

Bullene, Moore, Ferneyhough,
Kansas City.

Millinery Reception.

Dress Goods and Silks have been talked about before this. Suits, Jackets, Laces and Neckwear have come in for their share of notice.

Now we ask that you put your thoughts on Millinery and come if possible to the Grand Millinery Opening. Thursday, March 15.

This exhibit will mark the highest point yet reached by us in millinery display, and will fitly complete the series of exhibitions made in our store this season.

Our place in this particular branch is unique, and in fact, our exhibition of Spring Millinery not only surpasses all our previous efforts but is far beyond anything of the kind ever before attempted in America.

You know America commands Paris—Paris the center of fashion—Paris the dictator of styles.

From Paris, Caroline Reboux, Eugenie Linn-Faulkner, Mme. Virot, Paul Virot and Berthe, Esther Meyer, Camille Roger and Heitz-Boyer are all represented, but our own work-rooms are a Parisian echo.

Deft fingers are quite as dexterous in Kansas City as in the Place Vendome, and our own productions would win plaudits in Paris.

Therefore the Millinery Parlors on Grand avenue floor will be one of the most attractive spots in the Big Store on Thursday, as also the Novelty Dress Goods exhibit in the Dressmaking Parlors on the 3rd floor, and that unmatched display in the Suit and Jacket rooms hard by the Novelty Display.

When tired of all these go to the regular Silk and Dress Goods' Stock where you can further feast your eyes on the beautiful productions there.

No matter whether you want to buy or not you will be welcome all the same.

Before we conclude this we wish to mention the fact that to the left of the Dress Goods, on same floor, just across the aisle, can be found the newest in Laces, Neckwear, etc.

Get on the train and come to Kansas City and be present at this Grand March Reception of Merchandise.

Bullene, Moore, Ferneyhough,
Kansas City.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday MAR. 14
Evening,

The World's Greatest Violinist,

Edouard Remenyi

Only deaf men can sit in front of Remenyi and not be moved by his marvelous talent.

Wall Paper

Largest Stock
and Greatest Variety.

PAINTS,
OIL AND
GLASS.

Prices as low as the
lowest.

First-class Paper Hangers
employed.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

J. L. VAN HOUTEN
720 Kas. Ave.

Neck band put on by the Peerless.

COLLECTING STRAWS

Calculating the Vote on the Tariff Bill.

Has Been a Common Pastime in Washington.

THE INSUPERABLE "IF"

Enters Largely Into All of the Estimates.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—[Special.]—Polling the senate is now a regularly established industry in Washington, thanks to the Wilson bill. No matter what else it may do or may have done, it has made the polling industry lively and the room of the senate finance committee the storm center of the capitol. While every man has his own polling list, the general mass may be reduced to three, with slight variations, and is in reality no more than that in each of the three Populist delegations as they are called during the session. A number of Democrats, as Representatives, insist that Stewart on tariff, 30 Populists and 3 vacancies in the senate, it is plain that by transferring one or more of the Populists this way and that a pleasing variety of combinations can be made.

If the income tax is left in, it is considered certain that two or more Democrats will vote against it. If it is left out, it is beyond question that all the Populists will vote against it. If the sugar tax is left in, it is clear that one Democrat will vote against the bill. It will suffice to defeat it in a full Senate. But if all three should vote for it, then the Democrats would be required to beat it. So far the calculation is mathematical and exact.

The Populist Strength.

In this condition there is naturally a very active effort to entangle the minds of the three recognized Populists. It was at first given out as coming from Senator Allen, and it is with very great probability that all the Populists would vote against the bill if the sugar tax was left to it or the income tax stricken out. As this project is intended to insure the defeat of the bill, if nobody is yet able to figure a smaller loss than two Democrats in either outcome, there was naturally a good deal of buzzing among the Populists of the house, and in no long time Mr. Allen virtually repudiated the statement.

The Populists of the house are one mind in regard to the duty of their colleagues in the senate and call upon them that sugar or anything else will induce them except the income tax. With that out they say: "All our men in the senate will vote against the bill." With that in they will all vote for it. In fact, they cannot afford to go for it. They simply cannot afford to go against it. It was a great triumph for whom it was put into the bill here and passed the house by such a unanimous majority. We told the Democrats that we could not vote to make a greater mistake than it was in. It is the best thing that has been done so far, and our senators would not dare to vote against it. They would be called to account very seriously if they should. But it does not seem likely that, with the income tax in, the three Populist senators will not may they in the debate, be bound to vote for the bill, no matter what else is in it or out of it.

Certain Contingencies.

Another set of calculations—and it is worth noting that they are of the anti-Populist class, those who ought to be called old-line radical Democrats—insist that this is the time to draw the line out and for all to cast lots from every Populist heresy and plant the Democracy on unassailable grounds. They declare with enthusiasm that if the income tax is left out and the bill supported in the senate in the shape recommended finally by the Democrats of the finance committee they can secure every Democratic vote in its favor and beat both Republicans and Populists by a hand's breadth.

A third class of calculators accept the first reported statement of Senator Allen as showing blair's intent to vote against the bill unless the sugar tax is maintained. They calculate, however, on getting the other two Populists, in which case they could afford to see these Democrats, whereas they declare they are absolutely certain of not losing more than two. It is also worth noting that each successive calculation places the passage of the bill at a later date, and the change providing that it shall not go into effect until the 1st of July is taken as conclusive proof that it cannot, in any event, become a law before the 1st of June.

Can the Senate pass an entirely new tariff bill? "Theoretically, yes," says Senator Gibson, "but practically, no. It is too late to raise the question. As a matter of fact, nearly all tariff bills have really been framed in the Senate. That makes doing little more than furnish the bones. Estimate the history of previous tariffs, and you will find it so, and the power has been exercised from the very start, even by men who have never been in Congress, to add to the provisions of the measure, as they see fit. Assuming that it is theoretically unconstitutional, nevertheless, they will not attempt to come in any event until it has passed the house, and when the house in which the measure originated accepts the amendment of the senator it carries the day."

This is not the exact language of Senator Gibson, but is condensed from his logical reasoning on the subject. The right of amendment being once granted, say other senators, it is not practicable to determine the extent of its exercise, and as a matter of fact the courts would not enter into inquiry after the house had voted to concur.

The Bland Bill.

When Mr. Bland brought in his bill to coin the seigniorage, the supporting Democrats declared with an emphasis approaching the profane that if the bill passed the house it would run into the Wilson bill in the senate and produce a complication likely to defeat the latter. The first half of their prophecy has certainly been fulfilled, and, as they say, "the pugn of our measure has run into the stern of the other, and there you are." The willingness of some antislavery men in the senate to have the Bland bill brought forward is held to indicate that they think the Wilson bill will pass unless they can get it hopelessly complicated with the silver bill.

The predictions also of those who dread the Bland bill on account of its tendency to a division on sectional lines is fully justified. The division is not on an east and west nor yet on a north and south line, but on an irregular line drawn from Virginia let us say, straight northwest to British

America, and although there are exceptions on both sides they are of such a nature that we may say, with little modification, that on the southwest side of that line the people are for more silver and on the northeast side for less, or certainly not for any more.

WHY THESE BOMBS?

No Explanation of John Ketley's Presence With Them to Washington.

NEW YORK, March 13.—John Kelly, who was arrested early Monday morning, having in his possession a number of dynamite cartridges, was arraigned before Justice Simmons in the Harlem court today and remanded until Thursday to allow the police time to make further investigations. The prisoner presented a very dejected appearance and looks anything but a fierce anarchist.

Kelly says that he was hired by a man at the Grand street ferry to carry the bundle to the neighborhood in which he was arrested. His companion, he asserts, was also hired at the same time, and he declares that both this companion and the man who hired them are strangers to him.

After looking at the bombs, an expert declared that they were fully charged and that there was sufficient dynamite in them to blow up a block of houses. He said that the fuse had been arranged so that when they were ignited it would take them six minutes to have reached the dynamite. It was said that each of the paper cartridges contained enough dynamite to blow down an ordinary house.

On making the discovery Inspector Condie ordered the dynamite taken out of the car and to an excavation in a vacant lot on the opposite side of the street and set the expert to work to draw the charges from the bombs. The police are of the opinion that a plot is on foot to blow up somebody or something in Harlem.

There is no more fashionable section up-town than the one where the man was captured. There are rows of tall apartment houses, occupied by wealthy citizens, and in the immediate vicinity millions of dollars are invested in buildings.

DON'T WANT NUN TEACHERS

An Association Asked Restraining Them From Teaching in Public Schools.

PITTSBURGH, March 13.—W. T. Skinner, state counsel of the junior order of American Mechanics, and five others, members of the order, appeared before Judge McClung in the county courts today, and made application for an injunction restraining the Riverside public school board from employing members of religious orders wearing the garb of their profession or their establishment.

Sergeant Thackeray, chairman of the commission of citizens, was held here last night to consider the nuisance ordinance passed by the city council last week. By misrepresentation the proposed ordinance had come to be considered as a measure that would prohibit the sale of liquor in the city.

Mayor Simmons was very earnest in his request that the citizens make every effort to abolish the nuisance.

SNAPPED A GUN AT THE BABY.

Remarkable Story Told by a Man at Chilton, Kans.

CLIFTON, Kans., March 13.—The Clifton News publishes the following:

Monday morning the exciting news quieted us around town that Mrs. John Corn was shot Sunday night and the bullet from her husband's revolver had entered the left breast just above the heart. Too much is being said about the shooting and as best I can make it appear, we will publish Mr. Corn's description of it. He says he was cleaning his revolver about noon the day before yesterday and did not know there was a loaded cartridge in one of the chambers. His wife was seated just opposite him on the other side of the table, holding the baby. He said he pointed the revolver at the baby and to him it snapped the hammer a few times when to his astonishment it was discharged, the ball just passing over the baby's head and entering his wife's breast. The ball struck a rib and took an upward turn and lodged near the surface at the shoulder. Mr. Corn took his knife and cut the ball out before Dr. Tyler arrived. We understand the wound is not serious and Mrs. Corn will recover. They are young people and have been married about three years.

SECOND DISTRICT REPUBLICANS.

Congressional Committee Will Meet at Kansas City, Kansas.

LAWRENCE, March 13.—The Republican congressional committee for the second Kansas district has been called to meet at Kansas City, Kans., on Friday, March 16. Arrangements will soon be made for the congressional convention and the date for that and the primaries fixed.

Following are the members of the committee: R. B. Stevenson, Allen county; Frank Brown, Anderson; U. B. Pease, Bourbon; E. F. Caldwell, Douglas; D. M. Clark, Franklin; T. N. Hancock, Johnson; R. T. Thorpe, Lincoln; Cyrus Shaw, Miami; W. W. Haskell, Wyandotte.

CATTLE PURGING IN.

Over Six Hundred Cattlearts From Texas Coming to Arkansas City.

ARKANSAS CITY, March 13.—The cattlearts over the Santa Fe have commenced. Already a large number of trains have arrived for the grazing lands of the Indian reservations. This morning traffic was served that this branch of traffic would be renewed with greater vigor than ever.

Commencing March 23 and continuing until April 9 the Santa Fe will bring here and in this vicinity 600 carloads of cattle from Texas, 200 carloads will be unloaded at Ponca, and the remainder at Elgin, Kans. Some of the cattle are for the Osage country.

ARGONIA'S WOMAN MATOR.

She and Her Husband Have Moved to Alva in Oklahoma.

WELLINGTON, March 13.—L. A. Salter and family have moved from Argonia to Alva, where they will reside in the future. At the opening of the strip last fall, Mr. Salter secured a town lot in Alva and a valuable claim about half a mile from the city. He has erected an office on his lot, and a dwelling on his farm and will resume the practice of law in that city.

As will be remembered, Mrs. Salter was elected mayor of Argonia in 1887, being the first lady mayor of history, and she gave Argonia a good, clean, business administration.

STEALER OF HARVEY RECORDS.

Is Sent to the Penitentiary by Judge Martin at Newton.

NEWTON, March 13.—The motion for a new trial in the case of G. W. Rogers, convicted of burglary in connection with Harvey county's records, was denied by Judge Martin yesterday and Rogers was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Rogers is 61 years old and is so feeble that he is not likely to survive his term.

O. P. Overdorf was sentenced to sixty days in jail and to pay a fine of \$200 and costs for violating the prohibitory law.

Sold by druggists, price 2c per bottle.

Stop off privileges at all California points on Santa Fe round trip tickets at the present low rates to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, etc. Everybody knows the Santa Fe is by all odds the best line to California.

D. Holmes, druggist, 731 Kansas ave.

Removed.

We have removed to our new store room at 701 Kansas ave.

BAKERS & FROST.

112 and 114 West 8th, Peerless Steam Laundry.

Drunk Tough.

ABILENE, Kan., March 13.—Miss Mit-

NEWS OF KANSAS.

Rufe Cone Seeks Senator O'Brien's Arrest.

Says Senator O'Brien is Guilty of Perjury.

OTHER STATE NEWS.

Mass Meeting at Lawrence to Fight the Jointists.

WICHITA, March 13.—Chief of Police Rufus Cone worked up the Rogers record burning case for Harvey county, and said he wanted five hundred dollars to get "Cheyenne Red" (Jimmy Martin) out of jail so as to use him as a witness in the case, and got two thousand dollars released.

They are purely vegetable, sugar-coated, speedily dissolved, and easy to take.

Every dose

Balloon at Ft. Riley.

JUNCTION CITY, March 13.—The military balloon which the signal corps has purchased at Fort Riley, and Lieutenant Maxfield will experiment with it and train a force of balloonists in April, when the weather permits, and by which time the equipment will have arrived. There remain several articles to be purchased, such as sulphuric acid and pipes.

Fire at Pittsburg.

PRUITT, Kan., March 13.—The mill owned by Dr. Styker and David Crowe, at Weir City, was burned to the ground about 10 o'clock last night, entailing a loss of \$4,000. Several "Frisco" cars standing near the mill were somewhat burned, but were saved before being destroyed.

Five Employes \$30,000.

NEWTON, March 13.—Due to the disappointment of the railroads, the pay check have not yet arrived. The Santa Fe now owns its employees at this place alone more than \$50,000. It is thought that the checks will arrive today.

Back Fully Injured.

SALINA, March 13.—Cal Faust of New Canaria was thrown from his wagon while his team was running away here. His back was severely injured and he received several wounds on his face and

head.

Lawrence People to Blot Them Out Instead of Licensing Them.

LAWRENCE, March 13.—A large mass meeting of citizens was held here last night to consider the nuisance ordinance passed by the city council last week.

By misrepresentation the proposed ordinance had come to be considered as a measure that would endeavor to prevent the passage of such an ordinance by misrepresentation.

Senators

Constituted a committee to

investigate the ordinance.