

BENNINGTON BANNER.



VOL. LIV.

BENNINGTON, VT., FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1894.

NEW SERIES NO. 18.

A Short Essay on Progress.

The American people are a progressive people. Science and art are constantly undergoing changes for the better. Brainy men are in all lines of work. Probably no science, art or industry has gone through a greater change than the ready-made clothing business. At one time a fit from a ready-made store was an exception, now it is a rule, for suits are now made for slim, stout and short people; in fact all shapes can be found in a first-class ready-made store.

When you have an hour to spare, drop into our store and try on a few of our suits. We won't ask you to purchase. We simply show our goods, they are the sellers, not us.

C. G. COLE,
OPERA HOUSE CLOTHIER, BENNINGTON, VT.

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RICHARDSON'S

Green Houses for best quality & lowest prices.

PAPER HANGINGS!

At Reduced Prices. In order to close out our entire stock of Paper Hangings to make room, we will sell

60c Parlor Embossed Paper, 4c. 18c Micha Finished, 14c.
40c " " " 30c. 14c Micha Finished, 10c.
25c Parlor Gilt, Plain Back, 18c

Borders and 1 band friezes in proportion. Any one now wishing to paper will do well to see this stock at these prices. All strictly this year's patterns.

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NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

COAL, WOOD, LUMBER, LATH,
LIME, CEMENT, PAINTS,
OILS, NAILS, BUILDING PAPER,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

"THE PEOPLE SAY,"

RUSSELL & MARCH,

Are Offering Unprecedented Bargains

In all the above lines of goods. A full supply of all grades of SPRUCE, PINE and CEDAR SHINGLES constantly on hand.

STIMATES FURNISHED FOR BUILDINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

"THE BUILDERS,"

RUSSELL & MARCH,

COUNTY STREET, FOOT OF SCHOOL STREET.



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Ladies' Hair Dresser.

DEALER IN
HUMAN HAIR GOODS.

Work done in the latest style and at reasonable prices. Will call at residence if desired.

GAGE AND NORTH STS.

JUNE,

Is the month to do your painting.

DEVOES' MIXED PAINTS

Are cheapest because they are best. Quick drying floor paint, Pure Lead, Oils and Japans, Varnishes, Window Glass, Dry Kalsomine, Paint Brushes of every description.

PLASTICO, READY FOR USE BY ADDING COLD WATER.

It takes the place of Kalsomine, and is far superior.

C. D. GIBSON, Druggist,

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Cast Your Eye on the Following Prices:

Asters, 25 cents per dozen
Pansies, 25 cents per dozen
Potted Verbenas, 25c per dozen
Coleus, 25, 50c and 75c per dozen
Geraniums, fine plants in 4-inch jars, \$1.50 per dozen.
Geraniums, good plants in 3-inch jars, 75c and \$1.50 per doz.
About 125 doz Tomato Plants at 25c and 35c per doz.
OUR STOCK WILL BEAR INSPECTION.

THE BANNER.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AFTERNOONS.

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TWO ARMS BETWEEN THEM

Woodbury and Mansur are Republican Standard Bearer.
REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATIONS.

For Governor:
URBAN A. WOODBURY,
of Burlington.

For Lieutenant-Governor:
Z. M. MANSUR,
of Island Pond.

For Secretary of State:
CHAUNCEY W. BROWNELL,
of Burlington.

For State Treasurer:
HENRY F. FIELD,
of Rutland.

For State Auditor:
FRANKLIN D. HALE,
of Brighton.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.

For Member of Congress:
H. H. POWERS, Morrisville, First District.

WM. W. GROUT, Barton, Second District.

Says The Boston Transcript: "It is expected that Governor Hogg, of Texas, will be accompanied on his visit to Boston this week by his two beautiful daughters, the Misses Ima and Ura Hogg."

The New York Press, says: Vermont and California are widely separated geographically, but the Republican conventions held in these states last week show that Republican sentiment in both is united in favor of protection and bi-metalism. The nominations of Col. U. A. Woodbury for governor of Vermont and Hon. H. M. Estee for governor of California will command approval. The State of Senator Morrill and of Hon. George F. Edmunds has never fattered in its Republican allegiance, and least of all will it do so this year.

The trial of "Bat" Shea for the murder of Robert Ross continues, and witness after witness swears positively that Shea shot Ross and that they saw him do it. In the course of the testimony, a number of things have developed as to the methods of the Murphy ring in Troy. One witness swears that while he stood waiting for his turn to vote, near the polls, a repeater voted on his name and gave the number of his house. The inspectors of election took the vote and checked the name in spite of the protest of the real voter, who, in person, then and there, demanded that he be given his rights. Evidently the "house cleaning" in Troy politics has come none too soon.

The Vermont Populists, led by A. L. Bowen of Dorset, flocked together in mass convention at Montpelier, Tuesday. It does not appear from the telegraphic reports how many there were in attendance, but it is safe to say the number was not large. They put in the field the following ticket: Thomas S. McGinnis of Jericho, was nominated for governor, Henry W. Conroy of South Hero for lieutenant-governor, Andrew L. Bowen of Dorset, for Secretary of State; Walter S. Curtis of Randolph, for treasurer; Charles S. Louis of Reading, for auditor of accounts; John G. Jenne of Enosburgh Falls, for Congress from the first district, and Alfred F. Spaulding for Congress from the second district. This movement is about as formidable as the traditional fly on the barn door, that some one used to laugh at Senator Edmunds about seeing—hence their platform of free silver and other vagaries are not worth space to mention.

The Commissioner of Pensions has issued another order, which Washington dispatches say will result in calling in many thousands of cases. It is in amendment of Order No. 290, and in half a column of verbiage it is explained that this amendment "is not designed to prevent proper investigation of any claim in which there is evidence that the claim itself is fraudulent." Of course not. First assume that every pensioner or applicant is likely to be tainted with fraud that escaped the notice of Republican administrations, and the present Rebel dynasty is wonderfully alert to prevent a pension raid on the treasury. Perhaps the \$25,000,000 said to have been saved this year may be increased \$5,000,000 more by the present order. It is explained at the bureau that these new orders were promulgated in the interest of what is deemed better business methods than were formerly employed, and that while saving will be made it was not the essential motive of the order. The effect will be to call in 10,000 or 15,000 cases throughout the country.

The French National Congress met Wednesday and elected ex-Premier Casimir Perier on the first ballot, with a decisive majority. There were scenes in caucus, preceding, that the dispatches call a riot, but when the Deputies and Senators got down to business there was little delay. The Troy Times voices American sentiment when it says: "The choice indicates a general belief in his fitness for the place and confidence that he will take up the work where it was left by President Carnot and administer the government in the interest of the people. The new president has had long service in public life. His record is good, and he has been in such close sympathy with the Carnot rule that no radical changes are likely. A new president was to have been elected next December, but the assassination of Carnot made an immediate election necessary, and M. Casimir-Perier will hold the office for the regular term of seven years. France will be safe under his administration, and the Anarchists will find that the murder of a president has done nothing toward advancing their cause."

Less consideration has been shown for the woolen industry by the Democrats in the Senate than for any other important manufacture. Not a single duty contained in the schedule will afford any real protection to American manufacturers, and the duties placed upon carpets are so low that they must inflict grave harm upon that particular industry. Upon wool and woollens seems to have been concentrated the hatred and spite of the wreckers in the White House and in the Senate. Both the wool grower and manufacturer have been deliberately sacrificed, and obviously for the reason that the tie which binds these Americans together is the tie that holds the farmers faithful to the protective system.—Philadelphia Manufacturer.

About the only two Democratic officeholders in the State that were conspicuous by their absence from the Democratic State Convention, yesterday, were Collector Smalley of Burlington and Postmaster Hanrahan of Rutland. The former made his appearance in the committee rooms the evening before the convention and was cordially received by a large number of friends. In a conversation he intimated that he had no interest in the result of the convention only to know that "the boys had it just as they desired." That they did so is probably due to the fact, that although not present in the body, he was there in spirit, and everything moved as smoothly as though he had his hand at the wheel. Dr. Hanrahan, who would undoubtedly have been glad to have been present, was kept at home by the serious illness of his wife.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Considering the fact that this is an off year, there was a large attendance at the Democratic State Convention that was held in Burlington, yesterday, about 500 delegates being present. The convention was called to order by T. J. Boynton, chairman of the State committee, who presented the name of P. G. Farrell, of Newport, as temporary chairman. Among those named as secretaries was Wells Valentine. This organization was afterward made the permanent one with the addition of one vice president from each county, that from this county being R. M. Houghton. The chairman of the committee on resolutions was H. W. Martin of this village.

The proceedings of the convention were devoid of much interest, and the following ticket was put in nomination each by a rising vote: For governor, Geo. W. Smith of White River Junction; for Lieut. Governor, Maj. E. M. Bullard of Swanton; secretary of State, John W. Gorton, Barre; treasurer, Chas. Clark, Rutland; auditor, E. E. Sargent, St. Johnsbury. The committee on resolutions reported a platform which was adopted. It recites that the Vermont Democracy is undismayed by temporary (?) defeats and confident in the hope of its ultimate triumph; that the marks of Republican rule are everywhere visible, and then follows the stock phrase of wealth in the hands of a few, etc., etc., so familiar to our people since 1890. Like their brethren, the Southern Bourbons, Vermont Democrats want to get out into the markets of the world and do business, the home market is cramped and restricted.

If it was not for the sure ruin of American industries we might wish that the Green Mountain Democracy had their desires proved by experience. Of course the Republican party is denounced for the present state of the country. It was denounced in 1894, because the war was a failure; but what is the use of reasoning with people who laud Cleveland and his administrative to the skies?

A resolution instructing the State committee to call the next State convention at Rutland, was introduced by T. H. Brown of Rutland, and after considerable discussion was dismissed. Geo. M. Viall of Dorset was re-elected as member of the State committee from this county. The convention was in session about two hours only.

THE DEMOCRATIC EXTREMITY.

It has been the boast of Democratic leaders that the Democratic party was immortal. It is true that with one change of name but several changes of principles, this old, if not venerable, organization has existed for more than a hundred years. It is true that within this century it has witnessed the birth and the death of several powerful antagonists. When the ardent Democrat reflects upon the fate of the Federal party and the Whigs, it is not surprising, perhaps, that he should believe that the Democracy is destined to defy the assaults of time forever, but he should not permit himself to be blindly puffed up with the pride which is the harbinger of destruction and the haughty spirit which goeth before a fall.

For there are ominous signs that the Democracy's turn has now come to follow its dead and gone predecessors, and that in the words of one of its most gifted seers and sages, it is already marching through a slaughter house into an open grave. It is the unvarnished truth that never in the memory of the present generation have the evidences of the Democracy's early and complete dissolution been so manifest. Not even the taint of treason was so potent to blight the Democratic vitality as the virus of free trade. When Massachusetts, into which ever since the war a great flood of Democratic immigration has been pouring, returns the largest Republican majority for 20 years; when Pennsylvania with 200,000 breaks its glorious Republican record; when New Jersey, which all through the war clung to copperheadism, now repudiates Democracy; when the most bigoted Democratic district in Illinois goes Republican for the first time in its history—in brief, when Republican States are more Republican than ever, and Democratic States are going Republican which never went that way before, it is simply impossible not to see that the Democratic party is saddled with the most unpopular cause with which it was ever afflicted, and suffering the worst extremity to which it ever was reduced.

It is not the mere weakness of the Cleveland Administration which has done all this, for Buchanan's Administration was even weaker. It is not the fat-witted Democratic leadership in Congress, for that is no new phenomenon. It is the fact that the Democratic party is more radically committed than ever before to a free trade raid on American industry and American wages, Slavery, secession, the war itself, were remote

The Greatest Sale on Earth. Store Abandoned.

And all goods to be disposed of in Troy. More than \$20,000 worth of Fine Clothing and Furnishing Goods, the consolidated stock of our Troy and Schenectady stores thrown on the market at

50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

We have never kept Furnishing Goods and do not propose to now. So here they go at less than cost. Buy a year's supply and save money. SHIRTS, NECKWEAR, COLLARS, CUFFS, HOSIERY, in fact everything in the Furnishing line at 50 cents on the dollar.

CLOTHING.

Men's Suits \$5, Marked from \$10.
Men's Suits \$6, Marked from \$10 and \$12.
Men's Suits \$7.50, Marked from \$12.
Men's Suits \$19, Marked from \$15 and 20
Men's Trousers \$1.50 and \$2; not half-price.
Men's Fine Worsteds Trousers \$2.50 and \$3; regular price \$5.

Children's Suits Waists and Blouses

At 50 Cents on the Dollar.

WELLS & COVERLY

334, 336 and 338 River Street,
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TROY, N. Y.

and half comprehended in most Northern communities, but the idleness, the poverty, the despair which the mere menace of free trade brings are a living, breathing presence by millions of humble freemen from Maine to Oregon. Secession struck at the life of the Nation; free trade strikes at the life of the people. It is not strange, therefore, that the popular remonstrance should be stronger and fiercer in 1894 than in 1890, and that the political party which has aroused the outburst should be in more imminent peril of extinction.

Will the Democratic politicians heed the danger signals, and abandon, before it is too late, the mad policy which is dragging them to ruin? Or will history record that the Democratic party survived secession only to destroy itself with free trade, and that Grover Cleveland did what Jefferson Davis was unable to accomplish?—Boston Journal.

THE VERMONT PRESS ASSOCIATION.

The business meeting of this body is to be held at the Van Ness House, Burlington, July 11th, evening. A two days' excursion to the Hotel Champlain, at Pluff Point, N. Y., will follow, but it is the business meeting we have more particularly in mind. In common with many others the BANNER has criticized this association regarding its mode of conducting these annual meetings, but in the circular before us we see much to commend. It is proposed to discuss thirteen subjects, most of which concern the reader and advertiser as well as the publisher, as follows:

1st. Shall the Vermont papers adopt the advance payment system, beginning January 1st, 1895?
2nd. Shall the newspapers adopt a uniform scale of advertising rates, per line, or per inch, or per column? per 1,000 of circulation?
3d. What discounts shall be given, and to whom?
4th. What extra rate shall be charged for preferred position advertisements?
5th. What rate, per line or article, shall be charged for obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks, etc.?
6th. Shall the newspapers publish the Acts of the Legislature of 1894 without pay?
7th. "A uniform scale for job printing."

8th. What price, per line or item, should be paid for local news?
9th. Is the press doing all that it can to boom Vermont?
10th. Shall the annual meetings be held in the fall or winter and be devoted exclusively to business matters?
11th. Shall the annual excursion hereafter be discontinued or limited to members of the association and their immediate families?
12th. Are premiums and clubbing arrangements desirable?
13th. Are semi-weeklies better than weeklies for country towns?

There is little doubt that the "advance payment" system, where practicable, is better both for the paper and subscriber, and as much might be said of several other subjects noted. As to the "clubbing system," opinions differ. We think, however, that our readers consider clubbing arrangements, especially with the Tribune (weekly), New York Press (daily), and Boston Journal (weekly), to be a great accommodation as well as saving to them, judging by the hundreds who annually take advantage of the rates.

As to whether the State papers should publish the "laws" free, there should be but one mind. If the State of Vermont has become too poor, or too stingy to pay for the publishing of its Session Laws, then no class of men ought to be called upon to perform that service. The fact that the press of the State, generally, did give the people the laws of 1892, gratis, is no reason why it should become a custom. When the State paid for the dissemination of what its legislature had done, in the years ago, the sum was so meagre that the amount scarcely paid for the typesetting, and from that to nothing was the edict of 1892. The press should never again publish these laws gratis.

The BANNER has already adopted a rule concerning topic 5, and we think the State papers have "boomed" Vermont since 1888, all that law or enthu-

siam requires. Column after column has appeared in every paper, and the thanks given by the people has been about zero, although the "dear people" have been the ones benefitted by the rise in real estate, etc., and not the brethren of the guild edict.

We look forward to something practical in the results of the proposed meeting and discussion.

HILL'S "BRANDING IRON."

"Senator Hill of New York," says the Transcript, "is now one of the most conspicuous and interesting characters in our politics. He is the only Democrat in the senate who dares to resist the confederate cabal and defend the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its last national convention. Every Democratic senator except Hill has abandoned the Chicago platform, and broken the pledges made to the people before the election. Cleveland is guilty of the same treachery and is waiting to sign a tariff bill that contains all the abuses he has denounced, a bill that was framed at the dictation of the sugar trust and gives to that colossal monopoly special privileges and enormous profits. This is the first time in our history, when the leaders of a great party boldly repudiate and vote down, after election, the principles that they advocated in the canvass. The men who denounced protection "as robbery" as "unconstitutional and a fraud," voted a duty of forty per cent. on sugar, eighty per cent. on rice and high tariffs on all southern products. This is not only a shameful abandonment of their professions and pledges, but an unparalleled exhibition of sectional selfishness."

The New York Press report says: Senator Hill's arraignment of his own party for its abandonment of professed principles and rejection of the platform which it had used to "bunco" the American people, was cutting, because it was replete with unwelcome truth. Hill had the Bourbons and their Northern sycophants helplessly corralled, and he didn't spare the branding iron. It was a very hot iron, and left a permanent and painful mark. Senator Hill seems to forget, however, that the Democracy is consistent only when inconsistent; that it has adopted platform after platform, only to abandon them, and has been, in turn, the willing agent of slavery and treason, of native treachery and foreign greed. Democratic adoption of the income tax simply shows that the Democracy, after being ground in the mortar of rebellion, is still the same blundering, unprincipled, un-American party as in the days when Democratic conspirators plotted in Cabinet and Congress against the life of the Republic.

"OUT UPON SUCH IDIOCY."

Mr. Wilson's position as chairman of the committee on ways and means will make him the leader of the House conference on the tariff bill. It is fortunate for the country, for the Democratic party and for Mr. Wilson himself that this is the case.—New York World.

Why "fortunate for the country" that this Southern ex-Confederate soldier, born and bred in the country far from the music of mill-wheels and the hum of manufacturing industry, should have charge of a bill in which New England and the great Middle States have such tremendous interests at stake? Did his fighting for the destruction of a free government during the rebellion, or his teaching school in the backwoods of Virginia, give him a superior equipment for the adjustment of tariff schedules on industries employing hundreds of thousands of working-people, and of which he has no practical knowledge? Would the World entrust its own immense business to a rural professor who had never been inside of a daily newspaper office, but had a theory of "how to run a paper?" The question answers itself. Yet it insults the intelligence of its readers by claiming that it is "fortunate for the country" that this ex-Confederate soldier and pedagogue is to be a leader in maturing the tariff bill. Out upon such idiocy.—Democratic Troy Press.

—France escapes both the advantages and disadvantages of a vice-presidency. There is no French equivalent to Adlai Stevenson.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE