

BENNINGTON BANNER.



VOL. LIV.

BENNINGTON, VT., FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1894.

NEW SERIES NO. 12.



MEN WANTED

To inspect our line of fine Spring Suits. Our assortment is the most complete in Southern Vermont, while our prices are lower than ever before. We invite comparisons of quality and prices, for we are confident that our system of cash buying and selling enables us to quote prices far below those of a credit store.

Don't go where your neighbor gets trusted; what the dealer loses through him, he will regain by charging you extra for your goods. We don't have to mark our goods to cover losses, as ours is a Cash Trade.

Chas. G. Cole, Opera House Clothier,
Bennington, Vermont,

PAPER HANGINGS!

At Reduced Prices. In order to close out our entire stock of Paper Hangings to make room, we will sell

60c Parlor Embossed Paper, 49c. 18c Micha Finished, 14c.
40c " " " 30c. 14c Micha Finished, 10c.
25c Parlor Gilt, Plain Back, 18c

Borders and 1 band friezes in proportion. Any one now wishing to paper will do well to see this stock at these prices. All strictly this year's patterns.

F. L. BOTTUM, North Bennington.

GO TO

RICHARDSON'S

Green Houses for best quality & lowest prices.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

COAL, WOOD, LUMBER, LATH,
LIME, CEMENT, PAINTS,
OILS, NAILS, BUILDING PAPER,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

"THE PEOPLE SAY,"

RUSSELL & MARCH,

Are Offering Unprecedented Bargains

In all the above lines of goods. A full supply of all grades of SPRUCE, PINE and CEDAR SHINGLES constantly on hand.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED FOR BUILDINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

"THE BUILDERS,"

RUSSELL & MARCH,
COUNTY STREET, FOOT OF SCHOOL STREET.

WE HEAR

That some people think we do not sell goods at low prices only during a sale. We have changed the prices on but few articles advertised in our big sale just ended. Our prices are always low.

E. E. HART & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Cast Your Eye on the Following Prices:

Asters, 25 cents per dozen
Pansies, 25 cents per dozen
Potted Verbena, 25c per dozen
Coleus, 25, 50c and 75c per dozen
Geraniums, fine plants in 4-inch
Jars, \$1.50 per dozen.
Geraniums, good plants in 3-inch
Jars, 75c and \$1.50 per doz.
About 125 doz Tomato Plants at
25c and 35c per doz.

OUR STOCK WILL BEAR INSPECTION.
L. M. HOLTON & SON,
FLORISTS AND SEEDSMEN,
323 School St., Bennington, Vt.

THE BANNER.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AFTERNOONS.

[Entered at the Bennington Post Office as second-class matter by C. A. PIERCE & CO., Publishers.]
Terms. - \$1.50 per year, strictly in advance.

10 Cents!

The SEMI-WEEKLY BANNER three months for only 10c. To any person not new a subscriber to the BANNER we will send them the paper twice each week for three months on receipt of only ten cents. This offer is made for the purpose of introducing the SEMI-WEEKLY BANNER into the families of the people in the State. The offer holds good only till June 15th. Send us ten cents and we'll see that you receive the BANNER twice each week for three months.

A canvas of the delegates to the New York constitutional convention reveals the fact that about three-fourths the members are opposed to woman suffrage. And still the women profess to be happy.

If the Democratic tariff bill passes American artisans will find that the blow aimed at the lumberman, at the farmer and his sheep, at the operative and the manufacturer, at the savings bank depositor and the business man, was equally aimed at the mechanic and the manual trader by which he supports his family. The bill is an attack on Northern industry and on every Northern home. The certainty of its disastrous effect upon the leading mechanical trades, such as those of the wood worker and carpenter, should arouse every laborer in the land to active, earnest and imperative protest.

The United States spends almost equal amounts annually for education and charities—\$145,500,000 for the former and \$140,900,000 for the latter. Among the other expenses for the maintenance of our public institutions, as given in the census statistics, are the following: For roads, bridges and sewers, \$72,200,000; for the postal service, \$66,000,000; for the army and militia, \$35,500,000; for police \$24,000,000; for judiciary, \$23,000,000; prisons and reformatories, \$12,000,000. The fact that we spend four times as much for each education and charities, as for the maintenance of the army and militia of the various states, speaks volumes for the policy of this country; a policy of peace which has been potent in placing us in the front rank of all the countries of the world, and in the short space of a little over a century at that.

The Sugar Trust has had its way in the Senate, says the Brooklyn Eagle. None of the Democratic Senators voted against it except Senator Hill and the desire among the rest of the party was to isolate him. He can afford to be isolated. Before this thing is through some of the men who voted for this Trust on Tuesday will be lovers of solitude and candidates for forgetfulness. Hill has not been speculating in sugar stock. Had Edward Murphy Jr., been speculating in these stocks? Mr. John E. McPherson has. So has Calvin H. Brice. So has Richard Croker, although he loaded up before he retired from politics, being able easily to retire because he loaded up. Concerning Faulkner, Gorman, Morgan, Arkansas Jones and the other fellows conclusions will not be erroneous that they voted for their interests when they voted against their principles.

The Troy Press of Wednesday says: We note with pleasure that the Rutland Herald is sanguine of better times for Vermont, because a good grass crop is assured, and a good grass crop means a prosperous season. Grass is more important than all the other crops of that State combined, if pasturage be taken into account. The rains that have wrought more or less harm to the farming interests of other sections have been a god-send to Vermont. The worst that can now happen is short pasturage from drouth late in the summer. Vermont has suffered comparatively little during the season of business depression. Few of its manufacturers have been compelled to shut down at all, and those that have done so have been enabled to resume after brief periods of closing. The three great industries of the State, outside of agriculture—marble quarrying, and scale and organ making—have continued much the same as if no panic had occurred. Vermont is to be congratulated on its prosperity and the prospect for even better times.

The South Shire Senatorship.

The names of Tyler D. Goodell of Readsboro, and Abram B. Gardner of Pownal, have been prominently put forward for the Senatorship for the South Shire of Bennington county, as our readers are aware. The Boston papers, also, have commented upon the fact and have spoken, through their Vermont correspondents, a good word for these gentlemen. It is now announced that Mr. Goodell withdraws from the canvass and will support Mr. Gardner, which leaves the latter as the only one yet mentioned for the office. Mr. Goodell has done this with a heartiness that insures the support of his friends for Mr. Gardner. The latter is a well known Republican, and if nominated will command the full strength of the party.

The Democratic Sugar Trust.

On Tuesday, in the Senate the shameful bargain was ratified, and Democrats now maintain that the mongrel tariff bill will pass. The vote on the proposal of Senate Jones of Arkansas, extending the date in which the sugar schedule should go into effect, from July 1st, 1894 to Jan. 1st, 1895, stood 38 yeas, 31 nays. Populist Peffer voted with the Republicans. A sop has been thrown extending the bounty six months. The New York Press sums up the situation as follows: In the absolute knowledge that they were ratifying an iniquitous bargain with a gigantic monopoly, in deliberate violation of the solemn pledges of the Chicago platform, in defiance of honor, of justice and of patriotism, the Democratic majority in the United States Senate voted Tuesday to adopt the outrageous sugar schedule of the mongrel tariff bill. No plea of ignorance or inadvertence can shield the Democratic Senators who voted to destroy the American beet sugar industry and extort more than forty millions of dollars a year from the American people for the enrichment of the Sugar Trust. These Senators knew what they were doing. They knew that the schedule which postponed the imposition of the sugar duties until January 1st, 1895, and which was written by Mr. Cleveland's Secretary of the Treasury, in obedience to orders from the White House, was

framed for the express purpose of allowing the Sugar Trust to import vast quantities of raw sugar free of duty and add scores of millions to its already enormous profits by forcing the people to pay an increased price for this necessity of life. They knew—for it has been a matter of common report and conversation at the capital for weeks—that this barter of the taxing power, this wholesale tribute to monopoly, this shameful surrender of the principles of equity and good government, was the price demanded by the Sugar Trust in return for its pecuniary contribution to the election of Grover Cleveland. And, knowing these things, they voted to pay that price, to disgrace their country, to repudiate their platform pledges and dishonor themselves.

The scandals involving the Cleveland-Carlisle sugar schedule were so notorious, the charges effecting the honor of Senators by implicating them in systematic stock speculation on secret information furnished by agents of the Sugar Trust were so grave, that the Senate has been compelled to order a formal investigation. The testimony given before the investigating Committee has directly tended to confirm the accusations brought against the schedule and its advocates. That committee is now at work. The task which it was instructed to perform is hardly more than begun. Every consideration, not merely of justice, but of ordinary decency, required that no action should be taken on the sugar schedule until the truth in regard to the influences which framed it was made manifest, and the charges against prominent members of the Senate either proved or disproved. Public opinion has insisted upon a searching investigation into these vitally important matters. Reputable Democratic newspapers in every portion of the country have condemned the sugar schedule as the product of corruption and an indefensible surrender of popular rights to monopoly. The enlightened citizenship of the Nation has been unanimous in the demand that no vote should be taken until the committee had definitely ascertained the facts at the bottom of this great National scandal. By appointing a committee of inquiry, the Democratic majority in the Senate had bound themselves to await the verdict of that committee before taking action. But the Democratic Senators have seen fit to disregard precedent and fairness. They have ignored and insulted their own committee. They have acknowledged that they did not dare to take the vote upon the sugar schedule after the facts in regard to this schedule had been formally established. They have affronted the decent public sentiment of the whole country and have virtually admitted the culpability of the crushing charges brought against their party and their administration.

These men have won a transient and shameful advantage. How shameful it is will be demonstrated by the sweeping condemnation of their course that will be expressed by the respectable newspapers of the United States to-day. How transient it is, is proved by the magnificent Republican victory in Oregon, which echoes the repudiation of Democracy by every Eastern commonwealth, and signals the welding of the Pacific Coast with the unshakable array of National Republicanism. The battle for protection to American industry will not slacken; the fire against the corrupt and infamous mongrel bill will not lessen because of Tuesday's vote. The action taken by the Senate in Committee of the Whole is not decisive. It must be reviewed and may be reversed when the bill reaches its final stages. Republican Senators will continue to oppose the Democratic tariff scheme with unabated vigor and courage. The Republican party welcomes the issue which the Democrats have presented by their unequal alliance with a large and oppressive Trust. In behalf of the millions of citizens who earn their bread by honest toil, in behalf of the millions of wives and mothers, who will be the first to note the heightened cost of one of the common necessities of life, in behalf of the homes which the mongrel bill threatens with poverty, of the national honor which it tarnishes and of the prosperity at which it strikes, the Republican party pledges itself to carry on the fight against the monopoly ridden Democracy with aggressive energy and unflinching determination. The Democratic leaders have espoused the side of the foreigner and the trusts. The Republican party takes the side of the people, and confidently appeals to the supreme tribunal of the ballot for victory in its battle against the party of extortion, oppression and industrial ruin.

County Court.

The June term of the County Court opened at 10.30 o'clock Tuesday morning, Hon. Russell S. Taft presiding, Hon. George J. Bond and Hon. A. E. Burton assisting. Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Haskins of the Congregational church.

The grand jurors were called and sworn, after which Judge Taft appointed T. H. Hall of Pownal foreman, and charged them in a plain and pointed manner; most of the gentlemen are men of wide experience and enter upon their duties well prepared for the particular work they have to discharge. In the afternoon the petit jurors were called, sworn and charged. The names of both the grand and petit jurors have been given in the BANNER. C. G. Cole of Bennington was excused; also, John B. Russell of Peru. There being no case ready for trial that afternoon, the jury were excused until Wednesday morning, and the afternoon was employed by the court in "getting into line" for the term. The attorneys from out of the county are Col. Baker of Rutland, Potter of Pawlet, Martin of Brattleboro, Cudworth of Londonderry and Johnson of Eagle Bridge.

Wednesday morning the case of Louise Clemons vs. Warren Clemons was called for trial. Fowler, Batchelder and Barber for plaintiff; Sheldon and Baker for defendant. This is a case somewhat complicated. Wm. B. Clemons, a wealthy farmer of Dorset died in 1875, leaving a large estate to his wife and two children, the plaintiff and defendant. The estate was settled in 1879, leaving the home farm of about 400 acres of land and about \$2,000 worth of personal property with a small encumbrance upon it. The defendant's dowry was all set out in the home farm, to the value of \$7,000. Several other farms being sold to pay the debts of the estate, and so set out as to take the best part of the farm. In 1881 Louise got into debt quite heavily and into trouble to about

WE MAKE THINGS HUM

BY KEEPING UP TO DATE

CLOTHING.

Men's Suits.

More new styles in our Suit department than any two houses in Troy can show. \$10-25 styles All-wool Suits, sacks and frocks; new long Cutaway Sacks a specialty; in fabrics never before retailed by us at less than \$12 and \$14. \$12—Some of the most desirable goods in the market, in long cut sacks, handsomely made and trimmed, at \$12 per suit, (cannot be duplicated to-day outside our store at less than \$15. Clay Diagonal Long Cut Suits at \$15 of our own make, and as good as any \$30 suit in Troy.

Children's Suits.

Play Ball.

A Bat or Ball free with every purchase in this department. We have just purchased an entire stock of fine Children's Clothing, comprising Zouave, Blow & Fanterey Suits, absolutely all wool goods, and handsome styles, and offer the entire lot at 3 percent. NEVER HAVE SUCH VALUES BEEN OFFERED. Come in and look at them. You may be interested.

Shirt Waists and Blouses.

50 dozen of the celebrated Star Shirt Waists at 75c each, new goods, just received, all sizes, regular price \$1. 25 dozen fine Cheviot and Madras Waists 50c each, regular price 75c. 25 dozen fine Blouses in new and desirable patterns. 75c and \$1.

WELLS & COVERLY

334, 336 and 338 River Street,
13, 15, 17 and 19 Fourth Street,

TROY, N. Y.

the same extent. A charge of forgery was made against her by the Battenkill National Bank of Manchester, and to save herself she deeded all her right, title and interest in the property, her right to her mother's dower included, to her brother Warren, who paid money and gave his notes in settlement of her liabilities amounting in full to about \$1000, the sum named in the deed. The suit was to recover the balance of what the property was worth at the time of the deed. The mother and Mr. Spafford Holley of Dorset the witnesses to the deed, both being dead, has left no one knowing to the transaction, except the parties to the suit. Louise claiming that her brother told her in Mr. Holley's presence before signing the deed that he would further pay what her share of the property was reasonably worth, Warren denying the same. The mother died in 1888. Several witnesses were called by both sides showing the value of the farm in 1881, among whom were Wm. Root, J. M. Armstrong, H. B. Kent, Dwight Sykes, Geo. B. Rogers, Fred Gilbert, Nathaniel McWain, John Manley, Greeley Harwood and Morse Sheldon, who placed the value of the farm in '81 all the way from \$8,000 to \$10,000. The examinations of witnesses was completed Thursday morning and the arguments began which took the remainder of the day.

The case called for trial Friday morning is that of Benedict vs. Lawrence. The same crowd of witnesses is seen about the steps of the court house and entrance of the Grand Jury's room now-a-days, as was seen about Thayer's Hotel last March, and it would be no surprise if the noses of the Grand Jury should catch the odor of the fires of last winter.

Another Bennington Boy Heard From

The Coboes Wheel Meet, at Rensselaer Park, Wednesday, was attended by more than 4,000 people, J. Elmer Ayres of this village was in the races and won the one-mile handicap in 2:17. In this contest there were 27 starters. There was no wind to hinder the riders and the track was fast. The entire management was excellent. Prizes—Gold watch, value \$35; gold stud, value \$10; cycling underwear, value \$4. In the one mile Eastern New York Cycling league championship races in which he started, there were 18 starters. He took second place. Time of the first was 2:41 3-5.

The National Guard.

The annual inspection of Co. K, V. N. G. was held yesterday, Q. M. Gen. Gilmore and Capt. H. E. Tuthery, 1st U. S. Cavalry, inspecting officers. The company turned out about forty-five men all told, and presented a very creditable appearance, and the inspection officers expressed themselves as much pleased with the command. The quarters, camp and garrison equipment, etc., were also found to be in good shape and well taken care of. In the afternoon came the target contest, which was witnessed by quite a number. The result will soon be announced and the names of the three who will represent the company at the Fort Ethan Allen contest will be made public.

At 4 p. m. Gen. Gilmore and Capt. Tuthery inspected the Graded School Cadets on the school house grounds. The boys turned out forty musketeers, were divided into two companies, Capt. Huribut commanding one, Lieut. Bingham the other, both being under the command of Lieut. E. C. Bennett late of Norwich University artillery cadets. The grounds contained quite a large number of people who wanted to see "our boys" inspected. They were drilled in the manual of arms, battalion drill, and other evolutions. The inspection by Capt. Tuthery was as thorough with the cadets as would have been the case with his own company in the 1st cavalry. The boys did well, and Capt. Tuthery expressed himself to a BANNER representative as highly pleased with the appearance of the cadets, both in their drill and marching. His commendations were coincided in by Gen. Gilmore. The Captain further said that what he had seen here more strongly im-

pressed him with the idea that every public school should have a course of military training, and that these cadets were very fortunate to have as good instructors as they must have had to attain their present efficiency. At the close of the inspection the boys were dismissed. Co. K gave a short drill and inspection day was over.

"ROCK ME TO SLEEP MOTHER"

The poem, "Rock Me to Sleep Mother" was written by Elizabeth Akers Allen, known otherwise as "Florence Percy." It is a general favorite for it is a sweet little touch of home life. But there is another side to the picture. Many a mother rocks her child to sleep who can neither rest nor sleep herself. She is always tired, has an everlasting backache, is low spirited, weary nervous and all that. Thank be, she can be cured. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will do the work. Their is nothing on earth like it, for the "complaints" to which the sex are liable. Guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case or money returned.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are specific for biliousness, headaches, constipation, piles, and kindred ailments.

Don't fail to secure seats for The Mathews and Walters Company which comes to the Bennington Opera House all next week opening with "The Danites" on Monday evening at reduced prices 15-25 & 35.

SPECIAL BUSINESS LOCALS.

DR. GOODALL will respond to professional calls and continue his office business, the same as of old. See village directory.

STRAWBERRY SOCIAL.

There will be a strawberry social at the residence of Mrs. Chas. Barnes, Thursday, June 14th, for the benefit of St. Mary's Guild of St. Peter's church. Strawberries and cream, ice cream and cake will be served. Admission 10 cents; refreshments 25 cents.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Free prepaid outfit. One of our agents has earned over \$20,000 in five years. P. O. Box 1371, New York. 12t2.

Lettuce, asparagus, bunch onions and radishes fresh from the ground, and fresh eggs. L. M. HOLTON & SON.

FOR SALE.—An organ, and chamber set, as good as new. Inquire at this office for particulars. 1t*

Ladies, cleanse your kid gloves with Josephine Glove Cleaner, for sale only by Mrs. F. McLeod, who has just returned from New York with a new line of spring millinery, all the latest novelties and shapes, correct styles. 421 Main street. 12t†

The Wm. Radam Microbe Killer, for the cure of all diseases, for sale at 500 Main street. Only agent in this section. Mrs. Mary Gibson, Bennington, Vermont. 20t†

SUNDAY PAPERS.

New York Sunday Papers, Press, Sun and World, delivered to any part of the village, between 12 and 1 p. m. Leave your orders at once. JOHN EVANS.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HOMEOPATHY will be held at Denver, Col., on June 14th. For attendants along the line of the New York Central & Hudson River and West Shore Railroads a rate of fare and a third per capita for the round trip, has been made to Chicago or St. Louis, added to one fare for the round trip from these points. These lines and their connections form the cheapest and most direct routes to the convention, and offer additional inducements in way of safety, speed and comfort. Apply to ticket agents for tickets, space in sleeping cars, time tables, maps and any information.

The Reformed Presbyterian synod has placed "secret reports" under the ban by adopting the report of the committee on secret societies, which declared such organizations to be a "menace to society."

The assignee of the Union Loan and Trust Company of Sioux City, Ia., in which so many Vermonters are interested, states that the liabilities are over \$7,000,000, and that it will pay only five cents on a dollar.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE