

The Sunday Herald

Weekly National Intelligencer.

NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER ESTABLISHED 1860 THE SUNDAY HERALD ESTABLISHED 1865

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS. Subscription (in advance) per year, \$2.50. Remittances should be made by postal note, money order, or checks on New York or Washington.

The Editor of THE SUNDAY HERALD cannot undertake to preserve or return rejected communications. Persons who desire to possess their communications, if unused, should retain a copy.

Local reports and absolute news of sufficient importance to justify publication will be welcomed from any one, and if valuable will be paid for.

Contributors are respectfully requested to refrain from sending to THE SUNDAY HERALD news items which have already appeared in other journals, as it is not desired to reproduce matter from the dailies.

\$30 REWARD.

"THE SUNDAY HERALD" is convinced that there is an organized gang of paper thieves in this city, who follow its carriers around and take the papers from the doorsteps. We will pay a reward of \$30 for the arrest and conviction of any one of these thieves.

\$30 REWARD.

As it has become apparent that we cannot do justice to our illustrated edition if it is issued next Sunday, the date of issue has been postponed one week. It will be published February 22, and will be not only a souvenir of Washington, but of the birthday of its founder as well.

According to the latest returns from Brazil and Canada by way of the State Department, reciprocity seems to be getting there with a great big R.

Secretary Noble told the big chiefs who took part in the Interior Department pow-wow yesterday that the Indian should not be discouraged. The Indian who comes to Washington does not have time to be discouraged, what with theatre parties, afternoon teas, evening receptions, and the other festivities that are forced on him for various reasons.

There ought not to be much difficulty in getting Mr. HEMPHILL'S bill providing for a free public library in Washington through Congress this session, if the House can be prevailed on to give a few hours of its valuable time to District business before the 4th of March.

The gold men of the East regard themselves as the keepers of the financial conscience of the country, and they don't mean to let go their grip unless they are forced to do it. The West and South are doing a great deal of talking, but they don't seem to come up to the scratch when hard fighting is on hand.

That model trade paper, the Dry Goods Economist, of New York, sends its "Year Book" for 1891, a well-made volume of over one hundred and fifty pages. It contains a large amount of conveniently arranged information of use to merchants and business men generally.

A gratifying evidence of the steady and healthful growth of the eastern portion of the city is afforded by the remarkable success which has come to the pioneer banking institution of that section, the National Capital Bank. This institution, organized on a modest basis, and established in modest quarters, not much over a year ago, rapidly built up a business which soon made necessary the erection of a handsome and commodious home of its own.

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The idea that it would be a good thing to have United States Senators elected by direct vote of the people has gradually, here and there among the States, become so strong and well defined that it is being converted into action of one sort or another. Senator TRUMPE, of Indiana, during the week introduced into the Senate a joint resolution providing for a constitutional amendment permitting the election of Senators by popular vote.

spirit of popular government, and whether such men obtained their high honors by honest means or not, the people were bound sooner or later to resent it. The movement for a change seems to be taking form and gathering force, and it probably will not be long before one or the other of the great parties will make it part of its platform.

The renewed agitation of the Indian question growing out of the recent outbreak in the Northwest will no doubt lead to some sort of an attempt at recasting our Indian policy. All sorts of schemes will be suggested and advocated for more effectually and rapidly civilizing the Indian and bringing him into entire harmony with the spirit of our institutions.

PERSONAL.

Treasurer Huston has gone to Columbus, Ohio, with his wife, who is seriously ill.

T. P. Valle, passenger agent of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, is in the city.

Gen. Harry G. Worthington is recovering from an obstinate and severe attack of la grippe.

Lieut. G. Edwin Sawyer, of the Potomac Athletics, has gone to Massachusetts for a six weeks' trip.

Mr. George W. Knox, senior member of the express firm bearing his name, has gone to Cuba for the benefit of his health.

Gen. W. W. Averell, the distinguished cavalryman, has returned from an extended tour of inspection of the national and State homes for soldiers, and is spending a few days at the Normandie.

Mr. Max F. Ihmsen, formerly correspondent here of the Pittsburgh Post, now successfully engaged in delivering "The U. S. Mail" to large and admiring theatre-going constituencies in all parts of the country, made a brief visit to Washington Friday night.

Mr. George H. Harries, who went to the Northwest a few weeks ago to write up the Indian trouble for the Evening Star, has returned to the city with his scalp intact and not at all deteriorated, morally, physically, or intellectually, by renewing his acquaintance with the bad lands and bad men of the Wild West.

Messrs. George O. Wood and William C. Mertz, two of our leading merchant tailors, left last night, as the delegates of the Washington Merchant Tailors' Exchange, for St. Louis, to attend the sixth annual convention of the Merchant Tailors' National Exchange.

Both Houses adjourned last evening as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Representative James Phelan, of Tennessee, whose death at Nassau (whether he had gone in search of health) occurred on the 30th of January.

Coroner Patterson held an inquest yesterday afternoon on the remains of Mr. John H. Heizer, the man who was thrown from the cars of the Metropolitan Branch Road by robbers on January 17, and who died at his home on Friday.

TALK OF THE WEEK.

The baths of Apollo were cold, the poet tells us, but usually colder far is the modern soup bath into which the political or public man plunges who has lost the game at which he played, and who is about to retire from public life.

The hold which Mr. Ingalls's brilliant intellect has obtained on the popular imagination and on the newspaper men is clearly shown by the amount of gossip floating around as to his probable future movements. Various stories are told as to what he is likely to do.

Mr. Ingalls has been charged by his critics with being a vain man. This charge seems easily susceptible of disproof. Vain men are never modest in the pursuit of fame and glory. They always want all they can get of that sort of thing of a legitimate kind.

One of the very latest stories as to Mr. Ingalls's future intentions is that he means to go into the pension business in Washington. His fame covers the length and breadth of the land, and he seems to have especially endeared himself to the old soldiers.

When asked the other day as to the prospects of cloture or the Force bill coming up again this session, Senator Kenna answered with a story: "In Jackson's time," he said, "Osceola or some one of the Florida Indian chiefs was imprisoned at Fortress Monroe."

If Senator Kenna ever gets out of a job in politics he will have no difficulty in making his living. Outside of the law he is a master of another profession, or maybe art it should be called, and of a trade.

unning for anything." Besides being a master of the art of photography, Senator Kenna is an expert boat-builder, and can construct a craft that would hold its own in seaworthiness and beauty and grace of outline with the best of the pleasure boats on the river.

Whatever Mrs. Leslie Carter may have been as a wife, she certainly seems to be a loving and devoted mother. She has a little boy, with red-gold hair and dark eyebrows like her own, in whom and her profession all her hopes and aspirations are bound up.

"That liquor is eight years old," said a distinguished statesman, who unites to many other accomplishments and talents the supreme one of being a good judge of whisky.

The fact that the Hon. Richard Vaux is not coming back to the House causes sincere regret. He has got to be quite the pride of that body. If some one says the House is not as distinguished a body in appearance as is the Senate the withering response comes, "Look at Vaux."

It was a cruel misunderstanding on the part of some one which led to the statement that Mr. Vaux and Mr. O'Neill exchanged angry words in the Coinage Committee one day last week. These two old gentlemen often exchange seemingly angry words in fun, but they are never angry with each other.

The general interest which the local newspaper men and the correspondents take in the organization of the new press club seems to indicate that the undertaking will be successful.

The "Quaker meeting" of the primary department of St. Paul's English Lutheran Sunday School, held on Thursday evening at the Sunday school room, was a complete success. A fine programme, embracing recitations, solos, duets, and choruses, occupied the early part of the evening.

Reporting to the Treasury Department, the results of his expert examinations at New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, with reference to discrepancies existing in the polarization of sugars at those ports, Mr. Tittman, of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, concludes that the discrepancies are due to differences in the standards and disregard of the temperature conditions.

IN MEMORIAM.

The National Rifles to Honor the Memory of Their Dead Next Sunday.

The National Rifles are making arrangements for a memorial meeting of the company, which is to be held at the National Theatre on next Sunday evening, the 15th instant, at 7:30 o'clock. The arrangement of details of the services are in the hands of a committee consisting of Edward F. Harrington, chairman; C. L. Grannis, A. G. DuBois, M. C. Summers, and A. G. Green.

Invitations to the exercises have been accepted by many of the military and civic officials in the District, including Commissioners Ross and Douglass, Col. Moore and staff, Col. Clay and staff, Maj. Brackett and staff, and Maj. George A. Bartlett.

THE BEANS IN THE JAR.

Miss Louise Knoop Wins the Handsome Prize Offered by Mr. H. King, Jr.

There were just 18,053 beans in the jar and Miss Louise Knoop, of No. 610 Q street northwest, came within five of guessing the exact number. She guessed 18,058, and thereby won the elegant \$200 bed-room set offered by Mr. H. King, Jr., of King's Palace, to the person who made the closest guess at the number of beans in a jar.

THE GRIDIRON'S ANNUAL DINNER.

The special festivity of the Gridiron Club known as its "annual" dinner took place last night at the Arlington, and passed off with even more éclat and brilliancy than usual. Witty, informal speech-making by the guests and vocalization by the members (who had provided a number of new topical songs for the occasion) and the initiation of several "infant" members were the features of the evening, aside from the material entertainment, which was sumptuous.

A Charming Entertainment.

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Meeting of Indians.

There was a very large attendance of the members of the Indiana Republican Club and their ladies at Grand Army Hall last night to listen to Judge Saller, of Huntington, Ind., in an interesting address, and a paper from Professor William Hoyer, of South Bend, Ind.

Sugar Investigation.

Reporting to the Treasury Department, the results of his expert examinations at New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, with reference to discrepancies existing in the polarization of sugars at those ports, Mr. Tittman, of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, concludes that the discrepancies are due to differences in the standards and disregard of the temperature conditions.

Silver Pool Investigation.

The silver pool investigating committee met yesterday afternoon, but no witnesses were present. It was decided not to go to New York, but to summon to Washington any persons whose testimony may be desired.

Our Boys Can't Have Tobacco.

The President yesterday approved the act to prohibit the sale of tobacco to minors under sixteen years of age in the District of Columbia.

Pension for Gen. Franz Sigel.

The President has approved the act granting a pension to Maj. Gen. Franz Sigel.