FEDERATED TRADES ASSEMBLY—Meets second and fourth Friday of each month at Owl's hall, 418 West Superior street. President, W. F. Murnian, 509 East Third street; vice president, J. McClelian, 22 East First street; corresponding secretary, W. J. Dutcher, 827 East Second street; financial sécretary-treasurer, R. J. Coole, 514 No. Fifty-second Ave. W.; reading clerk, J. E. Jenson, 4727 Jay street; sergeant-at-arms, Peter Schaffer; trustees, J. J. Schwartz, E. A. Sabel.

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL-Meets the tirst and third Monday at Brown's Hall, 10 East Superior St. President, Cleta Novek; vice president, George Brown; financial secretary-treasurer, S. G. Nelson, 125 W. Second St., recording secretary, J. H. Powers, 904 East Fourth street; warden, J. A. Dryke; trustees, George Walter, John Bordine, Peter Gallent.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL-Meets the second Monday of each month in room D. Lowell block. President, Henry Dworshak, Jr. 506 11th Avc. East; Secretary, E. F. Bush. 4312 Gilliat street.

BREWERY WORKERS' UNION, NO. 133-Meets on the first and third Mondays of each month at Eastes hall. President, Arthur Beatty. 2899 W. Helm street; financial secretary, Jerry Deshane, 2811 W. Helm street; recording secretary, Thomas Fitzgibbons; treasurer, Carl Zenther, 28 Sixth avenue East.

CABINET MAKERS & MILLMEN'S UNION NO. 1284—Meets every Wednesday at the Socialist hall. Twenty-first avenue West and Superior street. President, Fred Soderlund, 10 Osborn block; vice president. John Tinderholm; recording secretary, Henry J. Birnuo, 552 West Red Wing Road; financial secretary, Vic. A. Johnson, 4126 Luverne street; treasurer. Franz Olson. 413 Hinneapolis avenue; trustees. George Walzak, Peter Pearson, Olto Miller.

ARPENTERS' UNION—Meets every Tuesday evening at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street, President, Charles McKinnon; ve president, Hector McLean; recording st fetary. O. H. Tarun, 2012 W. Fifth St. let. Tel. Lincoln 173D; treasurer, Edw. Et Ikson, 729 N. 16th Ave. East; financial set letary, Abe Jappe, 4215 Gladstone street, Tel. Park 160A; business acent, H. Stevers, 4416 McCulleth street. Phone, Park, 85Y, Office, Rowley hall, 112 W. First street, Tel. Grand 1585. Hours 1 to 2 p. m. Phone Zenith Grand 157Y.

LATHERS' UNION, No. 12, W. W. & M. L. F.—Meets on the second and fourth Fridays of each month at Brown Block, 10 %. Superior St. President, Albert Meddaht; vice president, Matt Hanson; secretary, Walter, Mathewson, 4911 Doules St. treasurer, George Walter, 924 West Fifth St.

LICENSED TIGMEN'S PROTECTIVE AS-SOCIATION, NO. 1—Meets the second and fourth Monday evening during the winter months at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. President, James Bishop; cor-responding and recording secretary. Albert responding and recording secretary, Albert Jones, Grand Hotel, Superior, Wis.; finan-cial secretary, Dennis G'Brien, 330 East Fourth street; treasurer, Charles Green, 1815 Bast Fourth street;

MOTION PICTURE MACHINE OPERAT-ORS' UNION, No. 32 (I. A. T. S. E.)— Meets first Tuesday of each month at 10:39 a. m.. 22 East First street (upstairs). Officers same as stage employes. Business rep-resentative. W. E. Hammond, 22 East First street. Office phone. Melrose 2347; resi-dence, Bell, 393-K Lakeside.

MUSICIANS' UNION, NO. 18, A. F. OF M. -Meets first Tucsday of each month at their hendquarters, Foresters' hall, Fourth avenue West and First street. President, L. F. Berger; vice president, Otto J. Wendt: treasurer, I. N. Sodahl; recording secre-tary, W. J. Dutcher, 827 East Second street.

MARINE ENGINEERS' BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION, No. 78—Meets every Friday
evening during the winter months at room
610 Manhattan Bidg. President. Curtis M.
Ryan: vice president. J. H. Majo: financial
secretary, J. Q. Adams; correspondent secretary, J. C. Mundt, 4419 Gilliat street;
treasurer, James Gleason.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS AND PA-PER HANGERS—Meets every Tuesday at PER HANGERS—Meets every Tuesday at Brown's hall. 10 East Superior street. Presi-dent, F. Vannier; vice president, H. Perault; financial secretary, James Powers, 904 East Fourth street; Rec. Sec., Joel Lichten, 21184; West Fourth street; treasurer and businers agent, E. Munkeby, residence 618 First avenue East, office 109 W. Superior street, office hours:—8-9 a. m.: 1-2 n. m. husiners agent, E. office 109 W. Superm. First avenue East, office 109 W. Superm. street, office horiz:—8-9 a. m.; 1-2 p. m. Phone, Grand, office 2217-X;res., 1566-X.

PLASTERERS' UNION No. 53, O. P. I. A .-Meets on first and third Wednesdays of each month at Rowley's hall. President John Flesch; vice president, Edw. Patterson: financial secretary-treasurer. Waite: Ross, 4731 Jay street; corresponding secretary, Charles Perrott, 2609 Highland.

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS' UNION NO. 11, U. S. A.-Meets the second and South 1, L. S. A.—Meets the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at Moose hall 222 West First street. President, Ge. Kuager. 231 East Sixth street; vice president. A. Gussi; secretary-treasurer, H. R. Tinkham, 230 Fourteenth avenue East; corresponding secretary, John Bennett, 502 Second avenue East.

STAGE EMPLOYES' UNION, NO. 32, (I. A. T. S. E.)—Meets first Tuesday in month, 11:30 p. m., 22 East First street; (upstairs, President, J. L. Brainerd; treasurer, Roy Van Valkenburg, c.o Ornheum Theater; Financial secretary, W. H. Hammond; recording secretary, W. M. Hammond; recording secretary, James, Mulhern; business representative, J. Shannahan, 22 East First street; Phones: Office, Melrose 2347; residence, Calumet 45-31.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION NO. 136-Meet first Sunday in each month at Brown's hall, 10 East Superior street. President Wm. E. Towne; vice president, V. L. Baker recording secretary, H. Dworshak, Jr.: seretary-treasurer, Edward M. Grace, Roc D. Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

### RAILROAD TIME TABLES DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

Leave | DULUTH | Arrive 7:30 A.M. Knife River. | 11:30 A.M. Two Harbors. Ety, Tower,

3:15 P.M. Aurora, Biwa- \* 5:30 P.M. bik, McKinley, •11:30 P.M. Eveleth, Gil- ; 9:30 P.M. bert and Vir-

ginia ......... 110:45 P.M. Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

‡Sunday only. ‡Freight train carrying passengers.

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry.

Leave | Arrive Duluth | Duluth Hibbing, Virginia, Eve-leth, Coleraine, †Moun-tain Iron, Chisholm, Sharon, (Buhl) Spar-

†Dally. Except Sunday. Cafe. Observation Car. Missabo Range oints. Solid Vestibule Train. Points. Solid Vestibule Train. Office 426 West Superior Street, Phone 969.

### CLASSIFIED ADS

PERSONAL—More jobs; more pay; better living. Free information given. Address, W. B., Labor World.

GREAT SORROW Ameliorated By a Floral Tribute Designed and Supplied by the DULUTH FLORAL CO., Northwest's Leading Florists.

## LABOR UNION DIRECTORY HOME-MIXED FLOURS

How to Use Bran, Corn Meal. Rice, Rye Flour or Boiled Oats With Wheat Flour in Bread Making.

The use of flours which contain more or less bran is sometimes advisable both for the sake of variety which they give to the diet and because of the mineral substances and growthregulating substances these flour contain. Farmers' Bulletin 807 of the United States Department of Agriculture, "Bread and Bread Making," includes in addition to white-bread recipes, a number of homemade bread from whole wheat or graham flour, from home-ground flour, from rye, rolled oats, etc. These are as follows:

Whole-Wheat or Graham Bread. 1 1-2 cups lukewarm milk, 3 tablespoons brown sugar, 1 1-4 teaspoons salt, 3 cups whole-wheat or graham

flour, 1-2 yeast cake. Scald the milk, together with the sugar and salt. When lukewarm, add the yeast, mixing it first with a little of the milk. Add the flour, beat well, and let it double its volume. Beat it thoroughly, put into a pan, and let it rise. In a pan of standard size it should come nearly to the top.

The above recipe may be used in preparing bread from home-ground meal. There are many homes, particularly in the country, where the house wife can obtain unground wheat at a moderate cost. If ground in the or-dinary coffee mill, such wheat makes a coarse bread, not very light in texture, but of such good flavor that it may well be used occasionally to give variety to the diet. It is useful, too, in places where good bran can not be obtained easily and where coarse breads are desired as a means of preventing constipation. In making such bread with a view to economy the housewife should compute what it will cost her per loaf, including labor and fuel, as compared with other breads she makes. Skim milk instead of whole milk can be used; homemade yeast either liquid or dry cake, is a possibility, and some might like the bread with less sugar or unsweetened. Another recipe which has been worked out follows.

Home-Ground Wheat Bread. 1 1-2 cups water or skim milk, 1 1-4 teaspoons salt, 1 tablespoon sugar, 3 cups home-ground wheat flour, 1-2 cake dry yeast, or 1 gill liquid yeast. Set a sponge at night, using half of the flour. In the morning add the rest of the flour, beat well, put into a greased pan, allow to rise until it doubles its bulk, and bake.

"Many a Mickle Makes a Muckle." ONE-HALF CUP OF MILK.

Half a cup of milk-whole, skimmed or sour-a seemingly triflling matter -hardly worth the trouble to keep or

milk is wasted-left uncovered in glasses-regarded as useless because the cream has been skimmed off-allowed to sour-poured down the sink or thrown away.

Now, if every home-there as 20.-000,000 of them-should waste on the average one-half cup daily, it would mean a waste of 2,500,000 quarts daily -912,500,000 quarts a year—the total product of more than 400,000 cows. It takes a lot of grass and grain to make that much milk-and an army of people to produce and deliver it.

But, everyhousehold doesn't waste a half cup of milk a day? Well, say that one-half cup is wasted in only one out of a hundred homes. Still intolerable-when milk is so nutritiouswhen skim milk can be used in making nutritious soups and cereal disheswhen sour milk can be used in bread

making or for cottage cheese. The United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., or your State agricultural college will tell you how to use left-over milk-sweet, skimmed or sour.

### Corn-Meal-and-Wheat Bread.

1 1-2 cups milk, water or a mixture of the two, 1-2 cake compressed yeast, or 1-4 cup liquid yeast, 1 1-2 teaspoons salt, 1 tablespoon sugar, Butter (if use), 1 tablespoon, 1 cup corn meal, 2 cups wheat flour. Pour 1 1-4 cupfuls of the water over

the corn meal, salt, sugar and fat (if used), and heat the mixture gradually to the boiling point or nearly to it and cook 20 minutes. This cooking can best be done in a double boiler. The water is sufficient only to soften the meal a little. Allow the meal to cool to about the temperature of the room and add the yeast, mixed with the rest of the water (1-4 cupful), or the 1-4 cupful of liquid yeast. Mold thoroughly, let rise, until it doubles its bulk, make into a loaf, place in a pan of standard size, allow to rise until it nearly fills the pan, and bake 45 or

Rice Bread.

1 cup lukewarm water, milk, or a mixture of the two, 1 cup uncooked rice, 1 1-4 teaspoons salt, 1 tablespoon sugar, Butter (if used), 1 tablespoon or less, 1-2 cup compressed yeast, 2 cups wheat flour.

Steam the rice with one-half of the liquid until it is soft. This is done better in a steamer than in a double boiler, for the liquid is so small in amount that the rice does not become soft readily and the presence of the steam helps. Put the sugar, salt and fat (if used) into the mixing bowl and pour over them the remaining liquid (1-2 cupful). When the mixture has become lukewarm add the yeast and 1-2 cupful of flour. Allow this sponge to rise until very light. Add the boiled rise, which should have been cooled until lukewarm, and the rest of the flour. This dough is so thick that some pressure is required to work in the last portions of the flour. Allow the dough to rise until it has doubled its bulk, form into a loaf, place in a pan of standard size, allow it to rise until it nearly reaches the top of the

Rye Bread

One quart milk, 2 tablespoons sugar, teasoons salt, 2 tablespoons butter. cake compressed yeast, 3 cupfuls flour (1 cup being wheat and the remainder rve.)

Follow the directions for making wheat bread according to the short process until after the bread has been

the dough should be placed in a 6- end of 30 days. quart bowl lined with a cloth into The average the dough has risen to the top of the bowl turn out on a hot sheet iron (a dripping pan inverted will do), over which 1 tablespoonful of flour has been sprinkled, and put it immediately into a very hot oven. After 10 minutes lower the temperature somewhat and bake for 1 hour. This recipe is a modification of an old German household method of making rye

Rolled-Oats Bread.

2 cups boiling water, ½ cup brown sugar, 2 teaspoons salt, 1 yeast cake, 4 cup lukewarm water, 1 1/2 cups rolled oats, 5 cups flour.

Dissolve the yeast cake in the luke-warm water. Pour the boiling water over the rolled oats, salt, and sugar, and let stand until lukewarm; add the dissolved yeast and flour. Let rise until very light, beat thoroughly and turn into two buttered bread pans. When the loaves have doubled their volume bake them an hour in a moderate oven.

# RAISE TURKEYS

Profitable Side Line for Grain and Stock Farms—Breeding Stock Should Be Selected With Care.

Because the number of turkeys in the United States has constantly decreased in the last few years while the demand has perhaps increased, a more profitable side line than turkey raising for those favorably situated for the work could hardly be found. Given plenty of range, it is pointed out by the United States Department of Agriculture in Farmers' Bulletin No. 791, turkeys will readily find grasshoppers and other insects, green vegetation, the seeds of weeds and grasses, waste grains, and acorns and nuts of various kinds. In this way the cost of raising them is small and the profits large. Grain and stock farms are particularly well adapted to turkey raising, and it is in such places that most of the turkeys are found. Little has ever been done in the way of raising turkeys in confinement,

have been discouraging. Selection of Breeding Stock,

One of the most important steps toward success in turkey raising is the proper selection of breeding stock. Unhatchable eggs, weak poults, and small, scrubby turkeys are largely the result of carelessness in the selection

February and in the north about a month later.

Fifteen turkey hens can safely be mated to a vigorous tom. If 25 or 30 L. W., June 2, 9, 16, 1917.

is no place on which to alight, and under ordinary circumstances they do not make the attempt. For this reason steel posts are better than wooden

potatoes, turnips, beets, and cabbage as a substitute for green feed. Animal feed at this time of year is essential to the best results, and can be supplied by feeding meat scrap, beef livers and lungs, or skimmed milk, either sweet or sour.

Care of Eggs.

date on each egg as it is gathered, in order to be certain that no eggs are kept too long before they are incubated.

Turkey hens are very close sitters, and if managed properly they are the surest means of hatching turkey eggs as with chicken eggs. The they eggs as with chicken eggs. The first egg is usually pipped days. The first egg is usually pipped during the first part of the twenty-seventh day, the first poult hatched by the middle of that day, and the by the middle of that day, and the middle of that day, and the manded at the end of 28 days, although in extreme cases all

molded the second time. At this point the poults are not hatched before the 1917.

The average number of poults Attest: which four has been rubber. When raised under ordinary conditions is about 50 per cent of those hatched, or

a raised under ordinary conditions is about 5 per cent of those hatched, or a about 7 for each turkey hen. By far the greater part of this loss occurs when the poults are under a week old. Unless through an outbreak of a month old. The his mortality a mong young poults is mainly due to exposure to dampness and cold, interpretative of the above named weakness the latter they are a less possure to dampness and cold, interpretative of the above named weakness the latter they are and inherent weakness the latter they are and inherent weakness the latter they are and inherent of the administration of said estate, having been filled in this court, representative of the administration of said estate, and the selection of parent should be confined in this court, representative of the administration of the residue of the mother turkey should be confined in this court, representative and the selection of parent of the residue of the several weeks while the poults are several weeks while the poults are two turkey has with the roots of parent work turkey has with broods of gather the representative of the should be moved each day. When the two turkey has with broods of gather the work of the residue of the same age are turned out on free range together they will remain in one flock, and as this makes it easier to hunt them up and care for them it is advisable to turn out 2 or 3 hense with their broods of gather when the proposed under one or two hens to be hovered.

Improper feeding, combined with the proper feeding, combined with the proposal court of the proper feeding, combined with the proper feeding, combined with the proper feeding, combined with the proper feeding combined with the proper feeding combined with the proposal court feeding the proper feeding combined with the proper fe under one or two hens to be hovered. Improper feeding, combined with close confinement, has been the cause of many failures in turkey raising. When on free range the poults are busy earching for feed most of the

and when it has been tried the results means of creeping underground stems

small, scrubby turkeys are ingrety turkeys for carclesenses in the selecting turkeys for breeding purposes, strength of the period, and vigor are the first points to be considered. To indicate this the back product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the strain of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the strain of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present appearance and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present appearance and the product of a clean, healthy appearance. A strong well-made frame is shown in the present and the court, st. Louis Count, Minnesota. MORTON.

Attent A. Date of the product of the

Attest: A. R. MORTON, Clerk of Probate. WALTER F. DACEY,

mated to a vigorous tom. If 25 or 30 hens are kept, two toms should not be allowed to run with them at the same time, but one should be confined one day and the other the next.

If breeding pens are used to confine the laying hens for a part of each day they should be of hog-proof wire. Rail, board, or stone fences are of no value for confining turkeys, which easily fly on top of them and then jump down on the other side. In the case of a wire fence, however, there is no place on which to alight and 70 cents increased costs which said and 70 cents increased costs which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered. I have levied upon and will seil at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the Sheriff's Office in the Court son steel posts are better than wooden posts for a turkey fence unless the latter are sharpened at the tops.

Good breeding condition means being well fleshed, but not fat. Given free range where there is amply supply of natural feed during the winter and early spring, such as is usually the case in the southern portion of the United States, a good daily feed of grain, preferably oats or wheat, is sufficient to kep the birds in good condition. During the winter northern turkey raisers usually feed twice a day on equal parts of oats, wheat, and corn, with vegetables such as potatoes, turnips, beets, and cabbage of the United States, a ground state of the lightly file and interest that the above named judgment debtors had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 15th day of September, 1916, that being the date of the evy made under the Writ of Attachment and May 22nd, 1917, being the date of the recipiton of the property being as follows, to-wit:

Lots ten (10) and eleven (11). Block three (3), Western Addition to Hibbing. according to the recorded plat thereof on the Cluy of St. Louis Did to the Cluy of St. Louis Din

Dated, Duluth, Minn., May 23rd, 1917.

JOHN R. MEINING,

Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.

By V. A. DASH.

Deputy

W. F. DACEY, and T. J. DOYLE,

 T. J. DOYLE,
 Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
 L. W., June 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, July 7, 1917. Order of Hearing on Petition for Ad-

When there is danger that the turkey eggs may be chilled or destroyed, they should be gathered every day and a nest egg left in each nest. Eggs for hatching should be kept at a temperature of as near 50 or 60 degrees Farenheit as possible and should be turned over every day. They should be jarred as little as possible while handling and should be incubated while still fresh, never holding more than two weeks if it can be helped. It is an excellent plan to mark the date on each egg as it is gathered, in order to be certain that no eggs are kept too long before they are incubated.

Turkey hens are very close sitters, and if managed properly they are the

By the Court, S. W. GILPIN, Judge of Probate. Attest: Judge of Pr.
A. R. MORTON,
Clerk of Probate,
ANDREW NELSON, Attorney,
L. W., June 2-9-16-1917.

By the Court,
S. W. GILPIN,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minnesota.)
Attest: A. R. MORTON,
Clerk of Probate.
ANDREW NELSON,
Attorney for the Estate.
L. W., June 2, 9, 16, 1917.

NNDREW NELSON.

A NOMERO NO free range the poults are busy earching for feed most of the watch of exercise, such as the busy earching for feed most of the watch of exercise, such as the poults are often subjected to by those ignorant of their wants. If the range of the poults are often subjected to by those ignorant of their wants. If the range of manifest of the watcher is favorable, then the best plan is to allow the poults are often subjected to by those ignorant of their wants. If the range of minimum the poults are often subjected to by those ignorant of their wants. If the range of minimum the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of calculations of the poults are often subjected to by the feet of the subject of

said Anna Eklund thereon.

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in Duluth, in said County on Monday the 25th day of June, 1917, at ten o'clock A. M., and all persons interested in said hearing and in said matter, are hereby cited and required at said time and hearing and in said matter, are hereby why said petition should not be granted.

Ordered Further, That this order be served by publication in The Labor World according to law, and that a copy of this order be served on the County Treasurer of St. Louis County Treasurer of St. Louis County Treasurer of St. Louis County Dated at Duluth, Minn., May 29th, 1917.

By the Court,

By the Court,

By the Court,

By the Court,

Braid Anna Eklund thereon.

It is Ordered, That said petition be hear o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Duluth in said County he and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon the examination, adjustment and allowance of such that the 21st day of August, 1917. at ten o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Duluth is said County he and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Labor World as provided by law.

Dated, Duluth, Minn., May 17th. 1917.

S. W. GILPIN.

Minnesota.)

Davis, 1917. at ten o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Duluth is said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Labor S. W. GILPIN.

A correct of the court Rooms at the Court Rooms at Duluth is said doublet for the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the

By the Court,
S. W. GILPIN.
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County,

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minnesota.)

Attest: A. R. MORTON, Clerk of Probate, H. W. LANNERS, Attorney.

L. W., June 2, 9, 16, 1917.

Summons In Application for Registration of Land.

STATE OF MINNESOTA COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District. In the Matter of the application of John G. Williams to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, died intestate, in the County of St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District. In the matter of the application of John G. Williams to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and that said petitioner is the creditor of said decedent by the granted of said petitioner is the creditor of said decedent by granted to said John In the matter of the northeast quarter (W½ of NW¼ of NE¼ and the east half of the southeast quarter (W½ of NW¼ of NE¼ and the east half of the southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼ of NW¾ of NE¼ and the east half of the northwest quarter (E½ of SE¼ of NW¾ of NE¼ and the east half of the southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼ of NW¾) all in Section Twenty (20), in Township Fifty (50), north of Range fourteen (14) West of the Fourth Principal Meridian, according to the government survey thereof,

Applicant, Patrick Bowe, City of Duluth, John C. McDougall, Mary A. F. McDougall, Florence Blood, Laura Shellv Converse, Maude E. Converse, Mabel E. Converse Colt, Lillian Shelby Converse, Jackson, Olga Blood Converse Derby, Laura Shelby Converse, a administratrix with the will annexed of the estate of hearing. Dated at Duluth, Minn., May 15th, 1917.

By the Court Township Fifty (So), north of Range fourteen the probable of the court of the last will and testament of Matter World according to law, and that a copy of this order be served on the County Treasurer of St. Louis County St. St. Louis Co

venor S. Hubbard, as executor of the last will and testament of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Maud Sanderson, T. Laughton Blood, Maie M. Waish, T. Laughton Blood, as executor of the will of Laura Shelby Blood, deceased, Unknown hears of Dorcas McDougall, deceased, Unknown heirs of Olga Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Laura Shelby Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Laura Shelby Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Laura Shelby Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Laura Shelby Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Laura Shelby Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Laura Shelby Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceased, Unknown heirs of Olgan Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Olgan Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Olgan Blood, deceased, Unknown heirs of Mattie Walker Lee, deceas

to the court for the relief demanded therein, Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 29th day of May, A. D. 1917.

S. W. GILPIN, Judge of Probate. (Seal Probate Ct., St. Louis Co., Minn.) Thos. A. Gall, Attorney. L. W., May 19-26-June 2-1917.

in said county, this 29th day of May,
A. D. 1917.
J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By R. E. JOHNSON, Deputy.
(Seal District Ct., St. Louis Co., Minn.)
A. T. BANNING, JR.,
Attorney for Applicant,
201 Board of Trade Bldg.,
Duluth, Minnesota.
L. W., June 2-9-16-1917.

order Limiting Time File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court. In the Matter of the Estate of Joe Carlson, Decedent. Letters of administration this day having been granted to L. R. Taylor. I'T IS ORDERED, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that the 20th day of November, 1917, at ten o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Duluth in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid. Let notice hereof be given by the bor World as provided by law.

S. W. GILPIN,

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

S. Louis.—s. In Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) And 17th, 1917, S. W. GILPIN, Judge of Probate.

(Scal, Probate Court, St. Louis County, Letters of administration this day of August, 1917, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court. In the Matter of the Estate of John A. Johnson, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Gertrude L. Johnson, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Gertrude L. Johnson, 1917, at 1917, at 190 clock A. M., in the Probate Court. In the Matter of the Estate of John A. Johnson, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Gertrude L. Johnson, 1918, 1919,

Order of Hearing on Petition for Administration.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. In Probate Court. In the Matter of the Estate of Eliza-

St. Louis.—ss. In Probate Court.
In the Matter of the Estate of Joseph
Herwot, Decedent.
Letters of administration this day
having been granted to John Hitzelberg.

Dated, Duluth, Minn., May 10th, 1917. S. W. GILPIN,

F. C. Hanson, attorney.
L. W., May 26-June 2-9-1917.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Mortgage Land.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—8s.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frank Forsberg, Decedent.

The Petition of Lydia E. Forsberg as representative of the above named decedent, having been filed in this Court, representing, among other things, that for reasons stated in said petition, it is necessary and for the best interests of the estate of said decedent and of all persons interested therein, to mortgage certain lands of said decedent in said petition described and praying that license be to her granted to mortgage the said land:

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard before this Court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in Duluth, in said County, on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, at ten o'clock A. M., and all persons interested in said hearing and in said matter are hereby cited and required at said time and place to show cause, if any there be, why said petition should not be granted.

Ordered Further, That this order be served by publication in The Labor World according to law.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., May 14th, 1917.

By the Court,
S. W. GILPIN

Attest: A. R. MORTON, Clerk of Probate. L. W., May 19, 26, June 2, 1917.

Mortgage Forcelosure Sale.
Notice is hereby given that default has been made and now exists in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed and delivered by. Jonathan White and Esther White, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to S. J. Osgood, as mortgagee, dated November 12, 1913, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on February 7, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., and which now appears or record therein in Book 294 of Mortgages on page 231, by reason whereof the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative. Said default consists in the failure. Said mortgage has become operative. Said default consists in the failure of one hundred sixty-eight (\$168.00) dollars for one year's interest due on January 1st, 1917, which mortgage contained a provision authorizing the mortgage to declare the whole of said mortgage deto declare the whole of said mortgage deto declare the whole of said mortgage and said mortgage, having heretofore exercised, and does now exercise the election to so declare said principal sum due and payable, whereon when due, and said mortgagors on the date hereof, the sum of twenty-four hundred (\$2,400.00) dollars principal, and the sum of two hundred twenty-one and 67/100 (\$221.67) dollars interest thereon, from January 1st, 1916, or \$2,621.67 in all, and no action or proceeding in law has been instituted to recover the amount unpaid under and secured by said mortgage, nor any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, or any part thereof, the Sund mortgage, in the Sund mortgage will be forcelosed by public sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South Half of the Northeast Quarter (NW 4), the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (NW 4), of Section Eighteen (18): the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest

S. J. OSGOOD,

WHIPPLE & RANDALL, Attorneys for Mortgagee. 606 Providence Building, Duluth, Minnesota.
L. W., April 28—May 5, 12, 19, 26—June 2, 1917.