THE EVENING CRITIC.

Fourteenth Year--No. 4,039. WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1881. TWO CENTS.

AMUSEMENTS.

NATIONAL THEATRE.

Last Three Performances of
SAM HAGUE'S BRITISH OPERATIC MINSTRELS.
To-Night and To-morrow Night at 8, and To-morrow Matinee at 2.
THE NOVELTY OF 1881.
The first troupe of British Minstrels that has ever appeared in America, the first to elevate high-class music in connection with a minstrel company, the first to steer clear of the old beaten track and place before the public the finest ballad and operatic music. Enthusiastically received at the Arch-street Theatre, Philadelphia, and flattered by the highest encomiums of the entire press of the city.
"If an encore had been granted each time the vociferous applause demanded, the performance would still be going on."—North American.
☞ Remember the Matinee To-morrow at 2 ☜
At our Usual Cheap Prices.
☞ NOTICE.—WANTED — 50 Young Ladies next week for the production of KIRALFY'S GRAND SPECTACULAR "MICHAEL STROGOFF." Call at stage door of Theatre at once.

FORD'S.

A PECULIAR CHARM.

All That See The Mascotte
All That See The Mascotte
All That See The Mascotte
WILL HAVE GOOD LUCK.
WILL HAVE GOOD LUCK.
WILL HAVE GOOD LUCK.

Continued Success and Last Night but One.

GOOD LUCK IF YOU ATTEND,
BUT BAD LUCK IF YOU STAY AWAY.

MASCOTTE MATINEE To-morrow at 2.
MASCOTTE MATINEE To-morrow at 2.
MASCOTTE MATINEE To-morrow at 2.
MASCOTTE MATINEE To-morrow at 2.

Monday, The Comedian BISHOP.
The Most Laughable of Comedies,
Haverly's WIDOW BEDOTT.

THEATRE COMIQUE.

Monday, October 3, Nightly and Tuesday and Friday Matinees.

Engagement of the Celebrated
THORNE & DUNLAP'S PANTOMIME CONSTELLATION,
In the Grand Production of the Comic Trick Pantomime, entitled HUMPTY DUMPTY IN A NEW SHELL. A company of twelve first-class Pantomime and Specialty Artists, introducing two Clowns. Three hours of uninterrupted fun. The Company Par Excellent. oct3

DRIVER'S GARDEN CONCERTS.

Extraordinary engagement of the charming little Singing Soubrette,
MISS IDA HANLEY.
First appearance of the celebrated Vocalists and Comedians,
THE MAAR BROTHERS.
Re-engagement of all the Popular Soloists and the Marine Band.
ADMISSION FREE. oct3

ABNER'S SUMMER GARDEN.

Grand Concert To-Night by
TEMLER'S VIENNA LADIES' ORCHESTRA.
ADMISSION, 10 CENTS.
Change of Programme Every Evening. se27

EXCURSIONS.

$3.60 LURAY CAVERNS. $3.60

For the benefit of those who are unable to leave their business on a week day, we will
RUN A SPECIAL TRAIN
to the Wonderful Caverns on
SUNDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1881,
via VIRGINIA MIDLAND RAILROAD.
Train will leave Baltimore & Potomac depot at 9 a. m.; returning, reach Washington at 10:30 p. m., giving
FIVE HOURS AT THE CAVES.
Round trip, including admission $3.60
Children, 5 to 12 ..... 2.30
Tickets for sale at Virginia Ticket Office, corner 6th and Pennsylvania.
LAMBIE & TRAYLOR, Managers.
Caverns three-quarters of a mile from depot. oc6

FOR YORKTOWN, NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, FORTRESS MONROE, PINEY POINT AND POINT LOOKOUT.

Steamer GEORGE LEARY on TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS at 5:30 p. m. and SATURDAYS 6 p. m.
Fall and Winter Arrangements, beginning Oct. 1.
First-class Fare to Yorktown, Norfolk and Fort Monroe $2 50
First-class Fare to Piney Point and Point Lookout 1 50
Second-class to Fort Monroe and Norfolk 1 50
Second-class to Piney Point and Point Lookout 75
Tickets and staterooms for sale and information furnished at B. W. Reed's Sons, 1216 F street northwest, Cook's Tours, 1431 Pennsylvania avenue; St. Marc Hotel, Roose's Cigar Stands at principal Hotels; H. B. Polkinhorn, next to City Post-office; and at Company's Office, 7th-street wharf.
GEORGE MATTINGLY,
General Superintendent.
WM. P. WELCH, Agent. sep30-tf

For Yorktown, Virginia.

THE STEAMER
GEORGE LEARY,
will, on and after THURSDAY, Sept. 29, stop at YORKTOWN, VA., on her regular trips to Norfolk, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Freight and passengers received. sep28

Norfolk and Fortress Monroe

Steamer Lady of the Lake
Leaves Sixth-street wharf
Monday, Wednesday & Friday, 5.30 p. m.
Tickets and Staterooms can be secured at office
ALFRED WOOD, Secretary,
my7-h 613 Fifteenth street

The Packet-Boat, Gen. M. C. Meigs,
can be chartered at any time for the Great Falls. Apply to
JOHN T. SCHRIVENER,
Aqueduct Bridge,
Georgetown, D. C.

H. HOLLANDER,
DEALER IN
China, Glassware, and House-Furnishing Goods,
408 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST.

JOB PRINTING.
THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN
JOB PRINTING OFFICE
Is the Largest and Most Complete Job Office South of Philadelphia.
There is no need of Going Out of the City to get your Printing done. Anything from a Small Card to the Largest Poster Printed in the Best Style of the Art.
Prices Reasonable and Work First Class. Estimates Furnished. sep2

J. S. SWORMSTEDT,
928 F STREET,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent and Broker
HOUSES FOR SALE, LOTS FOR SALE,
HOUSES FOR RENT, ROOMS FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots Wanted for Purchasers.
FIRE INSURANCE Placed to Any Amount.
General Agent for the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company. New rates and new and desirable plans of insurance. je22

T. W. MURPHY, 623 G street n. w.
Practical horseshoer, has a full knowledge of the structure and formation of the horse's feet, and with an experience of thirty years in horseshoeing he guarantees to cure all diseases of the foot free of charge. de29-

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—WE HAVE this day entered into a copartnership under the firm name of SIMPSON & GUY, at 1005 Pennsylvania avenue, for the purpose of carrying on an extensive Stove, Range and Furnace business and dealing in first-class makes of goods in our line, with repairs, and shall be pleased to receive calls from the former and present patrons of the old firm of Sibley & Guy and E. F. Simpson, to whom we are successors.
E. F. SIMPSON,
B. F. GUY,
oc6-6t 1005 Pennsylvania avenue.

NOTICE.—IT IS WITH GREAT PLEASure I inform my friends and the general public that Mr. B. F. GUY, of the late firm of Sibley & Guy, has united with me in carrying on the Stove and Furnace business, at the old location, 1005 Pennsylvania avenue, where he will be glad to see all his old friends. In view of this change I have to ask that all who are indebted to me will make an early settlement, that I may close up the old books. Respectfully,
E. F. SIMPSON.
oc6-3t 1005 Pennsylvania avenue.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS, ATTENTION!
The Pennsylvania Republican Association will meet in Cosmopolitan Hall, on the southeast corner of Eighth and E streets northwest, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, October 6, 1881, at 7:30 o'clock. All Republicans who vote in Pennsylvania are eligible to active membership, and are cordially invited to be present
E. W. OYSTER, President.
JOHN B. LAUFFER, Secretary. oc6-1t

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING of the SECOND WASHINGTON CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION will be held on THURSDAY, the 6th OCTOBER, 1881, at No. 615 Seventh street, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the election of officers of the Association. The report of the Secretary will be made.
JOHN E. THOMPSON,
oc6-1t Secretary.

FALL AND WINTER HATS.
Our Stock Now Ready for Inspection.
All the Leading Styles from
LONDON AND AMERICA, at
WILLETT & RUOFF'S,
oc5 903 Pennsylvania Avenue.

TO THE LADIES.
The coming exhibition of the NATIONAL FAIR promises to be far greater and more interesting than ever before, and all desiring to exhibit must enter the articles at the office, 215 Sixth st. All such exhibits will be received on the 6th, 7th and 8th, at the office, and conveyed to the grounds by the Association. Entries must be made at once. All other parties designing to enter articles or animals should also enter them at once. Do not delay, and be sure to come to the Fair. Space must be secured at once. Call at the office.
WM. E. CLARK, President.
C. C. DUNCANSON, Secretary. oct-tt

FOR SALE
BY
H. D. COOKE, JR., & CO.,
1429 F STREET,
200 Shares Washington City Gas Light Company Scrip Stock.
Ivanhoe and Lake Valley Mining Stock.
Norfolk City 5 per cent. Bonds, and other investment securities. sep21

LETTERS WRITTEN ON ANY SUBject, MS. revised, briefs drawn, collections made, pensions, attorney for land warrants and patents. Speeches and lectures prepared at shortest notice. All business confidential. Mrs. M. A. Lachman, 813 12th st. n. w. oct-6t*

NOTICE.
As I am about to leave the city I have appointed I. C. Ringwalt, jr., sole agent for the sale of Dr. Isaac Nichols & Co.'s American Remedy. For sale at 439 9th st. n. w., Room No. 1, over W. R. Riley's Dry Goods Store, and 624 3d st. n. w.
se28-g ISAAC NICHOLS & CO.

MR. L. G. MARINI'S DANCING ACADemy will reopen for the reception of pupils Saturday, October 1. For particulars see circular, to be had at the music stores or at the Academy, E st., between Ninth and Tenth northwest. se28-1m

IF YOU WANT THE VERY NICEST Bread buy "OUR NEW SOUTH." It is sure to please. For sale by all first-class Grocers, and wholesale by
W. H. TENNEY & SONS,
Dealers in Flour, Feed, Corn, Oats, Hay, Straw, &c.,
1e4 CAPITOL MILLS,
West Washington, D. C.

DANCING. — PROFESSOR SHELDON'S classes Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Particulars at hall, 1004 F, or residence, 919 12th st, northwest. se15-6m

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY.
THE SCHOOL OF LAW
Opens for the term of 1881-'82 WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, at 6 o'clock in the evening.
Regular course of two years, Fifty Dollars per annum; Post-Graduate course, Twenty-five Dollars.
Circulars at Morrison's and Anglim's or apply to
WM. H. DENNIS, Secretary,
se5-tf 915 F st. n. w., Washington City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between Henry Petersen and Henry Aschwee, of this city, in the keeping of saloon and bar at the corner of 4½ street and Penna. avenue northwest, under the firm name of "Petersen & Aschwee," was dissolved on the 1st day of September, 1881, by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to said firm are to be received by said Petersen, and all demands on said partnership are to be paid by him, he continuing the business in the future under the firm name and style of "Henry Petersen."
HENRY PETERSEN.
HENRY ASCHWEE.
My friends and the general public will find me at the old place, cor. 4½ street and Penna. avenue, always ready to minister to them comfort with the choicest of liquors, and the latest and best the market affords. HENRY PETERSEN.
se3-eodtf

DIAMOND-POINTED MACKINNON PEN, the most durable, simply-constructed and best invented, taking precedence of all later imitations. Sold by Geo. R. Herrick, agent, 928 F st. se6

ELECTRICITY, THE WONDERFUL CURative AGENT.
DR. WILLIAM HUNTER, No. 1425 New York Avenue, cures Catarrh, Bronchitis, Diseases of Lungs, Liver and Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis and all Nervous Complaints.
Consultation free mr1-g

SODA WATER 5 CENTS. GRANULATED ICE.
WM. B. ENTWISLE'S PHARMACY,
Corner Twelfth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue.
PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS. je24

BROWNING'S BITTERS have been in use for over twelve years, and no person was ever known to have chills or bilious fevers while using these Bitters For sale by druggists and grocers generally.
BROWNING & MIDDLETON,
PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,
610 Pennsylvania Avenue.

WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE LAdies to call and examine our fine imported goods.
W. T. BALDUS, Pharmacist,
Cor. Pennsylvania ave. and Nineteenth street.

STOVES, FURNACES, RANGES, &c.
Tin plates, sheetiron work, fireplace stoves, ranges, furnaces repaired. Tin roofing, spouting, and all kinds of tin work promptly attended to. Send your order to
R. H. G. BOUIS,
519 Eleventh st. n. w., near F st.

FRED'K FREUND, CATERER AND CONFECTIONER,
702 Ninth street n. w. Delicious Ice Cream and Strawberries constantly on hand. ap27

THE CELLULOID TRUSS.
That never rusts, never breaks, never wears out always clean, and can be worn while bathing, is for sale at CHAS. FISCHER'S, 623 Seventh st. northwest. Mrs. Fischer devotes her attention to the wants of lady patrons.

GREAT BARGAINS.
TRUNKS AND HARNESS.
The largest assortment in the city of fine quality Ladies' Dress, Sole Leathers, Folio, Zinc and Packing Trunks, Ladies' and Men's Satchels and Traveling Bags, Pocketbooks, Shawl Straps, etc., at the established manufactory of
K. KNEESSI,
422 SEVENTH ST. N.W., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall
Over 150 Different Styles and Sizes of Trunks on hand.
REPAIRING.—Trunks, Bags and Harness Repaired promptly and thoroughly at low rates by first-class workmen. je20

IF YOU WOULD AVOID CHILLS AND Fevers, Ague and Fevers, Bilious Fevers and other diseases incident to the season, take BROWNING'S BITTERS and you will surely escape them.

"LA PRINCESS"
Is the name of our new
5-CENT CIGAR.
It is the Best Cigar yet offered for the money.
SICKLE'S CALIFORNIA CIGAR STORE,
No. 1011 Penna. Ave. bet. Tenth and Eleventh sts.

THE DEPARTMENTS.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL DRUM is expected home about the middle of next week.

TREASURY RECEIPTS TO-DAY: Internal revenue, $429,447.87; customs, $927,927.96.

THE NATIONAL BANK NOTES received at the Treasury to-day for redemption, $229,000.

LIEUT. COL. JOHN L. BROOME, commanding U. S. Marine Barracks, Brooklyn, has been granted two weeks' leave of absence.

THE Comptroller of the Currency has declared a dividend of 10 per cent. in favor of the creditors of the German National Bank, of Chicago, payable October 16, making in all dividends 80 per cent.

THE Attorney-General has been requested by the Secretary of the Treasury to ask the Supreme Court to advance the sugar cases, so that a speedy decision may be reached in this much vexed matter.

THE NEW interest checks for the funded loan of United States continued, at 3½ per cent., are issued. The vignette of Fessenden is on the left, otherwise they do not materially differ from the old checks.

SENATOR MERRILL, Congressman Floyd King, of Louisiana; Congressman Valentine, of Nebraska, and Judge Tarbell, of Mississippi, called upon Second Assistant Postmaster-General Elmer to-day.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has decided that local steamboat inspectors have no authority to impose fines. Their duty in cases of misconduct, negligence or incompetency is simply to suspend or revoke licenses.

THERE are ninety post-office appointments in the General Post-office Department awaiting the confirmation of the Senate. Nearly one-half were made by the late President. They will be forwarded to the Senate upon its convening here on the 10 instant.

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL FREEMAN, of the Post-office Department, has returned to this city from Kentucky. He was engaged there in prosecuting the lottery cases. The Judge, in response to an inquiry to-day, said that he did not know what would be the result of the trial.

THERE ARE NO new developments in the "hazing" case at the Naval Academy. Among the members of the class charged with the offense are: Charles P. Plunkett, of the District of Columbia, and Hillary P. Jones, jr., of Virginia. The class was released last evening and allowed to go to their quarters, each cadet taking a pledge not to engage in a haze during the year.

YANKEE TOBACCO.—The latest statistics show that of all the New England States New Hampshire raises the best tobacco—commanding the highest prices. The tobacco of New Hampshire brings $329.66 per acre; that of Connecticut $222.70 per acre, and that of Massachusetts $203.58 per acre. There are, however, only eighty-eight acres of tobacco under cultivation in the State of New Hampshire.

NAVAL ORDERS.—Cadet Engineer E. O. C. Acker has reported his return home, having been detached from the Alaska on the 2d of September. He has been placed on waiting orders. Revoked—The orders of Passed Assistant Surgeon Howard E. Amos to the Constitution have been revoked, and he has been ordered to remain on board the Saratoga. The orders of Passed Assistant Surgeon Howard Wells to the Saratoga have been revoked, and he has been ordered to remain on board the Constitution.

AT THE meeting of the National Board of Steam Navigation yesterday delegates were appointed to the Mississippi River Improvement Convention, which meets at St. Louis on the 20th inst. Cairo was selected as the next place of meeting. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, E. W. Gould, St. Louis, Mo.; first vice-president, R. H. Woolfolk, Louisville, Ky.; second vice-president, J. B. Coyle, Portland, Me.; third vice-president, J. N. Bofinger, St. Louis, Mo.; secretary, B. S. Osborn, New York; treasurer, F. W. Nickerson, Boston, Mass.

PERSONAL.

SENATOR KELLOGG, of Louisiana, is a guest at Willard's.

CAPT. PERCIVAL FRANK MANCOSSOS of this city, has gone to Yorktown.

MAJ. RICHARD SHELLEY, of this city, has returned from a five months' visit to England and the continent in greatly improved health.

COL. MARCELLUS THOMPSON and wife have returned from Atlanta, Georgia, and are at the Metropolitan Hotel for the fall and winter season.

MAJ. THOS. P. MORGAN, Col. James Berrett, Mr. Edward P. Masi and wife, Messrs. Henry Sellhauser, I. C. Wood, R. S. Norwood, and C. Norris, of this city, were registered in Baltimore yesterday.

MRS. SANFORD, the accomplished Washington correspondent of the Des Moines (Iowa) *State Register* and other leading Western papers, has tendered Hon. Joseph H. Rainey a reception at her residence on Capitol Hill. Mr. Rainey is a candidate for the Clerkship of the next House.

COL. MOTT D. BALL, formerly editor of an Alexandria paper, and very well known in Washington, has been selected by the people of Alaska as a delegate to Congress, petitioning that their country be admitted as a Territory of the United States. Col. Ball was collector of customs at Sitka during the administration of Mr. Hayes.

OUR well known and universally liked legal friend Gen. W. P. Lasselle, was married last evening by Rev. Father Forhan, S. J., of St. Aloysius Church, to Miss Mary F. Stuart, only daughter of Henry W. Stuart, esq., of Milford, Del. The General and his young and handsome bride have the best wishes of the entire legal fraternity of the District for their success and happiness, and of their multitude of friends outside of "the profession."

In Memoriam.

It is with sentiments of the most intense regret, and in a spirit moved by tenderest grief, that we record the sudden death of Miss Olive Eunice Clapp, the youngest daughter of Mr. Henry H. and Olive M. Clapp, of this city.

But two weeks ago the deceased was in the fullest bloom of early womanhood, the charm and light of the family circle, and the beloved by all about her, whom she won to her by her grace of manner and graciousness of disposition. To-day all that is earthly of her rests in death's perfect calm. To her bereaved parents in this hour of their vast and sacred grief, the most earnest and delicate sympathy of the community is tendered, and in words that fail through sorrow to give complete expression to their emotion.

Neither time nor circumstance can ever efface the sad loss of one so well beloved. Young, beautiful, and gifted, God has gathered her to his angels, and in the sweet fountains of Christian hope, consolation for so painful a bereavement can alone be found.

A Kentucky girl was killed by lightning while dressing for her wedding.

HOWGATE'S BAIL

TO BE FIXED AT $50,000.

The Prisoner in Court on Habeas Corpus---Judge Cox Declares the Last Bail Excessive---The Amount in all the Cases to be $50,000---The Case Continued Until To-morrow.

This morning, before Judge Cox, the matter of the writ of habeas corpus prayed for by Capt. Henry W. Howgate, now in jail for failure to give bond in the sum of $40,000 to answer a charge of embezzlement from the United States Treasury, was called up for a hearing. Capt. Howgate was early in court, and was soon in consultation with his counsel, Judge Cuppy, Jeremiah M. Wilson and E. C. Ingersoll. Col. Billy Cook also put in an early appearance and meandered around with his hands in his breeches pockets, seemingly oblivious to all the world and the rest of mankind, although a close observer could easily see that Billy was posing for effect before the large audience assembled.

The bondsmen of the petitioner on his former bond were also on hand to watch the proceedings.

On the opening of the Criminal Court, after some routine business had been disposed of, and District Attorney Corkhill had read the return to the writ of habeas corpus and the papers connected therewith, Mr. Jeremiah M. Wilson said that he wished to make a statement, whereby the proceedings would be greatly abridged. He then went on to make a statement which was in effect the same as published in the petition of Howgate in yesterday's CRITIC. He claimed that Howgate had returned immediately after the re-assembling of the grand jury to await their action, and was thereupon arrested and held to $40,000 additional, which he was unable to give.

Before he came back a civil suit was instituted against him for $102,000, and an attachment was issued covering his whole property. That property is worth from $80,000 to $70,000. He was also the owner of some property in Florida, and that property, too, was attached under a civil suit by the Government.

In Violation of a Constitutional Provision,

the bail in the first place has been fixed at the amount alleged to have been embezzled. And, again, he is held to an additional bail of $40,000, when all his property has been seized by the agents of the Government. The Government has his property and his bond, and he thought that under the circumstances he should be permitted to go on his own recognizance. The Government has tied his hands so that he cannot give the bail required.

Col. Cook said that after the first bond was given, the embezzlement extended to $80,000 more than was at first supposed, and

The Tracks of the Frauds

were so well covered up that it cost great labor to discover them. Howgate did not return on the meeting of the grand jury, and not until the officers of the law were put upon his heels. He attempted to assign his property to indemnify his bondsmen, and they claimed priority over the United States when the attachment proceedings were instituted. Mr. Cook then read from sections 5488 and 5490, Revised Statutes, as to the penalties for embezzlement by United States officials.

If bail in small amount were taken, said Mr. Cook, in such cases as these, the Government would be at the mercy of plunderers. There must be

Some Safeguard Thrown Around the Treasury,

and the provision requiring the bail to be fixed at the amount alleged to have been embezzled is salutary and in protection of the Government. The attachment of Howgate's property was pursued as a precautionary measure, although nothing may be ever realized from it.

Col. Corkhill repeated the preliminary measures in the Howgate case, and claimed that after the first embezzlement was discovered there was a subsequent development of an additional embezzlement. He came here voluntarily within the jurisdiction. The $40,000 bail he gave first is for a distinct charge, and upon another charge for embezzlement of $60,000 he has been required to give $40,000 bail without any reference to the former bail.

Judge Cuppy said it was foolish to say that this bond had nothing to do with the earlier bond. Col. Corkhill said that it was the practice and the right to hold an accused person to bail in an amount somewhat commensurate with the amount alleged to have been stolen. They combine not only a theft, but a breach of a sacred trust. Such men are held to a different accountability from a common thief.

Judge Cox said that the law of New York in giving bonds in the Tweed civil suit had no relation to this case. He thought that as Capt. Howgate had given bail to the amount of $40,000, and as the Government has attached all his real and personal property, he, Judge Cox, deemed that the

Last Exaction of $40,000 Bail was Excessive.

and he would reduce that amount to $10,000, making the entire amount of bail $50,000. He believed that all these cases are but one continuing case and should be so treated.

Mr. A. B. Williams briefly rebutted the charge made by Mr. Cook that Capt. Howgate had returned when he found that the officers of the law were at his heels, and said that he had returned of his own will and not clandestinely.

The bail was fixed at $40,000 without an examination and upon a waiver, and if the counsel for defendant had know, what was to be the result, they would have insisted upon an examination. The grand jury is now open, and let the Government send their witnesses before the grand jury and let that body act upon the crime charged. He submitted that the $40,000 bond already given was amply sufficient to secure his attendance and all his property was in the hands of the Government. He did not think that an additional bond should be required, when the Government itself had deprived the defendant of the power to give it.

Col. Cook said that at the proper time he would show why Howgate left the city, how he left the city, with whom he left the city and by whom he was concealed after he left the city.

Mr. A. B. Williams said that his counsel had been in constant communication with Howgate.

Col. Corkhill said that all the Government officers had been after him since his escape from the city without avail to find out his whereabouts until his return to the city. The charges against Howgate were not only embezzlement, but forgery.

Judge Cox here cut the matter short by continuing the case until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, and in the meantime Capt. Howgate will be the guest of Warden Crocker.

William Wilson engaged himself to marry Susan Southwell at Ogden, Utah, and among his gifts were a sewing-machine and a cabinet organ. Her parents forbade the union, and told him to take away his presents, but he delayed doing so until he was married to another girl, and then, when he called, Susan gave him such a thrashing that recovery is doubtful.

THE SENATE ORGANIZATION.

The Caucuses To-morrow.

The caucus of Democratic Senators called to meet to-night has been postponed until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. They will meet in the room of the Senate Committee on Revolutionary Claims. The Republican Senators will caucus to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. They will meet in the Senate marble-room. It is not believed that the Senators will accomplish a great deal by their caucusing. They can only formulate matters, and whatever plans they make are more than likely to be broken when the session of the Senate assembles on Monday. It is stated now that a compromise on the election of a Vice-President pro tem. and the reorganization of the Senate is sought, and that the Republicans are most assiduous in bringing about the arrangement.

Senator Morgan Thinks an Amicable Adjustment Possible.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, who is in the city, stated this morning that he thought an amicable adjustment between the Republicans and Democrats would be made, and an organization effected without trouble. The Senator further said that he thought the Senate would yield to the wishes of the people and get to work immediately upon assembling.

President Arthur's Visitors To-day.

President Arthur has remained in doors during the day thus far. Among the callers have been Senators Logan, Cameron, Ingalls, Allison, Pugh and Lamar, Gen. Sherman, Admiral Scott and D. Misse Moore, of the Pope's household, who is traveling here. Charlie Lœfler, President Garfield's old doorkeeper, is now acting in the same capacity at the Jones mansion. The Lutheran ministers called in a body this afternoon.

Hon. John Goode a Candidate for the House of Delegates.

A private telegram received here to-day announces that ex-Congressman John Goode has been nominated by the Democrats of Norfolk, Va., for a seat in the Virginia house of delegates. Gen. Goode was recently a candidate for the nomination of governor of Virginia, and was very badly beaten by John Daniel. When in Congress Mr. Goode was a member of the House Naval Committee, and was also chairman of the Committee on Education and Labor.

Blaine's Letter to Garfield Accepting the Secretaryship of State.

The following is the letter of Secretary Blaine accepting the tender of the State Department made to him by the late President Garfield:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20, 1880.

MY DEAR GARFIELD: Your generous invitation to enter your Cabinet as Secretary of State has been under consideration for more than three weeks. The thought had really never occurred to my mind until, at our late conference, you presented it with such cogent arguments in its favor, and with such warmth of personal friendship in aid of your kind offer. I know that an early answer is desirable, and I have waited only long enough to consider the subject in all its bearings, and to make up my mind definitely and conclusively. I now say to you, in the same cordial spirit in which you have invited me, that I accept the position. It is no affectation for me to add that I make this decision not for the honor of the promotion it gives me in the public service, but because I think I can be useful to the country and the party—useful to you as the responsible leader of the party and the great head of the Government. I am influenced somewhat, perhaps, by the shower of letters I have received urging me to accept—written to me in consequence of the unauthorized newspaper report that you had been pleased to offer me the place. While I have received these letters from all sections of the Union, I have been especially pleased, and even surprised, at the cordial and widely-extended feeling in my favor throughout New England, where I had expected to encounter local jealousy, and, perhaps, rival aspiration. In our new relation I shall give all that I am and all that I can hope to be freely and joyfully to your service. You need no pledge of my loyalty in heart and in act. I should be false to myself did I not prove true both to the great trust you confide to me and to your own personal and political fortunes in the present and in the future. Your administration must be made brilliantly successful and strong in the confidence and pride of the people—not at all directing its energies for re-election, and yet compelling that result by the logic of events and by the imperious necessities of the situation. To that most desirable consummation I feel that, next to yourself, I can possibly contribute as much influence as any other one man. I say this not from egotism or vainglory, but merely as a deduction from a plain analysis of the political forces which have been at work in the country for five years past, and which have been significantly shown in two great national conventions. I accept it as one of the happiest circumstances connected with this affair, that in allying my political fortunes with yours—or rather, for the time, merging mine in yours—my heart goes with my head, and that I carry to you not only political support, but personal and devoted friendship. I can but regard it as somewhat remarkable that two men of the same age, entering Congress at the same time, influenced by the same aims and cherishing the same ambitions, should never, for a single moment in eighteen years of close intimacy, have had a misunderstanding or a coolness, and that our friendship has steadily grown with our growth, and strengthened with our strength. It is this fact which has led me to the conclusion embodied in this letter, for however much, my dear Garfield, I might admire you as a statesman, I would not enter your Cabinet if I did not believe in you as a man and love you as a friend. Always faithfully yours, JAMES G. BLAINE.

Another Pioneer Gone.

Idaho Statesman.

"One by one the men whose energy founded our young Territory are quietly dropping off. Yesterday afternoon, at the residence of Mr. P. Cohen, in this city, died Charles R. Hall, one of the oldest and best known stock-raisers in Boise Valley. He had long been ailing from a rheumatic affection, which was engendered by the exposure necessitated by a stockman's life; but for all that he kept up cheerfully until on Monday the disease went to his brain and killed him. He came here in 1863, and by industry and thrift had accumulated a handsome property. He owned one-half in the Capital Market and had a good ranch on Willow Creek, where he had about 800 head of good cattle and 100 head of fine horses. Mr. Hall was unmarried, and his only relative in the Territory is a nephew, who attends to his ranch. He was well known to all early settlers, and no man was more generally respected."

Mr. Hall, whose death is above alluded to, was a brother of our esteemed fellow-citizen Major Hillman A. Hall.

General Grant's favorite grandchild is reported to be little Julia Dent Grant, the eldest child of Colonel Frederick Grant. The General is enthusiastic in her praise, describing her as the most fascinating child he has ever seen.

Second Edition.

4:00 P. M.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Peru and Chile Wars—Prospects of Further Trouble.

PANAMA, Sept. 28.—The last advices from Peru, to the 14th, show great anxiety as to the policy of the new administration in Chile to assume office on the 18th. It will probably, however, maintain the military policy, and it is generally believed a new campaign is intended. If so, it will begin by an attack on Arequipa and an effort on the part of Chile to conciliate in their favor the interior Indians, without whom Peru would be helpless.

The few Chilean troops in Lima are all encamped outside, nominally to avoid trouble on the celebration of the anniversary of Chilean independence on the 18th, but really to be prepared to meet in force the expected advance of the Motoneros. It is feared now that the foreign Urban Guard may be called out, and if so, it will be followed by rioting in the city. Many Peruvians are leaving Lima and joining the Montoneros, and Pierola has ordered 15,000 sales to be assessed from a dozen citizens at Yca, and the general impression is that he keeps up the semblance of war for purposes of Communism.

Montero will occupy Trojillo. Seventy Monteneros were killed in a skirmish with Chileans at Tacna. Both Pierola and Garcia Calderon have been pressing the United States Government to take the nitre and guano deposits and guarantee a 300,000,000 loan.

Seabrera, who was sent to the United States by Daza, says he had a verbal promise of support from the American State Department. Peruvians suspect a gigantic speculation in this.

The Bolivian Convention passed a guaranteed loan at 7 per cent. of $100,000,000 to build a railroad from Lapaz to the port of Perez.

Two hundred and fifty laborers are leveling land for houses for the Panama Canal and work will be pressed as soon as the rains are over.

Ongel Rosaca, who killed Juan Reballedo, the policeman, has been captured and murdered.

Fire at the Liverpool Exchange.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The Exchange buildings on Rumford street, Liverpool, are now burning. The prospects are they will be entirely destroyed. There is great excitement in the city.

The Exchange buildings form three sides of a square, of which the town hall forms the fourth, and they are one of the four great structures in Liverpool.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

The fire has been subdued. It was controlled before it could reach any of the adjoining public buildings. The office of Edmund Schluter's Company was gutted, and at one time the fire threatened to be very disastrous, but the activity and good management of the firemen soon subdued it.

John Kelly for Congress.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Democrats here are somewhat excited over a movement to run John Kelly for Congress in the ninth district, for the seat made vacant by the death of Fernando Wood.

Cincinnati Art Museum.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 7.—It has been decided to open the Art Museum at once, to secure temporary quarters without waiting for the completion of the proposed building.

Current Rumors in Wall Street.

Special Dispatch to THE EVENING CRITIC.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The feeling was decidedly bullish on stocks last night at the Windsor Hotel, probably partly in anticipation of Secretary Windom taking immediate action to relieve the stringency in the money market. He arrived here last night and was at the Fifth-avenue Hotel in the evening.

Mr. Gould told his friends yesterday afternoon that in his opinion the whole market was cheap to buy, and Sage declared that stocks were a good purchase.

Joe Mills bought 600,000 Erie seconds within the last four days, and it was stated by Keene's friends that he also expressed himself bullish on these bonds yesterday. It was said Keene was likewise bullish on Pacific Mail.

Prominent brokers said that the largest room traders turned bulls yesterday afternoon, and among the most active were Johns and Elliott, the latter representing the Twenty-third-street party, who have also changed their position.

Bets were made even up in the Board that U. P. would sell at 123 before at 112 again. Wm. Heath & Co. said that Gould bought heavily of various stocks all day yesterday, and there was also other good buying. London bought N. Y. C. and L. S. largely.

The Reading stock sold here was said to have come from the Bond-McCalmont party, who begin to realize that Vanderbilt has secured the control of the property.

The Manhattan Elevated people say the reason there have been no large bids made for the receiver's certificates is owing to the impracticable shape in which Judge Westbrook drew the order.

There is a rumor that the Western Union Telegraph Company has obtained an injunction restraining the B. & O. R. R. Co. from transferring its telegraph lines to the Mutual Union Telegraph Company.

The Erie Railroad is negotiating for the control of the New York and New England Railroad. The latter is shorter than Vanderbilt's Boston connection, and if acquired by the Erie will strengthen the latter position in the Trunk pool.

The Boston *Globe* of yesterday, just received, gives an account of an interview with Secretary Windom, in which the latter is quoted as saying he did not propose to attempt to relieve the money market. "Don't regard the Treasury Department as a proper mediator between the bulls and bears. All that I propose to do is to leave standing my order for the purchase of two million bonds per week from surplus accumulations in the Treasury. I attribute the present stringency in money to speculation."

The London *Times* in its financial article this morning says: "Those who shipped gold to America by cable yesterday discounted their bills at 4¼ per cent. The pressure of loanable capital on the open market may depress the rate still further, unless, therefore, the Bank of England absorbs some of the floating supply. Yesterday's rise in its rate of discount will have little more practical effect than to increase the difficulty of getting gold from the continent by forcing up the value of money there."

Ninth Massachusetts Regiment.

The Ninth Massachusetts regiment, with Gov. Long and the State officials, will not pass through Washington, en route for Yorktown, as was stated. They will proceed by way of Baltimore, and returning will come by way of Washington, stopping here on the morning of the 21st instant long enough to take breakfast.

MEXICO.

President Gonzales' Message to Congress—The Relations with the United States.

CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 7.—President Gonzales convened the Mexican congress on the 16th ultimo. His message was considered a very able effort. It began in the following language:

"Since the adjournment of the last session of congress peace has reigned, and progress has been the watchword of the day with respect to our international relations. There exist two causes of grave moment to our government.

"The one is the state of insecurity along our Northern border, consequent upon the ravages of the Indians from the neighboring republic and the frequent incursions of cattle thieves. The other is the question of the boundary line between the republics of Guatemala and Mexico.

"The complaints and demands of our minister at Washington in regard to the former have generally received favorable replies, and everything tends to the belief that but for the deplorable misfortune which has befallen the people of the United States in the assassination of their beloved President the government of that country would have paid more attention to our repeated representations and remedied the evils of which we are with much justice complaining.

"Our relations with Guatemala on the south unfortunately do not have the favorable outlook of our border troubles on the north. Our Government has shown a ready disposition to settle the vexed question of boundary between the two countries. We have been met by procrastinations and a general indifference on the part of Guatemala to this most serious of questions.

"The vagueness and uncertainty surrounding the settlement of this international boundary line can only be productive of grave injury, and possibly serious results."

The President closed his message as follows: "The condition of our republic is consoling in the highest degree. Peace is confirmed, interior and foreign; commerce is increasing, and there are more than 17,000 kilometres of telegraph in operation. The cables place us in connection with the whole civilized world. Iron rails pierce and surmount the mountains and traverse the valleys; our revenues reach a figure without precedent; property is increasing in value; interest on money is diminishing and more than 80,000 hands, formerly inactive or turned to unremunerative tasks, now find employment and contribute their labor to the welfare and general prosperity of our country."

The new Allan steamers, which had their trips discontinued during the prevalence of yellow fever, have resumed their business.

Further explorations in front of the old cathed