

Nervous Prostration

Run Down—Palpitation of the Heart
 "I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, when I was all run down with nervous prostration and palpitation of the heart. I could not sleep at night and was not able to do my work. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I am in good health and as well as I ever was." FRANK H. BROWN, 147 Prade Street, Providence, R. I.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
 Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Now is the Time

To think of something cooling and comfortable in the

FURNITURE LINE.

Of course your first need is a **REFRIGERATORS.**

We have them from \$5 to \$18 up. The next thing is a good comfortable

PIAZZA CHAIR**OR ROCKER.**

We have them all sizes, in different colors from 78 cts up. Take a look at our handsome

BABY CARRIAGE.

Everything in House Furnishing at hot weather prices.

S. A. KINGMAN,

154 and 156 Grand St.

PEOPLE'S MARKET.

Spring Lamb, Chicken, Veal, Mutton, Chicago Dressed Beef and Native Beef. The finest quality of Vegetables. Always fresh.

The "Old Reliable" Market is the largest in the city and has the largest stock of

BOHL, Prop'r,
 64 South Main St.

Orders by telephone promptly attended

Dr De Ver

Guarantee to cure every case of chronic disease which he consents to treat. The Doctor makes a specialty of treating all forms of chronic disease, all diseases of the lungs, bronchial tubes, heart, stomach, liver and kidneys, also all diseases of the nervous system, the blood, skin and urinary organs, together with female ailments, etc. Dr De Ver's method of treatment is the most scientific known to modern medicine, and effects cures where all others fail. Dr De Ver has had wonderful experience in the Dublin, London and Edinburgh hospitals, as well as in India, Africa and America. Office and residence 148 North Main street, Waterbury, Conn. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 4 and 6 to 9 p. m.

A. C. NORTROP & CO.,

27 to 29 Canal St., WATERBURY.
 Manufacturers of
 Fine Paper Boxes. Dealers in
 Paper and Twine.

J. E. BARTLETT,

IS NOW PREPARED TO GIVE
 Piano or Vocal Lessons Regularly.
 Studio 65 Bank Street, Room 11.

Office hours 2 to 6 p. m., Saturdays excepted. A few pupils may have lessons in the evening on early applying.

PENMANSHIP.

PROF HOLLEY
 Teaches every pupil to write a fine, rapid, business hand in a course of sixteen Private Lessons and no failure. All kinds of pen work executed in the highest degree of the art.
 167 Bank St.

LAKE, STROBEL & CO.

168 SEAMLESS WEDDING RINGS.
 SILVERWARE, CLOCKS
 AND STATUARY.
 Inspectors of N. E. R. R. Watches.

BE CAREFUL!

YES, IT IS HOT WEATHER. Be careful and eat only wholesome food. Our Fresh and Cured Meats, Poultry and Vegetables are right. So are our prices.

L. P. & A. M. GUILFOILE

BROOKLYN DISTRICT.

The Democrat.

Entered at the Postoffice in Waterbury, Conn., as second-class matter.

ONE COPY One year. \$5.00
 Six months. 2.50
 One month. .40

A WORD TO OUR READERS.

In another column will be found an advertisement offering for sale the good will and material of this paper. This is the last move in a game which has been in progress for nearly a year. The late M. T. Maloney was taken sick eleven months ago to-morrow, and the beginning of the troubles which the present publisher of the paper has encountered dates from that time. Because he would not comply with the unreasonable demands of the heirs of his dead brother, they immediately set about to bring him to terms. It looks as though they were impelled by some other motive than one of justice, as can be seen from the fact that they attempted to sell the interest of the deceased partner to an outsider for just half what they asked from the surviving partner. The administrator of the estate of M. T. Maloney wanted \$5,000 for his interest. C. Maloney said he could not pay it, but would take that for his interest and let them have the business. The administrator agreed to this, but, as he said on the witness stand, his man backed out. His man wanted C. Maloney for a partner. His man did not want to run the business alone. The administrator then made an alleged sale of the deceased partner's interest to his man for \$2,500. C. Maloney offered him that amount, and also agreed to pay all the expenses he had been put to up to that time, but no, they wouldn't have it. It looked as though they were determined to drive the present publisher of this paper out of business. This, we can assure them, and all others concerned, they can not do, as we propose to stay right here in Waterbury, and if by any turn of the wheel of fortune we are forced to vacate the office and give up the paper which was established by us sixteen years ago, then we will try our luck again, and can say to those who have given us their patronage in the past, as well as to those who contemplate buying, that we will have a paper in the field the day after these people succeed in depriving us of that which we have labored so long to build up, and which rightfully belongs to us.

The republican senators and representatives have succeeded in convincing Mr McKinley that something must be done for their office seeking constituents, and he has promised to shortly issue an executive order removing a number of desirable federal positions from the control of the civil service rules. Mr McKinley was not hard to convince, as he has been as anxious as anybody to let down the bars to the offices, but, having always posed as a civil service reformer, he wanted congress to order him to act. There are reasons, substantial, too, why congress has not done so, and he not likely to do so; hence his agreement to act independently.

The silver question will be the issue again and those who are trying to think otherwise will find it out when the opportunity arrives for the silverites to make themselves heard. Mr C. E. Somers, who was sergeant-at-arms of the Kentucky senate at the time that Governor Bradley ordered out the militia to preserve order, and who is conceded to be good authority on the politics of his state, is now visiting Washington. In reply to questions, he said: "The silver democracy, which is the regular democracy, will win by 25,000 majority. Our majority may be much higher for the democrats are determined to administer a stern rebuke to their enemies within the party as well as without. The present state administration has been a rank failure, and the voters will take advantage of the coming election to give it a Fitzsimmons blow. By 1900 there won't be left enough of single gold standard democracy in Kentucky to utilize as a historical reminiscence."

REASONS WHY CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY IS BEST.

1. Because it affords almost instant relief in case of pain in the stomach, colic and cholera morbus.
 2. Because it is the only remedy that never fails in the most severe cases of dysentery and diarrhoea.
 3. Because it is the only remedy that will cure chronic diarrhoea.
 4. Because it is the only remedy that will prevent bilious colic.
 5. Because it is the only remedy that will cure epidemic dysentery.
 6. Because it is the only remedy that can always be depended upon in cases of cholera infantum.
 7. Because it is the most prompt and most reliable medicine in use for bowel complaints.
 8. Because it produces no bad results.
 9. Because it is pleasant and safe to take.
 10. Because it has saved the lives of more people than any other medicine in the world.
 The 25c and 50c sizes for sale by H. W. Lake, 21 Exchange place; G. M. Ladd, 854 South Main street; North End Pharmacy, 410 North Main street.

SALOON FOR BICYCLE GIRLS.

A Place Where They Put Their Feet on the Pedals and Act Like Men.

"The Sergeant's," in big, bold black letters, over the door of a little building at 287 Pennsylvania avenue north west, is the somewhat unusual sign which has attracted attention. A peep through the open doors at the interior, which is fitted up with a hand some oak bar, with the usual amount of looking-glass and shelves full of bottles, would strengthen the first impression, but for the fact that almost at any time in the day trim young ladies in bicycle costumes may be seen their dainty feet resting on the red leather front of the bar, holding a glass full of sparkling liquid, and gazing at their reflections in the bevelled mirror. The place is unique in every respect. It is a saloon in reality, and fitted up just as the average saloon is fitted up, but it is a temperance saloon. The proprietor is James H. McChesney, who was formerly a sergeant in the regular army. It is the only saloon in the United States, he says, which is conducted as a saloon and yet at which only temperance drinks are sold. He decided that there was a certain fascination about a saloon which had as much charm for the average young man as the liquor he drank.

In the barroom there is a small side table on which a free lunch is served to the patrons of the house, and in the rear room are small tables at which summer drinks are served. A space has been left for a pool and billiard table which will be put in in a few days. Coffee and milk are served to those who prefer them to soda or mineral waters.—Washington Post.

SHE SAVED THE EMPEROR'S LIFE.

Twice the Empress was instrumental in Protecting Her Husband.

Few people are aware that the Dowager-Empress of Russia saved her husband's life on two occasions. One day, when in the Emperor's dressing room, she observed that on his dressing-table lay a curious-looking little jewel case; something about its appearance aroused her curiosity, and, taking it up, she became aware that it was extremely heavy. Without saying a word she went into her room, and placed it carefully in a basin of water, then sending for the Prefect of Police, whose duties kept him much about the place, she begged him to have it examined, and it was discovered to be one of the most marvellous infernal machines ever invented by the ingenuity of man. The second occasion on which the Empress was directly instrumental in stopping murder occurred in the Winter Palace, when she heard a slight noise which indicated the presence of some stranger in the Czar's study. Without betraying the slightest anxiety, she begged her husband to come and speak to one of the children. He did so. She locked the door, and only gave up the key to a party of soldiers, who found, when they entered the apartment, that someone had just escaped through the window.

How a Colorado Cemetery Was Started.

"The graveyard in Georgetown, Col., was started," explained a Colorado politician, "by burying a man who was lynched. He was a bad character, and made himself very disagreeable in many ways. Finally he shot a saloon keeper there, and the boys, supposing that the saloon keeper was dead, organized a lynch court and executed him in very short order. After they returned from their lynching bee the saloon keeper showed some signs of life. By the most careful kind of nursing he recovered from his injury. The boys saw that they had made a mistake; that a life should not have been taken except in return for a life, and they raised quite a large sum of money and sent it to the fellow's parents. Though the body was first planted in a gully, it was afterward taken up and properly interred in what is now Georgetown's leading cemetery. The saloon man always kept the grave green."—Washington Star.

VARIETIES.

A ton of oil has been obtained from the tongue of a single whale. The perfectly round pearls are the most valuable; next come the pear-shaped, and lastly, the egg-shaped.

When a fine ruby is found in Burmah a procession of elephants, grandees and soldiers escort it to the King's palace.

In Norway people who are not vaccinated are not allowed to vote at an election.

Women working in many German factories are forbidden to wear corsets during working hours.

Seven lions are among the pets of the Sultan of Morocco. At night he lets them range the courtyards of the palace, to act as guards to the Royal harem.

The famous great organ that was built for the Boston Music Hall thirty-four years ago was sold for \$1,500. Its original cost was \$60,000.

A pair of gloves passes through about 200 hands from the moment that the skin leaves the dressers until the gloves are purchased by the intending wearers.

Two Ohio farmers who live a couple of miles apart have utilized a wire fence as a telephone wire. They purchased the instruments for \$15, and now they talk to each other whenever they wish.

Just the Same.

Smithy—Jiggers is dead broke, since he broke himself of the borrowing habit.

Barnaby—But he was always dead broke when he was borrowing, so what's the difference?—Philadelphia Press.

PECULIAR KEY WEST.

NOT MORE THAN A SCORE OF AMERICAN FAMILIES ON THE ISLAND.

The Town is the Only One of Note Below the Mason and Dixon Line That Was Never Under the Confederate Flag—All the Houses Without Chimneys.

A man who recently returned from Key West, Fla., says the first impression he received of the place was that the city had gone on a perpetual holiday spree. Bunting was floating from almost every housetop, and the colors were about evenly divided between "Old Glory" and the emblem of the Cuban republic. People of all classes and ages wore plus or other symbols bearing the motto "Cuba Libre," and if Uncle Sam would have only nodded consent or have said nothing at all about it, the 15,000 patriotic inhabitants of this seagirt isle would have skipped across the channel and tackled the queen of the Antilles to the Star-Spangled Banner without any more fuss. "Castillo del Morro," or Morro Castle, is only eighty-seven miles from the government dock at this point, and our swift cruisers could cover the distance in a little more than four hours.

This far Southern city, lying almost within the tropics, is the only town of importance below the Mason and Dixon line that was never under the stars and bars of the Confederacy. The population is about evenly divided between white Cubans, colored Cubans, and white Bahamians. There are not more than a score of real American families resident on the island, but notwithstanding this fact, the great mass of the people are loyal to the Union first, and to Cuba next. It is curious, though true, that of all the houses, dwellings, stores, hotels, and other buildings that dot the island from one shore to the other, not one of them has a chimney or anything that will answer the purpose of a chimney. Handsome residences and lowly hovels are alike in this respect, and, from an eminence, gazing out over acres of roofs on all sides, one is struck with the want of something to complete the symmetry of the picture. Wood and coal or fuel of any kind are unknown quantities, as the tropical atmosphere furnishes at all times of the year all the heat required, and for cooking purposes sticks of carbon are used, which are sold by peddlers, who hawk their wares about the streets.

There are few stores, as we understand such things, and no markets. Sign boards in Spanish tell you where the barber shop is located, or where to buy coral ornaments. There are no more than half a dozen stores conducted on the American plan in the island.

Instead of a market there is a daily auction near the government dock, where everything in the way of provisions, furniture and fruit is knocked down to the highest bidder. Bananas, alligator pears, and pineapples are the commonest articles of purchase; and here ships from Jamaica, Cuba and Nassau, in the Bahamas, unload their cargoes and dispose of them at ruinous rates rather than risk a voyage at this time of year to more northern ports. Quick sales and small profits seem to be the prevailing idea with them. As a consequence, Key West is perhaps, the greatest banana and pineapple market in the world. On almost any day one can secure an enormous bunch of bananas, ripe or green, at from 10 to 15 cents, and can cart away all the luscious pineapples he cares to purchase at 1 cent, 2 cents, or 3 cents each. Directly opposite the harbor docks, on the further side of the island and facing Cuba, is a large dancing pavilion called La Brisa, where, Monday and Friday nights and Saturday afternoons, public dances are held. It has large, broad verandas overlooking the sea, which make ideal promenades, and a commodious dancing hall within, where those who desire can trip the light fantastic to their heart's content upon the payment of a small fee. The very best people attend these dances, and many go simply for the promenade or to smoke and chat with friends, but should any one step even so much as a toe upon the dancing floor a dark-skinned Cuban is immediately at hand with a proffered hat, into which a coin must be dropped.—Buffalo Courier.

A Modern Instance.
 Weary Watkins—Dis here newspaper says that half the cause of de hard times is de overcrodding 'o de professions. Hungry Higgins—It's gittin' that way in our profession, to a dead certainty.—Indianapolis Journal.

Feline Felicitations.
 Debutante—I wonder if I shall lose my looks, too, when I get your age? Seasoned Sister—You will be lucky if you do!—Punch.

Safe While It Lasts.
 "I haven't got any case," said the client, "but I have money."
 "How much?" asked the lawyer.
 "Ten thousand dollars," was the reply.
 "Pshaw! you have the best case I ever heard of. I'll see that you never go to prison with that sum," said the lawyer, cheerfully.—Boston Traveler.

The New England Railroad Co.

Passenger Train Service, June 13.

Trains leave Waterbury for BOSTON and WORCESTER—7 a. m.; 12:35, 4:05 p. m. (via Hartford and Springfield. Return 8:32 a. m.; 1:00 p. m. (Park Square station). PUTNAM—7:00, 8:35, a. m.; 12:35, 4:05, p. m. PROVIDENCE, NORWICH, NEW LONDON and WILLIMANTIC—7 a. m.; 12:35, 4:05, p. m. ROCKVILLE—7, 8:35, a. m.; 12:35, 4:05, 8:02, p. m. HARTFORD, NEW BRITAIN, MIDDLETOWN, MERIDEN, PLAINVILLE, BRISTOL and TERRYVILLE—7, 8:35, 11 a. m.; 12:35, 4:05, 8:02, p. m. WATERVILLE—7, 8:35, 11 a. m.; 4:05, 8:02, p. m. TOWANTIC—8:05 a. m.; 5:45 p. m. SOUTHPORT, POMEROY, VALLEY SPRING, BUCK, HAWLEY, VILLE, DANBURY—8:05 a. m.; 1:50, 5:45, p. m. BREWSTER, POUCHKEEPSIE, NEW YORK, FISHKILL, LANDING, NEWBURG, ALBANY, SYRACUSE, BUFFALO, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO, and all points west and south—8:05 a. m.; 1:50 p. m. SUNDAY—Hartford and way stations—8:30 a. m., connects for Springfield, Boston and Montreal; 5:10 p. m.

W. R. BABCOCK
 General Passenger Agent, Boston. Tickets on sale to all principal points in the United States, Canada and Mexico. Also summer excursion tickets to points in Maine, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick via Boston, Montreal and Quebec. For tickets, rates and full information, call on A. B. VEAZER, Ticket Agent, New England Passenger Station, Waterbury.

That Hoggish Smell
 inherited by lard is but one of the undesirable characteristics of the hog that the best lard makers can't overcome.
 Lard at its best is unwholesome, impure; at its worst—!!!
COTTOLENE is always pure, delicious, wholesome.
 Food fried or shortened with Cottoleene can be eaten by children and dyspeptics with the utmost enjoyment and no fear of danger.
 The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound tins, with our trade marks—"Cottoleene" and a star in a cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Montreal.

Stock and MUTUAL Management**TEN YEARS' BUSINESS****IN THE Aetna Life and Connecticut Mutual COMPARED.**

New Insurance Issued.		Year	Amount of Insurance in Force at End of Year.	
Aetna Life.	Conn. Mutual.		Aetna Life.	Conn. Mutual.
\$14,486,886	\$9,369,874	1886	\$92,262,969	\$150,528,928
16,233,553	9,068,990	1887	97,372,334	150,992,498
20,399,689	9,245,204	1888	102,904,303	151,361,913
21,406,821	10,620,245	1889	110,669,719	151,739,494
23,370,242	11,811,087	1890	117,656,382	153,234,742
25,471,105	12,291,824	1891	124,907,218	155,043,055
23,381,374	10,649,485	1892	132,778,466	157,737,302
17,956,460	10,331,207	1893	135,450,723	156,994,498
20,744,280	11,518,525	1894	135,907,796	156,686,871
22,342,948	10,355,237	1895	140,027,261	158,042,056
		1896	145,635,941	157,422,626

Total New Insurance Issued in 10 Years.

Aetna Life, - - - \$205,793,358

Connecticut Mutual, - - - 105,261,678

Aetna Life Over Connecticut Mutual, \$100,531,680

GAIN IN INSURANCE IN FORCE,

Aetna Life, - - - \$53,372,972 or 57¹⁰/₁₀₀ per cent.

Connecticut Mutual, - - - 6,893,703 or 4⁸⁷/₁₀₀ per cent.

W. P. GREYTER, Special Agent, Waterbury.

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State with the Longest Strawberry Season.

There are few sections in the world that have a longer strawberry season than Montana. First the California berries are received. After being in the market at a reasonable price for several weeks they drop out and the famous Hood River berries take their place. The berries from Washington and Oregon enter their visit to Montana until the native berries are in the market. The Montana berries are superior in flavor and are usually in excellent condition, as they are not shipped from great distances. They remain in the market for about a month, and so between the California, Hood River and native berries, Montana people may eat strawberries, and still not pay hothouse prices for them, for weeks after less favored States have bidden good-by to them.—Herald Independent.

BRIDGEPORT STEAMBOAT CO.

FAST STEAMER SERVICE BETWEEN BRIDGEPORT AND NEW YORK. LONG ISLAND SOUND BY DAYLIGHT.

STEAMER ROSEDALE—Leaves Bridgeport at 7:45 a. m. daily (Sunday excepted) on arrival of 6:35 a. m. train on Naugatuck Division from Waterbury and intermediate stations, arriving in New York at 11 a. m. Returning, leaves New York, Pier 39 E. R. (foot Market street) at 3 p. m., and foot of East Thirty-first street 3:15 p. m., connecting at Bridgeport with train leaving at 7:40 p. m. for Waterbury and intermediate stations. Saturdays, leave Pier 39 E. R. at 2 p. m. and East Thirty-first street at 2:15 p. m.

SUNDAY SERVICE.
 Commencing Sunday, June 13th, and continuing until Sunday, Sept 26 (inclusive), leaves Bridgeport at 9 a. m., on arrival Sunday morning train from all stations on Naugatuck Division. Returning, leave New York at 5 p. m.

STEAMER NUTMEG STATE—Leaves Bridgeport every night (except Saturday) at 12 o'clock midnight. Returning, leaves New York every day (except Sunday) at 11 a. m., from Pier 39 E. R., connecting at Bridgeport with train leaving at 5:30 p. m. for all stations on Naugatuck Division.

F. H. CONNELLY, Supt.

WE CALL YOUR SPECIAL ATTENTION THIS WEEK TO THE STOCK OF CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

Which we have on hand. Suits that will make the little boys happy and contented. They are known for good wear by every clothier in the city. To Young Men who wear sizes between 15 and 19 we would say it will be to your interest to look at them. We offer these two lines at prices so cheap that it would pay you to have a new suit for the price that a tailor will charge you to patch up your old one. We have sold these goods to over 300 different people and know whereof we speak. But, oh, you say, I cannot afford to buy a new suit. If you would but follow the crowd and see how easy it is to buy of us for very little money, you would say to yourself, Bingo, it is the best thing you can buy all styles of Clothing from us, including

Bicycle Suits and Light-Weight Summer Coats, with Vests or without, and pay us weekly in proportion to your means.

Credit Clothing Co

62 BANK STREET.

Naugatuck Office in Hopson Block.

MONEY**FOUND**

Is not of much account, because you would return it to the owner, but time and money saved by purchasing our ready made

JACKETS, SKIRTS and SILK WAISTS

is to your advantage. We also make anything in Ladies' apparel to order at a moderate price, give a perfect fit, and the best materials, and guarantee satisfaction.

New York Cloak Co

110 South Main Street.

SWEET PEAS

In Any Quantity. Fine Large Blossoms. Five Cents a Bunch. A DALLAS, 32 Union and 25 East Main street. Telephone 148.

N. Y. N. H. & Hartford R. R.

Naugatuck Division, June 13, 1897.

Trains Leave Waterbury as follows:
 FOR NEW YORK—6:35, 8:12, 10:50 a. m.; 1:28, 2:53, 6:08, p. m.; Sunday, 7:15 a. m.; 8:25 p. m.
 Return, 5:00, 8:00, 10:08 a. m.; 1:02, 4:02, 6:00, p. m.; Sunday, 6:00 a. m.; 5 p. m.
 FOR NEW HAVEN (via Derby Junction)—6:35, 8:12, 1