SATURDAY PRESS.

SATURDAY, APRIL 28 1883.

Publication office is at 6 Kaahumanu street; Editorial rooms at 106 Fort treet.

Subscribers and Advertisers will please address THOS. G. THRUM, Publisher and Proprietor.

B. C. DAKE is the only authorized agent for the "PRESS" in San Francisco.

All matter for the Saturday Press should be addressed to the "SATURDAY PRESS."

Advertisements must be sent in by Friday noon. No insertion for the current issue can be guaranteed when sent in later. Advertisers will mark the number of insertions desired, from which date they charge; any not so marked will be charged 3 months.

Double-column advertisements, cuts and large types will not be admitted into our columns; neither will advertisements be admitted into "reading" columns, at any price. These rules will be rigidly adhered to.

Notice of any events of interest transpiring on the other islands will always be thankfully received for publication. Correspondents are requested to append their true names to all communications, not for publication necessarily, but as a guarantee that the writer is acting in good faith.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Ice will again be delivered on Monday of the coming week.

The steamer Abergeldie is now due with several hundred Portuguese immigrants.

Mr. Ralph S. Smith, of the 'Saturday Press staff, took a flying trip to Maui this week.

Several communications and articles prepared for this issue, are unavoidably crowded out, and will appear next week.

Certain post-office boxes have lately been opened by the use of false keys, and the contents abstracted therefrom.

Owing to the departure of Dr. Damon for Hawaii, this week, the issue of the Friend for May will be delayed a few days.

A half interest in the sheep ranch of Mr. Gay on Hawaii has been purchased by Mr. J. N. Wright of Honolulu.

A concert, promising an excellant musical treat, will take place this evening at the Music Hall, for the benefit of the Hooulu Lahui.

The regular monthly meeting of the "Mission Children Society" will be held this evening at the residence of Mr. W. W. Hall.

H. I. G. M. S. Leipsic left port on Thursday morning for Yokohama, Japan. The officers leave pleasant memories, and many friends.

"Church Loyalty," in the morning and "A Talk with Young People about Friendship," in the evening, will be Mr. Cruzan's themes on Sunday.

The pugilistic tendencies of the recently-titled trio attending Punahou are developing too rapidly for the comfort of other scholars, or the credit of the school.

The steamer James Makee on Wednesday last carried away the remains of the late Chas. Titcomb. They are to be interred with those of his late wife at Kilauea, on Kauai.

A praise and thanksgiving service will be given at the Y. M. C. A. hall tomorrow, Sunday, at 3 P. M., to which all are cordially invited, young men especially.

Rev. Frank Beckwith (son of Rev. E. G. Beckwith) and wife are reported to be contemplating a trip to these islands shortly, to visit relatives and friends on Maui and other parts of the group.

A report comes from Maui of a drunken row which occurred between some South Sea Islanders, at Paia, in which knives and bludgeons were freely used, and one man dangerously wounded.

A runaway was handsomely stopped on King street, on Thursday morning last, by Fred. Carter who raced after it, and climbing over the back of the phaeton, secured the reins and brought the horse under control,

S. M. Carter and Company advertise coal and wood; bran and oats, and other feed, and wish their customers to understand that they may order the first from a ton or a cord to a lump or a stick; and the last from a ton to a pound.

The water supply in the government pipes is already becoming very scant. Such a fact is a significant and unpleasant one, occurring as it has at the very beginning of a long and prospectively dry summer. With the dimished supply, necessarily increased impurity is a consequence.

The Hawaiian Chinese News, is the name of our youngest contemporary, and was issued for the first time on Saturday last. It is printed in Chinese. The advertisements occupy the outside, and the editorials, news, and locals, the inside of the paper. It is said to have a circulation of about 250.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies' Benevolent Society on Thursday last, the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. W. W. Hall; Vice-President, Mrs. W. F. Allen; Treasurer, Mrs. P. C. Jones; Secretary, Mrs. E. P. Adams; Directresses, Mrs. T. Sorenson and Mrs. S. C. Allen.

On Monday of this week, the case of H. H. Keelikolani *versus* the Crown Commissioners was tried before Judge Austin. The case was submitted upon an agreed statement of facts, but a decision has not yet been rendered. Further than this little business of any consequence has been done during the week.

Several complaints have been made of late by city subscribers at the irregularity in delivering their copies of the Press, the effect doubtless of breaking in new carriers. Should such errors still continue, business houses not supplied by 10 A. M. will please ring up No. 30 and the ommission will be immediately seen to.

Work has been commenced on the new brick warehouse of Messrs. Hackfeld & Company on Fort street, immediately makai and adjoining their business premises. The building is being put up by George Lucas and when finished will present a pleasing contrast, as to style, with that in general use in warehouse architecture here.

Following is the programme for the Band concert at Emma Square this afternoon, commencing at 4.30 P. M.:

March—Kamcke	Parlow
Overture—"Struggle for Fortune"	Suppe
Finale—Giuramonto	Sanelli
Selection—Pirates	Sullivan
Waltz—Syrens	Waldtenfel
Polka—Bonne Bouche	Waldtenfel

The two thousand people reported by the Elele Poakolu, as having been present at the mass meeting at Laie, turns out to have been twenty; and the resolutions, so eulogistic of the king and his ministers, said to have been passed unanimously, were by that small meeting, negatived. At least, so the chairman of the meeting reports.

Campbell's new building, now in process of erection on the corner of Merchant and Fort streets, is rapidly assuming shape under the enterprising supervision of Mr. Thomas Lucas and Mr. I. M. Moore, the architect. It will probable be ready for occupation in November next, and will be when finished, one of the most showy buildings in town.

The Kawainui brothers, B. W. & J. U.; J. M. Poepoe, Samuel Mahelona, T. N. Kaiaikawaha, Samuel Kaaikaula, J. W. Kalua, J. B. Nakumu, W. C. Achi and J. Anahu have formed a copartnership under the firm name of "The Hawaiian Publication Association." Its purpose will be the publishing and circulation of newspapers in the Hawaiian Kingdom.

Mr. J. Williams has outdone his previous efforts at outdoor photography this week, in the production of a very excellent set of views of the naval vessels in our harbor during the visit of His Majesty, with colors flying, yards manned and in some, salutes being fired. Success has crowned the enterprising artist's efforts in one of the most difficult subjects known to the profession.

Attention has been called to the fact that a flock of goats which are kept constantly browsing on the sides of Punchbowl, effectually prevent the growth of vegetation there, that might otherwise have long since covered the hill with pleasing verdure. The abatement of this nuisance is entirely in the hands of the government and under its control, if it be disposed to act.

On Monday morning last, twenty-three of the Chinese immigrants lately arrived, were brought up before the police court, for causing the disturbance and emeute, which occurred at the immigration station on Friday afternoon of last week. They were allowed to go, however, unpunished, in consideration of their recent advent and consequent ignorance of the laws of the country; and the fact, that the disturbance arose entirely from a misunderstanding.

No humane and intelligent person who has ever witnessed the practice of pigeon-shooting, can fail to recognize it as a cruel sport, and very different in character from the necessitous slaughter of animals for food. The man who sees no difference between wringing the neck of a chicken to eat, and maiming a pigeon for fun, must be mentally oblivious to a very great distinction.

The German steamship Ehrenfels, arrived yesterday, 62 days from Bremen, with 797 passengers (Germans), of whom 280 are children. There have been 33 deaths on the voyage, three of which were adults. These were chiefly from measles, there having been 76 cases, the last one being on April 10th. She touched at Valpraiso en route, and reports the Abergeldie with 1100 Portugese for this port having left a day ahead of her.

A contemporary, says: "At Wailuku Mr. Gilson's man is circulating a memorial, addressed to the king, for signature, setting forth that the late meeting of natives at Wailuku was a fraud, and that the present memorialists have confidence in the ministry." Through the same instrumentality, a mass-meeting, consisting of three persons, was lately gotten up near Waialua on this Islands, and resolutions favorable to the ministry were mainmously passed. A justice, an assesor, and a parson were present.

On Tuesday evening last, April 24th, at the residence of J. B. Atherton, Esq., gathered a small company of relatives and intimate friends to witness the marriage ceremony of Mr. John M. Oat and Miss Lydia Fuller. Rev. J. A. Cruzan made the twain one, with Miss Addie Peterson as bridesmaid and Fred B. Oat as best man. Of course everything went "merry as a marriage bell," and the numerous presents gave evidence of the substantial well wishes of a host of friends for a long and happy life, in which the Press heartily joins.

The rendering of Longfellow's poem the "Hanging of the Crane" at the Gymnasium on Tuesday evening, promises to be of unusual interest. The glad story of the wedded lives from the—

> "Fortunate and happy day"
> When a new household finds its place
> Among the myriad homes of earth,
> Till on the golden wedding day
> The ancient bridegroom and the bride,
> Serenely smiling on the scene,
> Behold, well pleased on every side,
> Their forms and features multiplied.

Will be told both in the words of the poet and living pictures of the varying events of the world-wide experience.

A correspondent writes: "In the Elele Poakolu of the 18th instant, I notice an article relating to a mass meeting of 'over two thousand of his majesty's subjects' held in the tabernacle of the latter day saints from the briny lake of Utah, at Laie, Koolauloa. Now what I would like to know is, can you tell me by what manner of conjuring could such a monstrous meeting of the disciples of the shepherd saint of Lanai be held when there was in 1878 only four hundred and forty-eight males and four hundred and forty females in the whole District of Koolauloa."

An anniversary celebration of Odd Fellows was held at the room of Excelsior Lodge, on the evening of the 26th instant, at which were present a large gathering of the fraternity and their lady friends. The opening remarks were made by the chairman, W. C. Parke. Addresses were also made by brothers Cruzan, Gibson and Macintosh. Mrs. Simmons, Mrs. Cruzan, and Miss B. Parke each sang appropriate songs, also Mr. C. R. Scarborough, Miss Savidge and Miss C. Castle rendered piano solos very effectively. A fine collation was spread upon the occasion.

The preliminary hearing of the libel suit against the Kawainui Brothers for damaging statements made against the deputy sheriff of Wailuku, in the native paper Ko Hawaii Pae Aina, some time since, took place on Monday morning last, before the Police Court. No evidence was submitted, and the case, as asked for by John Russell, counsel for the prosecution, was sent up for trial at the next quarterly session of the Supreme Court. A similar suit, by the same party, has been entered against Mr. Robert Grieves, publisher of the Hawaiian Gazette, and Mr. Alatau Atkinson, the editor. Both parties were arrested on Tuesday; but released on bail of $200 to appear in the Police Court on Monday next.

If ever there was a nuisance in Honolulu, dusty streets make that nuisance. But in the immediate vicinity of the dumping place of the government gravel train, at the northeast junction of Beretania and Alapai streets, this bugbear of driving, walking and veranda life is aggravated by the clouds of dust that rise from the gravel that falls from the train at the dumping place. It is a hardship to the three or four families living in the direct line of the prevailing winds and sufficiently near to the dumping place to receive the dust before it settles. Judicious wetting down of the loaded cars before the gravel is dumped would prevent the nuisance so bitterly and with such good reason complained of.

> How doth the busy Mongol bee
> Improve the midnight hour?
> The hapless pullet, fair to see,
> He strangles in her bower;
> And drowns the cock'rel's warning crow
> Within his darksome bag,
> Then homeward, leisurely and slow,
> Departs he with his swag.

And now, alack! it comes out that a grewsome greaser from the Mexic main has been doing the gunny-sack act along the line of Beretania street. And again, alack! for it transpires that he was a condign Caucassian who left recently in Mr. Hall's Nuuanu valley chicken-yard a coat and a photograph. If the rash lad who made the above unhandsome verses were at hand, he should be made to do penance by carrying the compliments of the board of health to the captain of the midnight watch that is detailed for China town.

A former visitor in Honolulu touched lately at the Navigator Islands. He writes: "The islands look very tropical. All vegetation grows in the greatest luxuriance. The atmosphere is humid and warm. The natives made a great impression on me. They appear about as the pictures taken when Cook landed. Apparently they retain their original habits and characteristics. They are good-looking, full-sized, well-formed, plump, and wear nothing but a piece of cotton round their loins. Despite their tattooing, they are far better specimens of humanity than any I have seen anywhere among native tribes. About a hundred came aboard to barter curios and fruit. Before they were done trading the ship got under way. Some went away in the boats; but others remained till the ship was five or six miles from shore, then they jumped overboard and swam to land, some of them carrying things in their hands."

A special meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held at its hall, on Thursday evening last, to take steps for early active work. The directors were empowered to engage Captain I. Bray as a general secretary, till his departure east in June, also to employ a janitor. The furnishing of the building is to be completed as rapidly as possible and its rooms opened to the public. Mr. P. C. Jones was added to the committee. On motion the trustees elected under the charter, Messrs. C. M. Cooke, P. C. Jones and B. F. Dillingham, were appointed the parties to whom all applications for the use of the building, other than for the purposes of the association, should be made. The various standing committees were announced and will be published in the May issue of the Friend. A handsome quarto bible was presented the association by Mrs. D. D. Baldwin, which was accepted and a vote of thanks passed to the donor.

According to announcement, the portrait of the late Judge Robertson was formally unveiled on Saturday morning last. Chief Justice Judd presided, and a number of persons were present, additionally to a full attendance of the bar, to honor the occasion. The chief justice made some extended and interesting remarks upon the life and character of the subject of the portrait as connected with the history of the judiciary of the country, and dwelt particularly upon the valuable services he had rendered to the country when they were most needed; upon his untiring devotion in the performance of the duties he had assumed, and upon his ability and impartiality as a judge. This calls to mind a remark made by the late Chief Justice Harris, while yet a member of the bar, that "Judge Robertson was not bred, but born, a lawyer." The portrait which was painted by Mr. J. D. Strong, now of Honolulu, has been hung between those of the first Chief Justice Lee, and his successor Allen, on the northwest wall of the court room. The likeness is an excellent and striking representation of the original, and forms a most interesting addition to the collection of portraits already there. The king was present at the unveling.

The dedicatory exercises of the new hall of the Y. M. C. A. last Saturday evening, were attended by an audience of fully four hundred. King David was present, many leading citizens, a fair proportion of feminine youth, beauty and elegance, and a very satisfactory number of young men and boys. An entertaining programme was completed, a detailed description of which will be given in the Friend for May. Besides instrumental music by Mrs. Davies and Miss Dickson, vocal music by the Fort Street choir and the audience, and a suggestive poem by Mrs. B. F. Dillingham, sympathetically read by Mr. Frank Damon, there were addresses by Mr. Amasa Pratt, Mr. T. H. Davies, Rev. Mr. Cruzan and Mr. P. C. Jones Jr., all of whom spoke to the subject in hand, and to the point—particularly Mr. Jones, chairman of the building committee, who spoke so thoroughly to the point that $1700 was raised among the audience to make up a deficiency in the building account, and for necessary furniture. In deference to what seems mistaken diffidence, the names of those contributing are withheld. The Friend will, however, contain a complete financial statement of the Association's affairs, together with much valuable Y. M. C. A. data, and ought to be in the hands of every member and every friend of the society. After the exercises, ice cream, cake and coffee was served, which the lady friends of the cause furnished most bountifully. When it truthfully may be stated that two young ladies and three young gentleman, who occupied a conspicuously good-natured corner, acknowledged themselves responsible for the disappearance of sixteen saucefuls of ice cream, it readily will be seen that there was no stint. Moreover it was nice.

THE TRAGEDY AT HILO.

The following account is made up partly from information received by letter, and partly from facts furnished the Press by Marshal Parke:

News came to hand per steamer Likelike, on Sunday last, of a shooting affair which occurred in Hilo, and which, from its unusual character, has created quite a sensation there.

About midnight of the 18th instant, the sleeping apartments of Messrs. Casper and Burnett, at Clark's lodging house, were burglariously entered by several persons, and the occupants attacked and choked while yet in their beds. Immediately upon being aroused from sleep by the attack made upon him, Casper struggled and freed himself from the embrace of his assailants, and succeeded in securing a loaded revolver, which was lying in a drawer of a table in the center of the room. With this he commenced firing, and succeeded in wounding three of his assailants, one of whom (John McCullum) died on the following afternoon. Messrs. Hugh Tennant (mason) and J. C. White (a government school teacher) are supposed to be fatally wounded, and are probably dead before this. Tennant was twice shot in the back, as is supposed, while retreating, and White, once, through the left lung. Douglas, a carpenter, by an early retreat, escaped uninjured, while Car, who is supposed to have been the prime mover in the affair, got off with a slight cut upon the forehead from a glancing bullet.

The incentive to this foolish and futile assault is generally set down to a connection or sympthy of the assailants with certain illicit venders of liquor, who, through information supplied by Casper and Burnett, had lately been convicted and sentenced at Hilo. Both Casper and Burnett had previously been arrested and tried before the police magistrate on a chage of perjury in the above cases, but were acquitted of the charge. A representation of a skull and cross-bones, together with a warning to the informers that they would be safer away from that district, was posted in a conspicuous place in Hilo the day after their acquittal on the charge of perjury; and this may explain the preparedness of Casper to deal with his assailants.

A *post mortem* examination was made by Doctors Kimball and Wetmore on the body of McCullum on the evening of his death, and an inquest was to have been held the following day; meanwhile Casper and Burnett remain under arrest.

McCullum, deceased, it is said, bore an excellent character as a steady, industrious, and capable mechanic. Prior to his death he informed Sheriff Severance that he possessed funds to the amount of $2,500 which were then in the hands of Mr. Cartwright. This amount, together with his tool-chest and other effects, he willed to his brother, John N. McCullum, residing in Ontario, Canada. Hugh Tennant, one of the wounded men has for some time been engaged by Mr. Arnold, the road supervisor, in building abutments and bridges in the district, and is said to have been a respectable citizen, and a competent stone mason and brick layer.

On the day following the tragedy a meeting of citizens was held to consider the matter, at which, addresses were made by the following persons: Rev. W. B. Oleson, Rev. D. B. Lyman, Rev. E. P. Baker, D. H. Hitchcock. The following resolution was passed at the meeting:

"Resolved, That while deeply deploring the event which has called us together, we call upon the authorities to use their utmost endeavors to discover and arrest and prosecute, to the full extent of the law, each and every one concerned in the burglarious assault on the premises occupied by Messrs. Casper and Burnett on the night of Wednesday, April 18, 1883."

MR. MACFIE'S STORY.

Anent the Kilauea Labor Troubles.

EDITOR SATURDAY PRESS—*Sir:* In your issue of the 4th instant, which has just come to hand, appears an extremely one-sided and incorrect report of the suit brought against the Kilauea Sugar Company by some German laborers, and tried in the Police Court, Honolulu, on the 9th instant. As it is undesirable that the public should be misinformed on such matter, perhaps you will allow me space in your columns to present the other side of the case.

The men in question were imported from Germany at the expense of the Kilauea Sugar Company, to work under contracts for $16 per month, without board. The Kilauea Sugar Company was bound by the contracts to furnish lodgings, and half an acre of land to each man; but nothing more. On arrival, till their permanent quarters were ready, the men were placed temporarily in the sugar room adjoining the mill, a spacious, well-ventilated building, where suitable bedsteads had been prepared. As each man brought their own blankets and bedding the company was neither asked nor expected to supply these articles. The permanent quarters for the men consisted of rooms twelve feet long, ten feet wide and ten feet high, with a double sash window in each. Two men were supposed to be in each room, but some men had rooms alone.

Soon after arrival, these men stated, that being unmarried, half an acre of land was of no use to them, and unanimously petitioned to have the full use of a large dining room, kitchen and stove, and the wages of a cook paid for them instead of receiving the half acre of land. Their request was complied with.

In court, the men admitted having proposed and accepted this arrangement, but nevertheless as the company had received no *written* release from the obligation to supply each man with half an acre of land, the judge ruled that a breach of contract. On the above ground alone the men's contracts were cancelled by the court. They utterly failed to prove any ill treatment whatever.

The statement that no medical attendance had been provided is a gross falsehood, Over $400 has been paid for medical attendance for the plantation laborers during the four months that the men had been in the country previous to the trial. In addition, an officer of the plantation daily visited all cases of illness requiring special attention. Milk, eggs and other delicacies have been gratuitously distributed amongst invalids requiring them. In some cases a woman has been paid by the company to nurse invalids requiring more than ordinary care. There is now a resident medical man on the plantation who daily attends, free of charge, all laborers and their families during sickness.

As the men had to board themselves, the company had no responsibility with regard to their supply of beef, but had, nevertheless, made arrangements with a neighboring stock-raiser to open a retail butcher shop on the plantation for the men's convenience. Taking a dislike to the butcher (one of their own countrymen) some of them threatened his life and drove him away from his place, thus depriving themselves for a few days of the opportunity of buying beef without walking a mile to fetch it. The company was not called upon to supply beef, so was not in a position to refuse it. All the other complaints reported in your paper, that are not frivolous, are devoid of truth.

These men were liberally dealt with in all respects. Till they were moved into their permanent quarters, the company boarded them free of charge, but still paid them their contract rates of wages. Later their wages were raised $2 above the contract rate. Provisions were sold them at cost price, and everything possible done to make them comfortable. All would have been now contentedly working in accordance with their contracts, had it not been for the unfortunate presence in their midst of a socialistic book-binder and a few other mischief-makers who having failed to earn a livelihood in Germany, were glad of an opportunity to emigrate at the expense of a Hawaiian Sugar Plantation.

Yours, respectfully,

R. A MACFIE, JR.
Manager Kilauea Sugar Company.
Kilauea Plantation, Kauai, April 20, 1883.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CASE.

On Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, there was brought to a hearing, before Chief Justice Judd, a very important suit in equity, wherein the Hawaiian Bell Telephone Company figure as complainants, and the Oriental Telephone Company (Limited) of London, England, and E. P. Adams of this city, as defendants. Messrs. Preston and Hatch appeared for the complainants, and A. S. Hartwell and S. B. Dole for the defendants.

The allegations of the bill of complaint are briefly to the following effect: That Samuel Hubbard, the gentlemen at whose instance our local company was organized, in the fall of 1880, was the agent of the Oriental Bell Telephone Company of Boston, and represented to the promoters of the local company, that the Boston Company held patents upon all telephone instruments in the United States, and that it would be impossible for a company to engage in the telephone business in Honolulu, without the consent of the Boston Company. That he proposed to grant to the local company, when organized, the exclusive right to use and deal in telephones in these islands, and guarantee them against competition from outsiders.

That, in reliance upon these representations and promises, the local promoters subscribed for stock in the new company, and agreed to issue to the Boston Company 510 of the 1,000 shares of stock into which the capital of the company was proposed to be divided. That four hundred and fifty of the shares issued in accordance with this agreement were unpaid for, and obtained wholly without consideration and by fraud on the part of the present defendant company of London, in whose name the shares were issued, the latter corporation having succeeded to the rights and contracts of the Boston Company, before the formal issue of the shares now standing in its name, and four hundred and fifty of which this bill prays may be cancelled, while admitting that the balance (60 shares) were duly paid for.

That said representations respecting the exclusive right to use and sell telephones in this kingdom were utterly false, and that the local company has not been nor can be protected against other importers of such instruments.

Mr. E. P. Adams is the local agent of the London Company, which explains his connection with the suit.

The answer sets up in defense a general denial of the above sweeping charges of fraud and misrepresentation, and avers the facts to be that Mr. Hubbard represented to the local gentleman referred to that his company held control of the bell telephone patents, the hand telephone or "receiver," and the Blake transmitter, used in this city. That, the limit of his promises of a monopoly to the local company, was in regard to the instruments controlled by his company, which, he guaranteed, would furnish them to no one in this kingdom but the local company. That his company supplied telephone plant of more than $1200 value, and incurred an outlay of about $3000 in sending Mr. Hubbard and two expert assistants to this city to organize the company and business of the local corporation. That this skill, and the said plant, were then available from no other source, and that such plant, skilled assistance, and labor, in the formation of the company, together with the monopoly of the genuine Bell instruments in these islands, and the furnishing of the same to the local company at cost price, formed a full and valid consideration for the shares so issued to the defendant company.

As the decision in the case is still pending, any comment upon the character of the evidence adduced would scarcely be just, at this juncture. It is significant, however, that whereas only $4,000 in cash has ever been paid into the coffers of the local company for shares of stock, (490 shares at $10 each,) the property of the corporation is now valued at from $70,000 to $75,000.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE CHIEFS OF HAWAII.

Elele Poakolu: We previously said that "those who lay hold of the ancestral meles of the old chiefs and apply them to others are guilty of fraud and theft." We repeat it. You, O Elele, and all of your set, who are opposing us, we again assert it, and hurl the charge at you, are guilty of seizing meles—a robbery and a fraud. You deny it, and say that we are wrong in asserting that Kauikeouli transfered all his titles to his son. And your opposing arguments are the following, viz: "1. The Hulumanu, after the death of Kamehameha III, came and applied the name-meles (na mele inoa) of Kamehameha III to Kamehameha IV. 2. That after the death of Kamehameha IV, his title-keepers [by this is meant those persons who committed to memory the meles in which these titles were given] came before Kamehameha V and conferred these titles on him. 3. That these titles were conferred on Lunalilo after the death of Kamehameha V. 4. That H. Kalama did not protest at this public bestowal of these names upon Kamehameha IV and Kamehameha V. 5. And that as she did not protest against the transfer of those titles to those previous kings so she did not protest against their being given to Kalakaua I."

The other side is again in error. When Kamehameha V ascended the throne, he took possession of the lands which Kauikeaouli had reserved for his own private use, and which the land commissioners had confirmed to him, these being a part of the crown lands. Has this seizure, this grab, this robbery of these lands as part of the crown lands by Kamehameha V, been confirmed? No! The attempt failed. Those properties are being restored to the rightful heirs according to law. Look at the decision of the full bench on the 2d of April, 1883, which granted the petition of the Queen Dowager Emma Kaleleonalani. Yes. Just as that land grab by Kamehameha V, Lunalilo I, and Kalakaua I, of the private lands of Kauikeouli was not confirmed, so also is this title grabbing of Kamehameha IV, Kamehameha V, Lunalilo I, and Kalakaua I not confirmed. And those who conspire together and shamelessly declare that "thus they publicly announced and transfered the titles of Kamehameha III to Kalakaua on the 16th of November, 1876," do a very unworthy thing. For people to misapply these titles for one insufficient reason or another, is a dishonorable act. It does not become the dignity of the king on his throne to be misled by the representations of others. Pahau is still alive who lived with Kalama from her youth and was present when his (Kamehameha's) titles were conferred. Paalua w., and Kamakauahoa are still alive, who lived with Kamehameha III as the kahus of the lad (Kunuiakea) when he was a young prince, and they together with others frequently heard Kauikeouli say "all my titles shall go to my son" (Kunuiakea).

Those who are guilty of this title grabbing have let the cat out of the bag and we know who is the writer in the Elele. In the reign of Kamehameha III he was a nobody and at the present time is guilty of grabbing and fradulently appropriating.

Again, I have studied the will of Kamehameha III as it effects the throne and the crown, and it does not affect the interests which we are discussing. We are discussing the appropriation of meles by the other side; the heirship of the throne and the crown is fixed by the constitution and the testament of the king, but the right to the mele titles is to be transferred only at the command of the king. And it is as Kamehameha III said to Kaiole, "all those meles you have recited and all my titles, transfer them all to my son."

This side does not deny that Kamehameha III chose Alexander Liholiho, his foster son, to be his successor in the government. We readily assent to this. But the robbing of his own son (Kunuiakea) was not the work of this king (Kamehameha III).

Kamehameha had planned to give something to both his sons, that Alexander Liholiho should be his first heir, and that after his (Liholiho's) death, the kingdom should descend to his second heir (Kunuiakea), and he had discussed this plan with his premier, John Young; but John Young strongly opposed the plan and advised that he should make the two brothers (A. Liholiho and Lot) successive heirs to his government.

Owing to the strength of the opposition of John Young and others to his (John Young's) nephew, (Kunuiakea) by their persuasions, they succeeded in changing the king's mind, so that he chose Alexander Liholiho as his heir to the throne and crown lands.

From the beginning to the end of our constitution, not a word can be found which makes the possession of the chiefly titles a right belonging to the throne.

You enumerase your witnesses John Ii, Kaunawahi, Timoteo, Kaomea, Hikiau, Koahou, Malie, who are ready to come forward and help you, and give some savor of right to your siezure of the meles.

You do not utter the words of Kauikeaouli, nor did these people you mention hear the voice of Kauikeaouli. That side is badly off for witnesses. But this side is well provided; we have Pahau w, Paalua w, Kamakauahoa w, and Manohia w, people who lived in the immediate presence of Kauikeaouli during the greater part of their days while he was alive.

"The night of Nov. 16, 1876, was the time when the titles were assumed by Kalakaua, (they say) and that was the time when a public protest should have been entered, in regard to all this conferring of titles."

Any time from that date to the present would do to return to the rightful owners of them all these titles, say I.

It is a shameful thing to rob a boy of his rightful possession. Restore to him his own, but if the sovereign chooses with a strong hand to seize upon that which is another's, why so be it. But what we have heard, and what we can substantiate by living witnesses, that is what we have testified to and what we now stated.

"The Kuokoa publicly affirmed," says the Elele, "that A. K. Kunuiakea is the illegitimate child of Kamehameha III, while Kaeo and Lahilahi were his legal parents." This is a very important matter, and should not be concealed. There are many witnesses to it; it has been universally talked of; Kamehameha made no secret of the fact that this was his son, and there are an abundance of witnesses to his saying so; there are also tokens such as are wont to be preserved as proofs. This is a strange thing for the present age, but it was considered perfectly proper in the age that is past. That was the nature of the relation between Liloa and Umi, [his illegitimate son,] Peleiholani and Kaleiopuu, Kahekili and Kamehameha I, and the same was the relation between Kauikeaouli and this chief (Kunuiakea). Undoubtedly it is an offence in this age, but what is the best course, to utter a falsehood or to speak out the truth? We prefer to tell the truth.

A child resulting from this kind of relation between aliis of high rank was much prized in old times, and was greatly esteemed by those who were jealous of their chiefly rank. Does the writer in the Elele imagine that all children born in wedlock at the present time are legitimate? No.

The history of children begotten after this (illegitimate) fashion by parents of this sort is well-known. These histories merely show what has been done secretly; the features of the parents are seen in their children and this is a shame.

This has been brought forth merely because this youth has been despoiled of the heritage left him by his father.

The Elele is very anxious to obscure the right of the popular side, but all your tricks cannot hide the truth our fathers have told us. Let your awkward cunning return to its nest and lie quiet, a cunning begotten of deceit.

At another time we shall conclude our thoughts on this subject.—*Kuokoa*, April 14th.

By Authority.

COLLECTOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HONOLULU, April 3, 1883.

Mr. G. M. Lake has been appointed Surveyor and Guard for the port of Mahukona, Kohala, Hawaii, vice Charles Malterne, resigned. W. F. ALLEN, Collector-General.

Approved: J. M. KAPENA, Minister of Finance.
136-1m

Office of Superintendent of Water Works.

HONOLULU, July 3, 1882.

All persons having Water Privileges are notified that their WATER RATES are payable semi-annually, in advance, at the office of the Superintendent of Water Works, foot of Nuuanu street, upon the 1st day of January and July of each year. C. B. WILSON,
115-tf Superintendent Water Works.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

An Apology.

In view of the difficulties which have existed between some of the planters and the lessees of the Halawa Mill, the following transaction speaks for itself and throws light on the animus of one of the planters at least.

In the P. C. Advertiser of December 5th and 9th last was published, in the Kohala items, an article charging the manager of the Halawa Mill with dishonesty in the division of sugar. A suit for $10,000 damages was at once brought by Dr. Tisdale against L. S. Thompson, M. D., the correspondent of the Advertiser, for making and publishing this libel. The suit was settled upon Dr. Thompson tendering the following acknowledgement and apology:

"The undersigned disclaims all intention to injure the character of Dr. T. P. Tisdale by the item that appeared in the Pacific Commercial Advertiser of December 5th and 9th last, reflecting upon the management of Halawa Mill, and regrets that it was published, as he is of the opinion that it was based on a rumor having no foundation in fact. L. S. THOMPSON.

Signed in presence of J. W. THOMPSON. 139-1t

New Advertisements.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.—The Treasurer of the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company will pay a dividend of three dollars ($3.00) per share at their office on the 30th day of April, 1883.
J. ENA, Jr., Secretary.
Honolulu, April 21, 1883.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the STAR MILL COMPANY, held at the office of Messrs. W. G. Irwin & Co., in Honolulu, April 23, 1883, the following officers, who also constitute the board of managers, were elected for the ensuing year, viz:

W. R. CASTLE	President.
J. B. ATHERTON	Vice-President.
W. G. IRWIN	Secretary and Treasurer.
J. H. PATY	Auditor.

Notice is also given that at said meeting, by the vote of all the stock, the planting interest of D. R. Vida was consolidated with the company; and, as provided by charter of the corporation, the capital stock was increased from $140,000 to $200,000 by an issue of 120 new shares at $5 each, whereby the total number of shares of said company now stands at 4,000.
W. G. IRWIN,
Secretary and Treasurer of Star Mill Company.
Honolulu, April, 1883. 139-1m

A. M. MELLIS

WILL SELL HIS ENTIRE STOCK

AT REDUCED RATES

DURING

THE NEXT FOUR WEEKS,

PREVIOUS TO THE ARRIVAL OF A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED

INVOICE OF NEW GOODS

FROM

THE EASTERN AND EUROPEAN MARKETS

FOR

The Honolulu Clothing Emporium,

HONOLULU, H. I.

MRS. A. M. MELLIS'

Dressmaking Establishment Up Stairs

138-9t

NOTICE OF COPYRIGHT.—Be it remembered that on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1883, THOS. G. THRUM of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, in accordance with Section 3 of an "Act to encourage Learning in this Kingdom by securing the copies of charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies," approved on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1864, has deposited in this office the title of his book, "HAWAIIAN FERNS," a synopsis taken mostly from Hooker and Baker, with additions and emendations, adapting it more especially to the Hawaiian Islands, by Edward Bailey, Honolulu, H. I., the rights of which he claims as owner and proprietor.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Interior Department to be affixed at Honolulu, this — day of April, A. D. 1883.
137-2m JOHN E. BUSH, Minister of Interior.

New Advertisements.

ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION BENEFIT

—OF—

Tuesday Evening, May 1, 1883.

THE "HANGING OF THE CRANE,"

Illustrated by Tableaux Vivants and Ye Minuet of ye Olden Time, will be given

At the Gymnasium.

The programme will be preceded by Recitations and Musical Selections, and at the close the seats will be removed for DANCING.

Tickets of Admission .... 50 cents.
139

GRAND OPENING

THIS DAY

OF THE

Great American Clothing House.

NEW GOODS!
LATEST STYLES!
LOW PRICES!

S. COHEN & CO.,

No. 17 Nuuanu street, corner of Marine street.
139

G. W. Macfarlane & Co. will, next week, advertise in this column the cargoes of the ships Aberaman and Janet Court, just arrived from Glasgow and Liverpool respectively, and the cargoes of the British steamer Abergeldie, British ship Shandon and British bk Isle of Anglesea, to arrive from London, Glasgow and Liverpool respectively, comprising a full line of merchandise and fine goods, for which there is not space in this issue of the paper to particularize. Special attention is directed to the coming advertisement.

POSTAL MONEY ORDERS.

Arrangements having been completed for the issuing of domestic Postal Money Orders by the Post Office Department, notice is given that from and after May 1st, money orders will be issued at, and can be drawn on, either of the following named Post Offices:

Honolulu	Oahu
Lahaina	Maui
Wailuku	Maui
Kahului	Maui
Hilo	Hawaii
Kohala	Hawaii
Waiohinu	Hawaii
Honokaa	Hawaii
Waimea	Hawaii
Kealakekua	Hawaii
Lihue	Kauai
Koloa	Kauai

At any of the above Money Order Post Offices, an order will be issued, on application, for any sum from one cent to fifty dollars. The following are the fees established, which are payable by the applicant at the time the order is issued:

For any sum not exceeding $5	5 cents
Over $5 and not exceeding $10	10 cents
Over $10 and not exceeding $25	15 cents
Over $25 and not exceeding $40	20 cents
Over $40 and not exceeding $50	25 cents

No order will be issued for more than fifty dollars. When a larger sum is wanted it must be procured in two or more orders.

An order cannot be issued on any post office except one of the above named money-order offices, until notice has been given that it has been made a money-order office.

An order is payable on presentation, only at the office drawn on, and the person to whom it is paid must receipt for the amount.

Bank applications are kept at each money-order office.

At the country money-order offices, certain days, and hours of the day, will be designated by the Postmasters when money orders will be issued.

No money-order business transacted on Sunday.

Pamphlets containing more full details of the money-order system, can be had on application at any of the post offices.

Foreign money orders cannot be issued until money-order treaties have been made with such countries as it may be desirable to extend the system to.
H. M. WHITNEY, P. M. G.
Honolulu, April, 1883. 139-1m

S. M. CARTER & CO.

S. M. CARTER,
N. F. GRAHAM.

No. 82 King Street, Honolulu.

RETAIL DEALERS IN

FIREWOOD, COAL AND FEED.

We would notify the public, and housekeepers in particular, that we keep on hand and for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers and at lowest rates, fuel, as follows:

HARD AND SOFT WOOD,
Cut any Lengths;

CHARCOAL,
N. S. W. NEWCASTLE COAL,
SCOTCH COAL, and the
CELEBRATED WELLINGTON MINE,
DEPARTURE BAY COAL,
BLACKSMITH COAL.

The above can be ordered by Telephone or otherwise, and immediate delivery guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL .... Telephone, No. 305

WE ALSO KEEP IN STOCK

HAY, OATS—California and New Zealand;
BARLEY—Whole and ground;
WHEAT, CORN—Whole and cracked;
BRAN, MIDDLINGS, and other feed.

Order the above through Telephone No. 305.

AND WE WARRANT

Quick Delivery and Full Weight.

ORDERS FROM OTHER ISLANDS SOLICITED

Free Delivery to All Parts of the City.

Remember, No. 82 King Street.

TELEPHONE No. 305. 139

CAUTION.—All parties are hereby cautioned not to cash Draft No. 206, dated April 6, 1883, for $120, drawn by C. N. SPENCER on WM. G. IRWIN & CO. in favor of bearer; and Draft No. 210, dated April 7, 1883, for $48.23, drawn by C. N. Spencer on Wm. G. Irwin & Co. in favor of F. Richards, and indorsed by him. Also, a Promissory Note, dated August 9, 1882, for $326.33, at nine months, drawn by C. Akai in favor of J. F. Mackenzie, said drafts and note having been lost by the undersigned at Kaalaiki Kau, Hawaii. J. F. MACKENZIE.
Honolulu, April 14, 1883. 139-3t

AT THOS. G. THRUM'S FORT-ST. STORE has been received a fine assortment of BOOKS from the AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY to which the attention of Sunday-School Libraries, Teachers, and heads of Families are invited. 122

Auction Sales.

UNDERWRITER'S SALE.

SATURDAY, APRIL 28th.

At 11 A. M., at salesroom, by order of Messrs. Castle & Cooke, I will offer the following GOODS, damaged on voyage of importation, ex Elinor Vernon, viz:

C & C—3 gross Mason's Blacking, small;
H — 10 gross Mason's Blacking, large;
1 Case, 1 dozen Charcoal Irons;
2 Nests Hingham Buckets, unpainted;
4 Cases Canned Peas;
36 Kegs Nails, assorted;
1 Coil ¾ Sisal Rope;
1 Coil ¾ Sisal Rope;
Case No. 1021, 11 pcs Amoskeag Denim Ticking;
Case No. 888, 11 pcs Amoskeag Brown Ticking;
Case No. 6886, Alexandria Bleached Cotton;
Case No. 6887, 27 pcs Alexandria Bleached Cotton;
Case No. 2435, New York Mills Bleached Cotton;
Case No. 7947, G. B. Bleached Cotton;
Case No. 3460 10-4, Pepperill Brown Sheeting;
Case No. 8139, 10 pcs Amoskeag Denims, 8 oz.
Bale No. 3192, Stark Mills Brown Drill;
Bale No. 3417, Great Falls E Brown Cotton.

139 E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE SALE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 2d.

At 10 A. M., at salesroom,

Black Walnut Parlor Furniture,

Two Black Walnut Marbletop Bedroom Sets,
Bureaus, with Mirrors,
Bedsteads,
Washstands,
Chairs,
Rockers,
Towel Racks,
Spring Mattresses,
Hair Mattresses, Extension Dining Tables,
Mosquito Nets, Mirrors, Chairs,
Pictures, Glassware, Crockeryware,
Stove and Kitchenware, etc.
Two Riding Horses,
One Pony,
One Covered Family Carriage—two-seated.

139 E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

REGULAR CASH SALE

Friday, May 4th, at 10 A. M.,

AT SALESROOM,

137 E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LANDS

—AND—

LEASES OF LANDS

BELONGING TO

THE ESTATE OF M. J. ROSE, Deceased.

SATURDAY, MAY 5th.

At 12 o'clock noon, at salesroom, by order of F. A. Schaefer, Esq., executor of the estate,

I WILL OFFER FOR SALE AT AUCTION

—THE—

Premises Situated on Queen Street,

AND LANDS AND LEASES OF

Lands Situated in Manoa Valley,

AS FOLLOWS, VIZ:

Lands in Manoa Valley.

No. 1—Piece of Taro Land containing 6-10 of an acre.
No. 2—Piece of Taro and Kalo Land containing 1 8-10 acres.
No. 3—Piece of Kalo Land containing 4-10 of an acre.
No. 4—Piece of Taro Land containing 1 2-10 acres.
No. 5—Piece of Kalo Land containing 5 36-10 acres.
No. 6—Piece of Taro Land containing 1 6-10 acres.
No. 7—Piece of Taro Land containing 1 79-100 acres.
No. 8—Piece of Taro Land containing 23-100 of an acre.
No. 9—Piece of Kalo Land containing 2 68-100 acres.
No. 10—Piece of Taro Land containing 1 1-10 acres.
No. 11—Piece of Taro and Kalo Land containing 10½ acres.
No. 12—Piece of Taro and Kalo Land containing 5 39-100 acres.

Lands Situated on Queen Street, Honolulu:

No. 1—Premises containing about 45-100 of an acre.
No. 2—Premises containing 4-10 of an acre, with buildings.
No. 3—Premises containing 11-100 of an acre, with buildings.
No. 4—Premises containing 13-100 of an acre, with buildings.
No. 5—Premises containing 9-100 of an acre, with buildings.
No. 6—Premises containing 8-100 of an acre, with buildings.
No. 7—Premises containing 16-100 of an acre, with buildings.
No. 8—The unexpired Lease of Premises on South street, Honolulu, known as Honuakaha, containing 1½ acres.
No. 9—The unexpired lease of Wailupe Fish Pond.

Plans of all the above can be seen and particulars obtained at the

Office of Richard F. Bickerton, Merchant Street.

ALSO WILL BE SOLD
(Belonging to said Estate):

Two Large Boilers, in brick.
Hen House. Pig Pen.
Lot of Tools. Lot of Furniture.

137 E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

ON FORT STREET.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION

—ON—

Saturday, May 5, 1883

At 12 M., at Salesroom, that

Valuable Piece of Land on Fort Street,

Mauka of and adjoining the premises of the late J. Brown, containing an are of 47-100 acres.

This sale presents a good opportunity to parties desiring to invest in land for building purposes, as the lot is

NEAR THE CENTER OF THE TOWN

And cottages in the vicinity are never without good tenants.

136 E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

CHEAP READING MATTER

BACK NUMBERS OF ILLUSTRATED AND

Story Papers and Magazines

Put up for Plantations or Seamen, at reduced rates,

By THOS. G. THRUM.

New Advertisements.

GEORGE LUCAS,

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER,

STEAM PLANING MILLS,

Esplanade, Honolulu.

Manufacture all kinds of

Mouldings,
Brackets,
Window frames,
Blinds, sashes
and Doors;

and all kinds of wood-work finish.

Turning, scroll, and band sawing.

All kinds of Planing and Sawing, Mortising, and Tenoning.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO AND WORK GUARANTEED!

Orders from the other Islands solicited. 106-tf

LUBRICATING OILS.

Lubricating Oils.

We desire to call attention to the fine stock of OILS which we now have on hand, comprising the following:

Fresh Sperm Oil, in quantities to suit;

Lard Oil, in barrels and cases;
Cylinder oil, in barrels and in cases;
Castor oil, (two qualities,) in cases;
Paraffine oil, in barrels;

A cheap article for light-running machinery, and, for most uses, fully equal to the more expensive oils.

WE ALSO KEEP IN STOCK

SKIDGATE OIL, in cases.

This oil is made from shark's livers, and is fully equal to lard, and is much cheaper.

DARK LUBRICATING OIL, in barrels;

Just the thing for Sugar Mills, Cane Carriers and Cars, or any slow moving machinery, and at half the price of the expensive oils now in use.

In addition to above, we keep

Kerosene Oil—Downer's, Noonday, Lustral.
Neats-foot Oil, boiled and raw;
Linseed Oil, in quantities to suit,

And of the best qualities. Also, constantly on hand,

Colored Paints,

In oil and dry, and *White Lead and Zinc*, of different qualities. Just received

TWO BUCKEYE MOWERS,

Just the thing to cut Hilo grass.

PLOWS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS of every description used on a Plantation.

FENCE WIRE AND HARDWARE of all kind constantly on hand and for sale cheap by

E. O. HALL & SON,

132-tf Cor. King and Fort streets, Honolulu.

SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.

Made Expressly for these Islands:

Buckle Dom Pedros,
Buckle Dirt Excluders,
Lace Webster Ties.

CALIFORNIA KID LACE,

Plush Glove Tops

Brogans, new line.
Ladies' Pebble Button Croquet Shoes.
Misses' and Children's Shoes, etc.

By the Suez I have received a stock of Ladies' and Gents' and Children's SHOES, etc., manufactured to my order for this market.

J. H. LYNCH,

No. 88 KING STREET .... HONOLULU
116-tf

THE PACIFIC MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF CALIFORNIA

Desire to call the particular attention of everybody to

..THEIR..

TONTINE INVESTMENT POLICIES,

Which contain the "Indisputable Clause;"
No Restrictions on Travel or Residence.
Free from Danger of Forfeiture

Also THE DEPOSIT ENDOWMENT POLICY, and the Mutual Investment Policy.

This is one of the most reliable companies extant has no superior, and few equals. Settles all claims promptly; acts honestly and fairly by all.

For further information, write to, or call on
R. W. LAINE,
127-tf General Agent for the Hawaiian Islands

A COMFORTABLE HOME!

The undersigned has recently fitted up

In elegant style, the large roomy Cottage formerly belonging to the Lemon estate, on Nuuanu street, beyond the Commercial Hotel premises, for the purpose of conducting

A superior Lodging House.

The name of this pleasant retreat is the "WHITE HOUSE." It cannot be surpassed in the kingdom for comfort and cleanliness.

THE GROUNDS ARE SPACIOUS

and ornamented with shade trees.

Persons of respectability may always be sure of a cheerful home there. A sitting-room is set apart for the convenience of guests. A FEW MORE ROOMS ARE VACANT. Terms always moderate.

MRS. J. T. WHITE, Proprietor.

☞ Many of our readers will remember Mrs. White as proprietor of the lodging house on Fort street, adjoining the Pantheon Stables, which was such a comfortable home under her management. 112-3m

WE HAVE CONSTANTLY

ON HAND LARGE QUANTITIES OF

Hay and Grain

Of all kinds, which we offer to purchasers at

THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

Our stock is renewed by each arrival from the coast.

HAVING A

GRIST MILL.

We are Prepared to Grind Grain of all kinds

AT ANY TIME.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR

The Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Cal., The State Investment Insurance Co., of Cal., The Hoover Telephone, the simplest, best and cheapest now in use.

LAINE & CO.,

Fort Street .... Honolulu
123-3m

THE "SUPERIOR" STOVE.

G. ENGLING & Co.,

No. 3, Nuuanu St., Honolulu H. I.,

Sole agents for these Islands. A full line of the

Superior and Alvarado Stoves, "Army," Montague, Eureka, Paragon, New Rival, and "Superior" Ranges,

and Fixtures for the same always in stock.

JOB WORK PROMPTLY DONE.

Telephone No. 211. 122-tf

NEWEST STYLES ARTISTIC TYPE AND Stationery for Weddings, Socials, Balls, Programmes, Entertainments, etc., etc., constantly being received and printing orders for same promptly executed, at the office of this Paper, No. 6 Kaahumanu street. 111