

## The New Orleans Crescent

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.  
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The Crescent is published every Saturday.  
Subscription \$5, invariably in advance.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1892.

## AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.  
Benefit of Miss Jean's Regatta, "White Fawn," and "Symphony of the Orchestra." 8 p. m.ST. CHARLES THEATRE.  
Benefit of Mrs. S. S. S. "The King's Daughter," and "The Harem." 8 p. m.VARIETIES THEATRE.  
Benefit of Miss Jean's Regatta, "The King's Daughter," and "The Harem." 8 p. m.CRESCENT CITY MUSEUM AND THEATRE.  
Open from 2 p. m. to 10 p. m.103 ST. CHARLES STREET.  
Wax Figures.

On Inside Pages—Second Page: Resolutions of the Kentucky Legislature in regard to the Death of Gen. Rousseau, City Topics, Local Intelligence, Editorial Paragraphs, The Interference Case, Don Platt Speaks a Good Word for the Old Fog-Bank, Anecdotes of Carlyle and Byron, A Good Character for Napoleon, Third Page: A New Member of Congress Much Perplexed by Office Seekers, Goes to Don Platt for Relief, Oscar J. Dunn, His Reception in Louisville, General Items, Brutality on Engraving Ships, Sixth Page: Official Proceedings of the Board of Aldermen, Seventh Page: Real Estate Market, Financial, Commercial and River Reports.

Buy your cigars at the premium manufactory of Geo. A. Allen, 185 Rampart street, below Canal, New Orleans. Address lock box 249, postoffice.

We call attention to the military orders published elsewhere, embodying the relinquishment of command by Gen. Buchanan, and its assumption by Gen. Mower.

Summer solemnly declared, the other day, that Congress ought not to adjourn without doing something for Mississippi, Virginia and Texas, and settling the Georgia case, to which Senator Anthony was so heretical as to respond that Georgia could take care of herself, and that as to the other States they did not seem to want to come in, and so might just as well stay out. This view seems likewise to have been taken by Senator Howe; but Senator Robinson wanted something done for the "troubled" men of the South. Some of these unhappy persons are still in a state of mendicant vagrancy; some among them have not got to be governors and auditors and legislators, or even sheriffs and tax collectors, so that as yet their "lolly" hasn't paid. Of course it is the duty of Congress to come to the assistance of these deserving creatures and put them all in the way of turning the honest penny, which is the reward of "lolly." If nothing else can be done, why not make an appropriation for them out of the public treasury. It is a burning shame that their industry in voting the Radical ticket should be brought to naught by the contumacy of unrepentant "rebels."

For about three years the Radicals carried on a fierce war against the Constitution of the United States as represented in the presidency by Andrew Johnson. Now they begin to show signs of dissatisfaction at the tenacity with which the ex-President maintains his own physical constitution. The New York Tribune and other Radical journals are evidently vexed at the contradiction of the report that he had suddenly died in his East Tennessee home of apoplexy, paralysis or some other fatal stroke. Such is the force of mental habit that they are naturally impatient of anything like innate constitutional integrity, toughness and recuperative power in an individual. Well, there is but one remedy for the matter that we can see in the scope of Radical politics. That is to destroy the constitutions of all people who are politically obnoxious, in other words, exterminate these people, and with respect to everybody else, to substitute the provisions of an act of Congress for the organs which are provided by nature. Then all would be perfect and harmonious, loyal and lovely. Really, we can't see how, as long as Radical legislation is ascendant, the peace which was promised as the sequence to Grant's election, is possible of realization by any other method.

A Radical (administration) paper published somewhere in the North, laments A. T. Stewart's exclusion from Grant's cabinet on the ground that the president's wife is excessively fond of Mrs. Stewart's company, and that she is very much disappointed because the great dry goods mogul and his better half will not, as they intended, take up their residence in Washington. The idea that any member of the Radical persuasion should have refused to gratify Mrs. Grant's wishes is this particular, seems revolting to the mind of that "trooly lolly" today. To snub Grant was bad enough, he thinks, but to disregard Mrs. Grant's often expressed wishes in the matter is something little short of diabolical.

The contest between our various officials of the judiciary and executive departments is becoming highly interesting. What, between charges and counter charges, arrests and counter arrests, we may soon behold the unusual sight of the entire government in limbo. If every prominent individual connected with the administration of affairs here should be locked up in the Parish Prison, we hope our people will endure the catastrophe with Christian fortitude.

The Senate Pacific railway committee has agreed to make Ogden, in the region of Salt Lake, the point of junction between the "Union Pacific" and the "Central Pacific" railways. The only effect of this action will be to obviate some possible controversy on the subject between the two companies. The Union Pacific is already completed to a distance of twenty-five miles beyond Ogden.

We were yesterday gratified by a visit from Col. Gauding of the Arkadelphia (Ark.) Southern Standard, a flourishing journal, published in a flourishing part of our sister State. Col. Gauding will remain in the city for a week to come and will attend to any business connected with his journal entrusted to him by our merchants. He may be found at the City Hotel.

## MR. DUNN'S EXPERIMENT.

Mr. Oscar J. Dunn, who acquired, about a year ago, by the grace of fraud and the potency of the bayonet, the notorious title of lieutenant governor of Louisiana, cannot shake his Angola looks at New Orleans or Louisiana and say that they did it, or that they are in any way culpably complicated with it. We refer to the distinguished but not complimentary manner in which he was received when he made his transit through Louisville in the course of a tour undertaken, it is supposed, for the purpose of ascertaining, by the test of personal experience, the opinions and feelings of the people in the West and the East on the question of social equality regardless of race or color. Having tried the experiment on the inside of an omnibus, public opinion soon disclosed the result in the shape of his summary extrusion. Then he addressed the same practical inquiry to the promiscuous "white trash" of a railroad ferryboat, and he obtained in short order an answer of a precisely identical purport, namely: that on at least one of the highways in the West the white traveling public insist on drawing an impassable line of social separation between people of his race and color and themselves. And, depend upon it, the sentiment prevailing on this thoroughfare is not exceptional. It exists in all parts of the West, and in all parts of the East, as a general fact which is only projected into bolder relief by a few exceptions, more simulated for the most part than real. Indeed, Mr. Dunn will find, before he finishes his tour, that in the South the manifestations of the instinct of caste with respect to the negro are mild, gentle, and gracious, compared to what they are in the North. The scant consideration with which he may meet there will be due to the strained courtesy of a few politicians, or to the morbid sympathy of a few fanatics. It will be accorded because he wears the title of the second officer of a Southern State, and in this way symbolizes the political abasement of the Southern white man and the political apotheosis of the Southern negro. But in the South, it is in spite of this fact, which is precisely calculated to embitter the white population, that as a general thing they are habitually courteous in their demeanor, and kind and considerate in their acts, towards the negro. The contrast is replete with profitable instruction, and Mr. Dunn and his colored partisans cannot ponder too deeply if they hope either to understand it or to solve the social problem which now perplexes them.

Nor should this titular dignity imagine that Louisiana is dishonored by the social snubbing inflicted upon him in his peregrinations abroad. The genuine voice of the State has never made him its representative. He represents a system which is founded upon a lying assumption—a system which aims to establish a political domination in a self evident and revolting anachronism—a system for which nobody is responsible outside of the unscrupulous faction which has devised it and the weak or [the wicked] tools who have accepted the detestable and mischievous mission of putting it in practice. These are the people who are responsible for the absurd and unseemly spectacle of a self-dubbed lieutenant governor who cannot travel in any part of the country and claim social equality, upon his personal merits only, without subjecting himself to humiliating rebuffs that are as remediless as they are gross. Laying aside the question of abstract right and fitness, it is clear that their system is condemned by the imperious facts of the situation; and under this condemnation, it is bound to result in vexation, trouble and confusion. Neither statesmanship nor intelligent patriotism would ever ignore such facts either for the sake of illustrating an uncongenial and impracticable abstraction, or for the sake of maintaining in bad ascendancy a corrupt, tyrannical and desperate faction.

The country will not soon forget the ferocious war waged by the Radical papers and politicians upon the "my policy" of President Johnson. It was shrewd in Grant, as the low game of politics goes, when he saw Johnson and his policy both go under, to declare with the stress of many repetitions that if president, he "would have 'no policy of his own opposed to the people'—meaning, in 'trooly lolly' interpretation, no policy of his own opposed to the policy of the Radical party. Well, at least in one case, he has, according to all accounts, broken this promise in both its senses, and a leading organ of his own party plainly tells him so. We refer to the postmaster's office at Cincinnati, touching which the Cincinnati Gazette says: "The appointment of Thomas H. Foulke as postmaster for this city was yesterday ordered. General Grant made up his mind some time ago to give the office to Mr. Foulke, and adhered to his purpose against the almost unanimous protest of our citizens, who desired the retention of Mr. Thomas because he had proved himself a model officer. It is to be regretted that the president had, in this case, a policy of his own opposed to the policy of the people." It appears that the people and press of Cincinnati, without distinction of party, indorse the fidelity and efficiency of the present postmaster for that city, and earnestly desired his continuance, and there was no popular demand for his removal in any other part of the country. This is but a straw, perhaps; but it is a straw that shows more significance than consistency in the direction of the executive mind.

Fenton is now accused of taking a bribe of \$20,000 from the Erie Railroad, when governor of New York. There is little doubt that he took it; but then he did not become indignant at his associates and turn an inconvenient State auditor incontinently out of his office. Fenton never graduated as a carpet-bagger or he would not mind such accusations as this of accepting a trifling present of \$20,000 from a railroad company.

Since the Warmoth-Wickliffe imbroglio, gambling houses are springing up in our midst like mushrooms in damp weather. We suppose the \$5000 license fees will be forthcoming whenever this new killynny act is decided. Judging from present appearances, whilst there can be no doubt that New Orleans will shortly have more gambling casinos than all the other cities of the world combined, the prospect of their adding much to the public exchequer may be considered extremely netlions.

B. W. Campbell, appointed United States marshal for the Northern District of Illinois, is only distantly related to General Grant, but he was a liberal subscriber to the Galena gift mansion.

James Harper, who recently died in New York of injuries inflicted by being thrown from a buggy, was a man of note. His principal distinction was gained as head of the famous publishing house of Harper & Brothers, but he had taken part in public affairs, and had been mayor of New York, having been elected to that office in 1844 by the combined Whig and Native American parties. He was born in 1795 at Newtown, Long Island, and had thus obtained the ripe age of 74 years. He commenced life as a journeyman printer, but soon, in conjunction with his brothers, he started that establishment which afterwards became the celebrated printing house which still bears his name, and which is known throughout the world for its enterprise and wealth. Before the war the Harpers affected sympathy with the South and opposition to abolitionism, but for the last nine years, they have manifested a bitter spirit which, probably, is more the result of sordid calculation, than of real antipathy. Their weekly journal is one of the most intensely radical publications of the country, but their monthly has been kept comparatively free from this influence. Three brothers, John, Wesley and Fletcher, are still living.

The House committee on elections has reported in favor of seating Sheldon, the person who, on the strength of two or three thousand negro votes, pretends to represent about fifteen thousand white voters of the second congressional district of this State. This, however, does not settle the case—it merely makes Mr. Hunt the contestant. Nevertheless it is very probable that Sheldon will finally get the seat, on the ground that if he was not elected, he ought to have been.

The latest news from Spain is to the effect that the Cortes have modified the Constitution as reported, by making the king reign for life, and deciding that the crown shall descend to his son.

Gibbs, who is spoken of as consul general at Paris, is a friend of Washburne, who is the particular friend, discoverer and inventor of the President. But, agreeable as Gibbs may be to General Grant and Minister Washburne, it seems that he is particularly disagreeable to the Parisians. Here is the manner in which he is spoken of by a French newspaper:

Gibbs is the man who for many years has acted in France the role of *mouchard*, in the interests of the United States customs; and who, in the exercise of this infamous profession, has found means to make it disgraceful in the extreme. He is the same individual who, by using the vilest deception, by practising the most odious abuse of confidence, by concealing himself under all sorts of disguises and false names, has played the part of investigator, and has suggested violations of law, whereby many French merchants have been led into utter ruin.

This is the manner in which General Grant displays that extraordinary knowledge of character which was to serve him and the country in the place of education and experience.

Our young friend Ous Harris, of the firm of Harris & Co., dealers in porter, ale, cider, etc., at 30 Fulton street, had his health and the prosperity of his firm drank by the Crescent staff last evening in sundry fagons of "bituh bash." That beer was good, though we already knew it from former experience, and as the creamy nectar was quaffed, there mingled with our bitter beer no bitter regrets.

PERSONAL.—Among the late arrivals in the city are Capt. John V. Lawless, Col. A. E. Donovan, and Capt. W. H. McCarty, of Galveston, Texas. Capt. Lawless is the well-known pioneer captain of the Mor an line, and is stopping at the City Hotel. Col. Donovan and Capt. McCarty are stopping at the St. James.

## Homeward.

It is the time when birds are calling  
Each to his mate, his sweet-heart mate,  
When birds are sweet with blossoms falling,  
And spring is waking warm and late;  
And care is grown a heavy thralling,  
That keeps me from my fair estate.

For in the old familiar places  
Doth Nature list, for me doth list,  
And in the wood's untrodden spaces,  
Are pathways where my feet are missed,  
And little starry flower faces  
That watch for me to keep a tryst.

Sweet valleys that the sky stoops over,  
So tenderly, so tenderly,  
And hill-sides where the whitening clover  
Alights to tempt the roving bee,  
My heart is still your faithful lover,  
Remembering charms none else will see.

The robin is my younger brother;  
Blackbird and jay, sparrow and wren,  
Each year to greet the dear old mother  
Come all the children home again;  
She calls to me, "I miss no other,  
Ah, why so long in hanna of men?"

She knows my heart could never wrong her,  
She calls to me, she draws me so;  
I feel the old spell growing stronger,  
Aside the heavy weight I throw.  
I cannot hide in earth's sequester,  
Home to the meadows let me go!

—[Carl Spencer, in Harper's Magazine.]

The sale of the law and miscellaneous library of Edward Briggs, Esq., at No. 11 Commercial Alley, by Montgomery Bros. & Co., is continued to this evening at 7 o'clock. A large attendance should be present as the works are very valuable.

## Mosquito Nettings.

We are offering these goods, in all qualities, at LOWER PRICES than at any period since the war. Also a complete stock of other HOUSEKEEPING GOODS EQUALLY AS LOW.

J. A. BRANDEMAN & CO.,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CASH DEALERS  
—  
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC  
DRY GOODS,  
586 and 588—MAZARINE STREET—586 and 588  
Corner St. Andrew.

## Madame Caprell.

127 CUSTOMHOUSE STREET.  
The world-renowned CLAIRVOYANT and SPIRITUAL PHYSICIAN, has the gift of locating the exact spot of the heart, and the power of effecting a cure. All cases treated at a moderate price. For further particulars, apply to the PAST, PRESENT and FUTURE with faithful fidelity. The afflicted, the curious and captivated, and particularly LADIES IN DISTRESS and needing advice, are invited to call on

MADAME CAPELL,  
127 Customhouse street.

## The Polka.

No. 66 ST. CHARLES STREET.  
The first Licensed Sporting House in the city for all Banking Games.  
The very best of LIQUORS at the bar, and a fine Band of Music always playing.  
A special officer always in attendance to preserve order.

## The Best Pianos.

CHICKERING, ARE MADE BY  
KNAKE, FLEYER,  
BRAND, and  
FETTER, WISE & CO.  
Full assortment just received and for sale at Factory prices by  
A. E. BLACKMAN,  
164 Canal street, Opposite Christ Church.

## Correspondence.

NEW ORLEANS, March 31, 1892.  
Dear Sir:—As one of the gentlemen delegated by the ladies in charge of the St. Vincent Infant Orphan Asylum to receive contributions in support of this institution, we herewith inclose the sum of the hundred dollars (\$100), which we hope will, to some extent, aid in mitigating the sufferings of the infant inmates in charge of the benevolent ladies who have the honor to preside over the institution.

Transmitting to them the enclosed amount, convey our warmest wishes for the success of their benevolent undertaking, and fully assure them that the ladies they have deemed to be the proper authorities in charge of the St. Vincent Infant Orphan Asylum, are daily appreciated.

Very respectfully,  
JOSEPH ELLISON,  
Of Committee to Receive Contributions.

## Six of those Linen Bosom

SHIRTS, with Three-Ply Collars, in box.....for \$3.  
SIX Fine Linen Bosom SHIRTS, in box.....for \$3.  
SIX Small Plaid SHIRTS, in box.....for \$3.  
SIX Linen Bosom SHIRTS, in box.....for \$3.  
SIX Extra Large SHIRTS, in box.....for \$3.

LOOK AT THEM IN THE WINDOW,  
—AT THE—  
Corner of St. Charles and Canal Streets.  
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS  
EQUALLY CHEAP.

M. R.—No House in the city can Underbid us.  
LEIGHTON & HAYMAN.

## Notice to Exhibitors

—OF THE—  
THIRD GRAND FAIR.

The Superintendents of the different Departments will be on the GROUNDS each day, from the  
1st of April till the Opening of the Fair,  
For the purpose of assigning space to Exhibitors.

EXHIBITORS are requested to make their entries at once and secure space.

L. HOMES,  
Secretary.

## The New El Dorado.

59.....St. Charles Street.....59

The First Licensed House open under the New Law.

ALL BANKING GAMES PLAYED.

Minors and Intoxicated Persons not allowed to Play.  
These opened to Gambling are invited to call and examine  
THE NEW EL DORADO,  
59 St. Charles street.

## Carolina Pens.

FOR SALE BY EMILE DUPRE,  
Elee Merchant, No. 24 Peters Street,  
Corner of Customhouse, New Orleans.

Just received, and for sale in lots to suit purchasers, a large and select assortment of Fresh and Genuine COWPEAS,  
FOR SALE LOW.

## Carpet Warehouse.

19.....CHARTRES STREET.....19  
A. BROUSSEAU & CO., Importers, offer at low prices,  
CARPETING—English and American, all kinds; Floor,  
Furniture and Kneal OIL CLOTH; MATTING—20 roll  
China; 100 pieces; WINDOW SHADES; Table and  
Piano Covers; Crumb Cloths—Drugs, Lins and Pail; Car-  
peting—Linen and Cotton, striped; Cornices, Bands, Pins, etc.

## Millinery Goods.

F. TUJAGUE,  
14 Chartres Street, (Up Stairs)

Has just opened a large stock of the newest Spring Styles in  
Millinery and Straw Goods, which he sells at the lowest  
wholesale price. Country Milliners and merchants are invited  
to call and examine.

## Booths to Rent.

MECHANICS' and AGRICULTURAL FAIR ASSOCIATION OF  
Office at Mechanics' Institute.

Parties wishing to rent Booths on the Fair grounds for the  
coming State Fair, will make application at the Office of the  
Association, where a plan, listing and Booths, is now open  
for inspection.

## LUTHER HOMES.

Secretary.

## To Travelers

—IN THE—  
WESTERN AND SOUTHERN STATES.

As a means of neutralizing the deleterious proportions of  
unwholesome water, the

It is absolutely invaluable to the traveler, and residents of the  
Southern and Western States.

It will instantly prevent the dysenteric and laxative dis-  
orders which attack strangers who use the waters of the Mis-  
sissippi, the Ohio, the Alabama, and other Western and Southern  
rivers. It moderates one will prevent Ague and Fever;  
it stimulates, in a moderate degree, the Digestive Organs,  
and enables the stomach to resist the otherwise disturbing  
influences of the varieties of water which travelers encounter  
on a journey.

For to this all, By the exposure in the World's newspaper,  
published in New York, who had various liquors analyzed  
which these Charters, J. S. Watson, A. Fortier, H. Von Phals,  
M. A. Fente, C. A. Slocomb, C. H. Kaka, J. M. Oglethorpe,  
G. A. Brown, S. Smith, F. Henderson, E. A. Austin,  
F. W. Tilton, Henry Pynchard, General Wilcox, George Jones,  
Wm. Ager, John Stannett, B. F. Simmes, T. G. Gilmore,  
Stephen Chalmers, C. Chalmers, T. H. Holmes, A. B. James,  
Paul Fouché, Thos. Holmes, E. B. Johnson, E. B. Wheelock,  
Lafayette Folger, E. Conery, John T. Moore, J. M. Conway,  
John A. Feet, John R. Moore, David Wallace, R. B. Morse,  
David McLeod, R. B. Morse, Joseph Rice.

Manufactured and Imported by  
UDOLPHO WOLFE,

No. 23 Beaver Street, New York.

Is absolutely invaluable to the traveler, and residents of the  
Southern and Western States.

It will instantly prevent the dysenteric and laxative dis-  
orders which attack strangers who use the waters of the Mis-  
sissippi, the Ohio, the Alabama, and other Western and Southern  
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it stimulates, in a moderate degree, the Digestive Organs,  
and enables the stomach to resist the otherwise disturbing  
influences of the varieties of water which travelers encounter  
on a journey.

## To thee is the poor man left.

Then will be a helper to the orphan."

## ST. VINCENT'S INFANT ORPHAN

ASYLUM,  
—AT THE—  
UNDER THE SUPERVISION

—OF THE—  
LADIES OF THIS CITY.

Ladies' Executive Committee.  
Mrs. L. E. FORSTALL, President.  
Mrs. J. H. STAFFER, Vice President.  
Mrs. T. L. BAYNE, Secretary.  
Mrs. A. BROUSSEAU.  
Mrs. W. Q. ROBINSON.

Committee on Bazaar.  
Mrs. M. R. BRADY, Mrs. GRIMA,  
Mrs. TURNER.

Committee on Refreshments.  
Mrs. STAFFER, Mrs. BROUSSEAU,  
Mrs. MORGAN, Mrs. THIGG.

Fiscal Committee.  
Mrs. DALASSUS, Mrs. LAWRENCE,  
Mrs. BLANC.

Assisted by the following Gentlemen as Aids:  
To Executive Committee.  
Gen. G. T. Beauregard, John Ellison,  
W. C. Nichols, Michel Mason,  
Chas. Macready.

To Committee on Bazaar.  
L. E. Forstall, T. L. Bayne,  
A. Brouseau, J. S. Watson,  
R. L. Milken, C. E. Gilmore,  
W. S. Pike, M. R. Brady,  
C. E. Leverich, W. C. Claiborne.

To Fiscal Committee.  
Adam Gifford, Henry Lawrence,  
John Rickard, M. K. Karpis.

To Committee on Refreshments.  
Thomas Simms, W. P. Ellison,  
T. L. Mason, John Claiborne.

Committee on Entertainment.  
Edmond Delande, W. M. Owen,  
J. D. Evans.

Sub-Committee on Entertainment.  
G. H. Behan, E. A. White,  
F. N. Wharton, Louis Tricot,  
Alfred Grimes, T. A. Smith,  
Gustave Pittet, E. K. Barnett,  
W. Von Phals, Edward Chapman,  
Geo. Day, G. T. Beauregard,  
Al. Bianc, John Desgras,  
Germah Vincent, P. Laboulrie,  
H. Remshaw, Jr., Henry Hall,  
Frank King, Edward O'Brien,  
W. Spence, Edgar Roth,  
John Kallande, A. Pavy,  
M. H. Hudson, E. Koch,  
F. N. Ogden, Fortune Arvego,  
J. S. Lewis, F. Vigile,  
W. F. Kelly, Andre Barthe,  
Paul Robelet.

Committee on Ballots.  
M. O. H. Norton, W. H. Crafts,  
Richard Taylor, J. M. Witherspoon,  
C. Pothoff, John H. Gifford,  
J. P. Smith, W. Weisner,  
J. S. Lewis.

Committee of Reception.  
T. J. Semmes, J. H. Stauffer,  
D. W. Strickland, Thos. Layton,  
Charles Cavare, J. S. Watson,  
W. G. Robinson, A. Fortier,  
O. deFeret, C. A. Slocomb,  
M. A. Fente, Carl Kaka,  
G. A. Brown, S. Smith,  
E. A. Austin, F. Henderson,  
F. W. Tilton, Henry Pynchard,  
Wm. Ager, General Wilcox,  
John Stannett, B. F. Simmes,  
Stephen Chalmers, C. Chalmers,  
Paul Fouché, Thos. Holmes,  
Lafayette Folger, E. Conery,  
John T. Moore, J. M. Conway,  
John A. Feet, John R. Moore,  
David Wallace, R. B. Morse,  
David McLeod, R. B. Morse, Joseph Rice.

COMMENCING ON  
MONDAY, MARCH 29th,  
AND CONTINUING UNTIL  
SATURDAY, APRIL 3D,

—AT THE—  
BLAFFER BUILDING,  
Nos. 201 and 203 Canal Street.

—IN ADDITION TO  
A GRAND BAZAAR  
OF VARIOUS ARTICLES AND REFRESHMENTS ON  
SALE.

—THERE WILL BE—  
EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK  
CONCERTS AND OTHER ENTERTAINMENTS,  
GIVEN WITH THE KINDLY VOLUNTEER AID OF  
HEER RIPP, the Celebrated Pianist.  
Mons. VON COLLAN, the Accomplished Violoncellist.

—WITH AN—  
Amateur Concert of Ladies and Gentlemen,  
Under the Direction of Mr. PREYON.

CLOSING WITH A GRAND CONCERT,  
—OF THE—  
SUNDAY, APRIL 4th, AT NOON,

To be given by the entire volunteer aid of Signor CALABRESI  
and others of the French Opera Troupe.

JADRETT'S BAND IS ENGAGED.

## Louisiana State Fair.

THE MECHANICS' and AGRICULTURAL  
FAIR ASSOCIATION  
OF LOUISIANA

Will give their THIRD GRAND FAIR on a FAIR  
GROUNDS, City of New Orleans, commencing  
Tuesday, April 6th.

AND TO CONTINUE EIGHT DAYS.

Exhibitors, of whatever kind, from any portion of the  
United States, are requested to make their entries at once at the  
Office of the Association, at Mechanics' Institute, where  
showing books are now open for that purpose.

The Catalogue of Premiums issued by the Association contains  
the Rules and Regulations governing the Fair, and the names of  
Railroads, Steamships and Steamboats that have  
magisterially offered to convey Exhibitors and their wares  
to and from the Fair at half the usual rates.

FIRST DAY—TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1892.  
Opening Ceremonies to commence at 12 o'clock with a  
National Salute.  
Prayer by Rev. B. M. Palmer.  
Orator by Hon. Alexander Walker.

All the Departments, containing machinery, mechanical  
implements, useful and ornamental articles, as well as work  
of art, will be open to the inspection of visitors daily, from  
the opening to the closing of the Fair.  
Exhibition in the Arena every day from 12 to 2 o'clock.  
Trials of Speed on the Main Track will commence at 3 1/2  
o'clock.

Running Race—Premium \$750.  
To the first Horse.....\$200  
To the second Horse.....100  
No entrance fee. Best 2 in 5 to be run according to the  
rules of the Metairie Jockey Club; three to start.  
Premiums will be offered for Velocipede Racing.