



THE K. O. L. WILL REJECT

The Proposition Submitted by the Present Administration

REGARDING THE DISMISSAL

OF MEMBERS OF THE ORDER FROM GOVERNMENT EMPLOY—THEY ASSUME A THREATENING ATTITUDE TOWARD MCKINLEY DESPITE THE STATEMENT MADE BY POWDERLY AT CINCINNATI—IMPORTANCE OF THE MATTER.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

COLUMBUS, O., June 26.—The conference of the Knights of Labor here has assumed a phase somewhat threatening toward McKinley. As heretofore indicated, the initial question before the meeting was the discharge of members of the Knights of Labor employed in the government departments.

Deeming Ohio the pivotal State in the next Presidential campaign, the conference was brought to this city, where the keenest blow can descend if the organization wishes. The defeat of McKinley, in the opinion of eminent statesmen, would mean the defeat of Harrison or the Republican nominee for President. A secret conference was held at Mansfield a few days since by Major McKinley, Senator Sherman and Secretary Foster, it being the intention of the labor board to give the administration one more chance for amicable adjustment. At this secret conference a proposition was made to the Knights of Labor which since that time has been under consideration by that board.

It is now stated upon good authority that the board has decided to reject the proposition submitted in behalf of the administration. This proposition did not agree to reinstate all the dismissed employees; therefore the labor men seek further concessions or war.

It will be remembered that Mr. Powderly, in an interview at Cincinnati, declared that the K. O. L. was not antagonistic to Major McKinley.

THEY DENY IT. Another dispatch says: Considerable speculation is being indulged in as to the probable political action, if any, which will be taken by the executive board. Messrs. Powderly, Hayes and Dettin are authority for the statement that nothing of this kind has been discussed in the meeting, and they deny the report to the effect that the Foster-McKinley and Sherman meeting at Mansfield this week had any connection with the conference of the ex-board now in session. As to what political action, if any may be taken, they state it is a matter for the future.

THE STRIKE AT DOBSONS'

Report of the Special Agent Appointed by Secretary Foster.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 26.—The special agent appointed by Secretary Foster to inquire into the recent strike at the John & James Dobson's mills has made his report. It is a lengthy one, and embraces both sides of the story. He does not recommend what sort of action shall be taken, but from the testimony presented it looks as if the matter will be taken into court. John and James Dobson are charged by their former employes of importing contract labor. This is not denied by the Dobsons, as they claim it was a necessity, as the work could not be done by the weavers in this country. The trouble grew out of a strike. The strikers said the Dobsons were getting foreigners to take their places at reduced wages. The Dobsons claim that the weavers were incompetent and could not weave velvet. On the other side, the weavers contend that they could, and a number of them testified before the special agent that this kind of work they learned in England. They also testified that the proper material was not furnished them and that the loom-fixers were unskilled in this branch of weaving, and the poor work done was attributed to these causes.

Amalgamated Association.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 26.—At this morning's session of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers the following officers were elected: President, William Wiehe; Secretary, Stephen Madden; Assistant Secretary, J. C. Kilgallon; Treasurer, James Perry. All the vice-presidents were re-elected, as were the other officers.

The scale conference committee will be in session with the manufacturers to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Longshoremen Strike.

CHICAGO, June 26.—Longshoremen employed at the Lehigh, Ogdensburg, Union and Anchor line docks, to the number of about 500, went on strike yesterday for an advance in wages from the present rate of twenty cents per hour to twenty-five cents. The Lehigh line has granted the demands of its men and they have returned to work.

A Critical Situation.

TACOMA, WASH., June 26.—It was rumored here last night that the colored workmen are drilling in the woods daily. They are said to be armed with rifles, and any attempt so resume work at the mines will result in gathering the entire force of armed soldiers. Residents here are awaiting results with anxiety.

The First World's Fair Building.

CHICAGO, June 26.—Work upon the first of the World's Fair buildings was begun to-day. The structure for which the digging for the foundations was then begun is the woman's building, to be erected according to the plans of Miss Sophia G. Hayden, of Boston, Mass. It is to be 200 by 400 feet in size and three stories high.

Woodruff Indicted.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., June 26.—The grand jury this morning returned an indictment against ex-State Treasurer Woodruff for embezzlement of State funds.

Plate Glass Works Burned.

BALTIMORE, MD., June 26.—The casting hall and furnace room of the Diamond Plate Glass Company's works here have been burned. Loss \$50,000.

Ships Arrived.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 26.—Arrived—Manitoba, from Glasgow. LONDON, June 26.—Sighted—City of Berlin, from New York. New York, June 26.—Arrived—Kaiser Wilhelm II, from Bremen.

COINAGE OF SILVER.

Secretary Foster Will Proceed to Carry Out the Law Passed by Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.—After the cabinet meeting to-day Secretary Foster made the following statement in regard to the silver question: After a full and careful consideration of the law relating to coinage of silver, Secretary Foster finds that the act of March 3, 1891, requires "that the Secretary of the Treasury shall, as soon as practicable, coin the trade dollar bars into silver dollars." He also finds that \$150,000 has been appropriated for the coinage of the subsidiary silver coin into such denominations as will best serve to give it circulation. There is constant demand for small coins, principally dimes, which the mints have not been able to supply. The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that his first duty in this matter is to obey the direction of Congress. Congress has ordered the coinage of the trade dollar bars into standard silver dollars. The coinage of trade dollar bars in this manner will transform what costs \$5,087,795, into \$5,143,281 standard dollars. The Secretary finds that it will require perhaps four months to perform the work of coining trade dollar bars into standard dollars and recoining the subsidiary silver. Therefore, the question of the continued coinage of silver dollars, as heretofore is not a practical one at present.

The Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—A regular meeting of the Cabinet was held to-day, beginning at 11:30 o'clock. The absentees were Secretaries Blaine and Proctor and Attorney General Miller. The principal topic of discussion was the continued coinage of silver after July 1, and the Secretary of the Treasury presented considerable data on the subject.

West Virginia Pensions.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—West Virginia pensions: Original—David T. Lowsi, William Brown, Charles Price, George W. Cunningham, George C. Gordon, Benjamin W. Bell, John Gates, Commodore Lasser. Additional—Wade H. Powers, Frances M. Wells, William H. Perkins, Felix E. Kerns. Increase—William R. Lamb. Original—Elizabeth A. Campbell, Ruth A. Dayton (mother) Joseph J. Spear, Samuel Linn, Chapman Vance, George Pitcher, James F. Fleming, Samuel H. Sampier, Daniel Criddle, John T. Grayum, William T. Pierce, Thomas Logsdon, Solomon Williams, John N. Toothman, John W. Host, William R. Davis, Stephen H. Waulens. Additional—Daniel C. Ayers, John R. Thaxton. Increase—Edward Pearce, William Jett, John H. Dunbar, James M. Pyles, George W. Shaffer.

Sons of Veterans' Appointments.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCE. NEW MARTINSVILLE, W. VA., June 26.—Colonel J. S. McCaskey, Commandant of the Sons of Veterans of West Virginia, has made the following appointments of staff officers for the ensuing year: Chaplain, W. W. Melleny, of Parkersburg; Adjutant, W. T. Siddels, of New Martinsville; Quartermaster, C. D. Moore, of New Martinsville; Inspector, E. B. Morris, of Clarksburg; Mustering officer, Past Colonel E. D. Hazen, of Parkersburg; Surgeon, Dr. W. P. McGrath, of Wheeling.

TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

A Team of Horses Plays Havoc at a Masonic Celebration.

NEW ORLEANS, La., June 27.—The Masons of the city celebrated St. John's Day yesterday at West End, and among the means of entertainment was a lot of fireworks. The platform of the pyrotechnics held thousands of people. Into these were dashed at the explosion of the first bomb a team of horses and a carriage which had been standing in the roadway. Mrs. A. F. Michel was knocked down, her skull fractured and her body cruelly torn by the horses' hoofs. Her two children were slightly injured. Mrs. John C. Fleming, wife of the Past Grand Master, was badly hurt. Harry Russell, a bookkeeper, was killed. He boldly attempted to stop the team, but was thrown beneath their feet, where his life was literally stamped out of him. Henry Johnson, the colored driver of the carriage, has been arrested, charged with manslaughter.

A FEMALE CROOK.

Arrested for Forgery—She Jumps Through a Car Window and Escapes.

CHICAGO, June 26.—At noon yesterday Deputy Sheriff Reno, of Denver, Colo., left here with Mrs. E. L. Philo in custody. She was under bond in Denver for forgery and other swindling operations, but jumped her bail. She was arrested here and turned over to Reno. Word was received here to-day that the woman escaped from custody by jumping through the car window while the train was in motion and that, though the region thereabouts had been thoroughly searched, no trace of her could be found.

Outrages in China.

LONDON, June 26.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Standard says that even the government's decree ordering the prompt beheading of all persons implicated in the recent riots and massacres has failed to stop the outrages which are being perpetrated on foreigners in China. The correspondent adds that there are now twenty foreign men-of-war lying in the Yangtse Kiang.

Tricky Policemen.

LONDON, June 26.—Letters received in this city from members of the congressional party of Chiff, accuse the police who are serving under the Balmain administration of throwing imitation bombs at the ministers, so as to afford a pretext for the arrest of the congressional negotiators.

Prince Alexander Very Ill.

VIENNA, June 26.—Prince Alexander of Battenberg, Prince of Bulgaria, whose gallantry defeated King Milan in the Bulgarian-Servian war in 1885, is dangerously ill. Prince Alexander is suffering from an ulcer in the stomach.

Mr. Spurgeon Worse.

LONDON, June 26.—The Rev. Charles Spurgeon, whose illness is causing his friends some alarm, passed a restless night and this morning seems to be in a worse condition than he was yesterday at the same time.

Storms in England.

LONDON, June 26.—Heavy thunder storms are reported throughout England and Ireland. Much damage was caused by floods, and several houses were burned or shattered by lightning.

The Russian Army.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 26.—An imperial ukase with reference to recruiting

FROM OVER THE SEA.

Why Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea Were Married by the Registrar.

THEY COULD NOT GET A LICENSE

At Any of the Country Churches—A Religious Ceremony to Be Performed, but Reporters Will Be Excluded—The Bakers' Strike in Paris—Other Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, June 26.—Mr. Parnell, during his interview at Brighton to-day upon his marriage to Mrs. O'Shea, said that he found it impossible to procure a marriage license for any country church, and in order to prevent delay he thought it best to have the ceremony performed at the registry office at Steynling, near Brighton. Mr. Parnell added that the church ceremony would be celebrated in London as soon as he and Mrs. Parnell were able to put in a fortnight's residence there. This would probably be after the elections at Carlisle for a successor in Parliament to the late O'Gorman Mahon. Mr. Parnell also, in referring to the religious ceremony which is to take place in London, said that even in this he would do his best to prevent outsiders from being present, "especially reporters," he added, with a smile.

Asked if he intended to take an active part in the Carlisle election, Mr. Parnell replied: "I shall certainly go to Carlisle. In fact, I start to-morrow night if I can possibly manage to do so. I am confident that we shall win."

This election, it may be stated, is the only election since the O'Shea divorce proceedings which Mr. Parnell has had a chance of winning. He will take Mrs. Parnell with him to Carlisle if he can possibly do so, but Mrs. Parnell is known to be a bad sailor, and, on the other hand, she is compelled to remain near her lawyers, owing to the coming trial of the will suit in which she and her brothers are interested in respect to the Nathan property.

Mr. Parnell intends in the future to devote special attention to the Irish industrial question, in which he is more interested than any other question at present. Recently Mr. Parnell has given general support to Mr. Balfour's Irish land bill, believing it is a good bill.

In conclusion, Mr. Parnell said he intends, if possible, to visit the United States during the coming autumn, being of the opinion that the sentiment of the Irish and Irish-Americans on the other side of the Atlantic is in his favor. Consequently, Mr. Parnell will try to attend the Irish National Convention to be held in Baltimore, Md., during the fall.

When Mr. Parnell was asked what he thought would be the political effect of his marriage to Mrs. O'Shea, he said that he had not given that question a thought, and that he did not intend to think of what the effect of his marriage would be. He and his wife, Mr. Parnell exclaimed, were perfectly happy and he was now experiencing greater happiness than ever previously during the entire course of his life. The reporter with whom Mr. Parnell had this interview adds: "I never saw Mr. Parnell in a more healthy condition or in better spirits."

Mr. Gladstone's Health. LONDON, June 26.—Mr. Gladstone has started for Lowestoft, where he hopes to be able to recruit his health. Lord Aberdeen, in whose house Mr. Gladstone staid during his recent illness, thinks there is no cause for alarm; that the distinguished patient is merely suffering from the effects of influenza. Rest is necessary, but it will not prevent him from writing a magazine article while at the sea shore.

Michigan's Contribution.

LANSING, MICH., June 26.—The Senate has passed the House bill calling for a vote of the people upon the question of calling a convention for a general revision of the State constitution.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The New Orleans Board of Health denies that there is any yellow fever in that city. William J. Dunsen shot and killed James McElhenry at Wilmington, Del., last night, during a quarrel. Mrs. Maine Hill, the woman supposed to be afflicted with leprosy, died at her home in Buffalo county, Wisconsin, at the age of sixty-one. The stone mason's strike at Pittsburgh ended yesterday, the men going to work on the old terms. Five hundred men were involved. Last night in a sporting house at West Superior, Wis., George Burk shot Nellie Skinner, alias Nellie King, the cowboy detective, and there is scarcely any chance of her recovery. Several youngtowns, Ohio, and New Castle, Pa., base ball players were poisoned at a hotel in the latter place yesterday from eating dried beef. All are critically ill.

The Kenosha County Bank of Wisconsin began suit in the United States District Court yesterday against George F. Harding, of Chicago, to recover \$1,500,000, assets of the institution he confiscated years ago.

for the army places the number of recruits for 1891 at 262,400, against 21,000 in 1881.

The Bakers' Strike in Paris.

PARIS, June 26.—In spite of the bakers' demonstration of yesterday and the prospects of a scarcity of meat, vegetables and fruit, as well as of bread, it is now stated that the majority of the bakers have not struck. To-day the bakeries and registrars' offices are thoroughly guarded by police, and the military authorities have made arrangements to supply the master bakers with all the bread they require. As there are prospects of further and more serious trouble as the result of the strike movement, the troops forming the garrison of Paris are confined to barracks, and all demonstrations or attempts to create a disturbance of the peace are rigorously repressed.

A Steamer Ashore.

LONDON, June 26.—News has been received to the effect that the Brighton & South Coast railroad passenger steamer Normandy, plying between Dieppe, France and New Haven, ran on the rocks off Beachy Head during a fog this morning. There were 150 passengers on board the Normandy at the time she ran ashore. Luckily the sea was calm and no loss of life is reported. At the offices of the Brighton & South Coast railroad in this city the statement is made that the passengers are entirely out of danger and that steamers have been sent to the Normandy's assistance. It is added that the steamer has suffered but little damage and that it is expected that she will be floated during the day.

Jack the Ripper's Latest.

LONDON, June 26.—The vigilance committee in Whitechapel has been re-awakened to activity by an undoubted warning from Jack the Ripper. Patrols and vigilants were revived to-night, and Scotland Yard sent an extraordinary contingent to watch the Whitechapel district.

A letter identical in style and writing with previous missives from Jack the Ripper has been received by the chairman of the vigilants in which "Jack" announces that he is about to perform another "operation," and that if the chairman or vigilants attempts to track him he will knife them to the heart. It is the duty of the police, he says, to catch him. He adds that he has been nearly caught twice, but that he will never be taken alive.

Sir William Recovering.

LONDON, June 26.—Sir William Gordon-Cumming's defense in the baccarat case, wherein he proposed to explain how he was suspected, has been suppressed by the advice of friends. The cordial reception accorded to Sir William and his wife by the Elgin county families is a further reason why he should maintain silence. He finds his social relations the same as ever. If there is any change, it is on the side of sympathetic cordiality. The appearance of Sir William as a candidate for Parliament in the next election is being arranged for. A quiet canvass proceeds in favor of nominating him for Elgin county in the conservative interest.

Fatal Fall of a Scaffolding.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 26.—A scaffolding at the foundry being built for the Worthington Pump Company, of Brooklyn, near the Singer Sewing Machine Works, at Elizabethport, fell this morning. Gabriel Williams, aged twenty-five years, and Michael Nolan, aged twenty-five years, of Elizabeth, were killed; Patrick Maher, of Newark, and Benj. Hundley, colored, of Newark, were fatally injured, their limbs being broken and heads crushed. James Kelly, Patrick Jones and Michael McCarty, of Elizabeth, were also seriously hurt. The injured men were taken to the hospital.

Embezzler Sentenced.

NEW YORK, June 26.—James A. Simmons, who was convicted of aiding General Peter J. Classen, President of the Sixth National Bank, in the embezzlement of the funds of that institution, was to-day sentenced to six years imprisonment in the Erie county penitentiary. An appeal will be taken to the United States Supreme Court.

None of the Bodies Found.

CINCINNATI, O., June 26.—At midnight to-night not one of the bodies of the five pleasure seekers that were run down by a steamer and drowned at Riverside last night had been found. The river is full of search boats and is illuminated with torch fires.

Dr. Northrup Dead.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Dr. John L. Northrup, instructor in zoology at Columbia College, who was badly burned yesterday afternoon by the explosion of a cask of alcohol, died early this morning in the Presbyterian Hospital.

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The Russian Army.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 26.—An imperial ukase with reference to recruiting

HOUSES BUT BUBBLES.

In the Path of the Great Storm About Cherokee, Iowa.

IT WAS TERRIBLY WONDERFUL.

An Eye Witness Briefly Describes the Scene—Houses Trembled, Swung Around and Broke Like Rocks—Hundreds of Families Were Made Homeless—Storms Elsewhere.

FORT DODGE, IOWA, June 26.—An eye witness of Tuesday's flood, who has just arrived from Cherokee, states that it is necessary for one to see to have the least idea of the great amount of damage done. "Why," he exclaimed, "it is simply terribly wonderful, the way that immense body of water swept things before it. Houses were but bubbles on its crest. I was at Cherokee when the cloud bursts came, and in less time than it takes to tell it, a flood was upon the town. Houses were seen to tremble, swing half around and be carried along by the torrents. Trees were bent and broken like rocks, and not a thing could stop the terrific onward rush of the water, and all this occurred before the people could possibly realize what had happened. The most remarkable feature of the disaster is that any people in the track of the flood escaped with their lives. As far as I know, no lives were lost at Cherokee and the immediate vicinity. The storm rendered between 300 and 400 families homeless in and about Cherokee. These are being cared for in the Masonic, G. A. R. and Knights of Pythias halls of Cherokee. The amount of damage will reach a quarter of a million dollars."

THE NEW KNOCKS OUT THE OLD.

THE WORK BEGUN.

Mrs. W. Newton Lynch Has Organized the Ladies of the Art Middle Class.

Mrs. W. Newton Lynch is exhibiting vigor and earnestness in her work for the World's Fair that will surely inspire the ladies of Wheeling and West Virginia to do their best to make the exhibit which the ladies of the Little Mountain State will be privileged to call their own, a credit to themselves and to the great nation of which they are an important part. Mrs. Lynch said to a reporter last night that she never dreamed the job she had undertaken was nearly so big as she finds it. She can turn in no direction, nor to any trade profession or line of work in which she does not find women taking an important part. Many have taken leading places in many lines where they would hardly be expected to be found, and they form an important and almost indispensable factor everywhere. In the factories their deft fingers find work to do which the clumsy, five-thumbed hands of men can not do. Their taste and judgment often put them in advance of the men, and where care and judgment are needed they are always superior. The ladies have their trades unions and where they mix with the men in such organizations they are usually found occupying official positions.

They are to be found everywhere and Mrs. Lynch is desirous that they shall all be represented at the Fair. She wants the working women to be there with exhibits of their handwork. She desires that the women of Wheeling be organized into clubs, each club with its particular work. Artists, literary women, working women, needle-workers, embroiderers, factory women, etc., are to be organized into clubs to promote and develop exhibits of their specialties. There is still another class of women who have no speciality and no particular line of employment, whom she wants to organize into a club to promote the general interest in the work and to aid those who are in the special clubs. There is money to be raised for those who have a particular talent in some line, but not money sufficient to procure materials. This work can be handled by the women who have no special line of talent or inclination. There will be work and lots of it for all and no woman in the city need feel that she can be of no use.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Lynch met with the Art Needlework Club and gave them a start toward an organization. Mrs. W. F. Butler was elected president and Miss Amy Chapline secretary. Mrs. Butler appointed Mrs. Gibson Lamb, Miss Agnes Wilson and Miss Gertrude Lamb a committee to prepare by-laws. Mrs. Lynch will meet with this committee and instruct them as to just what sort of an organization will best suit the work to be done, and the organization will be completed next week.

The meeting at Y. M. C. A. hall to be held next Tuesday evening will be full of interest to ladies, and there should be no doubt but will be a large turnout.

THE BISHOP'S JUBILEE.

The Twenty-fifth Anniversary of His Ordination as a Priest.

The programme has been issued for the celebration on July 2 of the sacerdotal silver jubilee of Rt. Rev. John J. Kain, Roman Catholic Bishop of this diocese. There will be solemn pontifical mass at 9 a. m., with an address by Rt. Rev. Mgr. Sullivan, Vicar General of the diocese, and another by Rev. Father Didacus, O. M. C. At 10:30 the reception of the visiting clergy will take place, and at 7:30 p. m. the laity will be received in the convent hall. Hon. T. S. Riley will make an address on behalf of the English speaking Catholics, and Mr. Peter Bonenberg one for the German speaking Catholics, and Bishop Kain will make a brief address from the portico of the Cathedral. The celebration is looked forward to with great interest by all the Catholics of Wheeling and vicinity, and the celebration will doubtless surpass anything of the kind ever seen in Wheeling.

New York Life's Shortage.

NEW YORK, June 26.—An evening paper says: "It is now stated on authority of an officer of the New York Life Insurance Company that a new shortage of \$125,000 has been discovered in the accounts of the Spanish-American department.

This deficit is also due to the peculiar business methods of Agent Mersebacker and, added to the former shortage in his accounts of \$272,000, brings the total amount of the delinquency to nearly half a million.

Negroes Shot in Texas.

DANGERFIELD, TEXAS, June 27.—News has just reached here that two negroes living in Cass county, ten miles east of this place, named Will Hartzfeld and Mun Sheppard, were taken out and shot to death. There is no clue to the guilty parties. Mun Sheppard had a bad reputation, and this is supposed to have been the cause of his death.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Ohio, West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania, light showers; cooler; northerly winds.

FRIDAY.	
7 a. m.	69
9 a. m.	74
12 m.	82
3 p. m.	91
6 p. m.	80
9 p. m.	74
Weather—Fair.	

We think we have the best boys' \$1.15 Buntin, Lace or Congress Shoe in the city. STONE'S CASH SHOES STORE.

HOUSES BUT BUBBLES.

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THE STORM AT MOVILLE.

The Town Is Almost Wiped Out and Another Storm Prevailing.

BOONE, IA., June 26.—At the Chicago & Northwestern headquarters in this city was received to-day the first direct news from the scene of the floods on the Maple river branch of the road. The dispatch is from the operator at Movable, and says that the town is almost wiped out. The water run in at the depot windows and is up to the ceilings of all the buildings. All the houses in the flat portion of the town have been swept away and the railroad turn-table is washed from its place. Three miles of track is gone between Movable and Kingsley, also most of the small bridges and the bridge over the Sioux river. This destruction is now being supplemented by another storm raging at present in the same vicinity and extending south to the main line of the Northwestern. It is raining very hard and the storm is traveling east.

THE FLOOD AT CHEROKEE.

A Stench Arises from Hundreds of Drowned Animals.

FORT DODGE, IA., June 26.—The latest advices from Cherokee say that the damage by floods is greater than at first reported. As the waters recede, the carcasses of cattle are landed, and to-day the stench from them permeates the air. It is estimated that hundreds of head of stock have been lost. Two miles of track of the main line of the Illinois Central has been washed out between Cherokee and Sioux City. The Sioux river is subsiding, but it is still forty feet deep and covers a quarter mile of country. The average depth of the river when in its channel is about four feet. The work of clearing away the debris is now in progress, and aid is being rendered the unfortunate inhabitants.

The town of Movable is still flooded, and not one of the 200 inhabitants are able to occupy their houses, and all are camping out.

The Storm at Sioux Falls.

SIoux FALLS, June 26.—Further reports here place the loss at Sunderland by the storm at \$75,000 to buildings alone. Seventy miles of Illinois Central track are submerged in water. The loss will reach \$100,000, but it will take many days to repair it. The loss of the Chicago & Northwestern will be fully as great as the Illinois Central.

Still Raining.

OMAHA, NEB., June 26.—Rain has been falling all day. Some of the low sections of the city are flooded but the damage is not very extensive as yet. Reports from the State bring news of additional damage by rain and wind. Three cyclones passed over Palmer last night demolishing crops.

A special from Ida Grove, Iowa, says twenty-five houses are flooded there and the people have been obliged to seek shelter on high ground. All communication with the north is cut off. The Maple river is the highest ever known.

A TERRIBLE CYCLONE.

Several Persons Killed and Injured at Mt. Carmel—It Came Without Warning.