

# The Pioneer Press.

"HERE SHALL THE PRESS, THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS MAINTAIN, UNAWED BY INFLUENCE AND UNBRIBED BY GAIN"

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## PLEA OF FUNSTON MAY DELAY MOVE FROM VERA CRUZ

Mr. Wilson Says He Gave Order Because He Thought Time Propitious

### PRESIDENT CHEERED IN MEXICAN CAPITAL

Carranza and Cabinet Respond to Call for Homage From the Celebration Orator—General Cables for a Postponement and His Reasons.

President Wilson has asserted that he felt confident foreigners and others in Mexico would not be endangered by the withdrawal of the American troops from Vera Cruz. He said his study of the situation convinced him the time was propitious, and he was actuated by no other reason when he ordered their return.

Coincident with the President's statement was the receipt of a cable from Gen. Funston by the war department, urging that the troops be held in Vera Cruz a short time longer, in order that many Mexican refugees—former Mexican Federal officers and followers of Huerta—may arrange to get out of the country.

This dispatch had not been brought to the attention of the President at a late hour last night, and it is not known if he will order the troops to remain until a certain date, October 15, for instance, or enforce the program for their return as soon as transportation can be arranged. Secretary Garrison was out of the city and until he returns the matter will not be laid before the President.

#### Orator Lauds Millson

Advices to the state department from Mexico City were that the Independence Day Wednesday passed off without disorder. The dispatch detailed great rejoicing by Mexicans when the news was read from the balcony of the palace that the United States was to withdraw its troops from Vera Cruz.

A speech made there in the presence of Gen. Carranza, his cabinet and the diplomatic corps at the official celebration concluded.

"The last shadow, the darkest of all, having vanished from our national life, we render homage to a great and sincere man—the great representative American. I call upon you that from this favored land, in the name of Hidalgo, of Morelos, of Guerrero, of Juarez, of Madero, of Bolivar and of Washington, let us give a hearty cheer for Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America."

The official report says enthusiastic cheers, in which Carranza and his cabinet joined, followed.

#### Sir Lionel Interview Ignored.

Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, again assured the state department officials that the utterances of Sir Lionel Carden, criticizing the action of the President in ordering the withdrawal of the troops, was not inspired by the British government.

As Sir Lionel Carden has been recalled from Mexico by the British government, the United States will take no cognizance of his remarks.

Don Senor Riano, the Spanish ambassador, who, since the breaking off of relations with Mexico, has had charge of the Mexican embassy here,

## WILL CONSIDER THE PETITION SHORTLY

Appeal Will Come Up Before Interstate Commerce Commission First Monday in October.

While the petition for the reopening of the railroad rate case was filed solely on its intrinsic merit, yet it has been generally recognized that the securing of some means of relief for the railroads would be imperative before a general resumption of trading in securities could be had.

Therefore, an additional interest accrues to the action to be taken by the Interstate Commerce Commission in the matter, and the widespread belief is that the roads will be granted in some way permission to increase their freight or passenger tariffs to the degree that they will at least earn their fixed charges and interest, something which in many instances does not obtain at present.

Those financiers who have been looking ahead to the time when trading in securities will be resumed, and, incidentally, this will be regulated by the trend of events abroad, have given much thought to the fate of railroad securities. It has been assumed, and with considerable show of reason, that foreign holders of American railroad securities would hasten to dump them on the market for several reasons. In the first place, for the sake of realizing on their investments because the war and its extraordinary expenses has increased the demand for ready money abroad.

Secondly, and in many respects, his was readily the weightier reason, it has come to be considered in Europe that railroads in America are having difficulty in earning their fixed charges and that there was an active prospect that passing of dividends, default in interest and probably insolvency awaited many of the systems. In fact, these three points have been repeatedly mentioned as quite within the pale of probability.

Therefore, the prospect of relief by the I. C. C. will have a very steadying effect upon railroad securities when the market resumes and this in turn is expected to lend a moral steadiness to other securities. The moral asset is everything in life cannot be ignored, and in finance it is by no means a negligible quantity.

Today comes from Washington the news that if the Interstate Commerce Commission does not reply to the appeal of the railroads this month the petition will probably come up before the commission on the first Monday in October.

turned the embassy over yesterday afternoon to Juan F. Urquidi, designated by Carranza to take charge of the building. Senor Urquidi will retain charge until Mexico is recognized by the United States, when an ambassador to each country will be named.

### SALESMEN Wanted to sell

Our West Virginia Grown NURSERY STOCK. Fine canvassing outfit FREE. Cash Commissions Paid Weekly. Write for terms

The Gold Nursery Co. Mason City, W. Va.

## ADVISES THE USE OF NEWSPAPERS

The Rev Carlton D. Harris Writes Article in the Baltimore Southern Methodist.

Under the caption "Giving the Proper Publicity to Our Services," the Baltimore Southern Methodist, of which the Rev. Dr. Carlton D. Harris is editor, urges the various churches to advertise as extensively and as continuously as possible. It gives definite cases of results obtained by newspapers publicity and of failures due to a lack of proper advertising.

The article says:

"Much has been said and written of late concerning advertising church services. A book of no small proportions has been published by one of the New York preachers of the Methodist Episcopal church, dealing with all sorts of church advertising by the use of newspapers, posters, circulars, cards and other methods. It advocates, among other things, large newspaper advertisements with striking headlines which would shock many of us more conservatively inclined.

"While there may be a danger of going to extremes in this, as in almost everything else, there is less danger of that among us than in giving proper publicity to our services. An indispensable condition to our accomplishing much good is our bringing the people under the influence of the gospel. Many who do not now come would come if they knew how helpful the services are.

"We know men who are leaders in the church, but who for years never came near a church, that have told us that they would have been in the church long ago and would have saved many wasted years if they had known what an attractive place it was and what a field it offers for usefulness and happiness. Some of those men were brought to the church for the first time through special services properly advertised.

Drawn By Ad., Became Minister.

"A young minister who for the last two or three years has been a phenomenally successful worker in our conference was attracted to Central church, in Baltimore, one Sunday afternoon by an advertisement of a special service in one of the city papers. He had recently come from New England an disengaged a position in a queensware store.

"Perhaps he had never heard of the Southern Methodist church, but that afternoon determined the current of his life, and a carefully worded announcement of the meeting was responsible for his coming. Hundreds of persons have been converted through his ministry. Suppose that newspaper notice had not been inserted. How much would have been lost!

Failed to Give publicity.

"The successful business man knows the advantage of printers' ink and makes a liberal use of it. Why should we not use judiciously that which can contribute largely to the advancement of the Kingdom of God? Some time ago we happened at some special services of a church that would have been of particular interest to the people if they had been there, but the pastor had failed to give the services publicity and they largely failed to accomplish the end for which they had been created.

"The pastor had announced them from his pulpit two or three times and let the matter rest there. Had he properly advertised them he would

## GENERAL LOCKWOOD BRITISH WAR HERO

Has Been Serving Constantly Since Entering the Army in 1876

LONDON. —General Sir Horace Lockwood Smith-Dorrien, hero of the historic retreat of the English from Belgium, has long been known as one of the best fighting officers in the British army. From his entry into the service in 1876 down to and through the Boer war, he saw almost constant service in the field, extending from Zululard to the northwest frontier of India.

Educated at Harrow, he joined when 18 years old the Sherwood Foresters. At the disastrous battle of Isandula, in 1879, he was one of the officers, who by his athletic powers as runner and swimmer, escaped the Zulu warriors, and lived to take part in the battle of Ulundim, when Cetewayo was finally disposed of. He mentioned in dispatches, and since then honors have fallen fast upon him.

General Smith-Dorrien was in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, in which year he raised and commanded a corps of mounted infantry, and in 1885, with his mounted infantry did good work at Suakin. Returning to Egypt in 1898, he took part in the Nile expedition, and was present at the battle of Khartoum, and in the subsequent operations in the Soudan.

In the Boer war General Smith-Dorrien was mainly instrumental in bringing about the capture of Cronje and his army. By his attack upon the Boers on the Modder river, the Gordons, the Canadians, and the Royal Engineers secured a strong position, from which they enfiladed the enemy's trenches, and by preventing them from drawing water, precipitated Cronje's surrender. He afterwards commanded the lines of communication from Koonstadt to Pretoria. His work was three times mentioned in dispatches and his reward was the Queen's medal with four clasps and promotion to major general for distinguished service in the field.

## VETERANS MEET ON BATTLE FIELD

About 40 survivors of the One Hundred and Thirty-second Pennsylvania Regiment held a reunion Thursday on Antietam battle field, the fifty-second anniversary of the battle of Antietam.

The veterans met in the morning in the battle-scarred Duward church, which was used as a hospital during the battle, for a business meeting. In the afternoon the party visited the scenes of the conflict. They inspected the monument erected on Bloody Lane by the regiment and told stories of the great battle.

They had a full church and would have reached the class of people that most needed them.

"Shall we as the children of light continue to be less wise than the children of this world? We can give the proper publicity to our services in an inoffensive way by using the papers, circulars, cards, personal invitations, etc., and can bring the unchurched to the house of God and under the power of the Holy Spirit and into saving relations with Christ."

## Anecdotal Literature

W. G.

A CALL-DOWN.

Secretary of War Garrison is one of the quickest men on record in showing up the absurdity of a foolish question. Recently a group of newspaper men were questioning him and interrogations were falling like bomb shells. The Secretary of War bore it patiently for awhile. Then one of the newspaper men asked:

"What is going to be your policy in the Philippines?"

"What do you mean?" asked the Secretary.

"Your policy," repeated the newspaper man. "I want to get simply general information on it."

The Secretary looked at him fixedly for a moment, and smiled, and then asked:

"How long is a piece of string?"

"I haven't an idea," gasped the man, trying to figure out the question.

"Neither have I" replied the Secretary, still smiling gently—"and I think we'd better wait until we get some ideas before we begin to answer those questions."

EMPTY BAGS.

Andrew Carnegie gave a clergyman on the occasion of his two million peace donation to the church, another gift for a brother clergyman who had fallen into destitution. But the clergyman who was to present it said he doubted if the clergyman would accept of it as he is very proud.

"Oh, he'll take it," said the ironmaster, "poverty kills pride." How can an empty bag stand upright?

A SPIRITED CHASE.

A friend met Senator Martine of New Jersey on the street one day after New Year's day and asked him how he had enjoyed the holiday.

"Oh, fine fine" responded Martine Senator Bradley invited me up to have a real old-fashioned Kentucky eggnog with him and a party of friends."

"I looked up his address and sallied forth. They told me he had moved. I went to the next place, but he didn't live there. Some one suggested he lived at another location. I tried that also, without success. Honestly, I've been chasing the eggnog for two days, and haven't caught up with it yet."

A WORD OF WARNING.

Philosopher—"This earth has been flying through space for countless ages." Aviator—"Yes, and it will probably go on indefinitely—unless it gets to trying these loop-the-loop tricks."

TOO LAZY.

Father—"That boy of ours is so lazy that he ain't never going to get to heaven."

Mother—"Why he doesn't seem to be doing any harm."

Father—"But he'll never climb the golden stairs. He'll just sit around and wait for an elevator."

## MANY BIG CASES

The next term of federal court, which convenes at Clarksburg, October 6, promises to be a very lengthy and important one. There are several big cases on the docket for trial, and it is believed they will be disposed of before the term ends.

In addition to many bootlegging cases, one comes up from Randolph county, which is a test of the Yost law. A certain citizen of that county is charged with shipping a considerable quantity of liquor from Cumberland, without its being properly labeled. There are also three counterfeiting cases and one black hand case.