

Commercial

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Advertiser.

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HONOLULU, H. I., TUESDAY, JULY 15, 1884.

Whole No. 1481.

The Weekly Pacific Commercial Advertiser

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THE DAILY
Pacific Commercial Advertiser.

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ADVERTISEMENTS PAYABLE ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.
Communications from all parts of the Pacific will always be very acceptable.
Persons residing in any part of the United States can remit the amount of subscription dues for these papers by Postal Money Order.

BY AUTHORITY.



HIS MAJESTY THE KING has been graciously pleased to permit Col. the Hon. CURTIS CLEGG LAUKA to accept the decoration of Grand Officer of the Order of Botivara, conferred on him by His Majesty the President of the Republic of Venezuela.

ADJUTANT GENERAL, JULY 5, 1884.

J. H. D. & W. H.

TAX ASSESSORS NOTICE.

From and after this date until July 31, the undersigned, Tax Assessor for the district of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, will be in his office, in the building in the rear of All Saints' Hall, on Monday, Wednesday and Thursday of each week, between the hours of 8 A. M. and 12 noon—for the purpose of receiving the returns of all persons liable to taxation in this district.

ALL PERSONS LIABLE TO TAXATION are most respectfully requested to make their returns as full, explicit and complete as possible, giving number of street, area of land, standing frontage on street and depth, character of structure thereon, and their cost, to whom rented or leased and length of lease, amount received per annum from such property, property sold during the year, to whom and for what sum. State if you have any mortgage on your property; give date of mortgage, name of mortgagee and for what amount mortgaged. Property on hand belonging to others; merchandise on hand July 1, on consignment, cash in bank or any other place in this Kingdom, etc., etc.

As by the new law horses are no longer specifically taxed at so much per head, but are now assessed as personal property, according to their value, particular attention should be given to state in the returns number of horses, their kind, what used for and their value. ALL RETURNS MUST BE MADE TO THE ASSESSOR NOT LATER THAN JULY 31 OR NO APPEALS CAN BY LAW BE GRANTED, and the Assessor has full power to assess property after that date returns of which have not been made and sworn to before him prior to July 31, at any valuation he may think proper, and from which assessment there can be no appeal.

Blank forms on which to make returns can be had on application to the undersigned.

FRED. H. HANSELLDEN.

Assessor of Taxes for the District of Honolulu, Island of Oahu.
HONOLULU, July 1, 1884.

SCHOOL VACATION NOTICE.

THE REGULAR SUMMER VACATION OF seven weeks, of all Public Schools in this Kingdom, will extend from FRIDAY, the 24th of JULY last to MONDAY, the 25th of SEPTEMBER NEXT, on which date a new term will begin.

By order of the Board of Education,
W. JAS. SMITH,
Secretary,
Dept. of Education, July 10th, 1884.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS of the Government English Day Schools in Honolulu will be held as follows:
On Wednesday, July 24th, at the Polakulua School.
On Thursday, July 25th, at the Fort Street School.
On Friday, July 26th, at the Royal School.

The examinations will begin at 8 o'clock A. M. on each of the days named, and the Summer Vacation will extend to Monday, the 5th day of September next, on which date a new term will begin.

W. JAS. SMITH,
School Agent,
Department of Education, July 10th, 1884.

LIST OF LICENSES

Expiring in the Month of July, 1884.

- RETAIL--OAHU.**
- 1 Kwong Wo Chong & Co., Kaneohe, Koolau piko
 - 1 Hyman Bro., Queen street
 - 1 T. H. Davies & Co., Kaahumanu street
 - 1 Kan Wo Tai Kee, Nuanani street
 - 1 Man Kim Lung & Co., Leleoa street
 - 1 Chung Kien Kee, Lillias street
 - 1 M. W. Mc Chesney & Son, Queen street
 - 1 Kin Fui Chong & Co., Hotel street
 - 1 J. O. Diaz, cor. Punchbowl & Beretania st
 - 11 Quong Yick Chong, Hotel street
 - 11 Wing On Wo, Nuanani street
 - 13 Ko Leong, Punchbowl street
 - 14 John Chee Fong, Nuanani street
 - 15 Sun Tung Pa, cor. Maunakea & Hotel sts
 - 15 Loo Foy, cor. Maunakea & King sts
 - 16 See Lee, Beretania street
 - 16 Kum Sun, cor. Nuanani & King sts
 - 16 Sze Sze Chai, Gray & Co., Hotel st
 - 18 Man Chung Tong, Nuanani st
 - 19 H. May & Co., Fort st
 - 19 Yen Chong, King st
 - 19 Quong Yau Lung, Beretania st
 - 20 C. K. Akana, Liliuokalani
 - 21 Cum Yee Kee, King st
 - 21 You Hop, Hotel st
 - 20 Ah Fong, Beretania st
 - 21 Dins & Goswallyes, Hotel st
 - 21 Goo Kim, cor. Fort & Hot 1sts

- RETAIL--KAUAI.**
- 16 Kaunuaui, Koloa
 - 16 Chong Wu, "
- RETAIL--HAWAII.**
- 1 C. W. Awea, Waiohoni, Kau
 - 5 Hui Kalepa o Kona Akau, Keaouhu N Kona
 - 5 Tai Long, Makapala N Kona
 - 5 Aehap & Aehime, Makapala N Kona
 - 12 Chas Williams, Kukulihoe, Hamakua
 - 14 T. H. Hamling, Kilauea, Kona
 - 14 Rev S. Lahaun & Co., Hoanookaa, N Kona
 - 12 Mow Kian, Naalehu, Kau
 - 12 Akim & Aehung, Kaloohi N Kona
 - 15 H. N. Greenwell, Kaulakou, Kona
 - 17 R. P. Kulkah, Hamakua
 - 18 Len John, N Kona
 - 18 Goo Chun, Kapaau N Kona
 - 20 J. D. Mills, Hilo
 - 21 Chung Fat Kee, Nihi N Kona
 - 25 C. Y. Aloha, Hilo
 - 26 Hui Kalepa Hawaii, Waiohoni, Kau
 - 26 Kau Taeh Mau, Kaloohi N Kona
 - 28 C. Y. Aloha, Punaohu, Hilo
 - 30 Goo Fat, Kaloohi N Kona

- RETAIL--MAUI.**
- 1 C. H. Dickey, Hamakua piko
 - 2 Kong Wo, Hana
 - 3 Aka, Kuluaha, Molokai
 - 9 Man Sing Tong, Waikulu
 - 11 Chas Spreckels, Kahului
 - 11 Akina, Waikulu
 - 11 Alfred & Smith, Makawao
 - 11 Lim Hai Kee, Kipahulu
 - 19 Kalaokohani & Keaweohi, Kamala, Molokai
 - 20 Quong Yau Hop, Hana
 - 23 Quong Yuen, Haku
 - 23 Tom Sing, Waikulu
 - 26 Tong Sen, Kaanapali

- VICTUALING.**
- 5 Ting Sing & Co., Waikulu
 - 10 Achong, N Kona
 - 12 Mow Kian, Naalehu, Kau
 - 14 Sang Hung Fa, cor. Maunakea & Hotel sts
 - 14 Ku See, Hilo
 - 16 Ah Kong, Queen street
 - 16 Shu Wito, Waimea, Kauai
 - 17 W. Foster, Beretania street
 - 23 R. P. Kulkah, Waipio, Hamakua

- SALMON.**
- 9 E. C. McCandless, Fish Market
- AUCTION.**
- 16 Geo Mardon, Koloa

- PORK BUTCHER.**
- 16 Ah Jim, Lahine, Kauai
 - 17 Akim & Akim, Kaulahua, Hilo

- BUTCHER.**
- 12 W. H. Shipman, Hilo
 - 12 Hitchcock & Co Papakou, Hilo

- RETAIL SPIRIT.**
- 7 F. B. Nordberg, cor. King and Nuanani sts

- BILLIARD.**
- 1 Gore Espinola, Lahaina
 - 1 J. T. Auld, Waikulu
 - 7 J. A. Halliday, Hanalei, Hamakua

- WEEK.**
- 25 Deakle, Honolulu

- PEDDLING.**
- 1 Chas Hutz

- WHOLESALE.**
- 1 Hyman Bro., Queen street
 - 1 T. H. Davies & Co., Kaahumanu st
 - 1 C. J. Faniel, cor. Fort and Hotel sts
 - 1 H. May Co., Fort st
 - 25 Lewis & Cook, Fort st

- CARE PEDDLING.**
- 9 Ben Yuen
 - 11 Lee Goo
 - 19 Leong Ah
 - 21 Jos Kaunue

BANKING NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED A Co-partnership under the firm name of SPRECKELS & CO, for the purpose of carrying on a general banking and exchange business at Honolulu, and such other places in the Hawaiian Kingdom as may be deemed advisable.

Witness my hand and seal, at Honolulu, this 11th day of July, 1884.

DeCervera, President of the State of Panama, has been impeached for bribery.

THE PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Tuesday, July 8, 1884.

Editorial Articles.

FROM THE DAILY P. C. A.

MORE PETITIONS.

Within the last two weeks two petitions have been presented to His Majesty. The first was circulated and signed by some members of the Opposition and their friends. No sooner was it handed in than the *Bulletin* and *Hawaiian* urged its favorable consideration. The signers asked the King to remove his Ministers. They had no confidence in the Cabinet, and they hoped that His Majesty would entertain a similar sentiment. Now when the King received this petition, to which 1569 names were attached, he naturally desired to arrive at a correct estimate of the importance of this proportion of his subjects. The petition was thoroughly analysed, with the following result: Of 1569 there were 364 foreigners, 378 Hawaiians, and 829 Chinese. Of the foreigners 35 are voters; of the Hawaiians 190 are voters; and of the Chinese none are voters. In the 1569 names, then, there are but 225 voters. The aggregate of foreigners and Hawaiians is 742, giving the Chinese names on this petition 81 majority. So we find that 827 Chinese, with not a voter among the lot, appeal to the King for a change of Ministry! Now, as we have often stated, we believe in the existence of a good, healthy opposition in any Government. But we sympathize with the respectable portion of the signers of the petition that its unwise promoters should have given them such a terribly long Chinese tail, and thus not only weakened, but actually made ridiculous the entire document. Better the 742 names, even though they represented but 225 votes, than this string of Mongolians who have no care either one way or the other for the government or the country—who never spend a dollar more than is necessary for the actual necessities of life in the country, and who, with few exceptions, carry off every dollar they earn to spend in their own land.

The second petition presented to His Majesty was an expression of confidence in the Ministry. This bore over 2000 signatures, and every name represented a vote. Under these circumstances, if we assume that this matter depended upon a majority petition, which of course it does not, but taking these documents simply as an expression of opinion, how should His Majesty regard these appeals? The activity of the Opposition's people was unquestioned, but numbers weighed too much with them, and they allowed the good names on their petition to be swamped in an ocean of Mongolians, a veritable Chinese sea. Again they sent this document to the King before the Opposition members of the Legislature brought in their anti-Ministerial resolutions, and thus virtually usurped the functions of that body. In fact the whole fight was wretchedly managed, and showed a lamentable absence of brains, and good leadership. It became too much of a one-man fight, too virulent, too vindictively personal, and thus lost that force and respect it might have otherwise enjoyed.

The reply of His Majesty to the Opposition's petition is reasonable, and dignified. He says:

mittee is to express a want of confidence in His Ministers, and was followed by a vote of the Legislative Assembly, which failed to express a want of confidence in them, as His Constitutional Advisers.

Therefore, for these and other considerations His Majesty does not deem it consistent to disregard this expression of the Legislative Assembly.

This ends the matter. Let the Legislature go to work now, and perform their duties zealously and patriotically, place the affairs of the country in a proper condition, and allow all this petty bickering to die a natural death.

AND NOW THREATS.

We certainly recommend those parties who are dictating the policy of our evening contemporaries to endeavor, no matter how faint the hope of success may seem, to keep within the bounds of decency and moderation. They were ousted in the political fight which has just been decided, but this is no excuse for their threats against the head of this Government. We refer more particularly to the *Bulletin* because it is the most virulent and unscrupulous organ of the Opposition, though the *Hawaiian* is not far behind in its implied warnings.

This pure and high-minded mouth-piece of pure and high-minded men, who would not take an office under any circumstances, declared Tuesday evening, that "things have come to the pass that continued silence would be at the expense of the public good, and we shall speak of the King hereafter in terms free from vituperation but plainly. He has placed himself in a position antagonistic to the best interests of the whole nation, and as an incumbent of such a position it is our duty, as public journalists to discuss his acts."

This is a deliberate and audacious threat. They will discuss the King! Who are they? By what authority, and under what seeming do those newspaper guerrillas make this declaration of intention? Half a dozen sore-heads, (half a dozen we believe is about the correct number) hire a little newspaper for the campaign, and then proceed, with wise importance, to constitute themselves the public judges, and to arraign His Majesty. And for what? Because he will not make himself the instrument of sore-headed malice, and chop off the official heads of a cabinet to which this mighty syndicate of Solomons is opposed. Here again crops out the blundering character of the entire Opposition. In its ranks are many intelligent, upright and conservative gentlemen, but they have permitted a few hot-headed scolds to take the reins, and beslobber the movement and themselves with vituperation and indecency.

We have declared from the start, and we declare now, that when it shall be proven that the existing cabinet has violated the Constitution of this Kingdom, we shall be the first to demand that they be held responsible for their acts. We owe no fealty to one side or the other, but we will uphold honesty and impartiality in our consideration of these questions, and we think the culminating measures of this entire business are these threats against His Majesty. The *Hawaiian* calls him "the apologist for the Ministry," and the *Bulletin* threatens to state "a well-known fact." What a rest of horrors the King has brought about his head, and why? Because he would not favorably consider a petition signed by 826 Chinese, 364 foreigners, and 378 Hawaiians for the removal of a cabinet in the face of a counter petition bearing over 2000 signatures, every one of which was entitled to vote in the conduct of this Government.

A CAUSE OF THANKSGIVING.

When we consider the habits of the population of other cities, we must come to the conclusion that Honolulu has much for which to be thankful. In the first place its singular freedom from cliques should be a great cause of gratitude. In other towns, men and women resolve themselves into organizations for the discussion of the frailties and peculiarities of their neighbors. They say unkind things about each other. They hint that Brown is hopelessly in debt or Smith is surely and steadily drinking himself to death. Not so here. There is none of that sort of gossip. No man or woman can be found within the limits of this charitable city who would, under any circumstances, speak a disparaging word of their neighbors. Smith might go on drinking himself to death, and Brown keep running bills a mile long, but no one would comment on these melancholy facts. They would not be discussed in sewing circles nor outside the church door, nor at tea. People would consider these purely private matters, and would therefore preserve a strict silence.

The influence of Christianity is very properly credited with this. True there are some honest natures which could not err on the side of malice, but it is to the church we owe this delightful condition of Christian feeling. There is nothing like the Gospel for taking the malice out of human nature. Perhaps intense devotion, combined with the climate, may induce leanness, but the bubbling wells of kindness flow on as before. The rigid Christian is always forbearing, charitable, and intensely affectionate towards his enemies. How anybody can refrain from Christian perfection in these islands, teeming with Christian example, is incomprehensible to us. And yet we have heard that some of our leading officials are not perfect Christians, but demean themselves with levity in church.

This fraternal feeling has stood an admirable test in the recent fiery campaign. Gentlemen who have attacked one another with virulence on the floor of the House, have been seen going to lunch, arm in arm, at the noon recess. Everybody loves everybody else, and has the most perfect faith in the motives and sincerity, even of his political enemy. We do not find this elsewhere. In less Christian communities political foemen pay newspaper men to say hard things, scowl when they meet on the street, never drink, smoke or walk together, and in many other ways show the mutual disgust and abhorrence. Here they are all brotherly, all loving, all kind, and never insert sharp things about each other in the newspapers. There is no such thing as scandal known in this community. We believe that if any prominent citizen were to go reeling drunk through the streets, or beat his wife on the sidewalk, nobody would mention it. All would keep mum, simply because they were Christians, and adhered to the Golden Rule. How this city escaped the clique business it is difficult to say. The early missionaries, those devoted men who consigned themselves to lives of voluntary poverty for their faith's sake, and who never allowed commerce to get tangled up with the Gospel, are the pious sowers of this worthy seed, the fruitful harvest of which we reap to-day.

There appears to be a rapidly growing movement in New York Democratic circles to have Charles A. Dana of the *Sun* for the Presidential nomination. While it is certain that he would prove immeasurably stronger than Cleveland or Flower, or in fact any other New