PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862—VOL. 20 PORTLAND, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1882. [ENTERED ASSECOND CLASSMAIL MATTER.] PRICE 3 CENTS.

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

Published every day (Sundays excepted,) by the

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO

AT 97 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND, ME

TERMS: Eight Dollars a Year. To mail subscribers Seven Dollars a Year, if paid in advance.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS

Is published every THURSDAY MORNING at $2. a year, if paid in advance at $2.00 a year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One inch of space, the length of column constitutes a "square."

$1.50 per square, daily first week, 75 cents per week after; three insertions or less, $1.00; continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents.

Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00; 50 cents per week after.

SPECIAL NOTICES, one-third additional.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS" and "AUCTION SALES," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS (which has a large circulation in every part of the State), for $1.00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Address all communications to

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COLD WEATHER.

WILLIAM H KOHLING,

Lancaster Building,

MARKET SQUARE,

Has now on his counters a most complete and desirable line of fall and winter cloths for

OVERCOATS.

These cloths are of the latest and most fashionable shades, and include

English Kerseys and Mixtons,

French Astrachans

German Elysians and

Patent Beavers.

He has also the latest styles of

SUITINGS and TROWSERINGS.

These cloths can now be seen in his

Large and well Lighted Rooms,

LANCASTER BUILDING,

MARKET SQUARE,

Up one Flight.

These in need of these goods are invited to call and examine them as the desirable styles are selling with a rapid sale and cannot be duplicated. oct28eod2wosn

Cure Your Corns

BY USING

SCHLOTTERBECK'S

Corn, Wart & Bunion Solvent

Entirely harmless; is not a caustic.

It removes Corns, Warts, Bunions and Callous without leaving a blemish.

Brush for applying in each bottle.

A CURE IS GUARANTEED.

Price 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

Try it and you will be convinced like thousands who used it and now testify to its value.

Ask for Schlotterbeck's Corn and Wart Solvent and take no other. nov23 eodtf

Electropathic Cure.

Whatever may be your diseased condition, or how even much treatment you may have submitted to at the hands of physicians or even so styled electricians.

Do not despair of help until you have had a frank consultation, and if need be an electrical diagnosis of your case from

Dr. Root or Dr. Taylor,

Regular Graduates of the Electropathic College of Philadelphia, Pa.

To the Ladies who may be suffering with any of the diseases peculiar to your sex, we would say our method of treatment has proved after submitting to the severest tests in all the varied types and forms of female complaints to be the safest, quickest, and in every respect the most satisfactory method of treatment and cure for your diseases. No medical history gives any account of, Mrs. Dr. Taylor is fully competent to and does take the entire charge of the consultation examination and treatment of the ladies and has proved after submitting to the unpleasantness and often improper examination and treatment by a gentleman.

N. B.—There is no shock or unpleasant sensation attending any of our treatments. We have fitted up the house

FOR THE CURE OF ALL DISEASES

— OF THE —

Head, Throat and Lungs,

— APPLY TO —

DR. MORSE, 135 Free Street, PORTLAND, ME.

Immediate Relief is obtained as heretofore. oct21 dsntf

ELEGANT TABLELAMPS

With Beautiful Pottery Centres.

Limoges, Longwy, Japanese, Sarreguemines Satsuma, Kioto, &c.

Fitted complete with the English Duplex, Oxford and Harvard Burners.

For Sale Wholesale and Retail.

C. E. JOSE & CO. oct10 dtf

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO

The Boston & Little Rapid Railroad Co. OF DAKOTA.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Company subscription books will be open on MONDAY, Oct 23d, to 31st days, to the public for $800,000 of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company, to be sold at par.

This is the 3d Allotment of $800,000, the first having been placed by private subscription.

The allotments to be offered as follows:

1st allotment of $10,000;
for each $100 bond a bonus of 20 shares of the capital stock of the Company will be given.

2d allotment of $10,000;
for each $100 Bond a bonus of 20 shares of the Capital.

3d allotment of $10,000.
for each $100 Bond a bonus of 10 shares will be given

4th allotment of $10,000.
for each $100 Bond a bonus of 5 shares will be given

5th allotment,
at par, without bonus.

Freight contracts for one year have already been secured and receivable which guarantee a net earning of 10 per cent per Bonus on the entire Capital stock of the Company.

Hon ALBERT ALMER, President, Boston.
GEORGE H. DREW Secretary.
EDWARD R. TINKER, Treasurer, North Adams.
OFFICE—25 Immon Building No. 4 Water St., Boston, Mass.

oct25 d2w

Hallett, Davis & Co.'s PIANO FORTES.

Also several other good manufacturer's make,

For Sale and to Let.

— ALSO —

PIANO COVERS and STOOLS.

—AT—

WM. P. HASTINGS',

144 1-2 Exchange St. may25 eod6m

THE PRESS.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 2

METEOROLOGICAL

INDICATIONS FOR THE NEXT TWENTY-FOUR HOURS

WAR DEP'T OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Nov. 2, 1 A. M.

For New England,

Colder, fair weather, northwesterly winds and higher pressure.

SPECIAL BULLETIN.

Barometer highest in Minnesota, and lowest in the South Atlantic and Gulf States. Local rains have fallen in the South Atlantic and Gulf, and general rains in the Ohio valley. Northerly winds prevail in the northwest lake region, Middle States and Ohio valley. The temperature has fallen in northwest lake region and New England. The cold wave is moving to the south and east and is central in Minnesota, east of the Mississippi. The temperature averages 10 to 15 above mean for the month.

Fair weather is indicated for Friday for the Middle States and New England.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE.

Operating in the Vicinity of His Future Home.

THOMASTON, Nov. 1.—The store of F. M. Sumner at this place was broken into last night, the burglars gaining entrance by cutting out glass in the door. Nothing but a few dollars in change is missing. There is no clue.

Meeting of the Executive Council Postponed.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 1.—Governor Plaisted has directed the postponement of the meeting of the Governor and Council that was to have been held next week, and has directed the Secretary of State to summon the Executive Councillors to assemble Monday, the 13th inst. The Governor is stumping in Michigan.

Suicide of a Maine Man.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—A man about 49 years of age took a room at the American House Tuesday morning, registering as C W. Glidden of Pittston, Me. Wednesday evening the occupant of the room found him dead in bed. He had evidently committed suicide by taking laudanum.

MARINE NEWS.

Loss of a Maine Vessel.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The American ship Crescent City from Cadiz Sept. 6th, for Bath, Me., was abandoned in a sinking condition. Seventeen of the crew landed at Portsmouth. The Crescent City belonged in Bath and registered 1,204 tons.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Reports Recovered.

BOSTON Nov. 1.—The United States Commercial Reporting Company, whose principal office is at 335 Broadway, New York, with a branch in Boston, some time ago discovered that several volumes of its reports were missing, having gone into the hands of a rival company through alleged treachery of a former employe. Yesterday afternoon the officers of the first named company with a writ of replevin recovered from the rival company, known as the American Boston Commercial and Stock Reporting Company, the missing volumes.

Injunction Granted.

A hearing in the case of C. E. Mead, a stockholder in the Globe Company, for an injunction to restain Frederick Guild and Horace P. Stevens from foreclosing mortgages of $50,000 held by them was finished today and Judge Allen granted the injunction prayed for.

A $60,000 Blaze.

DORCHESTER, Nov. 1.—The Central railroad freight house here is destroyed today. Loss $60,000.

A Terrible Fate.

BROCKTON, Nov. 1.—Michael McDonald, employed in the oil extracting works of Shaw & Son was probably fatally scalded today by falling into a tank of hot water.

She Wants Her Child.

BOSTON Nov. 1.—The managers of the Home for Destitute Catholic Children have been ordered by the Supreme Court to show cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not be granted upon the application of Mary A. Sullivan, who seeks to obtain possession of her six-year-old son. The boy was taken by the Home at the mother's request, and was placed out with a person who now declines to give the child up.

Serious Blunder Made by the Selectmen of Natick.

NATICK, Nov. 1.—The selectmen have issued and have posted a town warrant calling the town meeting for the State election on Tuesday next. Not until it was too late was it discovered that thousands of votes would be cast for nothing. It was supposed that by copying the warrant of a year ago the requirements of this election were complied with but far from it. The selectmen have omitted mentioning that the people are to vote for a county commissioner for three years, a county treasurer, a register of deeds, and last, but not least, a United States congressman. The voters are wild with excitement, but they intend to vote and take the votes to the Legislature, and see if the error can be rectified.

Arrested at North Adams.

NORTH ADAMS, Nov. 1 Joseph Butler was arrested today on a charge of indecently assaulting his three nieces, aged 7, 8 and 10 years two of whom live in Williamstown and the other in North Adams. Butler will be arraigned tomorrow.

A Grand Reception to Nilsson.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—A large audience greeted Christine Nilsson upon her reappearance in this country at Music Hall this evening. As she appeared upon the stage clad in black she received hearty applause, and in her first selection "Angels ever bright and fair' gave evidence that her voice had lost none of its old power and brilliancy. She was recalled seven times and led a little child upon the stage with her. The reception to herself and other members of the company was most cordial and encores and recalls prolonged the performance until a late hour.

THE TELEGRAPH SUIT.

An Injunction Granted in One of Jay Gould's Cases.

New York, Nov.—In the suit of the Western Union Telegraph Company Jay Gould against John G. Moore et al. Mutual Union Telegraph Company and Central Trust Company of New York, Judge Van Brunt in the court of common pleas to-day granted an injunction restraining the defendants during the pendency of the cause from turning over or transferring to George F. Baker, George William Ballou and Asa P. Potter any of the fifty thousand and more shares of the capital stock of the Mutual Union Telegraph Company mentioned or referred in the agreement made on or about March 27th between John G. Moore and the company and Jay Gould and which by the said agreement were intended be placed on trust thereby agreed to be controlled by Gould and George F. Baker as trustees for the benefit of the respective owners of fifty thousand shares. The order also requires Potter to show cause why they should not be restrained from accepting the alleged trust, as well as from disposing in any way of shares referred to in the order returnable November 9th.

SPORTING.

Trotting at Mystic Park.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—At Mystic Park to-day Vision won the 2.36 race, taking second, third and fourth heats. Best time, 2.29½. In the 2.29 race, Happy Thought, Carrie B, Red Bird and Kitty Ives won first, second, third and fourth heats, respectively, and the race was postponed till to-morrow.

Another Prize Fight to Come Off.

Representatives of Richard K. Fox arrived here to-day with full power to arrange the details of a prize fight between Tom Allen and John L. Sullivan, for $2,500 a side. Sullivan's backer names Nov. 10th as the time for meeting and signing articles, and will stand $1,000 to Harry Hill when the match shall be arranged. The place for the mill is not yet decided upon, but Sullivan will not fight at New Orleans.

A STRANGE STORY.

A Father and Son Arranged for a Suicide and a Murder.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 1.—Isadore Cassatt, who was recently discharged by Master Mechanic Richardson of the St. Louis & Iron Mountain road, committed suicide today at Argenta, opposite this city. His son, to revenge his death, called at Richardson's office and, in the latter's absence, fatally shot Geo. G. Barnes, Richardson's clerk. At the inquest Mrs. Cassett testified that she heard her husband and son make the agreement some time ago that the former should commit suicide and the latter kill Richardson.

Verdict Against a Street Railroad Company.

PROVIDENCE R. I., Nov. 1.—In the United States District Court to-day, in the case of Mary A. D. Lobdell, of New Bedford, vs. the Union Street Railroad Company, for damages for injuries resulting from collision of the horse cars, the jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff for $6,975.

Trouble Ahead for Iowa Liquor Sellers.

IOWA CITY, Nov. 1.—All the saloon licenses in Iowa City expire to-night at midnight. It is reported that most of the saloon keepers have tendered the amount of their licenses for the next month to the Mayor, but will not receive them, claiming that he does not wish to violate the State law.

A BLOODY AFFAIR.

A Battle Between a Kentucky Mob and a Guard of Soldiers.

BEATEN ONCE, THE FIGHT RENEWED BY THE MOB.

Several Killed and a Large Number Wounded.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 1.—While the troops who were guarding Neal and Crafts, the Ashland murderers, on their way to the steamer Granite State to-day, they were attacked by a mob. The soldiers fired and several of the attacking party were killed and wounded. The prisoners and troops got safely on board the steamer, when the mob seized a train and headed off the boat at Ashland, Ky., where another attack was made. The troops returned the fire, and again a number of the mob were killed and wounded. So far as known, only three soldiers were wounded, and they but slightly.

Private despatches received in this city place the number of killed at five, and the wounded at thirty. The steamer Granite State has passed Portsmouth, and unless the fog prevents, will reach Maysville to-night, when the prisoners will be transferred to the railroad to be taken to Lexington.

WASHINGTON.

Report on Boston Custom House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Secretary Folger has received the report of the commission appointed to make a thorough examination as to the present force employed in the customs service at Boston, and the needs of the service. There are 459 persons employed in the office, at an annual compensation of $586,526. The commission report that 428 person are needed, with a compensation of $575,737.25. The proposed reduction is $10,786.75. The actual expense for cartage, rents and incidentals for the last fiscal year was $120,990.40; estimate for this is $133,000. The office of deputy collector at Hingham and Cohasset may be abandoned. Pay of inspectors should be increased from $3.50 to $4 per diem. The name of the district should be changed from Boston and Charles to district of Boston. Office of surveyor should be abolished and deputy surveyor at $3,000 salary.

The Jeannette Expedition Hearing.

The narrative of the Jeannette expidition after leaving Bennett Island was continued today by Lieut. Danenhower. He stated that the first active search for DeLong's party was begun Friday, Oct. 14th. The boats separated, he said because it was less dangerous than trying to keep in one another's company. Had he been in command he would have struck for the coast and sailed towards Behring's Strait in hope of falling in with whalers He blamed nobody in the expedition. All did their best. He specially commended seamen Ninderman, Noros, Herbert Leach, Warren and Cole and Firemen James H. Barlett.

The following was the examination in detail:

Q.—You have spoken of Capt. De Long as standing up in his boat and signaling to the boats to separate. What did you suppose his object to be in desiring a separation?

A.—The state of the weather and all their circumstances determined each boat should take care of itself, as reducing sail and endeavoring to keep together endangered the safety of all. It was the most natural thing to do.

Q.—What kind of weather were the two cutters making when you last saw them?

A.—In the afternoon it was remarked that the second cutter was doing better than the whaleboat. The first cutter also seemed to be doing as well as the whaleboat.

Q.—Was it possible for the boats to be of any assistance to each other?

A.—In my judgment it would have been very dangerous, but it would have been our duty to try, had we seen either of the boats swamp.

Q.—What would you have done if in command if you had taken 60 days' rations on leaving the Jeannette?

A.—I would have made at once for the coast water, and then if the weather had been as good as is usual at that time of the year I would have made for Behring Straits in the expectation of meeting some whaler or relief expedition.

Q.—Have you any charge to lay or special commendation to offer as to any officer or man connected with the expedition?

A.—I have no charge to make against any officer or person connected with the expedition. I believe every person did his best. As to special commendation I would mention Seamen Ninderman and Noros, also Seamen Herbert, Leach and First-class Fireman James H. Barlett, as well as Seaman Henry D. Warren and John Cole. The above named were the leading men during the journey.

The examination of Lieut. Danenhower was considered today and the Judge Advocate began reading to the witness the record of his evidence, from Oct. 14th to date. As this covers 280 pages of legal cap, it will probably occupy the time of the court until Friday, when Chief Engineer Melville will be called.

The Ghost of a Senator.

The ghost story of the nights is to the effect that the home of the late Senator Matt Carpenter is haunted by his spirit; that no one cares to live in it. If he haunted any place, it would be his old law office, where he spent so many nights.

The Garfield Fair.

There is every indication that the coming season will be socially a very brilliant one. The Garfield Memorial Fair, which will last for a week immediately preceding the opening of the session of Congress, is expected to attract large numbers of visitors to the city, and judging from what is now known of the intended exhibits the fair will repay a thorough inspection. Many choice and rare articles will also be on sale.

Estimates for the Post Office Department.

Postmaster General Howe has completed and will soon submit to the Secretary of the Treasury an estimate of the receipts and expenditures of the post office department for the next fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. The estimate places the receipts at $50 770.456.27 and expenses at $46.741,111.35.

Not in Fault.

Commander Pearson of the United States steamship Wachusett has forwarded to the Navy Department a letter from the medical officers attached to his vessel to the effect that he rendered all possible assistant during the epidemic of measles at Sitka.

What the Postmaster General will Say.

The forthcoming report of the Postmaster General will show the following results for the year, as compared with last year:

Number of post offices established during the year, 3 166; number discontinued, 1447; increase, 1,719; number in operation, June 30, 1881, 44,512; June 30, 1882, 46 231; number filled by appointment of the President, 1,951; of the postmaster general, 44,280.

Appointments made during the year—On resignations and expired commissions, 63,48; changes of names and States, 349; removals, 1 021; deaths of postmasters, 349; establishment or new offices, 3,166; total appointments, 12 343.

Number of cases acted on during the year, 14.348. 1,517 railway post office clerks received $1 705.390 in salary; 1 557 route agents, $1,416,980; 334 mail route messengers, $222,739; 162 local agents, $140,670; totals, 3,570; $3,486,770.

Disbursements for post office inspectors and small depredations, $166 551.25.

Employes in the postal service—Departmental employes and officers, 521, as against 496 for last year; postmasters 46,231; contractors, 5,156; clerks in post offices, 7,100; letter carriers, 3,115; railway post office clerks, 1,517; route agents, 1,557; mail route messengers, 334 local agents, 162; post office inspectors and superintendents, 84; total, 65,777; total last year, 61.479.

Another Charge by the Lighthouse Board

Notice is given that on and after December 1st, the Race Rock light at the Eastern end of Long Island Sound which now flashes alternately red and white at intervals of 30 seconds will flash at intervals of ten seconds but without other changes.

Newspaper Changes.

Hallett Kilbourne has disposed of his interest in the National Republican. First Assistant Postmaster-General Hatton, a stockholder and one of the directors, will succeed Kilbourne in the general management. It is also understood that the interest of Gen. Brady in the Evening Critic has been purchased by A. C. Buell and M. D. H. Ilin.

A Specimen of the Modern Reformer.

Gen. Simon G. Griffin is posting the nomination of Samuel W. Hale in New Hampshire because, as he says, money was used to nominate him, and money is to be expected to elect him. On the 30th of January, 1873, when he himself was a candidate for Congress, he wrote the following letter to Wm. E. Chandler:

My Dear Sir:—I write to ask you to do what you can to assist me in our coming campaign. You are aware that my district is much closer than either of the others, and the opposition are determined to defeat me if possible. (Then follows an appeal for speakers.) Our state committee (confidential) is terribly inefficient. For God's sake lend us a helping hand. Furthermore we need the sinews of war. New Hampshire is the first state to vote after the Presidential election, and it ought to be shown that she sustains the action of last fall. Something is absolutely necessary to save the State. I have written so much that ought not to be seen please consider the whole letter confidential. Hoping to hear a good report from you soon, I am as ever, sincerely yours.

(Signed) S. G. GRIFFIN.

Public Debt Statement.

The public debt statement for the month gives the following figures: Reduction of principal of debt, $15,641.435; certificates of deposit $9,945,000; gold certificates, $26,360,440; silver certificates, $73,607,710; refunding certificates, $413,750; fractional currency, $7,026,148; legal tenders $356,681,016.

FURTHER PARTICULARS

Of the Triple Murder and Suicide in New York.

THE CONDITION OF DR. SEGUIN.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The following additional particulars are given of the Seguin horror: The family lived in a five-story brown stone front, English basement house, elegantly furnished. The room in which the tragedy took place is on the fifth floor, and is scarcely ever used by the family. The three servants in the house noticed during the day, that Mrs. Seguin was moody, a condition she had been in for several weeks, and which her brother, Dr. Amidon, termed "the blues." About 11 o'clock she called upon him and said she did not feel well, and had written Dr. Henry Draper, who had been invited to dine with the family, to defer his visit. This note she asked her brother to send. He took it jokingly, and told her they would all enjoy themselves. Dr. Amidon called on his sister at 3 o'clock, and was told she had gone out for a walk. He returned at 5 o'clock, but Mrs. Seguin had not yet returned. The hall boy incidentally mentioned that the spare room was locked and the key gone. A sudden suspicion seized the doctor that Mrs. Seguin had gone to Central Park and drowned herself and her children. He could not explain why he thought this. He immediately went up stairs and burst the door open. A horrible sight met his eyes. Almost in the middle of the floor lay the dead body of the oldest boy, (Edward) in a pool of blood. He was shot through the head. Partly in the closet lay Mrs. Seguin, grasping in her right hand a big, pearl-handled Remington revolver beside the closet lay the boy John, and the girl Jeanette. They, too, were shot through the head. Their faces bore a peaceful, even a roguish look, as though they had been killed while at play. Each child was blindfolded and had its hands tied behind. There could be no doubt that the mother had enticed them into the room on the pretense of playing "blindman's buff." She had led the two youngest into the closet and locked them in, while she murdered the oldest boy. The pistol with which he was shot was a target practice weapon, with a barrel eleven inches long. It lay beside him and the bullet lay on the floor. It had passed through his head. The maniac mother then proceeded to the closet, and with the heavy 32-calibre Remington revolver, with which she afterwards blew out her own brains, shot the other two children.

Dr. Amidon cut out the strips that bound the children's hands and laid them on the bed. The police and coroner were notified at once. Nothing was found in the room to explain the motive for the terrible crime. The maniac had held the weapon close to her victims' heads, for the handkerchiefs on their faces had been set on fire. The face of the little girl wore a look of innocent surprise that cut more deeply than any other feature of the dreadful deed. On the table lay a box of cartridges and a third pistol.

Dr. Seguin, when he returned, was taken to his office and physicians called. He acted as though his faculties were gone. He caught sight of a photograph of his children on the wall, and broke into a horrible wailing cry, that wrung the hearts of the listeners. The physicians fear he will lose his reason. None of the servants had heard any noise. Sudden insanity is the only motive known for the deed. When found, Mrs. Seguin was neatly dressed. The children were loved and petted by all who knew them, and comprised the entire family of the unfortunate couple.

Large crowds flocked to the residence of Dr. Seguin today, and policemen stationed there had difficulty to keep the passage clear. Dr. Seguin is completely prostrated, and graves fears are said to be entertained regarding his mind. He passed a bad night, and had to be quieted by strong hypodermic injections of morphia. Dr. Amidon denied any insanity in the family. An inquest will be held this afternoon. The date of the funerals has not yet been fixed.

NEW YORK.

Rallying From Their Defeat.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The National Rifle Association has addressed a letter to the National Rifle Association of Great Britain in relation to a return match to be shot at Wimbleton in 1883, in which they request a modification and alterations of conditions as follows:

1. The use of a wind guage.
2. The use of the barley corn sight of practical strength, thin at the base as approved by the war department in 1879, in use in the United States army and as approved by the national guard of various States.
3. Enlistments on or before January 1, 1883, to make national guardsmen eligible.

Searching for the Remains of Leo.

A large number of men are overhauling the debris of the Park Theatre fire in hopes to discover the remains of stage carpenter Leo.

Suit Brought Against Stock Brokers.

In John R. Duff's suit against William J. Hutchinson and George H. Kennedy, stock brokers, for an accounting of stock transactions carried on by the defendants as copartners as his brokers from 1875 to 1881. Mr. Elihu Root, for Mr. Duff, asked Judge Daniels yesterday for an inspection of their books. The suit has been begun by the service of a summons, and the plaintiff says in his petition that the inspection asked for is necessary to enable him to frame his complaint. He says that the defendants fraudulently concealed from him various transactions, the results of which were to his benefit, and upon which they are now indebted to him to the extent of over $1,000,000. Mr. Joseph H. Choate appearing for the defendants opposed the application. Judge Daniels reserved his decision.

Arrival of a Astronomical Committee.

Dr. Gustav Muller, Assistant the Astro-Physical Observatory, Potsday, Dr. Fritz Deich Muller of the Observatory at Bonn, Julius Bauschinger, Scientific Assistant, and Herman Deichmuller, members of the Imperial German Commission sent to this country to witness the transit of Venus, Dec. 6th, arrived to-day. They go Hartford where they will make their observation.

Will Not Present a Claim.

Henry George denies the statement that he proposes to bring a claim against the British government.

A Sensational Scene.

At 1.45 p. m., great excitement was occasioned in Dey street, near Broadway, opposite the Western Union building, by the explosion of two or three railroad torpedoes. A crowd of them was being unloaded from a truck in front of L. G. Tillotson's, when it slipped and fell on the stone pavement, causing the exploding. No damage was done further than the breaking of a large pane of glass in Tillotson's. The crowd had scarcely been dispersed after the first explosion, when at 2 p. m. another report was heard, coming from the other side of Broadway, in Dey street, a distance of a block from where the first occurred. The latter was caused by a wagon running over another torpedo, which had probably been stolen by boys and thrown into the street.

The New York and Western Press Associations Separate.

The formal separation between the Western Associated Press and the New York Associated Press, which has so long been threatening, takes place to-morrow. The Western Press Association has established independent agencies of its own throughout the country, and refuses and declines all further exchange of business relations of any kind with the New York Associated Press. It is intimated that two newspapers belonging to the New York Associated Press will join the Western Press in its new departure. Mr. Walter P. Phillips, formerly the very efficient agent of the New York Associated Press here, takes charge of the Washington agency from Nov 1. Mr. Isaac Boynton, for many years the New York agent of the Western Associated Press, will represent that association in its enlarged field in New York, and the Western Press will maintain new agents and an independent bureau in some of the principle cities of the West. The Western Press, however, claims as its exclusive territory the Western and Pacific slope States, with Texas. An agency has been established in London. The expectations here is that there will be an animated contest between the two associations. This is the final result of the negotiations which have so long been pending between Mr. Gould and the different Press Associations, in which the New York Associated Press would have no part. The two members of the New York Associated Press which rumor states may join the Western Association are the World and the Tribune.

Sentenced for Robbing a Chinaman.

Thomas Horton, a sailor, was sentenced to the State Prison for fifteen years, to-day, for robbing a Chinaman a week ago.

MR. DICKSON EXPLAINS.

And the Rule of Court is Discharged.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Wm. D Cassidy filed his sworn answer to the rule laid upon him to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt for writing a letter to the foreman of the jury. He admits that he did send the letter in question, but in so doing averse that he did not intend any contempt to the court nor did he suppose or believe that in so doing his action would be regarded by the court as being in contempt expressed or implied. He further states that he sent the letter in the pursuance of and by the advice of his counsel, and after having failed in all other means recommended by his counsel to bring to justice said Henry C. Bowen referred to in the letter latter in the day Justice Wylie took up the matter and said he thought the rule should be discharged and so ordered. The grand jury was to-day excused from duty for one week from Monday next.

Gen. Habison's Resignation Accepted.

HARTFORD, Nov. 1.—The resignation of Quartermaster General Habison has been accepted by Gov. Bigelow. The vacancy has been filled by the appointment of Gen. Frank D. Sloat of New Haven. Gen. Sloat is candidate for comptroller on the Republican State ticket, is prominent in politics and the Grand Army of the Republic, and three years ago was paymaster-general on the staff of Gov. Andrews.

THE BRIBERY CASE.

Col. Ingersoll on the Witness Stand.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND DAY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—In the police court today the hearing of the Payne bribery case was resumed. Col. Ingersoll was called and questioned relative to the so-called "Ingersoll interview." He said the only affidavits actually in his possion when that interview was published were those of Brown, Laws, Holmead and Foote. He had declined to deliver these affidavits to Gen. Wells on the ground that he was not the proper custodian of them. Payne could be prosecuted in this or any other court, but it was unfair to try him and let his employer go free.

Col. Ingersoll said he gave Payne advice in relation to making affidavits, but declined to say what it was.

Richards was then placed on the stand and asked if he made the affidavit ascribed to him, and he replied in the affirmative, adding that it was true in every particular. What passed between Payne and himself he regarded as confidential and declined to divulge it.

No consideration was offered Foote for making his affidavit, and it was understood it was to remain in the witness' possession until corroborated by one from Payne. The witness knew of the letter from Foote to Dorsey demanding $1000 in return for papers. This letter was delivered to Dorsey by Payne. The witness was positive he told Foote nothing that could be construed into offer of compensation.

NATIONAL PROHIBITIONISTS

Meeting of Clergymen Yesterday at Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—A convention of clergymen of various denominations on behalf of the proposed amendment to the Constitution against the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, was held at Park street church today. It was called to order by the Rev. Dr. Dorchester, and prayer was offered by the Rev J. M. Gray, of the Reformed Episcopal Church A committee was appointed on permanent organization, the Rev. L. B. Bates being chairman. Pending the report of the committee, the Rev. Dr. Dorchester gave a historical sketch of the temperance movement. The convention then organized with Rev. Dr. J. L Withrow of Boston as president. Dr. Withrow delivered a brief address, in which he pointed out that all great reforms had come through the influence of the church.

The Rev. David Sherman of Hopkinton was introduced as the first speaker. He expressed admiration for the plan of reform by peaceful agitation, which had been originated by the English people, instead of the old time system of reform, by bloodshed and destruction. He believed that the proposed method of meeting the liquor traffic had various advantages, especially as it would draw out the full strength of temperance workers. The Rev Dr A. J. Patterson was the next speaker and denounced the evils of intoxicating liquors in unmeasured terms, and claimed that no language could picture their destructive effects. He believed that the constitutional amendment was the best means of attacking the liquor traffic.

The chairman explained that when he spoke of political parties he did not mean to give the impression that one party was as good as another. As a citizen he would earnest y favor the man who came from a prohibitory town and was himself a prohibitionist.

The Rev. Mark Trafton narrated in a facetious and entertaining style, his early experience in the total abstinence work in Maine, and recalled the fact that Neal Dow derived his idea of the prohibitory law in that State from his preaching. The speaker then made early attempts at prohibition in New England, and pointed out that the prohibitory law of Massachusetts in 1851, failed, owing to indifference in the enforcement. In closing, he strongly urged the necessity of harmony in the work for temperance. The Rev. Dr. Woodworth of East Providence, bore greetings from the convention of the Rhode Island Temperance Union.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

A Negro Finds a Fortune Through the Law.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 1.—In 1834, John Gross, or DeGross as he was sometimes called, a colored man, owned land in various parts of this city. Immediately after Brooklyn became a city, in 1834, the common council opened and laid out Myrtle avenue, as it now is, John Gross purchased from the city a piece of land adjoining his, which had been condemned and taken in the laying out of the avenue, and by its purchase he became the owner of all the southeast corner of Myrtle avenue and Navy street, the plot being 101 feet on Myrtle avenue and 50 feet on Navy street. He occupied it up to 1840, when it passed into the possession of Theodorus Bergen, another old Brooklynite, long since passed away. Gross, about that time, became mentally deranged, and wandered off no one knew whither, until his family received word of his death in New York city upwards of thirty years ago. He left three children, two of whom, John and Sarah, are living, and in December, 1878, they commenced action to recover, and after a long trial, the case was decided in their favor. An appeal was taken to the judges, at the general term, who reversed Judge Reynolds' decision and sent the case back for trial. On the new trial the case went to the jury, who returned a verdict for plaintiffs, but on appeal to the general term this was reversed. On the next trial the jury gave a verdict for defendants. On appeal by plaintiffs this was reversed. The next trial was before Judge Neilson, who pronounced the case one of the most extraordinary within his experience. The jury rendered a verdict for plaintiffs. This trial, which occurred in September, 1880, is still subject of remark among the frequenters of the city court. The defendants appealed again in the general term, but this last verdict was affirmed, and John Gross will be put in possession. He has heretofore done odd jobs at white-washing and the like. He is also a shoeblack on Sundays. He lives at No. 12 Mumby's alley, and is well known about town under the name of "Snowball." The property is valued at $50,000.

LABOR TROUBLES.

Mill Owners and Iron Workers Fail to Agree.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Representatives of the Amalgamated Iron and Steel Workers of this district, President Jarrett, and the mill owners who failed to agree upon a schedule for next year, have been holding another meeting in this city for the past three days. An agreement was reached last night on a scale of reduction of 21 per cent compared with prevailing prices. The workers, however, are firm in demanding that this agreement be subject to a revision May 1st. The mill owners are equally firm in demanding that the agreement should cover the entire year, and the conferences has adjourned without a perfect understanding. As two months yet remains before the time for the proposed new schedule to go into effect it is believed an agreement will be reached.

POLITICAL.

Getting Ready for an All Night Session.

SALEM, Mass., Nov. 1.—Gov. Plaisted of Maine, Wallace F. Groom of New York and Moody Boynton are to speak here Friday evening. The Salem brass band is engaged.

Congressional Nominations.

BRADFORD, Pa., Nov. 1.—The Republicans of the 16th Congressional district nominated W. W. Brown to-day.

YELLOW FEVER.

Eleven New Cases Reported.

PENSACOLA, Nov. 1.—Eleven new cases of fever to-day, but no deaths.

Released from Prison.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 1.—Moses Foley, alias Vogle, a notorious bank robber, was yesterday discharged from the New Jersey State Prison, at Trenton. Foley is the man who, with two companions, Proctor and Denning, were captured in 1872, while attempting to rob the First National Bank of Jersey City. Vogle pleaded guilty when arraigned, and was sentenced to fourteen years imprisonment. His conduct while in prison has been most exemplary, and his release before 1886 is due to the commutation of his term for good behavior. Proctor and Denning stood trial, and upon conviction were sentenced to fifteen years each.

Meeting of the Women's Missionary Society.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 1.—The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal church is holding its annual session here. Mrs R. B. Hayes presides, and about 300 delegates are present. Tuesday's session was given up to the consideration of a report of the committee on candidates for missionaries, and adopting a schedule of questions to be used in the examination of candidates.

A Great Scandal at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 1.—John B. Lesauntier, a wealthy property owner, yesterday was discharged from his position as manager of the exchange department of the Merchants' Exchange Band and sued for $25,000 damages for the betrayal of Miss Sylvia Seifert. Lesauntier was arrested and admitted to bail in $3000. The girl's mother is insane from grief over the scandal, and the girl's father goes about with a shot gun.

Seizure of a Valuable "Off-Color" Diamond.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Customs officers have seized an "off-color" diamond weighing 28 carats, in possession of a man named Goldsmid, claiming it was smuggled. The stone is valued at $3600. Goldsmid claims that the officers were misled, and got the wrong gem.

Decision in a test Case.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Nov. 1.—In the suit brought by brewers to test the validity of the constitutional amendment recently ratified by the vote of the people, Judge Hayes today decided against it.

FOREIGN.

The Revolutionary Movement in France.

THE NIHILISTS AGAIN STIRRING IN RUSSIA.

The Advance of the False Prophet to be Opposed.

THE LONGFELLOW MEMORIAL COMMITTEE.

The Case of Mr. Gray Opened.

Burning of a Theatre.

MADRID, Oct. 31.—The Massini Theatre at Barcelona, has been destroyed by fire. Nobody was killed.

The Salvationists Released.

BOMBAY, Nov 1.—The members of the Salvation Army, who were arrested some time ago in order to prevent a riot, which was imminent, have been released with an admonition.

The Czar in a Forgiving Mood.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 1.—The Emperor has commuted the sentence of death passed by the Kasan military tribunal on the political criminals Polivanoff and Novitsky, to penal servitude in the mines for an indefinite period and 12 years respectively.

Dissolution of the Berlin Council.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—It is stated on good authority that the Prussion Minister has resolved on the dissolution of the Berlin town council, and that the measure has been definitely sanctioned by the Emperor.

Bankers on a Holiday.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Today was the regular semi-annual settling day at the Bank of England, and consequently a holiday at the bank and stock exchange.

A Businesslike Statement.

Mr. Egan gives the name of a firm of Dublin accountants who audited his accounts and vouched for the sum he received for the league relief fund, which, by the audit, proved to be $59,178, exactly as he had stated.

Suppression of a Revolutionary Journal.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Books of the chief revolutionary organ at Lyons L'Etendard Revolutionaire having been seized under a judicial warrant, that journal has temporarily ceased to appear.

A Revolutionary Project Exposed.

BERNE, Nov. 1.—The German, Russian and Swiss socialists have purchased the old Castle Wyden at Win