THE WASHINGTON CRITIC.

22D YEAR---NO. 6,777. WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 19, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

A Few Pointers.

THE dealers who do so much talking about the amount of money they save to the purchasers of clothing are the VERY ONES who are making it more expensive.

For instance, you cannot get a whole page advertisement for nothing. Neither can any man afford to sell you goods for LESS than COST and succeed. Those who advertise goods at one-half or one-third of their value, at the end of the season, must NECESSARILY make an ENORMOUS PROFIT now in order to even up.

We never indulge in such cut-rate sales, but prefer to keep on as we have been doing for years--keep the EXPENSES down to the lowest possible NOTCH in order to quote LOWER prices on our clothing. We can suit you with ANYTHING you need in clothing for MEN or BOYS and at proper prices. Call and examine our stock.

Robinson, Parker & Co.

The American Clothiers,

319 7TH ST. N. W.

THE GREENAPPLES DISMISSED.

The Testimony Given by Flamenbaum Admitted to Be False.

After having taken up much of Judge Miller's time in the Police Court for three days, Isaac Greenapple and his wife Rose were yesterday afternoon vindicated of the charge of arson and both released from custody. Three witnesses were called by the defence, who testified that Flamenbaum had told them after the fire that he knew nothing about the origin of it, but presumed that it had been started by a candle which had been left burning on the dining-room table.

After the evidence was in the Government recalled Flamenbaum to the stand, but they would not have done so had they known what a surprise there was in store for them. After reiterating some of his original statements he frankly admitted that he was tired of lying about the case and would begin to tell the truth. He then said that he knew nothing about the fire and that his original testimony had been false from beginning to end. He assigned as the reason for accusing Greenapple that Mr. Goldman had told him that unless he accused Greenapple of starting the fire that he Flamenbaum would be charged with it.

These admissions settled the case and the charge of arson was immediately dismissed.

The probabilities are that Flamenbaum will be arrested on a charge of perjury.

Suggestions for Hon. Frank Lawlor.

From the New York Herald.

Essence of being, NTT; prior to, B4; kindly, B9; Queen Elizabeth's favorite, SX; four score, AT; shabbily dressed, CD; a foe, NME; process of rot, DK; void of contents, MT; funeral poetry, LEG; an Oriental official, KD; a girl's name, LN; vigor in action, NRG; a student's composition, SA; valuable quality, XLNC; extreme happiness, XTC.

Ballot Reform Athletics.

From the Germantown Independent.

Ballot reform is standing established majorities on their heads in all parts of the country to such an extent as to insure the return at no distant day to the old-style methods. The politicians who make Legislatures will not be robbed of their only means of support.

Editor Bismarck.

From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Bismarck's determination to express his opinion on public affairs in the future through the medium of the press shows that the ex-Chancellor recognizes the seat of power in these days. Editor Bismarck will be a greater man than Emperor William or Chancellor Caprivi.

Well-Founded Stories.

From the St. Louis Republic.

The stories of "a coolness" between Dudley and Harrison are no doubt well founded. It is well known that Dudley refuses to concur in the opinion that he has been sufficiently rewarded in being kept out of the penitentiary.

Get Your Cards.

On April 30 the Rochdale Co-operative Society will enter on another year of its existence. The career of this society has been one of unexampled prosperity. It now has over 4,000 members, who are daily deriving pecuniary benefits from their association with it. The small fee which is charged for membership is infinitesimal compared with the saving one can accomplish by possessing one of its trade cards. During the year its lists of houses have been largely extended, and those, together with the new cards, are ready to be issued.

WHAT DO YOU want better to drink than Robert Portner's Vienna Cabinet Beer.

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD.

THE PAST WEEK'S EVENTS—ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The East Room Opened to a Private Entertainment for the First Time in Many Years—The Postmaster-General's Reception.

The galeties for the coming week will be as follows:

Sunday—

Mrs. Chapin will entertain friends at dinner.

Monday—

Mrs. Breckinridge will entertain a party of eighteen ladies at luncheon, which will be followed by a reception at 4 o'clock.

Tuesday—

In the evening President and Mrs. Harrison will give a reception to the Army and Navy.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury Lowery and Miss Lowery will give a reception at 9:30.

Wednesday—

Mrs. Spinola will give an afternoon tea from 4 to 7 at the Arlington.

In the evening Mrs. McKee will give a ball at the White House from 9 to 12 o'clock in honor of Miss Shephard of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutchinson will give a reception from 9 to 12 at their residence, 1707 Massachusetts avenue.

Thursday—

General and Mrs. Watmough and Mrs. Griffith will give a tea at the residence of the former, 1711 I street.

Friday—

Mrs. Whittemore will give a tea from 4 to 7 o'clock.

Saturday—

The first promenade concert of a series will be given from 4 to 6 o'clock at the former residence of Hon. William Walter Phelps on the Boundary.

The East Room of the White House presented a beautiful appearance last evening upon the occasion of the musicale given by President and Mrs. Harrison in honor of their guest, Miss Jessie Shepard, daughter of Colonel Elliott Shepard of New York. The window recesses were filled in with tall growing plants, while on either side of the double doorway, leading to the inner corridor, the niches formed by the white and gold-fluted columns, were filled with immense palmetto trees. President and Mrs. Harrison stood on the right hand to receive the guests, the chairs and sofas arranged about them in a semi-circle, while directly opposite them was the grand piano used for accompaniments throughout the musicale.

Mrs. Harrison's gown was a court train of French gray faille, with side panels of brocade, and peticoat of rose pink faille. The square-neck bodice was trimmed with gold passamenteries and pendants and diamond ornaments were worn. The President greeted each of his guests with a hearty handshake, and wore in the lapel of his coat a deep red rose. Miss Shepard stood near Mrs. Harrison in low-neck gown of gold color faille, with gold passamenteries; sleeves were similated by an artistic drapery of gold color crepe over each shoulder. A narrow sash of the same color ribbon was tied on the right side and fell to the foot of the gown, where it was finished with a deep bullion fringe. No ornaments of any description were worn.

Mrs. McKee stood next her guest, to whom she made the introductions. Her gown was of white faille, with point lace.

Mrs. Russell Harrison wore a low-neck gown of turquoise blue silk and satin-striped tulle, with clusters of forget-me-nots on the shoulders.

Mrs. Morton was among the guests present and wore white flowered brocade, with panels and trimmings of dark green velvet and emerald ornaments. The musicale began at 8:15 o'clock.

The President sat during a portion of the evening by Mrs. Morton. The programmes for the musicale were printed on broad pieces of white satin ribbon, fringed at either end, with the insignia of the Union emblazoned in gold at the top. At the conclusion of the music the guests remained in the East Room, chatting for five or ten minutes, and then, led by the President and Mrs. Morton, passed down the corridor to the private dining-room, where a collation of cakes, ices and confections was spread. A large bowl of heart's ease of various colors formed the centre-piece. From a silver service at one end of the table was served coffee, while a large bowl of claret punch stood on a side table.

The conservatory was brilliantly lighted, and many of the guests enjoyed their ices there among the ferns and flowers. Among the guests present were Secretary and Mrs. Proctor, Secretary and the Misses Windom, Secretary, Mrs. and Miss Miller, Miss Wanamaker and her guests, Mr. and Mrs. Fox of Philadelphia; Miss Pettitt of Philadelphia, Dr. and Mrs. Brown of Utica, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson of Philadelphia. This party was obliged to leave at 9 in order to be present at the reception given by the Postmaster-General. Secretary and Mrs. Noble, the Misses Halstead, Mrs. and Miss Halford, General Fullerton of St. Louis, Senator and Mrs. Hale, Senator and Mrs. Dolph, Senator and Mrs. Hearst, Senator and Mrs. Squire, Senator and Mrs. and Miss Ingalls, Mrs. Hobson, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Foster, Miss Grace Davis, General Berdan, Mrs. and Miss Nordhoff, Judge and Mrs. Wylie, Colonel and Mrs. Ernst, Miss Sawyer, Miss Katherine Thomas, Miss Anna Thomas, Miss Helena McCarthy, Miss Ernst, Miss Alexander of New York and Miss Nimmo.

Postmaster-General and Mrs. Wanamaker have as their guests Dr. and Mrs. Brown of Utica, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Fox, Miss Pettit, Mrs. Wilson and son of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Moore, wife of the Surgeon-General, entertained a party of eighteen ladies at luncheon to-day. The guests were seated at two tables, the larger one holding twelve, while in the adjoining room, about a small table, sat six ladies. Mrs. Moore sat with Madame Romero at the place of honor on her right and Madame Bakhmeteff on her left. Facing her sat Mrs. Noble. The other ladies at the same table were Mrs. Halliday, Mrs. McMillan, Mrs. Thurber, Mrs. Byrne, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Franklin, Mrs. McCook and Mrs. Parker. Mrs. Dolph sat at one end of the smaller table, with Mrs. McKeever facing her. The other ladies were Mme. Guzman, Mrs. T. B. Musgrave, Miss Edes and Mrs. Whittemore. The rooms presented a spring time appearance, as the decorations were all of wild flowers, violets, forget-me-nots, buttercups, arbutus, apple blossoms and hearticase. These were arranged in flat ornamental dishes on a square centre-piece of gold-color satin damask. Before each plate was a pretty basket of the wild flowers, the guest's card tied to the handles with parti-colored ribbons.

Postmaster-General and Mrs. Wanamaker entertained a thousand guests at their reception last evening, which was one of the most brilliant given this season. The floral decorations were elaborate in the ball-room, where roses and lilies gave the needed touch of color among the palms. The Postmaster-General and his wife received alone during the earlier portion of the evening, as Miss Wanamaker, with her guests, Dr. and Mrs. Brown of Utica, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Fox, Miss Pettitt and Mrs. Wilson and son of Philadelphia, attended the musicale at the White House and returned home at 9:30 o'clock. The music for the evening was furnished by an orchestra stationed in the balcony of the ball-room. The guests included the leading persons of prominence in official and social circles.

Mrs. C. H. Tweed of New York, sister of Senator Evarts, is in the city and presided at a meeting held last evening for the purpose of raising funds for the proposed statue of Washington to be presented to France. Mrs. Field is president of the association, Mrs. Morton and Mrs. Tweed vice-presidents.

Mrs. Foster-Barham is in Baltimore, after a visit to New York.

Mr. William C. Gunnell has returned from abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Rafael Smead have returned from a visit to Carlisle, Pa.

Attorney-General and Miss Miller have as their guest a sister of the former, Mrs. P. M. Hull, of Waverly, N. Y.

Miss Jessie Shepard, daughter of Colonel Elliott Shepard of New York, is the guest of President and Mrs. Harrison.

Mr. Fielder B. Chew of Duluth, Minn., is in the city for a visit to his aunt, Mrs. Hunter, at 1012 Seventeenth street.

The Misses Henry gave a lunch party on Thursday.

Mrs. Mackall has returned to her home on Georgetown Heights, after spending the winter with relatives in Texas.

Mrs. Wooton of New York is the guest of her parents, General and Mrs. Wright.

Admiral and Mrs. Harmony will leave Monday for New York, where the former has been detailed president of the court-martial board, before which Commander McCalla will be tried.

Miss Lucy Hunter has returned from spending the winter with relatives in Richmond, and has as her guest Miss Alice Herbert of Alexandria.

Mrs. Starring will sell at public auction on Tuesday, the 29th instant, the valuable collection of pictures, bronzes, carvings and bric-a-brac gathered during the course of journeyings in every land. Should the tapestries and other works of art fail to bring the proper price they will be retained and loaned for exhibition in the National Museum. After the sale Mr. Starring will make her home in New York.

At the New National Theatre next Wednesday Mr. Wilson Barrett and company will give a special matinee performance for the benefit of the National Homœopathic Hospital, on which occasion will be presented the three favorite plays "The Color Sergeant," "A Clerical Error" and "Chatterton."

Mrs. Hoy entertained at luncheon on Wednesday Mrs. Barney, Mrs. Tyler, Mrs. McCauley, Mrs. Bradley, Miss Sherrill, Miss Ernst, Miss Effie, Miss Beach, Miss Stith, Miss Todd, Miss Hoff, Miss Mitchell and Miss Hoy.

Miss Fleming has recalled invitations for the tea to have been given this afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Perine, owing to the death of Dr. Maxwell.

Mrs. Seaton Perry gave a beautiful luncheon yesterday to Mrs. Towle of Philadelphia. The decorations were American Beauty roses, with corsage bouquets of the same flowers. The rooms were decorated with growing plants. Among the guests were Madam Romero, Mrs. De Ford Webb, Mrs. Outhwaite, Mrs. Hutchinson, Mrs. Perry, Mrs. B. H. Warner, Mrs. Soule and Mrs. Harper of Philadelphia.

Miss Grace Davis entertained a party at luncheon to-day in honor of her guest, Miss Alexander of New York.

Mrs. Henry Strong will give a dinner party to-night.

Miss Edith Lawrence Black of New York, the guest of the Misses Condit Smith, will return to her home in the North on Monday.

Mrs. Griswold Gray of New York spent the week in the city with Judge and Mrs. John Davis, who, accompanied by their two children, will sail for Europe May 10. Mr. and Mrs. Griswold Gray will also sail on that date. Judge Davis will return to Washington in the autumn, but Mrs. Davis and the children will remain abroad for two years.

Senator Wolcott of Colorado will shortly be married to Mrs. Bass of Colorado, formerly of Buffalo, and will bring his bride to this city, where he has leased the house 1221 Connecticut avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vinton Dahlgren will sail for Europe early in June.

Mrs. Ferdon, after a visit of several weeks to her mother, Mrs. Frank Beach, has rejoined her husband at his ranch in Colorado.

Colonel Shafter, U. S. A., accompanied by his wife and daughter, Mrs. McKittrick of New York, arrived in the city Thursday evening for a short stay at the Ebbitt.

Justice and Mrs. Field, accompanied by Mrs. Condit Smith and the Misses Smith, will sail from Philadelphia June 4 for Antwerp, to remain abroad until the late autumn.

The marriage of Mr. Hugh Nelson to Miss Kate Peter of Rockville will take place in the early autumn. Mr. Nelson has purchased a lot on Stoddard street and will at once begin the erection of a house thereon.

Mrs. Fox of Philadelphia is the guest of Miss Wanamaker.

Mrs. Bertram Hughes of Philadelphia is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Chew.

Mrs. Babcock, widow of the late General Babcock, after a visit of several weeks to the family of General Macfeely, is now the guest of Senator and Mrs. J. P. Jones. Mr. Campbell Babcock came from Chicago for a stay of several days not long since.

Judge and Mrs. Orange Ferris are the guests of Mrs. and Miss Waite for a short stay.

Mrs. James F. Barbour left on Thursday for a week's stay in New York.

Attorney-General and Mrs. Miller have as their guests the sister of the former Mrs. Hull of Waverly, N. Y.

IT ALWAYS STANDS at the head of the list of beers—Robert Portner's Vienna Cabinet Beer.

EULOGIES OF THE DEAD.

MEMORIAL SERVICES TO THE LATE SAMUEL SULLIVAN COX.

Favoring the Senate Anti-Trust Bill—To Investigate the Clayton-Breckinridge Contested Election—To Erect a Statue to General Grant.

The Senate under the rule took up the calendar, the bill under consideration being one for the relief of Sarah K. McLean, widow of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Nathaniel H. McLean.

The House ordered conferences on the bills for public building at Lynn, Mass., and Ashland, Wis.

At 1 o'clock public business was suspended and the House listened to eulogies on the late S. S. Cox, the first speaker being Amos Cummings of New York.

Unsafe Depositories.

Treasurer Huston recently appeared before the House Committee on Appropriations and stated that the safes and locks of the vaults of the sub-treasuries throughout the country were unsafe. He said a lock expert had recently made an examination of the locks to the vaults of the Treasury and had succeeded in picking several of them, one taking him fifteen seconds only to open.

Acting on this the House Committee on Appropriations prepared and to-day reported favorably a bill appropriating $333,500 to provide for the better security of the public money in the custody of the United States Treasurer.

Capitol Notes.

A sub-committee of the House Committee on the Judiciary to-day directed Mr. Culbertson of Texas to make a favorable report to the House on the Senate anti-Trust bill.

The sub-committee of the House Committee on Elections to investigate the Clayton-Breckinridge contested case from Arkansas and the assassination of Colonel Clayton, will leave this city for Arkansas on Tuesday night.

Mr. Manderson introduced in the Senate a bill to buy Matthews' portrait of Abraham Lincoln.

Mr. Nest, from the Committee on Library, stated the committee had this morning ordered a favorable report on a bill to accept the G. A. R. equestrian statue of General Grant to be erected in this city.

LABOR DIFFICULTIES

Are Being Rapidly Adjusted—Concessions Granted on Both Sides.

CHICAGO, April 19.—There is every prospect that the carpenters' strike will soon be settled. Yesterday the master carpenters of Kensington, employing five hundred men, decided to join the new bosses' association. This gives that association strength enough to make the settlement of the strike at to-night's meeting a foregone conclusion.

BOSTON, April 19.—The striking electrotypers at the Riverside Press will probably be taken back in a body at once. The typographical and electrotypers' unions agree not to dictate to the concern how its management should be conducted.

PITTSBURG, PA., April 19.—There is no important change in the threatened strike of switchmen. Two meetings were held by the men to-day, but what action was taken is not known.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

C. H. Edmondson of Fredericksburg, Va., Narrowly Escapes Death.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 18.—It has just been made public that on Tuesday night last an attempt was made to assassinate C. H. Edmondson at his home near Belfair Mills. Mrs. Edmondson is postmistress at Belfair Mills and her husband is her deputy. One day last week Edmondson had a dispute with some tough characters over the delivery of mail matter, and they threatened to force him out of office. He paid no attention to their threats. Last Tuesday night, hearing loud voices near his house, he raised a window. Immediately a rifle bullet whizzed by his head. He jumped back just in time, for a volley was poured into the room by the would-be assassins. The party then tried to break into the house, but failed.

HALSTEAD'S NEW POSITION.

He Becomes Editor of the Brooklyn "Standard-Union."

NEW YORK, April 19.—The Brooklyn *Standard-Union* in its issue of to-day publishes the following:

"In the line of progress marked out for this paper under its present management it is a pleasure to make the announcement that, beginning with next Monday's issue, April 21, Mr. Murat Halstead, known the country over for the past thirty years as editor of the Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette*, assumes a like position on the *Standard-Union*. Mr. Halstead needs no introduction to the reading public; his reputation is a national one; he ranks foremost among the great journalists of the day. It is because of the determination to build up a great Republican newspaper in this city, and the belief that Mr. Halstead's experience, ability, earnestness and force will materially aid such an undertaking that he has been induced to come to Brooklyn in the prime of life with his pen at its best and his heart in the work."

Returning the Compliment.

An association of ladies of this country, who are endeavoring to raise a fund for a bronze statute of Washington, to be presented to France as a memorial of the good will existing for that country among the people of America, gave an entertainment at the Misses Tiffey's school last night, in furtherance of the project. Quite a large sum was realized. The association is composed of the wives of many of the prominent persons of the country, both in public and private life.

America's Early Inhabitants.

Hon. George S. Boutwell delivered an interesting and instructive lecture at Columbian University yesterday afternoon on "America Previous to its Discovery by Columbus." He declared that America was occupied by the red race of the Asiatic world before its discovery by Columbus.

Indicted for Malpractice.

DAVENPORT, IA., April 19.—Dr. J. A. Reid was indicted yesterday by the grand jury in the second degree. He is charged with performing an operation upon a young woman from the effects of which, it is alleged, she died.

Three Hundred Pigs Burned.

RANDOLPH, MASS., April 19.—A piggery owned by Frank Watson was burned this morning, together with 300 pigs.

LOCAL STOCKS.

Magnitude of the Graphophone Company's Business—The Fluctuations.

Though the transactions yesterday on the local stock board were not large there was some improvement in prices. For 17 shares of Columbia National Bank stock 182½ was realized and 15 shares brought 183. This last sale showed a gain of $3 per share over the lowest sale of the week, which was 50 shares Wednesday at 180. Columbia Railroad, on a sale of 18 shares, scored an advance of ½ point, bringing 78½, the highest price yet reached.

There appears to be no Graphophone stock for sale. A feeble attempt to register a low quotation was made and 20 shares allowed to go for 13¾. The closing bid was 13½, and 50 shares offered at 14.

There are few persons not specially interested in the Graphophone Company who have any conception of the magnitude of the business which is now developing all over the United States. Mr. E. D. Easton, the president of the Columbia Phonograph-Graphophone Company, a subordinate company with a capital of $125,000, all paid up, and who is a director in the Graphophone Company, has been in Washington for a day or two, after having spent more than a month on a tour of inspection in the South, West and Northwest. His final report will not be made until his return from the East, whence he started Thursday night, but those who conversed with him say what he saw confirmed his conviction that the graphophone is as great an invention as the telephone and is destined to have a commensurate financial success.

Among the sales yesterday was that of 19 shares of Bull Run Panorama stock. This stock is rarely offered for sale. The par value is 100, but owing to the fact that it is not paying dividends the price has greatly declined. The lot went for 25½, and there appears to be more of it offering at about the same value. It would pay any one having money that can be used where the speedy return of income may not be an important element of the transaction to investigate this enterprise. The management is conservative and reliable, and perhaps at no distant day large profits can be divided. The only other sale recorded was of 25 shares of American Security and Trust stock at 40¼, a decline of ¼ since the last sale. This company is under able management and is believed to be earning good profits on its capital, which, with $35 paid in, amounts to nearly $440,000. The possibility that no further assessments may be made, though the nominal par of the stock is 100, makes it a desirable investment.

There was a much firmer feeling manifested yesterday in U. S. Electric Light stock, and the disposition to bear this property seems a little too dangerous to be continued at much length. The only offering was at 117, an advance of 2½ points over the last recorded sale. The action of the Senate District Committee in the matter of electric lighting for the streets of Washington and Georgetown ought to advance the value of this stock. The committee refuse to allow "the Commissioners to grant permission, under such reasonable conditions as they may prescribe to authorize any telegraph, telephone or electric light company to lay wires under any street, alley, highway, footway or sidewalk in the District, whenever, in their judgment, the public interest may require the exercise of such authority." This privilege, which an amendment to the House District Appropriation bill proposed to give the Commissioners, is left out of the Senate bill. As the present electric lighting company is a local enterprise, having a large capital and under the control of some of the wealthiest and most responsible men in the District, it is not doubted that Congress will grant them the privilege of extending their wires to whatever portion of the cities of the District public necessity may require this method of lighting.

The Senate committee also struck out from the bill the passage giving the Commissioners the power to substitute other illuminating material for electricity, and raised the appropriation for electric lighting from $45,000, the sum paid last year, to $50,000.

There is a good demand for the stock of the West End National Bank. This stock lacks but $10 per share of being full paid, and is selling for 92 to 92½. This bank has recently been a free lender, and on best collateral security has money to put out at 5 per cent. per annum. On Monday, the 21st inst., the new quarters of the bank, adjoining its present location, will be occupied. The growing business of the institution required enlarged facilities, and the handsome and substantial manner in which all the appointments have been arranged has met with universal commendation. Mr. Harry C. Towers has recently accepted the position of teller, and his old-time friends have accorded him a warm welcome to the place for which he has such excellent qualifications.

DESTRUCTIVE BRUSH FIRES.

Four Miles of Woods Ablaze—Dwellings in Great Danger.

PLAINFIELD, CONN., April 19.—Brush fires, started by farmers, were fanned by a heavy wind yesterday and embers were carried into the heavy timber on what is known as Mashentuck Ridge, four miles from this village.

For Four miles the woods are ablaze, and flames at points shoot heavenward a hundred feet nigh. The heat is so great that it is impossible to fight the fire, and great will be the destruction unless there is a heavy rain. The grass and leaves are very dry and aid the fire in its progress. At 10 o'clock last night a newspaper could be read by the light of the fire at a distance of three or four miles from the forest. A courier who rode into town late last night said that some of the farmers' dwellings int that densely-wooded region were in danger of destruction.

Dead Infants Found.

Last night, James Thompson, a lad, found in an alley near 1313 I street northeast, a dead white infant thought to be about seven months old. He reported the matter to the police and the body was taken to the morgue. Coroner Patterson is making an investigation. A dead colored infant was also found in Richards' lumber yard at Anacostia and taken to the Fifth Precinct. The Coroner gave a certificate of still birth.

Died from Heart Trouble.

Henry M. Williams, a well-known resident of this city, died at his home, No. 608 East Capitol street, last evening, at 7:30 o'clock, of heart failure. He has been ill for some time. The funeral will take place to-morrow, at 2 p. m., and the interment will be at Rock Creek Cemetery.

Mr. Langston on "The Bible."

Hon. John W. Langston speaks Sunday at Ebenezer M. E. Church Fourth and P streets southeast Sunday p. m. on "The Bible and Its Characters."

KINCAID SEEKING BAIL.

HIS COUNSELS' REASONS WHY HE SHOULD BE RELEASED.

Medical Testimony that Confinement in the District Jail Would Result Disastrously to the Prisoner—Vigorous Opposition of the Government

Promptly at 11 o'clock this morning Charles E. Kincaid, accompanied by his counsel, General Grosvenor, C. Maurice Smith, Judge Wilson and Dan W. Voorhees, entered the Criminal Court room and took his seat before the bench. Judge Kincaid showed the effects of his close confinement in the District jail, but did not seem to manifest any nervousness.

District Attorney Hogan said that before proceeding with any arguments on the motion for bail he would ask that the defendant be formally arraigned. This was conceded, and, with the consent of Judge Bingham, Mr. Kincaid remained seated while Clerk Clark read the indictment charging him with the murder of W. P. Taulbee. When asked as to what his plea was Mr. Kincaid, in a clear voice, said "Not guilty."

Mr. Smith then proceeded with his statement as to the grounds on which bail was asked. He said that the demand was made on account of the sickness of his client, and that they could substantiate by the affidavits of four doctors the condition of the defendant.

Judge Hoge objected to the reading of the affidavits from the resident doctors, as their own testimony could be heard on the stand. As for the two non-resident physicians their depositions could be read.

Dr. J. Byrd Harrison stated that he had been Mr. Kincaid's physician for a number of years; that he had been broken down physically for a long while, and that his present condition was of low health. He was suffering from mental depression and irritability. In his opinion, the effect of a trial for his life at the present time would be exceedingly dangerous to his health, and might result fatally. Dr. Harrison, in reply to questions from District Attorney Hoge, also added that for six weeks previous to the shooting Mr. Kincaid had been confined in a dark room and received almost constant attention. Mr. Kincaid's nervous condition to-day was better than at that time, but his physical condition was much worse. Dr. Harrison maintained that his patient's confinement in the jail for a period of six weeks or two months, followed by the excitement of a trial, would without doubt culminate disastrously.

"Why are you of such a firm impression that this confinement in jail for two months longer may terminate fatally?" asked Judge Hoge.

"Because his ill condition is progressive. He was physically worse when I called on him in the jail two days ago than I ever saw him, and the confinement has produced aggravation and operated very much against him. He needs better food, more cheerful surrounding and relief from the monotony of life in jail."

"When, then, do you think he will be better able to stand trial than now?"

"Give him a chance and see what benefit will come from it."

Dr. Harrison, continuing, held that the District jail, on account of its close location to the Anacostia River and the lack of sunlight, was not a healthy place for an unwell man.

Dr. C. Maurice Murray testified that he had known Mr. Kincaid since 1888, when he was consulted by him in a medical way. He had not attended him professionally since, but had frequently seen him. The Doctor said that he could concur with Dr. Harrison as to the effect of continued confinement in jail for a man in Judge Kincaid's condition.

This concluded the testimony, after which Mr. Smith read the affidavits of G. W. Howell of Morristown, N. J., and Dr. Louis S. McMurtrie of Louisville, Ky. Both are eminent physicians and give as their opinion that close confinement under the circumstances might result disastrously.

Mr. Smith called the attention of Judge Bingham to several law decisions in support of the position taken by the defense that their client was entitled to bail in consequence of his unhealthy condition. Other authorities were read showing that the judge could with all propriety exercise good sound discretion in admitting to bail when it was thought that confinement would jeopardize the health of the applicant. Mr. Smith said, futhermore, that the practice of this Court was to admit to bail in cases of this description.

Assistant District Attorney Lipscomb denied that it had been the practice to admit to bail in cases of this kind, and he did not think that in a single homicide case bail had been asked for or granted. Mr. Lipscomb reviewed the authorities cited by Mr. Smith, and argued that he could not see how any of them applied to this case. He did not dispute the discretionary power of the judge to grant bail, but he questioned whether the reasons given were good and sufficient. Had Mr. Kincaid, instead of remaining dormant, shown some disposition to have the case tried, it would be different. But he had tried to avoid trial, and thus been the cause of keeping himself in jail.

General Grosvenor of Ohio followed Mr. Lipscomb briefly and differed materially with the position taken by the Government, that the law cases cited did not apply.

District Attorney Hoge concluded the argument in behalf of the Government this afternoon.

Judge Wilson concluded for the defendant, and Judge Bingham reserved his decision.

Sent Obscene Letters to His Own Wife.

CHICAGO, April 19.—A *Tribune* special from Kalamazoo, Mich., says: Mayor Orrin N. Standish of Grand Rapids was arrested here yesterday morning by United States Marshal Clark for sending obscene letters to his own wife. Standish was taken to Grand Rapids yesterday for trial.

Farley Paper Co's. Mill Destroyed.

GREENFIELD, MASS., April 19.—Mill No. 1 of the Farley Paper Company at Wendell depot was entirely burned this morning. Loss on mill $16,000 and on stock and manufactured goods $5,000. Total insurance $13,000. The mill will be rebuilt.

Harrison Committed to Jail.

James Harrison, the colored man who admits that he shot Mrs. Julia Barnett at her home, No. 815 New Jersey avenue, is still confined to jail. He was in the Police Court yesterday afternoon, charged with assault with attempt to kill, but Mrs. Barnett's condition would not permit of her being present in court.

THE BENNETT LAW.

Ex-Senator Angus Cameron Says He Would Have Opposed It.

CHICAGO, April 19.—A *Tribune* special from La Crosse, Wis., says: The *Tribune* correspondent yesterday called upon ex-Senator Angus Campbell to inquire what he had to say regarding the use of his name in connection with the nomination for Governor on the anti-Bennett law issue. "There is absolutely nothing in it," he replied. "No one has yet proposed, suggested, or even hinted that I should be a candidate. My reason for declining to serve on the Cherokee Commission is fairly stated."

In regard to the Bennett law the Senator said if he had been a member of the Legislature and had fairly examined the measure he should have opposed it. It is his opinion that when people establish and maintain schools wholly without governmental aid they ought to be permitted to teach Chinese if they like. He did not deny, however, the right of the State to legislate in such matters.

NO ALTERNATIVE BUT DEATH.

Miss Burt Forced to Marry Henry Foote Through Fear.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., April 19.—Henry Foote, a widower, aged 28 years, last Tuesday afternoon called at the home of Miss Burt of this city and induced her to go riding with him. He drove out into the country with her, and, according to the story she tells, he threatened to kill her unless she married him at once, when through fear she consented.

Foote, she says, proceeded with her to the residence of Rev. Nathan Hubbell, a Methodist minister in Hampden. There the ceremony was performed. After the marriage Foote returned to New Haven and left the young woman at home. Proceedings for divorce were immediately begun, and the unwilling bride has gone to Brooklyn, where she will be out of Foote's reach.

JUMPED FROM THE WINDOWS.

A Water Tank Crashes Through a Building and Causes Great Damage.

PATERSON, N. J., April 19.—In the silk mill of Bamford Brothers, in this city yesterday a new water-tank in the third story was being filled with water, when the supporting girders suddenly gave way and the tank crashed through the floor to the second floor, and from there to the engine-room below. The water, pouring on the hot boilers, made a great deal of steam, and a number of employes, supposing the boiler had exploded, jumped from the windows. One man, Peter Van Pel, had several ribs broken. The building was badly damaged, and 300 hands will be idle until it is repaired.

MURDERER BATESON CAPTURED.

Chased by Citizens With Bloodhounds—He Confesses His Guilt.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., April 19.—Daniel Bateson, who was suspected of murdering his son-in-law, David Hunnicutt, near here a few days ago, has been captured by a posse of citizens with bloodhounds and has confessed his guilt. He says he shot Hunnicutt, because the latter abused his wife, Bateson's daughter. He fired into the house from the road.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stocks.

The following are the prices of the New York and Chicago markets as reported by special wire to C. T. Havenner & Co., Room 11 Atlantic building:

STOCKS.	Open	2.30	STOCKS.	Open	2.30
Chicago Gas	48¼	48⅞	Northwest	111½	111½
Can. South.	54½	54½	Omaha	33	33½
Nat Lead Tst	182	183	do. pfd	.....	.....
D., L. & W.	139½	140½	P. M. S. S.	40½	41½
Del. & Hud.	153½	152½	Reading	42½	42½
Erie	24½	25	S. & W. Pt.	21½	21½
Jersey Cen.	119½	120	C. R I & Pac	91½	91½
L. & N.	86½	87	St. Paul	68½	68½
L. S.	107½	107½	Tex. Pac.	20½	20½
Sugar Trust	68½	69	Union Pac.	53½	54
Mo. Pac.	71½	72½	W. Union	82½	82½
N. Y. & N. E.	47½	47½	Petroleum	85½	85
N. Y. Cen.	107½	107½	Am. Cots'd	.....	.....
N. Pac.	.....	.....	Atch & Top.	38½	38½
do. pfd	74½	74½	Chi., B. & Q.	105½	105½

The Chicago Markets.

WHEAT.	Open	Close	PORK.	Open	Close
May	90	89	May	13 17	13 15
June	90½	89½	June	13 20	13 20
July	87½	87½	July	13 37	13 40
CORN.			LARD.		
May	32½	32½	May	6 47	6 47
June	33	33	June	6 50	6 50
July	33½	33½	July	6 57	6 57
OATS.					
May	24½	24½			
June	24½	24½			
July	24½	24½			

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—Regular Call—12 o'clock m.—Bank of Washington, 5 at 475. West End National Bank, 15 at 93. Eckington and Soldiers' Home Railroad, 22 at 72. Washington Gas, 3 at 45⅝. U. S. Electric Light, 10 at 112½; 10 at 112. American Graphophone, 50 at 13¾, 50 at 13½; 25 at 13¾.

Miscellaneous Bonds — U. S. Electric Lights 1st, 6's, 109; U. S. Electric Light 2d, 6's, 114; W. & G. R. R. 10-40 6's, R'96-'23, 105½; W. & G. Convertible, 6's, 175; Masonic Hall Ass'n, 5's, C 1898, 108; Wash. Market Co., 1st Mort., 6's, 110; Wash. Market Co., Imp., 6's, 118; Int'l & Seaboard Co., 6's, C 1807, —; Wash. Lt. Infantry, 1st, 6's, 1904 103; Wash. Lt. Infantry, 2d, 7's, 1904, 101; Wash. Gas Light Co., Ser. A, 6's, 120; Wash. Gas Light Co., Ser. B, 6's, 121; Hygienic Ice Company, 1st Mort., 6s, 102½.

National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 460; Bank of Republic, 250; Metropolitan, 260; Central, 280, Second, 185; Farmers and Mechanics', 188; Citizens', 165; Columbia, 182½; Capital, 110; West End, 92.

Railroad Stocks — Washington and Georgetown, 275; Metropolitan, 170; Columbia, 75; Capitol and North O Street, 70; Eckington and Soldier's Home, 70; Georgetown and Tennallytown, 49½; Brightwood, 40.

Insurance Stocks—Firemen's, 44; Franklin, 57; Metropolitan, 80; National Union, 20¾; Arlington, 185; Corcoran, 63; Columbia, 18; German-American, 180; Potomac, 88; Riggs, 9; People's 5¾.

Title Insurance Stocks—Real Estate Title, 125; Columbia Title, 6½; Washington Title, —.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks—Washington Gas, 45; Georgetown Gas, 48; U. S. Electric Light, 110.

Telephone Stocks—Pennsylvania, 26; Chesapeake and Potomac, 85½; American Graphophone, 15¾.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Washington Market Co., 18; Washington Brick Machine Co., 375; Great Falls Ice Co., 216; Bull Run Panorama Co., 23; National Safe Deposit, 230; Washington Safe Deposit, 130; Washington Loan and Trust Co., 3¾; National Typographic, 28; Mergenthaler, 18; Pneumatic Gun Carriage, 4; Wash. Loan and Trust Co., —; American Security and Trust Co., 40; Lincoln Hall, 80; Hygienic Ice Co., 40.

For Governor of Rhode Island.

From the Providence Journal.

A governor of Rhode