

MADE IN DULUTH

DULUTH UNIVERSAL FLOUR

An honest home... product, wholesome brimming with life.

FOR A MAID IN DULUTH

LET'S USE IT

SNIVELY LOOKS LIKE BEST BET

Sentiment in His Favor Rapidly Developing; Phillips and Voss are Favorites.

Sentiment in favor of the election of Samuel F. Snively for mayor is rapidly crystallizing. Labor is getting behind him solidly. Old time citizens who know of his great services to the city in other days feel that his election furnishes an opportunity to reward him for his unselfish work.

The younger voters are taking kindly to the candidacy of Mr. Snively as they hear of the good things he did in his younger days. Along Superior street all one hears is Snively talk. He seems to be the popular man of the hour. He addressed several meetings during the week and at each one he made a decided hit.

The big task among the workers will be to get the women out to vote. The women voters in the east end of the city have been pretty well trained in the voting habit. In the west end the women voters have not been. An organized campaign will be made to get every woman in the city registered.

The majority campaign, which is expected to be a sizzler, will not warm up until after the primary election as the names of neither candidate for mayor will not appear on the primary ballot. The big fight will be over the nomination of commissioners. There are ten candidates in the field.

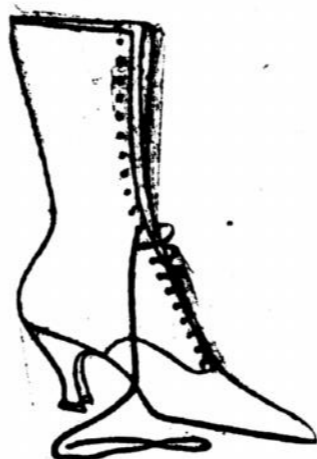
P. G. Phillips looms up by far the strongest man for commissioner. It is being talked about in all places. Phillips is on the job early and late. No criticism is offered against his management of the water and light department. In spite of high prices he has been able to turn more than \$87,000 into the city treasury this year without finding it necessary to raise water or gas rates. In the council he is bold and fearless in every position he takes there. Such a man cannot be beaten.

Fred J. Voss, although seriously ill at his home, is still a popular candidate to succeed himself. He cannot make a personal campaign, but his friends are legion. They are hoping that he will soon be able to be about

886 Pairs of New Spring Boots, Class of 1921

A Strategic Purchase of Good Footwear at About Half 1921's Prices, Not 1920's

6.85



458 Pairs of Black Kid Lace Shoes

Cuban or French Heel

6.85



228 Pairs of Dark Brown Lace Shoes

Military Heel

6.85

If 12.00 Represents the Price You Expected to Pay to Get Spring Shoes of Desired Quality—WALK RIGHT IN!

The Glass Block

"The Shopping Center of Duluth"

LOANS

\$50 to \$5,000, up to 1 year.
Weekly or monthly plan
\$50 costs \$4.50 for 1 year
\$100 costs \$9 for 1 year
\$500 costs \$45 for 1 year
Large amounts at same rate.

WHY PAY MORE
The Duluth Morris Plan Co.
20 3rd Ave., West, Tel. 1390-1391

B. & Y. FACTORY GIRLS ON STRIKE

Put up Gallant Single-Handed Fight Against "Open Shop" and Wage Cut.

Four young girls employed at the B. & Y. Cap factory are putting up a gallant and single handed fight against the "open shop" that should command the admiration and support of every advocate of fair play in the city.

These girls have been paid \$17 a week for their services. Three are cap makers and one is a lining maker. They were notified nearly three weeks ago that their wages would be cut to \$13. The union scale is \$17. The firm, which is owned by Brustein and Yessne, had been given the right to use the union label.

According to the four girls on strike the firm wanted to use the union label, but it did not cheerfully comply with the union rules. A new foreman and head cap maker was put on in January. He is said to have provoked trouble from the start and is the chief cause of the strike.

The girl strikers report that but one strikebreaker has been obtained to take their places. She is paid \$11 a week and works the nine hour day. The grievance of the girls will be called to the attention of the Federated Trades assembly at the next meeting. In the meantime all workers are urged to look for the union label in all hats purchased by them. The B. & Y hat, as now made, does not carry the label.

CULINARY WORKERS GAIN.
HERRIN, Ill., Feb. 17.—Culinary workers have signed an agreement with hotel and restaurant owners. Wages are increased and hours are shortened.

ANTI-PRIMARY BILL BEATEN.
INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 17.—The state legislature has defeated an attempt to set aside the state primary law and re-establish the ward caucus and convention system.

A Certain Man—

was injured and taken to a local hospital. His income stopped until he could return to work.

His Wife—

came into this bank shortly after her husband's accident. They needed money. She had his orders for the withdrawal of necessary funds from his Savings Account.

Have You—

a fund set aside in a Savings Account for use in a similar emergency? One dollar will open an account. Our Savings Department is open from 6 p. m. to 8 p. m. on Saturday Evenings.

Northern National Bank
ALWORTH BUILDING.

You'll Do Better at Kelly's

Kelly's Big Furniture Sale
Now in Full Swing

**Furniture
Draperies
Rugs
Linoleums
Stoves**

Buy Now—Terms to Suit You
Goods Stored Free

ES Kelly Furniture & Carpet Co.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.

No person is authorized to solicit political advertisements for The Labor World. We do not solicit such. If any person running for office or his friends desire to insert a political advertisement in this paper it must come to us unsolicited. We could get more of this business if we went after it, but we would prefer to have it come voluntarily.

so that he can put on the kind of campaign that his brought him success so many times in the past.

Then there is Lon Merritt and Joseph Gibson, two candidates with excellent records for public service. They will make good showings in the primary election.

There is hardly a contest worth noting in the election of municipal judges. Judge Frank Cutting is conceded a winner by almost unanimous consent. Judge Harry Lannars for assistant judge has no opposition. W. L. Windom expects to cut into Judge Richard Funck's vote, but it is not believed he can put it over. There is an attempt being made to punish Judge Funck for accepting labor's endorsement in last fall's election for district judge, but labor will stand by him to a man.

UNION MEMBERS MAY DEDUCT 'DUES' FROM INCOME RETURN

According to local internal revenue officers members of labor organizations may deduct their union dues from their exemptions on income tax returns. Up to now no deductions have been made by union members on their dues.

It is held by the government that dues paid by union members is part of the output for getting the wages they receive. That is quite an admission from Uncle Sam.

ALLEN USES METHODS OF CIRCUS PRESS AGENTS

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 17.—When Governor Allen's "can't-strike" court recently ordered the managements of flour mills to give employment to their "skilled and faithful" employes, the incident was given wide publicity and these unorganized workers believed they would secure relief, and the mills and court have done just what thinking folks knew they would do—nothing.

The court's order and the wide advertising it received shows that the methods of circus press agents have not been overlooked by budding politicians.

The International Typographical union has a membership of nearly 75,000.

\$45 Pure Worsted Suits \$25
Big suit sale at The Big Duluth.

SEND FOR FREE SAMPLE PACKAGE REPUTATION SEEDS
and New Illustrated Catalogue of seeds, bulbs, shrubs, and plants grown especially for Northern Gardens and Farms.
You will want the best, so now while you think about it, write to—
DULUTH FLORAL COMPANY,
Duluth, Minnesota.

BOASTED REDUCTIONS IN COST OF LIVING NOT NOTICED BY WORKERS

Editor Boot and Shoe Workers' Journal Brings Out Fact That Costs Are Reduced But One Per Cent a Month; Food Is But One Item; Other Expenses Are Still as High and Higher.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—The claim by anti-union publicity forces that living costs justify wage reductions is compared with the government's figures on price reductions by Editor Blaine of the Shoe Workers' Journal. He calls attention to the report of the United States bureau of labor statistics, which shows that for the month of Oct. 15 to Nov. 15, 1920, there was a decrease in the cost of food products ranging, in different localities, from one-half of 1 per cent to 3 per cent. The general average is about 1 per cent. For a 7-year period, 22 leading articles of food, which were rated at 100 in 1913, are now rated at 93, or a present advance of 93 per cent over the prices of 1913.

"As the present rate of decline of food prices seems to be about 1 per cent a month," says Editor Blaine, "it will take over three years before food prices will decline to the level of the increases in wage rates that shoe workers have received."

"But food is only one of our living costs. Wage earners are under the burden of high rents, high cost of coal, wood and lighting and transportation of persons and goods is at a cost higher than ever before, with no prospect of reduction."

"If any reduction in the wages of shoe workers is ever to be considered as worthy of discussion, it should only be when, by a lowering of the total cost of living, the purchasing power of the advanced wages is greater than it was before the war. In computing this purchasing power those items of living cost that are not being reduced must always be figured."

"At the present rate of progress in reducing the cost of living it might well be more than five years before shoe workers at the present wage rate would be as well off as they were in 1913."

"Taxation also, is an important factor in the high costs of living. It has been estimated that national, state and municipal taxes today total over \$500 per year per family of five persons. In the last analysis these taxes fall with crushing force upon the wage earners and it is absolute folly for employer to expect any material reduction in labor costs as long as such war taxation exists."

"Moreover, the wage earners think they are entitled to more than the hush of industry. They feel entitled to a progressive betterment of their material condition in life. We think employers could better concern themselves with an effort at remedying the conditions under which extortion and profiteering of the rankest sort are being practiced upon the whole people."

VETERAN TRADE UNIONISTS WIN

Perkins, Gompers and Hall Given Fine Endorsement by Local Cigarmakers' Union.

George W. Perkins for president and Samuel Gompers for first vice president, made a clean sweep at the referendum election of the local Cigarmakers' union held last Saturday at the union hall. The election was held under the Australian ballot system.

There is a hot contest on in the International union over the election of officers and for control of the organization. Mr. Perkins has been president for nearly 30 years and Mr. Gompers has served as first vice president for more than that time. Mr. Perkins, like Mr. Gompers, is a practical and constructive trade unionist.

The chief opposition to their re-election comes from the Socialists and extremists. The result of the election in the Duluth local union was as follows: President, Perkins 20, Smith 12, La Belle 1; first vice president, Gompers 26, Melhado 7; second vice president, Hoffman 8, Oruburn 21, Kelly 4; third vice president, Kennedy 20, McDonald 12; fourth vice president, Reichert 12, Gonzalez 20, Johnson 1; fifth vice president, Hall 28, Dawson 2, Hornberg 1, Janda 2; sixth vice president, Stack 12, Ramsey 19; seventh vice president, Stevens 21, Hornfield 1, Manee 2, Helsoop 2.

The international union is entitled to four delegates to the American Federation of Labor. There are 20 candidates. The four leaders in the Duluth local are Gompers 24 votes, Campbell 16 votes, Sexton 20 votes and Hall 29 votes. Mahlon Barnes, the Philadelphia Socialist, who represented the international in the A. F. of L., was given but 5 votes in the Duluth union.

E. C. Hall of Minneapolis, president of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, is a candidate for fifth vice president and delegate to the A. F. of L. The Duluth local gave him the highest vote cast for any candidate. He received 28 votes for vice president and 29 votes for delegate.

CONGRESS AGAIN AIDS RAILROADS

House Passes Bill Giving Them Deficiency of \$340,000,000 Guaranteed By Law.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The house passed the Winslow bill, providing for the payment of \$340,000,000 to the railroads as partial payment for funds due them under the provisions of the Cummins-Esch law which guarantees them against losses during the first six months of the operation of the act.

The comptroller of the treasury has ruled that no money can be paid until the railroads have presented an itemized report of their losses, and this, the roads declare, is impossible in so short a time. The roads interested the United States chamber of commerce and attempts were made to "go over the head" of the comptroller, but it was found that he has the law on his side. Congress was then appealed to.

The hand-made shoe industry is still of great importance in Spain.

Here's an Edison Mazda Lamp for every lighting purpose.

Duluth Edison Electric Co.
Call Heloise 911.

LABOR WORLD READERS—

We advertise in your paper, because we want you as depositors in this Bank—every department is at your service—if you can use them—we cover all branches of modern banking and will welcome your business—"savings" or otherwise—

THE CITY NATIONAL BANK
SELLWOOD BUILDING

BUSTED BY COAL OWNERS' BOYCOTT

Independent Coal Dealer Tells Senate Committee He Was Put Out of Business.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Declaring that he was "put out of business" because he refused to hold up prices, John C. L. Ritter of this city told a senate committee of the methods employed by the Coal Dealers' association. The witness said a representative of a coal mining company suggested that he raise his price 25 cents a ton each week until he got only 10 or 15 cents below the association prices. He refused, and after April, 1920, he could get no coal.

"There wasn't a man in the country who would contract to give me my next year's supply," he said.

No prosecution has been instituted under antitrust laws, Ritter said, but civil suit has been brought, although his attorney has informed him that "this bunch is too strong for us."

EIGHT HOURS BY LAW.
LANSING, Mich., Feb. 17.—Representative Holland has introduced a bill in the state legislature which would establish the eight-hour day in mines, mills and manufacturing establishments of this state, with time and one-half for overtime.

COMPANY PUT IT OVER ON 'UNION'

Labor Legion Member Tells How Employer Filled Vacancy on "Union" Wage Board.

HOQUIAM, Wash., Feb. 17.—O. R. Taylor, a member of the loyal legion of loggers and lumbermen, is mad clear through and has paid his good money for an advertisement in a local newspaper to unburden his woes.

The legion is a company "union," maintained by lumbe owners. The "union's" wage board consists of an equal number of employers and employees. The chairman is an employer.

At a recent conference of the board wages were reduced, and now Taylor tells how it happened. One of the employer's representatives was absent and the chairman took it upon himself to fill the vacancy. The appointee "happened" to be an employer and the vote to reduce wages was 5 to 3. The membership of the "union" was not consulted.

PRICES NOT REDUCED.
HOQUIAM, Wash., Feb. 17.—Organized teamsters have rejected the suggestion of employers that wages be lowered \$1 a day because of reduced living costs. The teamsters declare that they have failed to find a reduction in costs, despite propaganda to the contrary.