

YOUR ISLAND HOME ILLUSTRATED IN PEOPLE AND PLACES

# EVENING BULLETIN

3:30 EDITION

Is read by everybody. There's a reason

From San Francisco:  
Chico Maru ..... March 14  
For San Francisco:  
Honolulu ..... March 19  
From Vancouver:  
Mogana ..... April 1  
For Vancouver:  
Makura ..... March 28

ADVERTISERS.

Use sound, serious, logical arguments. Make clear, concise statements, and enlist not only the interest, but obtain the confidence of the thoughtless, impatient, hurrying public.

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## GUARD AMERICAN CITIZENS NEW CHIEF JUSTICE TAKES SEAT

### Anti-American Feeling Grows

(Associated Press Cable.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 9.—The increasing anti-American feeling in Mexico and the unrest of the entire republic, endangering the life and property of American citizens, is believed here to be the reason for the great military movement of United States troops to the Mexican border. The precarious health of President Diaz of Mexico, which is loosening his grip on affairs, is making advisable a concentration of the American forces on the border, to be available in case of necessity. With plenty of troops massed on the frontier, the United States can protect its citizens in case of emergency.

(Associated Press Cable.)

EL PASO, Tex., Mar. 9.—The rebels under General Francisco Madero were defeated today in a desperate battle at Casas Grandes. Two hundred were killed and wounded. Thirty-six Americans with the insurgents were captured and four killed. The Federals lost 100.

In another battle near Corral, the Federal troops were defeated, losing 100 men.

(Associated Press Cable.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Mar. 9.—Seven hundred marines sailed from this place for Guantanamo on the "Dixie," the Atlantic torpedo fleet tender, with 365,000 ball cartridges.

(Special Bulletin Cable.)

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Mar. 9.—Four hundred Mexican troops have arrived at Ensenada to proceed against the rebels. The cruisers West Virginia and Maryland have sailed from Mexico to cooperate with the American land forces arriving from the north.

### CLEGG MAKES STATEMENT ON CHOLERA; SAYS DISEASE WAS RECENT IMPORTATION HERE

Moses T. Clegg, the expert bacteriologist with the leprosy investigation station, has submitted to President Mott-Smith of the Board of Health the following statement of the causes of cholera and the manner in which it may be transmitted:

Honolulu, March 8, 1911.  
To the President, Territorial Board of Health.

Sirs: In compliance with your request of the 7th inst., I have the honor to make the following statement regarding the characteristics of the bacillus of Asiatic cholera and the possible mode of infection in the present outbreak.

The micro organism of cholera is one of the most delicate known in bacteriology. It is readily killed when ex-

posed to a temperature of 150 degrees F. for thirty minutes, and will immediately undergo degeneration when placed in boiling water. It is also very susceptible to the acid compounds.

The growth of the bacillus occurs only in liquid or moist media, but it may be carried by the hands or clothing, and when again deposited in a suitable media, multiplication is resumed. The bacillus of cholera multiplies rapidly. Millions can be produced from one organism in twenty-four hours.

Infection depends on three factors—the susceptibility of the host, the number of micro organisms ingested, and the virulence of the micro-organisms.

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### BOARD TO CONTROL OTERIC'S IMMIGRANTS UNTIL THEY GO TO PLANTATIONS WITH JOBS

When the 1456 immigrants arrive here the middle of next month on the steamer Oteric, they will be held under control of the Territorial Board of Immigration until all have secured work and have been paroled out among the various plantations. They will be cared for at the immigration sheds, both government and those of the planters, after they leave the steamer and the board will see that there is no scattering until their destination in the islands is settled.

Dr. Victor S. Clark said this morning that there will be some changes from the previous method of handling immigrants. "Of course, if the men refuse jobs after they get here, we will not support them indefinitely, but it is our intention to care for all until they have secured work and gone to the various plantations."

Dr. Clark will leave next Tuesday

for a tour of the islands to make arrangements for distributing the Portuguese immigrants among the plantations where they are needed. He will return a week or two before the ship arrives.

Agent A. J. Campbell is still in Portugal. There is more than a possibility that Hawaii may establish some kind of a system of getting laborers from Spain. The laws regarding emigration from Spain are stringent, all recruiting by labor agents being forbidden. A new law has recently been proposed, and Campbell's orders are to learn its terms and send them here, so that the board may know what to expect from Spain.

"Cuba secures many laborers from Spain, and if Cuba does it, Hawaii should be able to do the same," says Dr. Clark. "Certainly we should be acquainted with the situation there."

### More Actual Pictures of War Scenes On Mexican Border; Americans on Ground



EL PASO, Mar. 8.—The three men, Americans, shown in the accompanying group—Captain E. S. Wright and Lieutenants Clarence Lininger and W. C. McChord—are in command of the American troops which are guarding the American border along the Rio Grande river in the neighborhood of El Paso. They have saved hundreds of dollars' worth of property from destruction by irresponsible Mexican soldiers.

### LEGISLATURE WILL ATTEMPT PROBLEM OF REGULATING AND CONTROLLING THE AUTOMOBILE

A Territorial automobile law, regulating the use of the machines and applying to all classes of motor-driven vehicles, will shortly be introduced in the Legislature. With the introduction of the bill will come a real attempt to prevent the rapidly-growing evil of speeding on public roads and highways, as well as an effort to enforce the same regulations all over the islands.

The bill will be introduced in the House, and Speaker Holstein is already gathering information as to the regulations placed on automobiles by the various counties. Early reports show that there are many unsatisfactory

regulations in force and that the need of a Territory-wide law is strong.

"For instance, I understand that the numbers used on the islands of Kauai and Oahu are similar, so that if a Kauai man brings his auto to Honolulu he has to paint 'Kauai' along with the number," says the Speaker.

The new law will deal with the speeding evil in no uncertain terms. It is proposed that licenses and numbers be issued by a central authority in Honolulu, perhaps the Territorial Treasurer, upon request of the auto-owners through the county sheriff or county clerk. The regulation of the automobiles should, says Speaker Holstein, be vested in the Territory.

### ROOSEVELT AND TAFT 'WAY DOWN IN GEORGIA'

(Special Bulletin Cable.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 9.—President Taft will speak at the Atlanta Commercial Congress tomorrow, and will remain at Augusta, Ga., until March 19.

ATLANTA, Ga., Mar. 9.—Ex-President Roosevelt was the guest of honor today at the Atlanta Commercial Congress.

SAN FRANCISCO, Mar. 9.—Sugar: 96 degrees test, 3.77c. Previous quotation, 3.75c. Beet: 88 analysis, 10c, 4d; parity, 4.18c. Previous quotation, 10c, 2d.

### LIGHT SENTENCE FOR MURDERER

A sentence of twenty-five years' imprisonment was imposed on Makao Kamaka by Judge Cooper this morning. In September of last year Kamaka killed his wife and her companion when he came upon them in compromising circumstances. Kamaka shot the man and cut his wife's throat.

William Rawlins, assistant U. S.

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### HONOLULU MAN AVIATES AT JUAREZ

H. B. Odell, formerly in the automobile business in this city, now has blossomed out in the role of an expert aviator, and as such is now in the thick of the scrapping around Juarez, Mexico.

Odell, who is now a private in the Coast Artillery, is acting under the first military orders issued in the United States for the formation of an actual aviation corps for war purposes. He has been detailed with First Lieutenant J. McLeary, of the Coast Artillery, to join Eugene Ely, the aviator, and the corps is using a Curtiss biplane to make observations. They have been ordered to follow the combatants. The corps left San Diego some days ago and is believed to be now on the border. Military experts all over the country are interested in these experiments.

John E. Morgan, aged 18; Robert C. Groesinger, 21, and Clarence Russell, 19, were arrested by the New Orleans police, charged with robbing a Canal street store of \$700 worth of jewelry. They said they were from Chicago.

FOR SALE—Palolo Hill  
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### Robertson Is Chief Justice

#### Takes Oath of Office This Morning—Praise For Hartwell's Services

Before a gathering this morning that taxed to the utmost the capacity of the Supreme Court room in the Judiciary building A. G. M. Robertson took the oath of office as the Chief Justice of the Territory. A tribute was paid to the services of Chief Justice Hartwell by W. A. Kinney in the course of a speech which many declared to be the best summary of the spirit of the old and new Hawaii that has ever been made.

Court convened promptly at 10 o'clock, Judge Dole of the United States District Court taking a seat upon the bench with Chief Justice Hartwell and Associate Justices De Bolt and Perry. The new Chief Justice entered and took his seat at a small table near the bench. Chief Justice Hartwell then spoke as follows:

"Gentlemen of the Bar:—Before bidding you farewell officially—I am happy to say it is nothing more than an official farewell—I will say a few words of those who have preceded me here, with reference mainly to their respective terms of office.

During the period of about sixty years since the organization of this court we have had six chief justices.

By Article 82 of the Constitution of Kamehameha III, granted June 14, 1852, it was provided that "the supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices," and by Article 86, that the chief justice of the supreme court "shall be the chancellor of the Kingdom." Under that constitution Wm. L. Lee was appointed in 1852 chief justice of the supreme court and chancellor of the Kingdom. The jurisdiction of the court is defined in an act relating to the judiciary department approved May 26, 1853, "enacted by the King, the Premier and Nobles resident near His Majesty," taking effect, by section 54, "from and after the first Monday of December, 1852." Mr. Lee had been presiding judge of the court of Oahu in 1846, and from 1847 chief judge of the superior court of law and equity which had been established under the third act of Kamehameha III, organizing the judiciary department, "done and finally passed at the Council House at Honolulu, the 7th day of September, 1847." Mr. Lee died May 28, 1857, and his successor, Elisha H. Allen, appointed June 4, 1857, resigned while Minister at Washington, January 31, 1877, being succeeded by Chas. C. Harris, first associate justice, who died July 2, 1881. His successor, Albert F. Judd, the last chief justice under the Monarchy, as well as under the Republic of Hawaii, who had been attorney general with King Lunalilo and associate justice from February 18, 1874, died May 20, 1899, and was succeeded by Walter F. Frear, appointed by President McKinley, July 5, 1900, resigning August 15, 1907, to accept the appointment of governor. It is needless to remark that no incumbent of this high office has ever sought for it either directly or indirectly.

Retires for Younger Man.  
When I came upon this bench, June 14, 1894, I thought I should be fortunate if I served through the term for that carried me two years across the scriptural limit of three score years and ten; when I received the appointment to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Frear's resignation, August 15, 1907, it occurred to me that Mr. Roosevelt, for once, was going back on his own record as to the age for efficient public service. I am now re-

turning before the end of the term of my second appointment, knowing no public reason which requires me to



A. G. M. ROBERTSON  
New Chief Justice.

remain, and on the contrary thinking that a younger person than myself will more readily adapt himself to conditions which often require of the

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### JUDGE CLEMONS IS SWORN IN

When the ceremonies incident to the formal retirement of Chief Justice Hartwell and the swearing in of his successor had been concluded this morning, the attorneys and general public went to the United States District Courtroom, in the Judiciary building, where Charles F. Clemons was sworn in as United States Judge.

Judge Clemons was welcomed to the bench by Judge Dole, who spoke of the pleasure he felt in having Judge Clemons as his colleague. Robbin B. Anderson spoke in behalf of the bar, and was followed by United States District Attorney Breckons, who welcomed Judge Clemons in a few well-chosen remarks. Charles R. Hemmings also spoke as a member of the bar, stating that he had known Judge Clemons since boyhood and found great pleasure in seeing him take the bench as a Federal judge.

Judge Clemons replied briefly, stating that he hoped that he would be able to discharge the duties of his office at the standard set by Judge Dole and Judge Robertson.