

A MONSTER MEETING

Of Marion Republicans Hear Hon. Stephen B. Elkins.

THE GLITTERING GENERALITIES

Of William L. Wilson Are Handled Without Gloves.

CLEVELAND'S ADMINISTRATION

More Expensive to the Country Than the Civil War--Property Has Depreciated Thirty Per Cent Under the Present Free Trade System, and This is But the Beginning--The Wilson-Gorman Bill is Not Acceptable to Any Party or Portion of the People--A Decrease of Five Billion Dollars in the Wealth of the Country. An Administration Whose Financial Policy Means National Bankruptcy. An Ovation to the Eloquent West Virginian.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

FAIRMONT, W. VA., Oct. 10.--The meeting held here to-night was successful beyond the wildest expectations of the local managers. Long before the time for the meeting to be called to order the opera house was packed full, and the streets near by crowded with people, who were forced to go home without hearing any of the rousing Republican truths presented with the utmost clearness and force by Hon. S. B. Elkins. Promptly at 8 o'clock, County Chairman Showalter called the meeting to order, and in a brief but telling address called upon Hon. John W. Mason to take charge of the meeting.

Mr. Mason then proceeded to introduce to the meeting the speaker of the evening, Hon. S. B. Elkins, who was given an ovation seldom tendered any one by the citizens of Marion county. Cheer upon cheer was given as he arose, and his speech was listened to eagerly, and applauded heartily all through. Among other things he said:

MR. ELKINS SPEECH. I thank you, gentlemen, for this magnificent audience and for the graceful tribute tendered by Mr. Mason, and I shall endeavor to discuss the situation in a business like manner and from the facts just as I believe all matters of business should be settled. The importance of this campaign is greater I believe than that of any campaign since the war. We have the great question of free trade on trial, something never before tried; a dangerous and hazardous experiment, the facts and statistics show to be adverse to our best interests.

We were living under a system of laws, until the passage of this new tariff bill, for thirty years, that has made us the most prosperous nation on the face of the earth, and this bill is a new system fraught with danger and our prosperity is menaced. I cannot believe that the policy which gave us thirty years of prosperity is wrong, and free trade is at best an experiment which has always been proven to be dangerous and hurtful in the extreme to the business interests of the country. Let us all as good citizens, Republicans and Democrats, examine this question as partners and discuss it in a business like way and see which system is for our own best interests.

THE RESULT OF PROTECTION.

During the thirty years of Republican rule the figures show that manufactures increased six-fold, farming interests three-fold, wages seven-fold and savings twelve-fold. We have to-day five times the savings in this, a comparatively new country as has England, centuries old. We paid the expenses of the war and our wealth to-day is \$160 for every man, woman and child in this country, and I cannot see that a system which shows such results can be bad.

But what can the Democrats show? Nothing. They claim that protection was not the cause of this, that the tariff laws are robbery and unconstitutional. How can that be when such laws were the corner stone of our government, and the question was never even thought of from Washington to Jackson and never seriously raised until four years ago.

AN ERA OF PROSPERITY.

A comparison of the exports for the years of the Harrison administration with the McKinley bill and the past year of Democratic rule show our exports were increased \$275,000,000 and reached the highest point in the history of the country. Wages were higher, and under the McKinley law the country enjoyed the greatest era of prosperity, as great as the depression which existed in under the misrule of Grover Cleveland and the Democracy.

In 1892 Democrats were successful by making false promises to all parties. The western man was to have silver, the New York capitalist free coal and timber, Populists to have free state banks, Tammany was in line, and marching under the banner of tariff reform with promises of spoils and offices, every nation was taken in, every nationality and the anarchist element were welcomed with promises that the existing order of things should be changed. What was to be worth \$1 50 per bushel, wool 45 cents per pound. Wages were to go up and prices to go down; the same old story they had been telling for thirty years, which, strange to say, was believed.

Now let us argue fair. I was never accused of unfair argument by anyone in the state of West Virginia, except by the editor of the Wheeling Register. What is our history under Grover Cleveland? Were the promises kept? They were not.

WHAT WE HEAR WITNESS TO.

You are prosperous in this country now, but it will not last. Wages 90c and \$1 00 were formerly \$1 35 and \$1 50, wheat quoted lower to-day than ever before in our history. Values and wages have shrunk 25 to 30 per cent. An awful, a terrible loss to the people of this country. Wool 15c, which makes an end to the sheep husbandry of our country, and here is an object lesson easily understood: Under the McKinley law we got for three pounds of wool

SIMPLE SERVICES

Precede the Burial of the Aged "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table."

BOSTON, Oct. 10.--A small gathering of loving friends and a few words of impressive import from the lips of a life-long companion and co-worker, marked the simple rites over the body of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes at King's Chapel, this noon. At 12 o'clock the procession bearing the body of the deceased poet filed into the church with Mr. Edward Everett Hale at its head. Upon the casket rested a laurel wreath which nearly covered it. Another

CLEVELAND AN EXPENSIVE LUXURY.

Cleveland, the first thing after entering office, increased the public debt fifty millions and burdened us with \$2,500,000 more interest, paying 5 per cent for the loan, when we are all borrowing money at 4 per cent. All this trouble was caused by inability and ignorance. Like every other big corporation, our government must be run on business principles, and it takes ability to run it properly. It is like running an engine--the engineer must know how or he will ruin the machine. An evidence of this inability is shown by the decrease of the gold reserve. It was down nearly to the one million mark under Harrison, but under Cleveland, notwithstanding the repeal of that awful bugbear, the Sherman silver act, the gold continued to flow outward, and Democracy was powerless to devise means to stop it. I have enough confidence in the Republican party to believe that under the same circumstances they would have stopped it. Our trade has fallen off over \$600,000,000 compared with 1892. We left the country prosperous and we find our trust betrayed. We have a bill that nobody wants, either Republican or Democrat, congressman or senator, President or anybody else. Mr. Wilson says the fight has just begun, and hastens to England to tell them about it, and he and Grover, those unheavenly twins, will in time strip West Virginia of coal and timber and wool entirely.

WILSON'S GLITTERING GENERALITIES.

The war cost millions, but the benefit to the country by cementing the different sections was ample payment, but where is the benefit derived by the five billion dollar shrinkage in values caused by this obnoxious bill? Mr. Wilson says trusts must go, but here are the facts: Sugar trust given forty millions; whisky trust given fifteen millions; New Dominion Coal Company given a reduction of the coal tariff, which will net them \$35,000,000 at the expense of our coal fields. Mr. Wilson never gives facts, but deals in glittering generalities, something to come, but something which you can never put your hand upon. The New Dominion Coal Company can deliver coal to Boston markets now one dollar cheaper per ton than West Virginia operators, and our markets are gone. Tobacco, liquors, laces and embroideries, ostrich feathers and kid gloves are made cheaper. The tariff is reduced on all these articles used so extensively by the poor man, and our coal, wool and timber must be given up.

Now let us see what some of our good Democrats think of this bill. "It is not satisfactory to Democrats, or to the party we promised bread and gave them a stone."--D. B. Hill. "A rag bag production, a crazy quilt, a splendid nothing."--D. B. Hill. "The new bill enables the monopolies to hold the country by the throat."--W. L. Wilson. "It is tainted with dishonor," says Grover Cleveland, and he allows it to become a law.

Mr. Elkins closed amid the greatest enthusiasm and was frequently applauded throughout the entire address. Fairmont never before turned out a crowd so enthusiastic and appreciative and the result in November will show the effects of one of the most interesting, forcible and effective speeches ever delivered here. Mr. Elkins speaks at Wheeling to-morrow night.

The Fall River Mills Will Resume.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Oct. 10.--The Manufacturers' Association this afternoon voted to start up the mills next Monday morning. This action was taken in accordance with the suggestion of Mayor Coughlin.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES.

The two leading coal companies of Vancouver, B. C., have combined, and will hereafter have a monopoly of the coal production of the Pacific slope.

The civil service commission will investigate the charges made by the Philadelphia Press that the employes of the Philadelphia postoffice have been solicited for campaign subscriptions.

The British steamer Chicago, Captain Dodds, from Sunderland to Baltimore with a cargo of cement and wine, has been wrecked near Slain's Castle, Aberdeenshire. Twenty-one of the crew were rescued.

Preparations for the expedition which is to be sent to the island of Madagascar by the French government are being pushed forward. The cruiser Arctureus is being armed at Brest in order to take part in the operations.

Patrick Henderson, the British consul at Cadiz, and who had just returned from a visit to China, shot himself in the waiting room of the government department at London yesterday and died soon afterwards. The cause is not known.

The anniversary of the birth of Father Matthew, the apostle of temperance, was celebrated in Chicago by a large parade, 15,000 people participating. Bishop Waterson was the orator of the day, and a letter was read from Mgr. Satolli.

The twentieth annual convention of the American Association of Bankers convened at Ford's opera house, Baltimore, yesterday morning. Every section of the country was represented. Secretary Giesse, of the association, says that the crowd's check for \$150,000,000 would be cashed.

Governor McKinley left Chicago yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, and made thirteen speeches en route to Peoria, where he received an ovation and addressed several thousand people. He left in the afternoon for Springfield, Ill., where he made another speech in the evening to an immense audience.

Elias Summerfield was yesterday appointed receiver for the American Debenture Company, of Chicago. The company has a capital stock of \$2,000,000 and a bonded indebtedness of \$1,500,000. It is expected that the assets will be sufficient to liquidate the entire indebtedness. Business depression was the cause of the appointment.

VERY STRONGLY PUT

Are the Issues of the Campaign by ex-Vice President Morton.

WRITES HIS LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE

Of the Republican Nomination For the Governorship of New York--A Document That Will be Quoted From--The Only Wise Course For the Country to Pursue is to Restore the Management of Its Affairs to the Party That Built It Up.

New York, Oct. 10.--Hon. Levi P. Morton, Republican nominee for governor, to-day sent his formal letter of acceptance to Hon. Warner Miller, chairman of the Republican state convention.

It is in the main as follows:

RHINECLIFF, N. Y., October 9, 1894. Hon. Warner Miller, Chairman of the Republican State Convention:

Sir:--I have been officially informed within the past few days of my nomination for governor by the convention over which you presided at Saratoga. Grateful for past recognition and for this friendly evidence of their confidence, I accept the trust the Republican party has honored me with, pending my hearty co-operation in their efforts for an honest and efficient conduct of affairs.

The platform adopted by that body is a just, but temperate arraignment of the Democratic party, now for the first time in many years in full control of all branches of the national administration.

The issues involved in the pending canvass are clearly defined and of paramount importance.

During the whole period of its existence the Republican party has been distinguished for its devotion to the principle of protection to home productions.

The last Republican administration had given statutory expression to the American doctrine that duties should be laid upon foreign products competing with like articles of home production, and that articles exclusively produced abroad and not so competing should be admitted free for the benefit of the consumers. After the passage of this law the nation was at the summit of its greatness and prosperity, with its name respected throughout the earth and peace and plenty in all its domain.

It is not claimed that this statute, any more than any other human ordinance was perfect in its details, but the modifications suggested by time and experience should have been left to the friends of the measure.

Peril to American industries was announced in the change of administration. The menace alone which its advent heralded was sufficient to still the looms, to darken the furnaces, to clog the whole of business, and to precipitate a financial depression unparalleled in our annals for severity and duration.

The menace, with its accompanying unrest and disaster, endured throughout eighteen months, in which a Democratic Congress sought to undo that which had been so well accomplished by its Republican predecessors; and in spite of the repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the so-called Sherman act, which was only rendered possible by the aid of the Republican party, it was evident that permanent relief would not come while the stability of our industries was threatened.

A measure was enacted false alike to the prompting of true Americanism and to the professions of the Democratic party. The bill which originally passed the house of representatives had, at least, the merit of consistency in some degree with the ante-election promises made to the people by the Democratic national convention. But that which finally prevailed is a thing of incongruities, a patchwork of protection and free trade, of protection to favored localities and of nurture to trusts, but of hostility to the masses of the workingmen of the land.

Repealed by its principal framer, characterized by the Democratic President as a bill of perfidy and dishonor, denounced by the signature of the President, proclamation is already made that it is only the beginning of the attack which will be persisted in upon American wage-earners.

In the confusion of Democratic councils and the perversity of Democratic legislation, it is plain that the only wise course for the country to pursue is to restore the management of its affairs to that party which for thirty years has developed its resources, upheld its good faith, cared for those who fought for its integrity, and guarded the rights and fortunes of its citizens.

The writer then turns from national to state issues and in conclusion Mr. Morton says:

I desire to emphasize my hearty concurrence in the provisions of the platform of the Saratoga convention, wherein the party pledges to the people a free ballot and a fair count, practical ballot reform, free and fair primaries, as fully protected by laws as general elections, an improved civil service, municipal home rule, a just apportionment, reduced state expenditures, an equitable system of taxation, an acceptable excise law, adequate protection from unjust discriminations by monopolies, and a minimized tax rate.

Very faithfully yours, LEVI P. MORTON.

B. & O. OFFICIALS

Are Charged With Violation of the Interstate Commerce Law.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 10.--United States District Attorney Hall to-day made information before United States Commissioner McCandless, charging C. S. Wright, general freight agent of the Baltimore & Ohio railway, with violation of the interstate commerce law. A warrant was also issued for R. M. Frazier, general agent of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway at Cincinnati, on the same charge.

The information was made by direction of the interstate commerce commissioners, to whom complaint has been made. The allegation is that the defendants violated the laws by discriminating in freight rates between Cincinnati and Pittsburgh by billing certain freight at the regular rates and then paying rebates. The case will be of additional interest to railroad men and shippers because the Baltimore & Ohio and Pan Handle companies just now are warmly contesting for freight between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati.

The Brooklyn's Armor Plate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.--A further test was made at Indian Head to-day of the four-inch plate representing the Brooklyn's side armor, which was subjected to a test last week with the results not altogether satisfactory. To-day more shots were fired at the plate from a four-inch gun, making eight shots in all that it has received, so that it was spotted all over with shell marks. The plate came out of the trial in surprising shape, breaking up every one of the projectiles.

FAIRMONT WINS

In the Race For the Next K. of P. Grand Lodge Meeting.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Oct. 10.--The grand lodge knights of Pythias finished its business to-night. Wheeling, Fairmont, Morgantown and several other places wanted the grand lodge next year, but Fairmont won easily and was unanimously decided upon. A committee was appointed to change the by-laws to conform to the changes made by the supreme lodge, whose action was endorsed.

The following officers were elected: Past grand chancellor, Fred A. Lang, Clarkburg; grand chancellor, Cyrus W. Hall, Charleston; grand vice chancellor, W. H. Baker, Fairmont; grand prelate, H. E. West, Huntington; grand master of exchequer, M. H. Smith, Keyser; grand keeper of records and seals, Manner Jenkins, Piedmont; grand master at arms, Col. Paul Preger, Parkersburg; grand inside guard, Col. S. A. Posten, Morgantown; grand outer guard, C. Y. Benadum, Bridgeport; grand trustees, Col. Paul Preger, Parkersburg, Dr. S. M. Scott, Terra Alta, Col. C. C. Roud, Charleston; supreme representatives, Gen. J. W. Mather, Parkersburg, B. W. Connelly, Wheeling.

The Ravaesswood division gave a flambeau drill to-night before ten thousand people. The report of the grand keeper of records and seals shows that in the past five years there has been an increase of membership in this state of 3,659. There are now in West Virginia 5,618 Knights of Pythias.

WILL FIGHT FOR IT.

Fitzsimmons Willing to Try Conclusions With "Pompador Jim."

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 10.--Bob Fitzsimmons, who is to meet Corbett in New York to-morrow to arrange the terms of a match for the championship of the world, left this city on the midnight train. He was accompanied by Captain Gloria, President Scholl, of the Olympic Club, and a number of Philadelphia sporting men.

President Scholl does not like the attitude assumed by Champion Corbett, and tried hard to induce Fitzsimmons to assume the title of heavy-weight champion of the world, recently awarded to him by the Olympic Club.

"I will not do it," replied Fitzsimmons. "I want the title, but I will not accept it in this way unless Corbett flunks out of making a match. I believe I can whip Corbett, and I will be champion if he meets me. I care nothing for Corbett's weight. I have knocked out bigger men than he, some of them weighing two hundred pounds, and I am confident that I can punch harder than he can."

THE ORIENTAL WAR.

Rumors Are Plentiful, but No Authentic Accounts Have Reached This Country.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 10.--Various local rumors are in circulation, the most prominent being that 40,000 Japanese troops have landed near Shan Kwan, on the boundary between the Chinese provinces of Manchuria and Ithi Li, at the eastern end of the great wall which traverses China. The telegraph wires have been cut, thus hindering communication with that district.

A report which is classed here as unreliable says that the Japanese have effected a landing near New Chwang, Gulf of Loosa Ton.

According to a letter received here from Tien Tsin during the progress of a large fire there, on Friday last, the China merchants Godown volunteers protected the settlement and are now patrolling the streets from sunset to sunrise. It is reported here that several Japanese warships have been sighted off Takuar.

A dispatch received here from Tien Tsin, to-day, states that the British and Russian ministers have arrived there and that they will proceed at once to Peking. Another report reaches this city that after a skirmish yesterday, the Japanese outposts were driven back across the river.

Shan Hai Kwan, where the Japanese are reported to have landed 40,000 troops, is directly on the railroad building from Tien Tsin to Moukden, and is of great strategic importance.

In fact the opinion has been expressed that if Shan Hai Kwan is captured there is nothing to prevent the Japanese from marching on Peking. A Japanese fleet was reported to have been sighted off Shan Hai Kwan on September 28.

China Has Had Enough.

LONDON, Oct. 10.--A dispatch dated at Berlin alleges that China has asked Germany to use her good offices to terminate the war with Japan.

WEATHER AGAINST HIM.

Adlai Is Treated Badly by the Elements. A Keen Disappointment.

LINCOLN, Ill., Oct. 10.--In point of numbers the demonstration of the Democracy of Logan county here to-day in honor of Vice President Stevenson was a keen disappointment. The day was raw and chilly, a high wind getting in early, growing more violent as the day progressed. The vice president spent the night here as the guest of friends. He was escorted to the leading hotel at 10 a. m., and held a reception until 12 o'clock. The out-door meeting which had been arranged upon an enlarged and complimentary scale was abandoned at noon, and a hall resorted to. The city was profusely decorated with flags, banners and bunting.

Naval Changes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.--Passed Assistant Engineer G. S. Willetts has been ordered to duty as inspector of steel at Thurlow, Pa., Chief Engineer J. P. Mickleoy to the Richmond. Assistant Engineer C. E. Rommel from the Richmond to Camp. Passed Assistant Engineer J. H. Lawrence to the Homestead Steel Works.

A Destructive Fire.

WARSAW, N. Y., Oct. 10.--Fire broke out in the Farman block to-day. The water supply was inadequate to meet the emergency, and the four-story brick block burned to the ground. The park block, a three-story wooden building followed before the conflagration could be subdued. Seven stores and numerous offices were in these two buildings. The loss is estimated at \$30,000.

VINSON IS BOUNCED

From the United States Marshalship in This State

NDA A. D. GARDEN IS APPOINTED

To the Vacancy--The Marshal's Conduct of Senator Camden's Campaign the Cause For His Removal. The Complaints Made by the Wilson Faction of the Democracy Heard at Washington--Mr. Garden's Appointment Not Likely to Heal the Factional Sorrows.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.--S. S. Vinson, United States marshal for the district of West Virginia, at the request of the attorney general, has resigned, and A. D. Garden, of Wheeling, has been appointed to the vacancy.

Mr. Vinson was appointed in 1893. In September last Vinson and several deputies were present at a political meeting in Wayne county, W. Va. At the conclusion of an address by ex-Governor Wilson, which did not please him, Vinson arose to reply, whereupon many of the audience left the hall. This seemed to have angered Vinson, and an altercation arose, which culminated in an allay during which one man was killed and three others wounded.

The marshal and his deputies were arrested, and are under bond to await the action of the grand jury. Complaints have been made to the attorney general that twice before Vinson or his deputies had been guilty of creating disturbances at political meetings at Bluefields and Huntington. For one of these offenses Vinson was reprimanded by Attorney General Olney.

The news of the removal of Marshal Vinson from office will be no surprise to the people of West Virginia. It has been expected for some time and the only wonder has been that it was not done several weeks since. The story of the shotgun campaign which Vinson has been carrying on in the interest of Senator Camden, and of the disgraceful rows, ending in bloodshed, which have occurred among the Democrats in the lower end of the state, as a consequence of his actions, is familiar to the readers of the INTELLIGENCER. Vinson and several of his deputies and followers are held to answer before the grand jury for murder for their part in the Wayne affair.

The appointment of Deputy Marshal A. D. Garden, of Wheeling, to succeed the ousted marshal will prove a popular one among Mr. Garden's friends, who are many. He has the qualifications to make a good officer. His appointment, however, is not likely to heal the breach between the Democratic factions. Like his late chief, he is a Camden hustler and will scarcely be acceptable to the Wilson faction, who have declared a bitter war on Senator Camden and his whole crowd of federal office-holders. Mr. Garden's selection means a continuance of the fight, but it may be safely predicted that, so far as the marshal is concerned, the shotgun policy will not be pursued.

THIRTY LIVES LOST.

Three Hundred Vessels Damaged at St. Johns, N. F., by the Storm.

St. JOHNS, N. F., Oct. 10.--A north-east gale of exceptional force swept over this island last night. The storm was very severe at St. Pierre, Miquelon, where thirty lives were lost and great damage was done.

All the vessels at anchor took measures to outride the gale, but the casualties were many. Some of the doomed vessels were thrown ashore in very exposed places, and the great seas soon pounded them to pieces. No assistance could be rendered from the shore. A number of men attempting to reach the shore by swimming were drowned, while others were swept into the sea and were not seen again until their bodies were cast upon the beach.

The wrecked vessels were part of the fishing fleet that had put into St. Pierre to repair damages sustained during the heavy storm of September 30. Altogether there were nearly three hundred vessels at the port, not a single one of which escaped without sustaining some damage. Several of the fleet are missing and grave fears are entertained that they foundered during the night.

An Attempted Suicide at Charleston.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Oct. 10.--Mattie Seams, colored, attempted suicide to-day by taking a large dose of insect powder. She was pumped out and her life saved. Domestic difficulties were the cause of the act.

Jim Anderson, a noted thief, was convicted in the criminal court to-day for holding up A. T. Danlap last spring and robbing him of several hundred dollars. He will go up for five years.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York--Manitoba from Rio Janeiro, Teutonic from Liverpool, Nebraska from Glasgow.

Liverpool--Majestic from New York, Naumidin from Montreal.

Southampton--Spreo from New York.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, fair; west winds; warmer in northern portions.

For Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, generally fair, preceded by local showers in early morning; west winds; no change in temperature.

THE TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY

As furnished by U. S. Survey, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 a. m. 50 3 p. m. 61

9 a. m. 50 7 p. m. 60

12 m. 50 61

10 p. m. 50 61

Weather--Cloudy.

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