

SENSATIONAL STORY

Relative to the Recent Attempted Assassination of the

RUSSIAN CZAREWITCH IN JAPAN

By an Inmate Guardsman--Report That a Russian Messenger Dispatched via America Was Waylaid in Colorado--A Probable Fake--The Story of the Affair.

Chicago, June 22.--A royal messenger bearing important dispatches sent from Tokyo by the Czar, to the Czar of Russia, has mysteriously disappeared while en route from San Francisco to New York. The fact has been kept a secret and it is not certain that the Russian Government is yet aware of it. G. G. Geyman, who was on the same steamer, says the messenger was delayed near Denver by a wreck, and he stopped overnight in that city. He never resumed his journey and has not been seen since. It is believed that the young Russian met a violent death at the hand of some enemies of the Czar. The most important of these is the hitherto unpublished story regarding the attack upon the life of the Czar. Mr. Natyan, who was in Tokio at the time, states the truth was never made known that the Czar had accepted an invitation to visit a great noble at Tokio, but stopped on the way to visit another nobleman. This insulted the former and he hired an assassin to kill the Czar, and the resulting attempt was given to the world as the deed of a religious fanatic. From every stopping place, the Czarwitsch sent duplicate messages to his father by three trusted messengers who took the most opposite routes. One of these, immediately after the attempted assassination, was sent to St. Petersburg by way of the United States. The theory is that the authorities have intercepted and put out of the way all the messengers supposed to bear news of the truth.

THE ATTACK ON THE PRINCE

As Related by a Japanese Newspaper. The Act of a Crazy Man.

Leaders of the INTELLIGENCER will recall the telegraphic accounts of the assault on the Czarwitsch, referred to in the above dispatch. The story from Chicago will be taken with some salt, after the perusal of the following interesting account of the affair, clipped from the Yokohama, Japan, Daily News of May 12, furnished the INTELLIGENCER by Hon. John M. Burch, of this city, the United States Consul to Nagasaki, Japan. The News says:

An affair of a grave and lamentable character occurred yesterday at Otsu. According to the programme arranged for the Russian Crown Prince, His Imperial Highness went in the forenoon from Kyoto to Otsu by train, and having reached at the official residence of the Governor, proceeded by jinrikisha to Lake Biwa.

There were a large number of jinrikisha in the train. In what order they were marshalled we have not learned, but it is probable that the Prince rode first, and what is certain is that immediately behind the jinrikisha of the Prince Imperial and Prince George of Greece armed guards were riding. A strong force of police, told off for service along the road, had been placed at intervals, forming a line on either side from the offices of the Prefecture to the Lake. Among the policemen was one Toki Sano, belonging to the Moriama station. This man seems to have been the reason for the catastrophe. Drawing his sword, he stepped up from the rear at the moment when the Prince's jinrikisha passed, and struck at its rear, inflicting a wound on the side of the forehead. One of the guards following the Prince at once sprang from his jinrikisha and gave the brute two severe but not fatal sword cuts, after which he was arrested.

Telegraphic news of the event reached Tokyo at half-past 2, and naturally produced great excitement. The Emperor was profoundly affected, and the Empress broke down completely. Orders were at once issued, in compliance with which H. I. H. Prince Kitashirakawa, having his suite, Dr. Takagi, principal medical officer of the navy, Dr. Ikeda, court physician, and a number of officials of the household department, set out for Kyoto by the train, leaving Shimbashi at 4:45 p. m., and were consequently on their way to the Prince Imperial before the latter had reached Kyoto from Otsu. A cabinet meeting was also held, and the Emperor himself presided.

The meeting lasted until five o'clock. Orders had meanwhile been given to prepare a special train, and by this, at 9 o'clock p. m., their excellencies the ministers of state for home and foreign affairs set out for Kyoto, accompanied by Drs. Hashimoto and Scriba, and Mr. W. Denison. The Emperor, immediately on receiving intelligence of the affair, announced his intention of visiting the Prince Imperial in Kyoto, and his majesty left Tokyo for that purpose by a special train at 6:10 this morning.

As to the man by whom the attempt was made, the only conclusion to be formed is that he laboured under an attack of temporary insanity. He has expressed penitence for his deed, and stated that he lost control of himself, from which we infer that after the excitement of the moment, he recovered his senses. Whether he obeyed an impulse of fanaticism growing out of international prejudice, or whether he is to be classed with those men of unstable mental equilibrium found in all countries, who make attempts upon the lives of a sovereign simply because of his exalted position, we cannot pretend to divine at present.

The fact that the madman was one of the policemen charged with the duty of guarding the Prince, will be injuriously construed; though in truth it is nothing more than a coincidence. Among a large force of constables a fanatic may be found at any moment as well as amid a crowd of onlookers, and against such a contingency the authorities cannot guard. Meanwhile it cannot be denied that they government in Tokyo has taken ever step possible to protect under the circumstances. The whole nation is doubtless thoroughly shocked by the event, and will leave nothing undone to express its regret.

BOY HEROES

Sacrifice Their Lives to Save Their Playmate--One of Them a Millionaire.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 22.--While bathing in Doaks Pond near here this afternoon, John McKeown, Walter Jones and John Chaulis, boys ranging in age from eight to thirteen years, were drowned. Young Chaulis dived from a plank, striking the bottom, and was drowning when John McKeown bravely dived after him. The half-unconscious boy grasped McKeown tightly, fettering his arms. Heroic little Walter Jones did not hesitate a moment, but leaped in to save his two little friends, but was himself overcome, and all three, clasped in each others arms, sank to the bottom.

Young McKeown was a son of the late John McKeown; the oil king millionaire, and the boy was worth in his own right \$4,000,000, being his father's favorite son. Chaulis was a nephew of the dead millionaire, and Walter Jones, the son of J. F. Jones, presiding elder of the Washington district of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

This is commencement week of Washington and Jefferson College and the said affair will greatly modify the program of celebration.

MASONRY ATTACKED

In a Baptist Conference and Rev. Mr. Cleveland Withdraws.

BOSTON, June 22.--During the regular Monday meeting of Baptist ministers in Chapel Hall this forenoon, Rev. J. B. Stoddard addressed the conference, at his suggestion, upon the influence of secret societies upon the church, and in the course of his remarks strongly denounced Masonry, declaring that when a man swears allegiance he swears allegiance to a code antagonistic to God. Rev. Mr. Cleveland, of Melrose, who was in the audience, arose to a point of order and with suppressed emotion said: "I am a Mason and have listened to this scathing stigmatism of the order in patience, but I can't listen to this unjust and uncalled for abuse."

Chairman Moxan put the question to the meeting on sustaining the point of order and it was defeated.

Instantly Mr. Cleveland rose and addressing the secretary, said: "I request that you drop my name from the roll of membership of this conference. I do not care to be a member of any body that refuses to sustain any decent point of order."

Then taking his hat, he left the hall and Mr. Stoddard finished his address.

A MIXTURE OF EMOTIONS

Among the Officers of the First Regiment Ohio National Guard.

CINCINNATI, June 22.--There is a mixture of emotions among the officers of the First Regiment, Ohio National Guard, caused by the report of a court of inquiry made at Columbus to-day. The court was organized to investigate charges made by Captain Becht against Colonel Smith. The court finds such a state of things in the regiment that in the opinion of the court the only remedy is to request the resignation of the officers, one and all, and order a new election. Officers against whom no charges were made are indignant at being required to resign. Colonel Smith will call a meeting of the officers to consult upon the situation.

A Completed Case.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

COLUMBUS, O., June 22.--The Sunday Capitol to-day changed hands. Receiver Guerin sold it to Calvin Johnson for \$400. Johnson was city editor of the paper under the Elliott regime, but when the editor got into jail he assumed authority. Upon Elliott's admission a few weeks since, Johnson resigned to defeat the efforts of the receiver to get out the paper. This purchase by Johnson bears the ear marks of Bill Elliott's scheming. This will virtually defeat John Rees, who sued Bill Elliott for damages, as there will not be enough left him out of the \$400 to pay attorney's fees.

The Microscopic Bureau.

CHICAGO, June 22.--Secretary of Agriculture Rusk to-day put in working order his new bureau for the microscopic examination of hog products for export. He selected a corps of thirty microscopists, fifteen men and as many women, and they are set to work under the direction of Drs. John Michels, of New York, and F. H. Bernard, of Pittsburgh, microscopic experts. The force will be increased until it is large enough to examine under the magnifying lens a piece of the diaphragm and of the tenderloin of each hog killed.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Mrs. Samuel Mather, of Cleveland, has given \$75,000 to the Western Reserve University for its college for women.

Another Manipur prince, Sens, has been sentenced to death for warring against the Queen and abetting in the massacre of officers.

Fifty persons have been arrested in Paris for belonging to a secret association known as the Infame Legge, similar to the Mala Vita society.

In the Allegheny College Inter-Society contest last evening, between Allegheny and Philo-Franklin Societies, the former won by a score of seven to three points.

Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, at midnight approved the World's Fair bill and appointed the commissioners. A. K. McCure, of Philadelphia, is chairman.

The amount of expenses for the maintenance and transportation of Pennsylvania troops during the coke region riots has been certified to by the Adjutant-General. The total is \$35,029.22.

Mr. Gladstone has suffered another relapse, due to exertion in addressing a meeting of colonial bishops. His physician visited him to-day and ordered a complete rest for several days.

The bus men's strike at Bordeaux led to rioting yesterday. A mob of citizens sided with the strikers and a force of cavalry had to be called out to clear the streets. Several persons were injured and many arrested.

RAIDED THE ITALIANS.

A Bloody Riot at a Labor Camp Near St. Louis.

A WAR WAGED ON THE "DAGOS"

Caused by the Contractors Bringing Them In and a Rumor That More Were to Come--Bad Whiskey Cause of It--A Serious Situation at the Camp.

St. Louis, June 22.--A party of Italian laborers employed on the new water works at the chain of rocks some distance up the river reached the city yesterday and reported that a reign of terror existed at that point. It appears that there are two factions employed at the works, one of which has a man named Mantalino at its head, while the other is led by Juan Mantalino. A deadly feud has existed between these two factions, which early yesterday morning culminated in a general conflict. After playing cards until late in the afternoon, the Mantalino heard some one going through his clothes and asked who it was. A hand was placed on his face and a voice whispered in Italian for him to keep quiet. At that very moment some one stabbed him in the right side, inflicting a dangerous wound. Later the Mantalino crowd was warned to leave the camp, or they would be killed. Mantalino and his party immediately left and came to St. Louis, where the injured man's wound was dressed. The police arrested a number of Italians last night, and an investigation is being held.

A LATER ACCOUNT.

A later dispatch says: A race riot between laborers employed by Contractor Worley, at Heman's camp, at the Chain of Rocks, a point about five miles up the river, where the new water works are being constructed, occurred between 1 and 2 o'clock Sunday morning, in which one Italian was dangerously stabbed, twenty-two of his fellow countrymen driven from the camp, their valuables and money confiscated by the gang of American and other laborers, making the attack, and a race panic inaugurated. The riot was primarily caused by the admittance in camp of a lot of Italian laborers and the report that Contractor Worley had gone to Chicago for more.

All Saturday a feeling of revolt against the employment of Italian laborers had been gaining in strength and bitterness. As soon as the laborers were paid off in the evening, they congregated as usual at a saloon just outside the city limits, where bad whiskey is dealt out to the men who pass the time in gambling away their hard earned money. About 4 o'clock Sunday morning the gambling party broke up, and the sixty or more men, crazy drunk, started for their sleeping quarters.

BAIDED THE DAGOS.

On the way over a man named William P. Blair, it is alleged, sprang the idea of "driving out the dagos." It took like wild fire, and with muttered curses against the Italians, the drunken mob hurried toward the camp. "D-n the dagos." This was the cry with which the attack was begun on the sleeping Italians. The drunken crowd sprang into the tent amidst the foreigners, armed with sticks, clubs, knives and whatever else they could lay their hands on. The fight did not last long. The Italians were at too great disadvantage, and after a brief resistance they fled in terror, leaving behind all their belongings.

They carried away one of their comrades, named Catalize Francisco, dangerously wounded. The Italians made their way to this city, where they reported the matter to the police. At the camp their departure was followed by a scene of pillage. Their valises, bundles and packages were broken open and the contents taken possession of.

ARRESTS MADE.

The police at once began a rigid investigation and the following arrests were made: Edward Manley, John H. Jones, Michael Cassell, William R. Blair, William C. Brooks, Fred Leader and John Shiller. These men profess ignorance of the attack on the Italians, and say they were awakened by a commotion and merely aided in driving from camp the disturbers of their slumbers. One of the assaulted party, however, has identified two of the men arrested.

The Italian Consul, Domenico Ginocchio, is indignant over the attack on his countrymen and will doubtless enter into a preliminary correspondence with his government on the subject. He has demanded of the Chief of Police protection for the Italians, and also an immediate official investigation of the riot.

A Ridiculous Fake.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 22.--For several days past exaggerated reports have been sent out from this city in regard to a race riot, said to be fomenting. A few nights ago a fracas occurred in a tough part of the city between some whites and blacks, the leading spirits in which were arrested and will in due time be punished. It has furnished the pretext for some wild and ridiculous telegrams by special correspondents. When sifted down, they have proven to be mere trash and the parties telegraphing it away are the laughing stock of the city. No trouble is, or has been anticipated by the authorities, and everything is as quiet as the Summer weather usually induces.

Reminder of the Samoan Disaster.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.--The schooner Sea Wolf arrived from Apia, Samoa, this afternoon, bringing a cargo of wreckage from the United States men-of-war Trenton and Vandalla, wrecked at Apia in the hurricane of March, 1889, and also bringing the remains of twenty seamen belonging to these vessels who were drowned at the time. The remains will be buried at Mare Island yard.

Immigrant Arrivals.

NEW YORK, June 22.--Twenty-four hundred and thirty immigrants landed at the large office to-day, including 1,300 Italians.

The Wheeling Bakery's immense big loaves of corn meal bread are the greatest health food in the world.

ALASKA AGENTS

Appointed on the Part of Great Britain to Arbitrate the Seal Fisheries.

WASHINGTON, June 22.--The Department of State has been notified that the British government has appointed Sir George Baden-Howell and Mr. W. Dawson agents of that government to visit Alaska and collect information respecting the seal fisheries. The nature of the arbitration itself has not been argued upon. Presumably it will be entrusted to a board, composed of two representatives of the United States, two of Great Britain, and a fifth member to be selected by the first four.

The United States forbids any authorized person to be upon a reserved tract without authority and it is therefore necessary for the British government to obtain the consent of this government before agents can land on the seal islands. It may be that Messrs. Rowell and Dawson will hereafter serve as representatives of the British government upon the expert commission which the two nations are bound to send to Alaska this Summer, but it is altogether improbable they will be appointed arbitrators as their previous duties might be supposed to unfit them to act judicially in a matter where they had formerly acted as partisan experts.

A LUCKY WIDOW

After Working for Years Falls Heir to a Big Fortune.

PATERSON, N. J., June 22.--Mrs. Ann Jane Thomas, a poor widow, aged sixty-two years, who, with her daughter, has worked many years at the Barbour flax mill, received legal notice Saturday night of her falling heir to \$200,000 and three valuable pieces of property in Liverpool, by the death of an uncle living in Ireland.

A Big Suit Begun.

CHICAGO, June 22.--At a conference held in the City Comptroller's office this afternoon between that official, the corporation counsel and City Treasurer Kiolbassa, it was determined to institute mandamus proceedings in a day or two on behalf of the City Comptroller to compel County Treasurer Kern to pay over to the city all of its funds in his possession. Suit will also be begun against him and his bondsmen for debt to recover the aforesaid sum with interest, and declare his office vacant. City Comptroller May says Mr. Kern must have four or five millions of the city's money on which he is drawing interest, but, on the contrary, Mr. Kern claims he has no such amount. Pending the suits, expert accountants will be put at work to determine the exact amount.

Death at the Window.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., June 22.--There was a terrible electrical storm here yesterday. John Humphreys with his family and his brother were sitting in a bedroom at his home on Euclid avenue watching the storm. It becoming dark, Humphreys stepped to the window to raise the curtain, when an awful flash was seen and Humphreys fell to the floor. His brother was badly shocked and a little daughter was knocked down. Investigation showed that Humphreys had been instantly killed.

The Great Missouri River Flood.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., June 22.--The Missouri river is higher than for several years and is still rising. All government work on the Kansas shore has been abandoned and the government fleet moored in a place of safety. The rapidity with which the surging waters are cutting away the Kansas bank can best be imagined when it is stated that half acre lots of earth have been tumbling into the river ever since yesterday morning.

Incendiary Fire.

FALL RIVER, MASS., June 22.--Alarms from two of the three Border city mills called a large portion of the fire department to a big blaze at the cotton and cloth works, at 7:35 o'clock this morning. The fire broke out at the southeast corner of a storehouse containing \$150,000 worth of cotton and fancy cloths. Inasmuch as no workmen had been near the place the origin is supposed to have been incendiary. Loss from \$50,000 to \$100,000.

Explosion in a Theatre.

MUNICH, June 22.--An explosion of gas took place last night in the Munich Theatre. Three men were severely injured by the explosion. One of the injured men cannot survive. Immediately after the explosion the theatre was discovered to be on fire, and before the flames were extinguished the building was badly damaged.

United Tool Workers.

NEW YORK, June 22.--The first annual convention of the United Machinists' and Tool Makers was begun here to-day and will probably last three or four days. Delegates were present from Chicago, San Francisco, St. Louis and other large cities. The convention is being held under the auspices of the American Federation of Labor. August Delehar, Secretary of the National Bankers' Association, presided.

Will Fight the Britishers.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., June 22.--The Home Brewing Company, with \$200,000 capital, was incorporated to-day. It is an organization of local Germans in opposition to the English syndicate breweries.

A Bank Suspends.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 22.--The Florence National Bank, of Florence, Ala., closed its doors. The immediate cause is attributed to the spread of false reports which caused a run on the bank.

Inventor of Nitro-Glycerine Dead.

NORTH ADAMS, MASS., June 22.--Prof. J. M. Mowbray died last night, aged 68 years. He was widely-known as the inventor of nitro-glycerine.

Steamship News.

ANTWERP, June 22.--Arrived--Rhynland, from New York.

COPENHAGEN, June 22.--Arrived--Hekla, from New York.

QUEENSTOWN, June 22.--Arrived--Holland, from New York.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., June 22.--Arrived--Ohio, from Liverpool.

LONDON, June 22.--Sighted--Massdam, New York.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Stanhope Thinks It Unnecessary to Call Army Officers'

ATTENTION TO CARD PLAYING

In the British Army--The Standard Oil Company in Germany--A Bloody Riot in Hungary--Terrible Balloon Disaster--Other News From Abroad.

LONDON, June 22.--The Secretary of State for War, Right Hon. Edward Stanhope, in the House of Commons to-day, replying to a question put to the government by Mr. Henry Peyton Cobb (radical non-Conformist member for the Rugby division of Warwickshire), said he would consider whether the request for a three years' return of the names, etc., of all non-commissioned officers and privates in the British army who had been punished or reduced to the ranks for conniving at card playing or gambling, or for taking part in such card playing or gambling, could be granted. Mr. Stanhope added that he did not see the necessity for an order calling the attention of commanding officers to the army regulations in regard to gambling, as he did not believe that these regulations had been broken.

SENSATIONAL SUIT

Begun By Parnell's Private Secretary Against the Cork Herald.

DUBLIN, June 22.--The action for libel brought by Mr. Henry Campbell, M. P. for South Fermanagh, and private secretary to Mr. Parnell, against the Cork Herald for stating that while other members of Parliament were attending to their duties, he, Mr. Campbell, was hiring houses for immoral purposes for Mr. Parnell, was commenced to-day. The suit attracts considerable interest here from the fact that it was expected that some lively testimony would be extracted from these witnesses. Mr. Campbell, during the early stages of the day's proceedings, made statements to the effect that he had never in any way interested himself in or performed any duties in connection with Mr. Parnell's private affairs. Asked why he did not at an earlier date investigate the charges brought by the Cork Herald, Mr. Campbell replied that his delay in action was caused by the fact that there were at that time so many false statements flying about that which is popularly referred to as the "fire escape incident," and which was a myth, otherwise an "invention of the enemy." Mr. Campbell also denies being the author of certain much discussed letters alleged to have been signed by him.

The Standard in Germany.

BERLIN, June 22.--The committee appointed to investigate the workings of the Standard Oil Company in Germany will report upon the question as to whether the operations of that company are of a legal or illegal nature, and incidentally the committee will ask for the abolition of the duty on oil barrels, thus placing the many sailing vessels engaged in the oil trade between the United States and Germany on an equal footing with the tank steamers. The committee will also recommend that an effort be made to obtain sufficient oil for German consumption from the independent wells.

A Bloody Riot

VIENNA, June 22.--A savage riot occurred yesterday at Baton, Hungary. A mob incited by Socialist agitators attacked the town hall and would probably have destroyed the building had it not been for the desperate resistance made by a small force of gen d'armes who stationed themselves behind its walls. The gen d'armes fired on the mob, killed four of the rioters upon the spot, and severely wounded seven others. This checked the ardor of the Socialist element, and the authorities soon after completely restored order.

Terrible Balloon Disaster.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.--A terrible balloon accident occurred near this city yesterday. A large balloon belonging to Count Apraxine, was being inflated with gas when it escaped from the people who were holding it to the ground and carried upward four workmen who were in the car. The balloon rose rapidly to a great height and then burst. The bodies of the four unlucky workmen fell to the ground and were smashed almost beyond recognition.

Outrage by Brigands.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.--Dispatches from Tiflis, the capital of Russian Transcaucasia state that a band of brigands, seventeen in number, recently attacked and robbed a mail coach near the village of Saljan, killing two travelers and severely wounding a postillion. The brigands then attacked and pillaged the village of Saljan, and escaped with the booty secured. A squadron of cossacks has been sent in pursuit.

English Tin Plate Mills to Close.

LONDON, June 22.--All efforts to avert the locking out of 25,000 tin plate workers has proved unavailing. If there is no change in the situation of affairs this week the works will close on Monday next.

How at a Funeral.

DUBLIN, June 22.--Messrs. Parnell and Healy attended the funeral of O'Gorman yesterday. In a row following the funeral Mr. Healy was violently struck. His assailant was arrested.

Earl of Clonmel Dead.

LONDON, June 22.--John Henry Reginald Scott, fourth Earl of Clonmel, died to-day. The Earl of Clonmel was born in 1839 and was elected a representative for Ireland in 1864.

Mexican Indian Outbreak.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 22.--The Indians in the district of Papantala, State of Vera Cruz, have revolted and the government has sent troops to subdue them.

For Thorough Calvinism.

LONDON, June 22.--Alarmed by recent Wesleyan discussions on inspiration and Sabbath keeping, Mr. Spurgeon, with a number of other ministers, has signed a manifesto declaring for thor-

ough Calvinism, and accepting both testaments as the God of Word, saying that the two must stand or fall together.

AN OFFICER'S ACCOUNT

Of the Battle in Caldero Bay--He Witnessed the Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.--Capt. B. Nesmith has arrived in this city after a stay of eight months in Chile.

He was an eye witness of the naval battle between the insurgent cruiser Blanco Encalada and the government torpedo boats Almirante Condell and Almirante Lynch. He was on board the English schooner Sophia May, which was anchored 500 yards from the Encalada, and thus obtained a good view of the fight.

The government vessels entered the harbor of Caldero, where the Encalada was at anchor, early on the morning of April 23. When within 200 yards of the insurgent ship the Condell fired two torpedoes, at a distance of 100 yards, which also went wide of the mark. For nearly an hour the vessels kept up an incessant cannonade without using any more torpedoes, and the government vessels got the worst of it. During this period the insurgent transport Acocagua entered the harbor and joined in the fight. It looked as if the two torpedo boats would be defeated, when finally the Lynch made a rush for the Encalada. When 40 yards distant she fired a torpedo which struck the insurgent ship amidships. A terrible explosion followed, and the Encalada immediately began to sink, but her guns kept on firing, and one of the last shots demolished the Lynch's smokestack. At least five or six shots were fired from the vessel after the torpedo struck her. The officers attempted to get out the boats, but in five minutes the ship sank and 171 of the crew were drowned.

The Condell and Lynch next attacked the Acocagua, when the Imperiale, which was stationed outside, signalled the approach of another war ship and the torpedo boats immediately steamed out of the harbor and made preparations to attack the new arrival. She proved to be H. M. S. Warsprite, but the Condell did not discover it and fired a gun to call the stranger to account. The Condell soon discovered the mistake and put about with the Lynch and proceeded to Valparaiso for repairs. The official report of the fight says that the Condell received a charge of canister which killed two men and wounded five others; fifty-two tubes in her boilers burst and the stokers were nearly asphyxiated. The Lynch was struck fourteen times by solid shot, one striking below the water line. Commodore Mont, commander of the Encalada, was on shore during the fight.

Capt. Lambton, of the Warsprite, in conversation with Capt. Nesmith, said the destruction of the Encalada did not develop any new feature of naval warfare, as it was only a surprise pure and simple. The captain of the Encalada admitted he was responsible for the loss of his ship. He had no picket boats out, no torpedo nets in place, no look-out on board, no guns in readiness. No precautions whatever were made against a night attack or surprise. At the time Capt. Nesmith sailed for the north, on May 14, it was reported that a battle had occurred in Coquimbo and many people had been killed.

HOMEOPATHIC DOCTORS.

The International Congress at Atlantic City Adjourns.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 21.--The International Congress of Homeopathic Physicians reconvened this morning. Dr. Thomas Franklin Smith, of New York city, read a paper on the growth of Homeopathy in the United States in the past five years.

The rest of the morning was spent in the reading of papers reporting the condition and progress of homeopathy in various countries, among them a report of the Calcutta, India, Homeopathic Charitable Dispensary, prepared by P. C. Majumder, L. M. C., of Calcutta, read by Dr. J. H. McClelland, of Pittsburgh.

It was decided that the next congress shall meet in Europe and probably in London, in June, 1893.

The American Institute of Homeopathy then held a session and after the appointment of standing committees the Institute adjourned to meet in Washington, in 1893.

Killed His Father.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., June 22.--A Key West special says: A most deplorable affair occurred here this afternoon, when Joseph Demeritt, aged nineteen, plunged a knife into his father's heart, death resulting instantly. The father, George W. Demeritt, accused his son of stealing \$10.

Killed the Wrong Man.

MOSCOW, June 22.--The editor of the Moscow Illustrated Gazette fired with a revolver at the editor of the Vedomosti to-day. The shot missed the man for whom it was intended, but killed the latter's companion, a journalist named Sibirskoff.

General Schofield and Bride.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.--Major-General and Mrs. John M. Schofield arrived to-day, and will occupy rooms at the Palace Hotel for a short time before proceeding to Monterey, Cal. They were met at Oakland by Brigadier General Ruger and staff, who escorted the party to this city.

Delayed by a Wreck.

The 8 o'clock Ohio River train did not get in until ten minutes after 12 o'clock last night. A freight wreck below St. Mary's caused the delay.

To the Policy Holders of the Equitable Life of New York.

By reason of a similarity of names many papers have been led to report the failure of this company. The fact is that a small concern known as the Equitable Fire Insurance Company, has passed into the hands of a receiver, but the Equitable Life Assurance Society, 120 Broadway, New York, is to-day the largest, strongest, safest and best life company on the globe.

SWENNEY & EDWARDS, General Agents, Wheeling, W