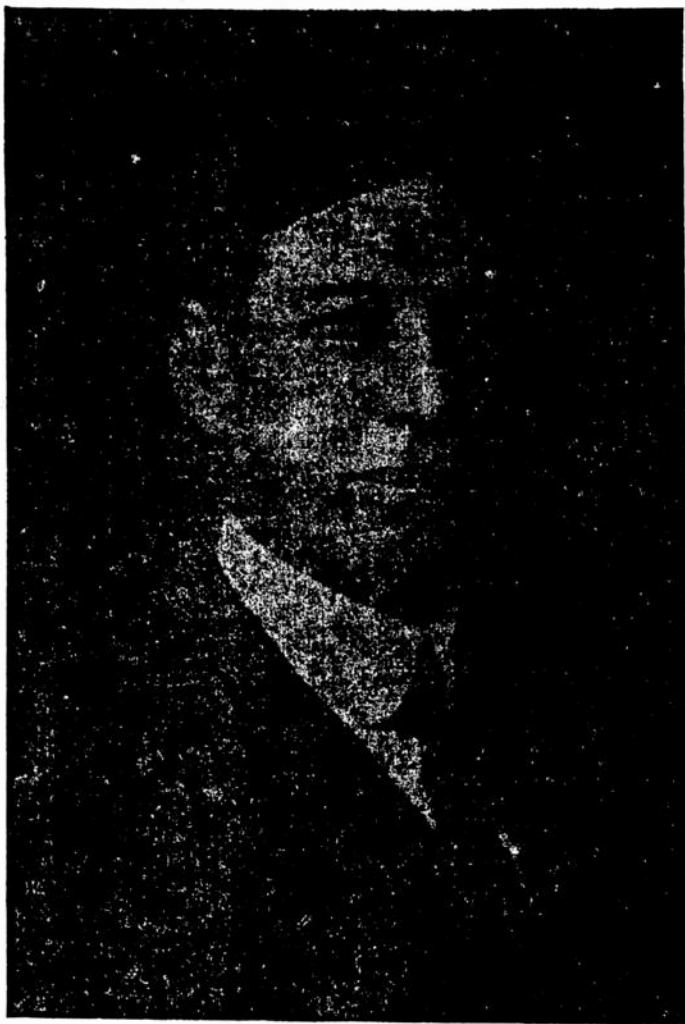


## PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

Inserted by John E. Roos, independent candidate for County Commissioner, residing in Duluth. Amount to be paid, \$11.00.

## JOHN E. ROOS.



I am an independent candidate for County Commissioner for the third, fourth and fifth wards of the city of Duluth. I have always stood for high wages for the workingmen. Experience in the grocery business for more than twelve years has shown me that the struggle of the wage earner has been hard. The high cost of living and the high taxes imposed under present conditions have made me think considerably of the hardships that are borne by the working people.

I started out early in life as a wage earner in a saw mill, and continued at this work until I acquired a business education. Since then I have been in the grocery business and I have made a success of it. My platform is:

I stand for a good, clean, economic business administration. I believe the people ought to receive one dollar's worth of service for every dollar paid in taxes.

We want good roads and I believe we ought to have them and, if elected, will see to it that the First District gets its just share of the road fund and that it will be economically expended so as to do the most good for the people of this District.

I have been in active business in this District for twenty years and know every part of it and what it needs.

If this is the kind of an administration you want, and if you want a real live wire, one who will be on the job all the time, to represent this District, vote for me.

Grand, 1820-X.  
Melrose, 9532.

## JOHN E. ROOS.

Independent Candidate for County Commissioner,  
First District.

Your support will be appreciated, and I promise you to faithfully render every service required of me.

BREWERY WORKERS  
TO VOTE ON PENSION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—It is reported that the Brewery Workers will vote again on the question of establishing the old-age pension and accident insurance system.

The recent convention, held in Denver, so it is stated, took this action. The same proposition has been voted down by the membership. The establishment of the old-age pension and accident insurance system is reported to be in co-operation with the United States Brewers' association.

Those who favored the proposition at the last referendum vote ask that the matter be given another chance, and the delegates finally decided to resubmit the question to the general membership.

The mustard plaster can always be depended upon to do something smart.

Next to knowing what to do at the right time is to know what not to do.

POSITIONS OPEN FOR  
PRINTERS IN MANILLA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Examinations have just been held by the civil service commission in this city and every field station of the commission to secure a list of eligibles for positions as printers in the Philippine service.

Printers in this service are paid a salary of \$2,000 a year, or \$38.46 a week. At the end of six months this salary is automatically increased to \$2,250 a year, with a prospect of further promotion to \$2,500 a year.

Printers in the Philippine service must have executive ability and the ability to impart their knowledge to the craft of Filipino workmen. Their tasks are purely supervisory, as the natives do the work. After three years in the Philippines those on the rolls can be transferred to the classified service in the states upon application.

Some men get as much real pleasure out of chewing a toothpick as others do smoking a 10-cent cigar.

## PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

Inserted by Lawrence A. Gunderson, Lester Park, Duluth, Minn. Amount to be paid \$5.00.

## I AM ON THE STUMP



The large size of this county makes it impossible for me to meet all the voters, and I take this method of announcing my candidacy for the office of Register of Deeds for St. Louis County.

My early life was spent on a farm in Otter Tail County, Minnesota, and have lived in this county for the past twenty-five years, during all of which time I have been actively engaged in business, and for fifteen years have been the proprietor of the pavilions and picnic grounds at Lester Park. Yours truly,  
Lawrence A. Gunderson.

VACATION FOR YEAR  
EVERY SEVEN YEARS

Williams College Follows Advice  
Once Given by President  
Garfield.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Oct. 31.—Humanitarian provisions for the treatment of individuals seems to be progressing in other fields than those occupied by the organized industrial forces.

Williams college professors will hereafter get a year's vacation every seven years with pay. Funds for carrying out these arrangements have been provided as a gift from a man in New York.

President Garfield said: "Teaching is often regarded as an easy profession, but the steady pressure under which the teacher labors for nine months in the year is more wearing than intermittent and various demands."

"Both teacher and college will be benefited every time a year's leave is taken and taken regularly."

THE WORKER  
By Berton Braley.

I have broken my hands on your granite,  
I have broken my strength on your steel,  
I have sweated through years for your pleasure,  
I have worked like a slave for your weal,  
And what is the wage you have paid me?

You masters and drivers of men—  
Enough so I come in my hunger  
To beg for more labor again!

I have given my manhood to serve you,  
I have given my gladness and youth;  
You have used me, and spent me, and crushed me,  
And thrown me aside without ruth;

You have shut my eyes off from the sunlight,  
My lungs from the untainted air,  
You have housed me in horrible places  
Surrounded by squalor and care.

I have built you the world in its beauty,  
I have brought you the glory and spoil,  
You have blighted my sons and my daughters,  
You have scourged me again to my toil.

Yet I suffer it all in my patience  
For somehow I dimly have known  
That some day the Worker will conquer  
In a world that was meant for his own!

—Coming Nation.

BIG FIREARMS CONCERN  
CONCEDES UNION RIGHT

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 31.—The strike of the 700 employees of the Colt Patent Firearms Company, where revolvers are manufactured for the United States government, closed recently with a victory for the men involved.

Prior to the strike there had been no organization among the employees, but upon coming out they were organized and chartered by the International Association of Machinists, over 500 becoming charter members of the organization.

The company has agreed to meet a committee of the union to take up the question of hours and wages and no discrimination is to be exercised by the company among the men who went out on strike.

STREET RAILWAY HEAD  
DIFFERS FROM WARREN

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Oct. 31.—The street railway employees of this city have organized a union and attached themselves to the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America, and embraces all the trainmen employed by the local company.

The general manager met with the men shortly after organization and announced that he was not opposed to the formation of a union and expected that the relations between the management and the employees would be harmonious and difficulties arising amicably adjusted.

RAILROAD KEY MEN  
MAKING GREAT GAINS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—During the last two months agreements have been entered into between the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and eight railroad companies, the provisions of the agreements carrying increased wages, and a betterment of conditions.

This organization is showing remarkable progress for the year 1912 and if the balance of the year holds as many successes in store as the fore part of the year has shown, it will be a record breaker.

The cynical old bachelor can see no hope for the man who spends \$10 in dressing up his child in the hope that it will take a \$1.98 prize in a baby show.

The man who knows what to do when there is something to be done is the man for whom there is constant demand in this busy world and times.

The butcher shop is no electric power house, but if you want to get a shock just drop in and ask the price of porterhouse.

Why not the smile—a whole mile comes after it?

## AT THE LYCEUM

"THE LITTLEST REBEL"  
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

Mr. Farnum in "The Littlest Rebel" will be presented under the direction of A. H. Woods, at the Lyceum theater two nights, November 5 and 6.

This play was written by Edward Peple and is a civil war drama handled in a happy, ever pleasing manner, with no effort to treat of rights or wrongs of the great struggle, but a play which its only mission is to provide a background for a pretty story, filled with human touch and strains of gentleness that warms the heart.

The play is a true reflection of the distress, the dangers and sufferings that beset the southern cause towards the end of the struggle between the north and the south, and a vivid picture of the days when more than ever before did patriotism and bravery animate the conflicting forces.

A family of three, father, mother, and their little daughter, Virgie, concern the story upon which "The Littlest Rebel" is built. The father is a devout follower of the Southern cause, is an army scout and a zealous worker in that hot bed of war that centered the close of the civil struggle.

often does the scout return to his home, which, however, is finally burned by Union soldiers.

The mother dies and then the little girl is left alone in a rough cabin by the mountain side to exist as best she can on berries and acorn bread.

except for such times when her father can seek her out, disregarding the dangers that surround him when he steals through the Northern lines to bring his little child nourishing food.

It is on one of these visits that the scout is pursued by a detail of Union soldiers, and on their approach to the cabin he warns his little girl to tell them that he has gone; whereupon he hides in the forest. The soldier is battered down by the scout, who, instead of the dangerous scout they have been pursuing, find a little lonely girl playing with a rag doll. It is not long, however, before the presence of the father is discovered, and he is in imminent peril of being shot.

So effectively does the little girl plead, though, and so pitiful is the plight of the father, that the commanding officer of the Union forces, Lieut. Col. Morrison, allows him to escape.

Later in the day there is a brisk skirmish between the Northern and Southern forces, and in it the captor and captive are betrayed.

There is a court martial and the Northern officer is sentenced to be shot as a traitor and the Southern scout as a spy. But again Virgie, the littlest rebel, comes to the rescue and softens the heart of General Grant himself—and so moves the play to a happy ending. Mr. Farnum is supported by a cast of rare excellence.

RAILWAY CARMEN  
IN FINE POSITION

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 31.—Secretary William Weeks, of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, reports that two new lodges have been organized, one at Bell Plaine, Ia., and another at Farmington, Mass. He also reports that times are prosperous as far as the brotherhood is concerned.

There has been posted in St. Paul at the Northern Pacific office, notices stating that there is work for car laborers and the organized carmen, they having established a schedule of wages and working conditions on that road. Carmen out of employment can no doubt secure work by applying to the Northern Pacific office at St. Paul.

DOUBLE CROSSED  
BY BULL MOOSER

Continued from Page 1.

weeks before Roosevelt formally announced his candidacy. Gifford Pinchot insisted that the Brown-Hanna deal be made, and later opposed the election of La Follette by the Ohio progressives unless his name was coupled with that of Roosevelt.

Very early in the year La Follette had assurances of support from William Allen White, of Kansas, yet a few days later White printed in his paper an editorial entitled "Roosevelt or Bust." The day following Munsey, of the steel trust, printed in big type on the front page of his papers a signed editorial in which he said:

Munsey Gets On Job.

Situated as he is, my guess is that Mr. Roosevelt is quite content to let political matters shape themselves up as they will. If no call comes to him to lead the fight he will keep right on having a good time with his work, as he is now doing. But if the call does come he will buckle on his armor and "go to it" with all his old-time energy and impetuosity.

As the call did not come, it was necessary to continue the plotting. Roosevelt was overwhelmingly beaten by La Follette in the North Dakota primaries. He was coldly received in Boston. It was soon proved that it would be necessary for him to make an aggressive campaign for the nomination. So from February 26, when he announced his candidacy, up till the day of the Republican convention, he fought and fought hard for what he said he would "accept" if it were "tendered" to him.

But the thing that is chiefly interesting is that practically all the Roosevelt leaders were working for Roosevelt, and giving money to his cause, at the very time that they were supposed to be favorable to La Follette. This was true of Munsey. Early in the year Perkins and Roosevelt were holding private conferences. Perkins "issued a frank statement," in which he said that he was for Roosevelt because "they looked at public questions the same way."

Betrayed by His Friends.

Medill McCormick, while working at the La Follette headquarters, tried to set out a campaign document eulogizing Roosevelt. Dan Hanna, indicted by the administration on a charge of rebating, did his best to turn Ohio to Roosevelt. And so of Brown. Even William Allen White was saying "Roosevelt or bust." Such

is, in the barest outline, the intrigue. And Hanna, Munsey and Flinn gave \$439,513 to the Roosevelt fund. It is assumed that Perkins belongs in their class, and if so, these four men contributed \$800,000 out of the \$850,000 so far accounted for to make Roosevelt president. Why?

Finally, it is to be said that the testimony of these men is conclusive proof of La Follette's charges for they admit that they were giving money and support to Roosevelt at the very time that La Follette was supposed to be the progressive candidate. The demand was that La Follette be elected and betrayed the people by becoming a mere cover for Roosevelt's candidacy—which would not have been avowed had the "deal" gone through. But the Wisconsin man refused, and so the Roosevelt people had to come out into the open.

It is a very ugly story—and it is true.

FEAR MOTORMEN  
MAY BOSS JOBS

Continued from Page 1.

the very purpose of the ordinance. Alderman Hoar's proposition was introduced as a measure in the interest of public safety, and if the Hogan rider had been added to the ordinance it would have said that it is dangerous to run a street car when there is no strike, and motormen must then be examined as to their competency, but it is not dangerous to run a street car during a strike, and therefore the street railway company may be given the privilege of employing any old kind of motormen so long as the cars are kept in operation.

The council chamber was packed to the doors with workingmen. The radical Socialist was there with his class-conscious philosophy. The conservative trade unionist was also there and both united in demanding of the members of the city council that they serve the greatest number and pass the ordinance in the interest of the safety of the general public.

Cards Stacked Against Men

However, it would have made no difference if every citizen of Duluth was present. No ordinance licensing motormen would have been passed by the aldermen. The cards were stacked against the men for the company several hours before the meeting was called. Every alderman in the city was button-holed by "men of influence" who did not have the courage to come out in the open and meet the issue like men.

Alderman Hogan would not permit of a fair consideration of his amendments, nor would he concede to the friends of the ordinance the right usually accorded in such cases of a division vote on each of his proposed amendments so that the aldermen might go on record on every proposition and have the good features of the ordinance separated from its bad features.

The matter will be considered by the council at its next meeting. In the meantime an effort is being made by the friends of the ordinance to get it amended in proper shape and each alderman will be requested to vote on the question upon its merits and not because he is influenced by men and interests who should not be concerned in the consideration of any such legislative measure.

Human Life Jeopardized

The opponents of the ordinance declare there is no necessity for its passage. They seem to want a demonstration that life and property is unsafe because of the fact that incompetent and imprudent motormen are in charge of street cars. Pray, how many people will it be necessary to kill to make it manifest that hu-

## PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

Amount to be paid \$5.00. Published by and in behalf of William J. North of Duluth, Minn.

To the Voters of the Fifty-  
First Legislative District:

Owing to the press of business I may be unable to personally call upon all the voters in this district between now and election, and I take this means of introducing myself and announcing my candidacy for the legislature from the Fifty-first district.

I believe in and favor the principles laid down in the National and State Democratic Platforms, and I especially hope to be one of the legislators to vote for the Initiative, Referendum and Recall.

I am unalterably opposed to all special interests in politics in this state, and if elected shall be absolutely a free agent to faithfully serve the people.

I shall at all times carefully guard and represent the interests of Northern Minnesota and its people.

I am in favor of and will vote and work for the passage of a Workingmen's Compensation Act that will place the full financial burden of the risks of industry upon the industry itself and not upon the workingmen.

I will not conduct a party fight; my contest will be for principle, and on this basis I respectfully ask your cooperation and support. If the principles for which I stand meet with your approval will you kindly indicate it by giving me your support and vote on election day?

## William J. North

Candidate for the Legislature, Fifty-first District.

man life is in jeopardy? Two men have already been killed and any number have been seriously injured. In each fatal accident the cars were running at such a reckless speed that they were not they had run many hundreds feet beyond the spot where the accidents occurred.

Over in Superior where the commission government passed a license ordinance, but which is not in operation, a car load of people came within a foot of being destroyed when a Soo line freight train grazed the fender of a street car. The motorman was attempting to run the car across the railroad tracks without taking the precaution to ascertain whether or not a train was approaching.

Arguments Were Amusing

The arguments of some of the Duluth aldermen against the ordinance were somewhat amusing. One alderman stated that he was against the ordinance because it was not drawn properly, and when the friends of the ordinance attempted to put it in proper shape, he voted against every favorable amendment as he did against the final passage of the ordinance.

The crowd became impatient at the many subterfuges resorted to by the members of the council who attempted to explain their position and threats of the recall were frequently made.

Several Democratic members of the council who heretofore have professed great friendship for the workingmen, voted with the opponents of labor against the ordinance. No man blames Alderman Scott for his position. He has been a consistent opponent of almost everything the workingman wants for these many years. His position was known in advance and all sides respect him for his consistency, although they may have no sympathy with his judgment.

Hicken Might Be Forgiveness

Alderman Hicken might be forgiven for his vote against the ordinance because he was not selected by the

workingmen. He is one of that ancient school of thought who believes in the survival of the fittest; holding that the law of supply and demand will govern everything that the workingman requires.

Alderman Makowski of the Second ward, a former member of the Pressmen's union, a Democrat who made his campaign and was elected largely because of his former connections with the workingman's movement of Duluth, displayed the same weak courage last Monday evening that he did during the electric lighting campaign. He voted with the street railway interests and against the workingmen.

Alderman Miller did the same thing. Alderman Hector, now an employing printer, and formerly a member of the Typographical union, also voted against the workingmen and with the street railway interests. Alderman Jordan, Curran, Neff and Hogan took the same position, but after the Point of Rocks was passed every alderman was true blue.

If the council should fail to enact the ordinance at its next meeting an initiative petition under the new charter will be circulated among the people and a vote on the proposed ordinance will be taken at the next municipal election.

PHONE: Zenith, 1769-D.

## SMOKE:

Puradora and

Geo. Taylor

KEY WEST DOMESTIC CIGARS

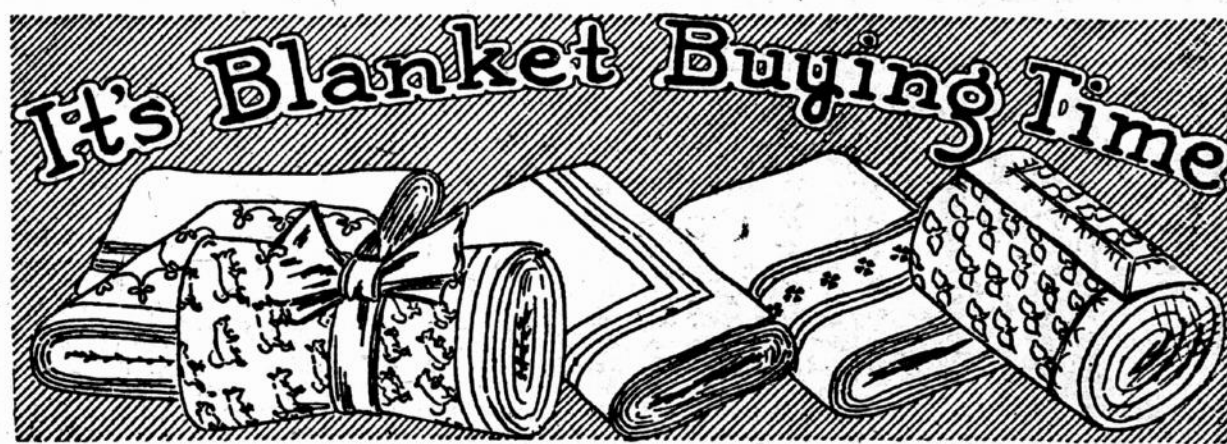
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24 East First Street.

You'll Do Better at Kelly's



## Blankets at Removal Prices

Note the Great Reductions and Act Quickly

Wool Blankets Regular \$5.50 Values at— \$3.48

Here's a very reasonable bargain. Wool Blankets; size 66 by 80 inches; weight 4½ lbs. to the pair. All the newest colorings; plaids, including the new tan shades. Get a pair. Removal price, per pair. . . . . \$3.48

## Good Bedding at Removal Prices—

64x90 Double White Cotton Blankets, with pink and blue borders; regular price \$2.00, removal sale price. . . . . \$1.39

A Large Assortment of Cotton Blankets, sizes 66x76 and 64x76, in white, tan and gray colors; regular price \$1.39 and \$1.50. Your choice at this removal sale at. . . . . 95c

80x90 single pure White Cotton Blankets, very suitable for sheets; regular price \$1.25, removal sale price. . . . . 89c

\$1.25 Comforts, in all colors; removal sale price. . . . . 79c

\$1.50 Comforts, large size, in assorted colors; removal sale price. . . . . \$1.24

PILLOW SPECIAL—Kelly's Special Pillow; size 21x27, filled with guaranteed feathers. . . . . 75c

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Your Home  
Now  
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Half

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