

From San Francisco:
Korea, Sept. 4.
For San Francisco:
Manchuria, Sept. 8
From Vancouver:
Marana, Sept. 9.
For Vancouver:
Makura, Sept. 8.

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JAPAN LANDS THOUSANDS IN CHINA

Neutrality Violation Charged; European Battles Are Raging On

EIGHTEEN TRANSPORTS TAKE JAPAN'S SOLDIERS TO MAKE LAND ATTACK ON TSINGTAU

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

PEKING, China, Sept. 2.—Japan has landed between 10,000 and 15,000 soldiers from eighteen transports at Lung Kow, 100 miles north of Tsingtau.

As a result of the landing of the troops at this point, China has made a protest that neutrality is violated.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—The Chinese protest that Japan has violated neutrality has been received here.

REVERSE IS EXPLAINED

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 2.—In explaining the disaster admitted in but minimized by the Russians, the Russian embassy here says:

In southern East Prussia the Germans brought up reinforcements along the entire line, with heavy artillery from the forts along the Vistula, and attacked two of our corps, which suffered a check thereby. Our contact with the enemy remains unbroken and reinforcements are arriving. Stubborn fighting continues.

RUSSIA SOON FREE FOR GERMANY

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 2.—The London Times says that the capture of Lemburg means the end of the Austrian menace against Russian Poland and leaves Russia's four armies free to concentrate on Berlin.

A dispatch to the Central News Agency from Amsterdam says that several army corps are guarding Berlin.

FRANCE CLAIMS SUCCESSES

PARIS, France, Sept. 1.—Successes in Alsace and Lorraine are claimed in an official announcement here today which declares:

"In Lorraine our advance continues southward, the situation remaining unchanged. The Germans have apparently left upper Alsace. Before Belfort only a thin curtain of troops remains."

GERMAN AEROPLANE HOVERS OVER PARIS

PARIS, France, Sept. 2.—Early this evening another German aeroplane flew over the city at a great height. Machine guns and rifles opened a furious fire. After an hour the aeroplane vanished.

PETROGRAD, Russia, Sept. 2.—After seven days' battle, the Russians have seized the fortifications defending Lemburg. Yesterday they routed the Austrians, who fled in disorder, abandoning many guns.

At Lustachoff also, according to announcement, an Austrian chief of staff, a brigade commander and a division commander were killed. Of the prisoners taken, 600 are wounded. Twenty-one guns and one flag were captured.

PETROGRAD (St. Petersburg), Sept. 2.—The Russian general staff admits that in the battling along the German and Austrian borders three generals have been captured and two army corps have encountered disaster. The staff, however, says that the importance of this is small and the effect purely local, having no bearing on the general Russian advance.

The Russian staff issues this statement:

"The Austrians are steadily retreating. Their attempt to flank our advance has been disastrously defeated. We buried 16,000 Austrians dead on one battlefield, captured 31 guns, one general and thousands of prisoners.

"On the south front the Austrian attack against Warsaw has been repelled. Three guns, ten machine-guns and a thousand prisoners were taken in this engagement. Near Lustachoff on August 28 the Austrian fifteenth division was utterly routed. A hundred officers and 4,000 soldiers were captured."

TURKEY MAY WAR ON RUSSIA

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—Communication with Constantinople has been severed for the last three days. An unconfirmed London report says that Turkey has declared war on Russia.

MORE BOMBS HARASS ANTWERP

ANTWERP, Belgium, Sept. 2.—A dirigible balloon dropped more bombs inside the city early this morning. Ten houses were damaged. The Belgian artillerists turned their guns on the dirigible and believe they damaged the German aircraft.

AUSTRIA ADMITS WILL LOSE LEMBURG

VIENNA, Austria (via Rome), Sept. 2.—It is officially admitted in Vienna that the capture of Lemburg is inevitable. The authorities are preparing to evacuate.

[Lemburg is the capital of Galicia, Austria, not far from the Russian frontier, and the fourth city of the dual monarchy. It is situated on the small River Peller, an affluent of the Bug, in a valley in the Sarmatian plateau. It is composed of an inner town and four suburbs. The population is about 175,000, of whom approximately 50 per cent are Poles and 10 per cent are Germans. Thirty per cent of the population are Jews.]

New German Siege Guns Are Said to be Most Effective Ever Seen

BOULOGNE, France, Sept. 1.—A wounded French artillery officer who has been sent here says that the military experts have never seen anything to compare for effectiveness with the new heavy siege guns used by the Germans. The gun, which is the latest product of the Krupp works, is a 21-inch piece, and its existence was kept secret by the German government. It was first employed during the assaults upon Liege and Namur. The new high explosive shells work frightful devastation wherever they fall.

(Additional Associated Press War News on Page Two.)

GERMAN SAILORS REPORTED SAILED IN THE NURNBERG

Officers and Men from Pommern and Setos Believed to Have Joined Warship

CONSUL GEORG RODIEK SAYS HE DOES NOT KNOW

Officers of Visiting Cruiser Reported to Have Executed Wills in Honolulu

Facing what may prove to be complete annihilation and death, more than 30 loyal German subjects joined the colors of the fatherland in the spectacular departure last night of the little second-class cruiser Nurnberg when that vessel steamed through the channel, with all lights obscured, and headed in a southerly direction, after having secured about 750 tons of coal during a stay of 14 hours at the neutral port of Honolulu.

Fifteen officers and men who arrived here August 7, in the Kosmos line freighter Setos, are said to have joined forces with their countrymen in the cruiser Nurnberg. These men include navigating officers, engineers and electrical experts who made up the complement of the crew of the cargo carrier flying the German colors that sought refuge at Honolulu after a speedy trip from Puget Sound with 3,500,000 feet of lumber.

The North German Lloyd steamer Pommern, which for the past two weeks has been moored at a berth opposite that assigned to the Nurnberg yesterday, is understood to have contributed about a dozen men of high rank to the little commerce destroyer, which may within a short time meet in deadly conflict with a war vessel of the British or Japanese navy.

The transfer of these men was speedily and quietly effected.

Asked this morning regarding the report that a number of men from the interned steamers had joined the Nurnberg, Consul Georg Rodiek, representing the German government at this port, declared that he knew nothing about any such move.

"It's all news to me," stated Mr. Rodiek. "It may have been done, yet I would not have heard of it. The men from three German steamers mingled considerably while the Nurnberg was in port."

Machinists Were Needed. There was a keen demand for men familiar with machinery and electrical equipment on board the Nurnberg, was the statement freely circulated along the waterfront late yesterday afternoon. It was stated that as high as \$300 a month gold was offered for competent men along these lines.

During the coaling of the Nurnberg, all men from the Setos and the Pommern that could be spared were rushed to pier 7 to assist in the loading of the fuel. That these men had every opportunity of departing from the islands in the Nurnberg, is undisputed.

The departure of about 30 men from the two German commercial steamers in the cruiser is announced by federal authorities today as constituting no violation of the existing neutrality regulations governing the port.

The men are German subjects and belong to the merchant marine, at present waiting here for an opportunity to return to their native land. If they are willing to take the long chance of gaining German territory by the Nurnberg, it is a matter that concerns the interested party only, it was pointed out today.

While the Setos is left decidedly short-handed, enough men remain with the freighter to handle it should the vessel be required to vacate the berth at the Waikiki side of Pier 16, by order of the harbor authorities. If in event of the termination of hostilities the Setos should be ordered to proceed on the voyage to Australia, Captain Carstens would be obliged to attempt to sign on a crew at Honolulu or await the arrival of men from the mainland.

A crowd of spectators awaited the departure of the Nurnberg last night. The singing of patriotic German songs was a unique feature attending the steaming of the vessel for the open sea. Captain von Schoenberg declined the services of a pilot in leaving the harbor, stating that he would take chances in passing through the channel. As the cruiser sped past the lighthouse, every light on board the vessel was extinguished.

A rumor current around the streets this morning was to the effect that the officers on the Nurnberg had executed their wills while in Honolulu yesterday and had left the same in charge of the German consul.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 1.—Sugar: 96 deg. test, 6.01cts. Previous quotation, 6.02cts.

COMMANDER OF BRITISH TROOPS ON FRENCH SOIL



General Sir John French.

IDZUMO COMING?

At 1:30 o'clock this afternoon the Star-Bulletin received the following dispatch from the Associated Press by cable:

"SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—The Japanese cruiser Idzumo, after hovering off the Golden Gate all day today, picked up a launch and then put westward under full steam."

This dispatch gives rise to the conjecture that the Idzumo has been informed of the German cruiser Nurnberg's brief visit to Honolulu and is coming from San Francisco in the hope of engaging the German vessel.

The Idzumo, while considerably older than the Nurnberg, is a more powerful vessel and carries a much heavier armament.

NEW BALLOTS TO BE RESULT FROM SPIRITED FIGHT

Democrats Divided as to Legality of Form Arranged and Printed at Clerk's Instance

For three-quarters of an hour this morning Republican, Democratic and Progressive representatives wrangled between themselves and with Territorial Secretary Thayer, Attorney General Stainback, City and County Attorney Cathcart and City and County Clerk David Kalanualani over the form in which the ballots for the primary election have been printed.

The discussion, which was held at the territorial secretary's office, ended a few minutes after noon in a compromise that will result in reprinting all the ballots for Oahu and Kauai, and possibly Maui, though the Maui sample ballots have not yet been received and their form is not yet known. The Hawaii county ballot was approved as to form, and will be permitted to remain unchanged.

The reprinting of the Oahu ballot, according to the compromise form agreed upon, will cost the county an additional \$500. There were two objections to it, as raised by Secretary Thayer in a letter which he sent to County Clerk Kalanualani yesterday, but one protest was finally dropped by the secretary today, following the compromise on the other.

An interesting feature of the situation today is that M. C. Pacheco, chairman of the Democratic territorial central committee, while not present at the meeting in Thayer's office, has taken a position directly opposite to that of McCandless and Thayer. Pacheco says he believes the present form is proper, entirely fair and legal according to the primary law which stipulates how they shall be prepared.

The compromise reached is that in the reprint the English sentence "Vote for One Only," at the left-hand side of the ballot, shall be set half way between the edge and center of

WOODROW WILSON TO RUN AGAIN TO SUCCEED HIMSELF

Vice-president Marshall Makes Public Statement That President Will Run

SECRETARY TUMULTY IS IGNORANT, HE DECLARES

Supporters of Chief Executive Divided in Opinion of His Probably Candidacy

[Associated Press by Fed. Wireless.] WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—Vice-president Thomas R. Marshall today authorized the publication of the statement that Woodrow Wilson would be a candidate for reelection on the Democratic ticket.

Every effort to verify this announcement at the White House proved futile. President Wilson could not be seen but his secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty, said that he was ignorant of any such statement having been made by the president and that he was not in a position to deny or affirm the information made public by the vice-president.

Mr. Tumulty refused even to comment on the statement of Mr. Marshall.

Wide interest is displayed in Washington relative to the probable action President Wilson will take in the election of 1915. Many of his ardent supporters believe that he will be a candidate to succeed himself, while an almost equal number are of the opinion that with the close of his present term he will retire to private life.

STRATHARDLE IS FREAK SHIP IN WIRELESS USE

Credited With Communicating With British Warships but Has No Apparatus

If Captain J. N. Lamont, master of the British freighter, Strathardle, which is now at quarantine wharf, awaiting a berth to discharge a shipment of Australian coal, carried on a communication at long range with the British battleship Australia and the cruiser Warendo until the collier reached an anchorage at Honolulu, the skipper must have employed mental telepathy or some other form of occult art, as the Strathardle is today found unprovided with wireless telegraph equipment of any sort.

This vessel, it will be remembered, escaped the penalty exacted by the United States authorities while on the coast for having no wireless equipment, it being claimed that the freighter carried a complement of men less than that prescribed in the regulations.

Captain Lamont is credited by the morning paper with having kept up a constant communication by wireless with the British war vessels, which are alleged to have conveyed the freighter and its coal from Newcastle to a point within a short distance of the islands.

It was following the arrival of the British freighter Strathardle that the report gained prominence in Honolulu that a fleet of war craft was maneuvering outside the limits of the port, awaiting the steaming of the German cruiser Nurnberg.

Observers at Diamond Head and Barber's Point failed to note the appearance of any such vessels, despite the recurring rumors prevailing along the business district today.

The Strathardle will remain in quarantine pending the dispatch of the Norwegian steamer Henrik Ibsen now at the Inter-Island coal wharf. The steamer is believed to be ready to steam for California coast on Saturday or Sunday. The Strathardle will then take the place vacated by the Ibsen.

MONUMENTS

Granite, Marble, Blue Stone Coping and Iron Fence. H. E. HENDRICK, LTD. Tel. 2648 Merchant and Alakes

BRAVE AND DISCIPLINED, KAISER'S MEN MARCH AND FIGHT ON THROUGH ENEMY

[Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless.]

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 2.—The fourth day of the second general battle between the oncoming German hosts and the Allied armies finds the Germans pressing the advance on Paris with unprecedented strength.

Driving forward as though they had not been battling ferociously for many days almost without cessation, the Kaiser's men are astonishing military experts with their dogged advance.

Their right wing is reported today at Compeigne, only fifty miles distant from Paris.

The Allies are evidently playing for time, hoping that their stubborn defense will wear out Germany's superhuman attack. The nearer Paris Germany gets, the greater obstacles she encounters and the greater risks are run by the rear guard of the invaders.

GERMANS HARD TO LOCATE

PARIS, France, Sept. 2.—No signs of the German army were seen today at Arras, Lille, Bethune, Douain or Lens, though the Germans had previously been reported in the neighborhood of several of these towns. Several German corps are moving eastward from Belgium into Germany, presumably to join the corps defending the eastern border.

German cavalry outposts appeared today at Soissons.

GERMANS ALSO CLAIM CRUELITIES

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—Counter claims of cruelties are made against the Belgians by the Germans. The German embassy here announces:

"German and Austrian troops have occupied Lodz, the largest manufacturing center in Russian Poland. No troops are leaving Belgium. The French assertion that the Russian have invaded Koenigsburg is a lie. Russia never covered half that distance.

"Enormous excitement has been caused by the attempt of the Belgians, with the complicity of London and Paris, made up of endless liars, to induce the world to believe that the Germans are perpetrating atrocities. The condition of the Germans returning wounded, whom the Belgian civilians shockingly mutilated, has infuriated the nation. The German newspapers say that the name of the Belgians is now the worst insult it is possible to inflict on civilized man.

"Russians are impaling children and ravishing women before the parents' and husbands' eyes."

FRENCH VIEW OF SITUATION

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—Summarizing the situation as it has developed from the fighting of the last three days, the French embassy here announces:

"Our troops are pushing forward slowly in Voages. In the center, the battle continues with alternate successes and checks. The left remains unbroken, although it has been obliged to yield some ground."

ANOTHER DISASTER FROM MINES

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 2.—A steam trawler in the North Sea engaged in seining mines struck one of them and sank three minutes later. Six are missing, five being saved.

GERMAN DISCIPLINE WONDERFUL

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 2.—The correspondent at the front for the London Telegraph reports that the perfection of German organization and discipline is unbelievable. Troops that have seen ten days of the most exhausting fighting are still marching in perfect alignment and singing as they march.

Aeroplanes sent ahead of the soldiers are directing the general movements by flags and bombs.

At Mons the troops streamed uninterruptedly through the city, after it was taken, for three nights and three days. Some of the men were asleep as they marched in the ranks. They had covered 30 miles a day for six successive days and were still keeping up their magnificent spirit.

Field kitchens, set on wheels, were rolled along with the marching troops, with fires always burning, and as the weary men strode on they were cheered and refreshed with hot soup and coffee.

Officers, weary but gallantly leading their men on, pricked or kicked the sleepers awake and administered coffee to them.

President Wilson to Ask Congress to Pass Emergency War Tax Bill

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—President Wilson will personally ask Congress to pass the proposed war tax measure, to supplement the falling customs receipts. He will probably read his war tax message to Congress tomorrow.

SCOPE OF WAR TAX MAY BE WIDE

The latest information from Washington as to the probable scope of the war tax is contained in the trade journal Tobacco, copies of which have reached Honolulu. Under date of August 18 the following was written in Washington:

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 18.—Although there has been some talk that legislation to provide for the falling off in government receipts because of the decreased imports from

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