to \$2.00 from Concord to Boston, SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after April 1st, Passenger Trains will run daily, (Sundays excepted), in connection with the Boston and Lowell, and Nashua and Lowell Railroads, as follows:

Leave Boston at 7 A. M. 11 A. M., and 5 1/2 P. M. Leave Lowell at 7 1/4 A. M., 11 1/4 A. M., and 3 1/4 P. M.

Train from Concord will run as follows: Leave Concord at 8 1/4 A. M., 12 P. M., and 6 30 P. M.

Train from Lowell will run as follows: Leave Lowell at 8 1/4 A. M., 12 P. M., and 6 30 P. M.

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FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.

At the New York Store! THE subscriber has received at the New York Store, a new assortment of style Dry Goods, which will be offered at Great Bargains.

BROADCLOTHS, DEOSKINS, CASSIMERS, TWEEDS CLOTHS, Dress Goods Consisting of Muslin Delaines, Lawns, Madras, Prints, Zebrinas, Alpaca, and Alpaca.

WHITE GOODS, Lace, Stripped Muslins, Plain Linens, Bishop Lawns, and Alpaca.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS! THE SUBSCRIBER has taken the store formerly occupied by C. F. SHREDD, and has fitted it up for the purpose of continuing

The Drug, Medicine, PAINT AND DYE STUFF BUSINESS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

RICH JEWELRY! AT 5 or 2 1/2 Dollars, may be had a splendid assortment of the richest and most fashionable Jewels.

THIS DAY RECEIVED PER SHIP MOSES, AT THE CASH STORE, 20 HIPS N. E. COR. 2d St. Croix, Jo. 6.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE, THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a Temperance House and will keep no other than the South side of the Park in Woodstock, Vermont.

NEW YORK GOODS, FROM New York and Boston, on hand at 5 or 6, and sold cheaply and at the smallest profits.

Silver Plated Castors! AT 5 or 5, they may be mistaken for pure silver, and are advertised for their size, that people may not be deceived.

GEO. R. MOULTON N, WOULD FOR HIS CUSTOMERS, AND THE PUBLIC generally, that he has on hand

A large assortment, and every variety of DRY GOODS & GROCERIES, located at a country store, which he will sell as cheap as possible.

CASH PAID FOR THE WOOLLY & CHAMPAIN STORE, B. CHAMPAIN, WOODSTOCK, June 19, 1845.

NEW GOODS! JUST RECEIVED, a new assortment of Goods, which will be offered at Great Bargains.

TO THE PUBLIC, CALVIN NEWTON, successor to J. Newton, has removed to Woodstock, where he will continue to have on hand a constant supply of medicines of his own manufacture.

WOOD CARDING & CLOTH DRESSING, THE subscriber would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Woodstock and vicinity that he has hired the shop where he has worked the last four years—and now he is prepared to receive all the wool of the country.

LEAD PIPE, THE SUBSCRIBER continues to manufacture Lead Pipe of all sizes, and will sell wholesale and retail as low as can be purchased at any other establishment in the County.

EXTRACT OF LUNGWORT.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION AND LIVER COMPLAINTS. There is not room in a newspaper advertisement to publish the numerous certificates of cures, for the invalid is referred to a medical pamphlet to be had of any of the Agents gratis.

DR. LEBLANC'S EXTRACT OF LUNGWORT is the only medicine in the world that will cure all who are afflicted with Consumption, Liver Complaints, or troubled with Coughs, colds, or difficulty of breathing.

And why not? It is a medicine that does not work of a day, but of a month, having only for its object the cure of the disease, and not the relief of the patient.

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THE AGE.

MONDAY, AUGUST 4, 1845.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE AGE.

Point Coupee, July 6th, 1845.

Dear Sir:—The 4th passed off here in the most quiet manner possible. The only proceedings had on the occasion were one or two barbecues in the vicinity.

I am told that the negroes on Bayou Grass-tite, a settlement about fifteen miles from here, celebrated the birth of "Independence with song and glee."

I did not learn whether the great Congo Dance was performed, or the Oration delivered with the accompaniment of fiddle but presume their sable honors done the "clean thing."

The steambot Missouri on her upward trip from New Orleans to St. Louis, on Friday last, reported that the question of annexation had been decided by the Texans in its favor.

I have not yet seen any newspaper statement of the kind, nor know that the passengers on the boat, who communicated the information, obtained it from any more reliable source than the rumor about in New Orleans, when they left.

It is believed here however that the intelligence is correct. In case Texas has given her assent to a measure fraught with highest benefit to her and which would be highest folly for her to reject, it becomes the duty of that portion of the American people who have opposed it to submit to the decision made.

And should war grow out of it, their duty is equally obvious to use their influence and exertions to aid the Government in its efforts to defeat and overwhelm foreign interference in our affairs.

The principle is a little better understood now than formerly, that the citizen is morally bound to support the Government in a war, though he may honestly entertain the opinion, that it is unjust or inexpedient.

For his private opinion may be erroneous. And his notions of justice or expediency are not to absolve him from supporting the government, which is the legal and Constitutional tribunal to decide such questions.

It certainly is admissible for him to exert his influence to prevent a war, which he may deem unnecessary or unjust, but when it becomes inevitable, his scruples should yield to the impulses of patriotism.

Then it is that reason, religion and duty alike urge him to give his support to the banners of his country, to Stand by his country's glory fast, And nail her colors to the mast.

It would seem the determination of some leading journals from the tone and temper of their articles, to fight against the admission of Texas into our Union, even to the "arbitration of arms."

That this spirit will be allayed is "devoutly to be wished." The fate of refractory politicians in the last war, will teach their brethren to avoid their footsteps in case of another contest.

In my former letters I have not attempted to give a description of the country. In the language of the literary charlatans of the day "I'm not good at description."

I find however in "Litt's travels" an account of this place and one of its former citizens, which I hope you will deem unworthily a place in your columns. Here it is—"At Point Coupee, the coast commences in its beauty.

Here you begin to see Orange groves, and the spreading verdant branches of the live-oak. Here, too, you see that magnificent plant, which the French call "ficus" with its foliage perfectly green during the winter, and the extremities of its leaves terminating with a thousand thorny points.

In this village lived and died, Mr. Paydass greatly distinguished for his wealth and benevolence. Let the great have columns and their names be "written on a pillar" when they die; for me, I would covet above all things, the monument of Paydass. He endowed the Orphan Asylum in the city of New Orleans; he gave the proceeds of a handsome property, twenty thousand dollars, I believe, to be distributed in marriage portions to a number of poor girls in the adjoining parishes; and he left various other magnificent charities. He left in particular an ample endowment to the school in his own parish." The sum left by Mr. Paydass, the interest of which is distributed for marriage portion was thirty instead of twenty thousand dollars. This sum according to the devise is leased out at the legal rate of interest, ten per cent, and the proceeds of each year are paid to such young ladies of this parish, (not as above stated, of the adjoining parishes,) who chance to marry that year. Last year I am told there were but four marriages. Consequently the proceeds of that year were divided among the four. The devise was unquestionably designed for the benefit of indigent young ladies, but its language is so vague, that the Executor's decide it to apply to all, both rich and poor. The endowment for a school or college has resulted in the creation of a building, at the cost of ten thousand dollars, which is employed for the use of a primary school, after the completion of the Building. Professors were employed and for a time it bade fair to become a useful university, not unworthy what its munificent donor designed it. But it has dwindled from some cause or other, into a mere nominal affair, without character or support. We are now enjoying the luxury of feasting upon the finest fruit of its kind the world produces; water melons, peaches, figs, &c. The last by-the-way are lucious. The ice cream you get at Melish & Slade's is cold cream in the comparison. But my sheet is full and I must bid you adieu. Yours, &c., CLAUDE.