

## Great Northern Railway.



ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, PRINCETON AND SANDSTONE.

GOING EAST.		Ex. Sub.
Le. Sandstone	6:00 a. m.	
Le. Mora	6:50 a. m.	
Le. Princeton	7:25 a. m.	
Ar. Elk River	7:58 a. m.	
Le. Anoka	8:35 a. m.	
Le. Minneapolis	8:59 a. m.	
Ar. St. Paul	9:40 a. m.	

GOING WEST.		Ex. Sub.
Le. St. Paul	4:45 p. m.	
Ar. Minneapolis	5:10 p. m.	
Le. Anoka	5:35 p. m.	
Ar. Elk River	6:10 p. m.	
Le. Princeton	6:52 p. m.	
Ar. Mora	7:20 p. m.	
Ar. Sandstone	8:10 p. m.	

ST. CLOUD TRAINS.		Ex. Sub.
Le. Milaca	9:40 a. m.	
Ar. St. Cloud	10:45 a. m.	
Le. St. Cloud	3:25 p. m.	
Ar. Milaca	4:30 p. m.	

These trains connect at St. Cloud with trains Nos. 1 and 3.

## WAY FREIGHT.

GOING EAST—Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday.		Ex. Sub.
Le. Milaca	11:10 a. m.	
Ar. Princeton	12:35 p. m.	
Ar. Elk River	2:30 p. m.	
Ar. Anoka	4:10 p. m.	
GOING WEST—Monday, Wednesday & Friday.		Ex. Sub.
Le. Anoka	9:40 a. m.	
Ar. Elk River	10:30 a. m.	
Ar. Princeton	12:25 p. m.	
Ar. Milaca	2:00 p. m.	

## MILLE LACS COUNTY.

## TOWN CLERKS.

Borgus Brook—Henry Gustafson	Princeton
Borgus Brook—J. B. Heston	Rock
Greenbush—Chas. E. Slater	Princeton
Isle Harbor—Otto A. Haggberg	Isle
Milaca—Ole Larson	Milaca
Milaca—R. N. Atkinson	Foreston
Princeton—Ernest Selhorn	Princeton
Robbins—Willie Anderson	Vineland
South Harbor—F. Norton	Cove
East Side—Geo. W. Freeman	Opstead
Onamia—Benjamin Cotton	Onamia
Page—L. D. Chamberlain	Page

## VILLAGE RECORDERS.

J. M. Neumann	Foreston
W. W. Goulding	Princeton
R. W. Hissam	Milaca

## NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

Baldwin—L. Berry	Princeton
Blue Hill—Thomas E. Brown	Princeton
Spencer Brook—G. C. Smith	Spencer Brook
Wyandott—Ole Peterson	Wyandott
Livonia—Chas. E. Swanson	Lake Fremont

## PRICES OF THE

Princeton Roller Mills and Elevator.	
Wheat, per bushel	\$3.65
Corn	40
Oats	30

## RETAIL.

Vestal, per sack	\$2.10
Flour, (100 per cent) per sack	2.00
Banner, per sack	1.70
Ground Feed, per cwt	1.00
Coarse Meal, per cwt	.85
Shavings	.90
Shorts, per cwt	.85
Branch, per cwt	.80

All goods delivered free anywhere in Princeton.

## PRINCETON Market Report

Wheat, No. 1, Northern	\$ .65
Rye	38
Oats	30
Buckwheat	50
Beans, (good)	1.60
Hay	5.50
Corn	40
Potatoes	20 @ 65

## FRATERNAL -- LODGE NO. 92, A. F. &amp; A. M.

Regular communications, 2d and 4th Wednesday of each month.  
A. A. CASWELL, W. M.  
W. N. CORDINER, Sec'y.

## PRINCETON -- LODGE, NO. 93, K. of P.

Regular meetings every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.  
A. A. CASWELL, C. C.  
C. W. VANWORMER, K. R. & S.

## CALLA TEMPLE, NO. 3.

Rathbone Sisters, of Princeton.  
Regular meetings 1st and 3rd Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 P. M.  
LORETTA HOWARD, M. of R. & C.

## K. O. T. M., Tent No. 17.

Regular meetings every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in the Maccabee hall.  
HENRY LIND, Com.  
N. M. NELSON, R. E.

## Hebron Encampment, No. 42, I. O. O. F.

Meetings, 2nd and 4th Mondays at 8 o'clock P. M.  
M. C. SAUSSER, C. P.  
D. W. SPAULDING, S. W.  
JOS. CRAIG, Scribe.

## PRINCETON -- LODGE, NO. 208, I. O. O. F.

Regular meetings every Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.  
W. H. BIDEWELL, N. G.  
LEON WHEELER, R. Sec.

## PRINCETON CAMP, M. W. A., No. 4032.

Regular meeting every fourth Thursday evening of each month, at 8:00, in the hall over post office.  
Visiting members cordially invited.  
H. E. WHITE, V. C.  
A. H. SMITH, Clerk.

## ESPEY LODGE, No. 193, A. O. U. W.

Regular meetings every first and third Monday evening of each month in the hall over post office.  
E. SOUTHERD, M. W.  
M. CUTLER, Rec.

## DON'T BE FOOLED!

Take the genuine, original ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA Made only by Madison Medicine Co., Madison, Wis. It keeps you well. Our trade mark cut on each package. 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitute. Ask your druggist.

## TELLTALE PICTURES.

PAINTINGS THAT HAVE DONE THE WORK OF DETECTIVES.

Instances Where the Canvas of an Artist Has Led to the Confession of a Criminal—A Portrait and a Stolen Diamond Pendant.

An artist who had suddenly become almost famous by his production of a painting exhibited at the Royal academy was one day called upon by a man whose visit was productive of the most extraordinary and undreamt of consequences.

The picture represented a lonely stretch of beach, upon which the sea was beating in long, creamy rollers. In the foreground, bending over a dead body, was a man with a wild expression on his face and with a naked knife in his hand. A ship's boat, evidently just beached, was also in the picture, and by the side of the murdered man was a bag of gold. The picture portrayed the advent of two castaways upon a friendly shore. The one had murdered the other so that the treasure might be his.

The painter's visitor was a gray haired, wild eyed man.

"In heaven's name, sir," he gasped out, "how did you learn the dreadful story that you painted? I see you know all. I murdered my mate Bill to get the money that was his. I threw his body into the sea. I don't know what impulse led me to the Academy. The first thing I saw was your picture representing the scene that took place 30 years ago."

Needless to say, the picture had been the outcome of imagination. Yet murder will out, and the guilty conscience of the man who had killed his comrade for lust of gold had convinced him that the painting was no coincidence, but was indeed the actual portrayal of a dastardly and unwitnessed crime.

There is probably no picture better known in England than "The Doctor," by Mr. Luke Fildes, yet there are probably very few people aware of the fact that that selfsame masterpiece was the means of bringing to light the perpetration of a crime that would otherwise have never been known.

A certain doctor in a large town committed suicide, and among his papers was a letter which ran as follows: "I have today seen Luke Fildes' 'Doctor.' The picture represents a medical man watching by the bedside of a child. It has so haunted me that I am going to take away my own worthless life and make a confession at the same time. When Arthur's"—his brother's—"boy died, I came into money that my dead brother had settled on him. He died as all the world thought of acute pneumonia. Yet his life might have been saved had I acted, as Fildes' 'Doctor' is so evidently doing, with the use of all the skill that lay in my power. I hastened the boy's end and so got the money. I can bear it no more."

A well known artist was commissioned to paint the portrait of a lady in the excited circles, who boasted the possession of a most unique jewel in the form of a pendant. The lady was very anxious that this heirloom should be included in her portrait. The artist, of course, complied with her request.

Shortly after the painting had been completed a daring burglary was perpetrated, with the result that the lady lost her heirloom, and no trace of the thief or thieves was forthcoming. Years passed by, and the lady gave up all hope of ever seeing the precious heirloom again.

Now, it so happened that the artist who had painted the portrait of the lady mentioned had occasion to travel in India.

In the course of his wanderings he came to Bombay and, as every visitor to that place does, strolled through the native bazaar.

Suddenly his attention was riveted by a piece of jewelry in a jeweler's shop that seemed familiar to him. It was a diamond and ruby pendant. Where had he seen it before? He ransacked his brain, but could not remember.

He returned to his hotel and happened to take from his portfolio a sketch of the portrait he had made years ago of the lady with the pendant.

In a moment the enigma was solved. The piece of jewelry he had seen was the peculiar pendant that his fair sitter had been so anxious he should include in his portrait.

He hurried off to the chief of police, and told that worthy what he suspected, namely, that the bazaar he had visited contained the long lost jewel of the English lady. Inquiries were at once set on foot with extraordinary results. The jeweler in the bazaar confessed to having given years ago a quite insignificant sum for the jewel, which he had bought from a stableman in the employ of a neighboring rajah. The stableman was sought for, and turned out to be none other than a famous English crackman, who had apparently turned honest, but who, nevertheless, confessed to having been the thief of the jewel that had been so miraculously discovered.—Pearson's Weekly.

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## CARD PLAYERS' CRAMP.

What Once Happened to an Old Faro Dealer's Hand.

"Were you ever paralyzed?" said the old timer.

"No, and may the"—began the other. "Well, you see that right hand? It looks pretty good and strong and it is, but for about three days once it was dead as a frosted tomato plant."

"You know of course that I used to make my living playing cards, chiefly dealing bank. There wasn't a day I didn't deal bank or in other games six to eight hours a day. Many a time I have dealt or played longer."

"One night I was dealing bank. It was a good, big game. All at once when I went to slip a card this old right refused to work. I looked at it and the fingers were kind of twisted inward and the hand from the wrist was bent downward."

"This stopped the deal for me, and I told the lookout 'to get busy,' for the players were getting a little 'queered.' He took my place, and I watched the bets."

"I rubbed my right, but it wouldn't straighten out and it kept this way until the next day, and then I went to a doctor. He didn't know me as well as you do, but the first question he asked was:

"Deal cards a great deal, don't you?"

"Yes."

"Do you deal with an elbow movement or with finger and wrist movement?"

"Why, I don't work my elbow."

"That explains it. You have card players' paralysis."

"This hit me center, and I showed it, but the doctor was good and said:

"Now, don't get flurried. I'll straighten you up. Just quit dealing awhile, and I'll give your hand a few doses of electricity, and you'll be all right."

"He did it, and in about three days my hand was straight as a string. But I haven't dealt so much since. There's many an old timer whose dealing hand has quit him. And you say you were never paralyzed?"

"No."

"Well, you ain't played cards much."

—Louisville Times.

## THE KUKLUX KLAN.

Where and How the Famous Body Was Organized.

When the civil war ended, the little town of Pulaski, Tenn., welcomed a band of young men who, though they were veterans of hard fought fields, were for the most part no older than the mass of college students. In the general poverty, the exhaustion, the lack of heart, naturally prevalent throughout the beaten south, young men had more leisure than was good for them.

A southern country town, even in the halcyon days before the war, was not a particularly lively place, and Pulaski in 1866 was doubtless rather tame to fellows who had seen Pickett charge at Gettysburg or galloped over the country with Morgan and Wheeler. A group of them assembled in a law office one evening in May, 1866, were discussing ways and means of having a livelier time. Some one suggested a club or society. An organization with no very definite aims was effected, and at a second meeting, a week later, names were proposed and discussed. Some one pronounced the Greek word kuklos, meaning circle.

From kuklos to kuklux was an easy transition—whenever consults a glossary of college boys' slang will not find it strange—and the name followed kuklux as naturally as "dummy" follows "humpy." That the name meant nothing whatever was a recommendation, and one can fancy what sort of badinage would have followed a suggestion that in six years a committee of congress would devote 13 volumes to the history of the movement that began in a Pulaski law office and migrated later to a deserted and half ruined house on the outskirts of the village.—Atlantic Monthly.

## Fields of Salt.

At Salton, in southern California, exists a basin of land between 200 and 200 feet below sea level. About 1,000 acres of the depressed area are covered with a deposit of salt, which C. F. Holden describes in The Scientific American as one of the sights of California. The salt is first thrown into ridges by a peculiarly shaped plow, drawn by a dummy engine with cables, and then is piled into conical heaps before being carried to the drying house and crushing mill. The expanse looks like a field of snow. About 2,000 tons of salt are removed each year, but the supply is perennially renewed by the deposits of salt springs which flow into the basin. In June the temperature of the air reaches 150 degrees, and only Indian workmen can withstand the heat and glare.

## Tiger's Make Believe Eyes.

Mr. Beddard of the London Zoological society calls attention to a peculiarity of the ears of tigers which he thinks may be classed under the head of "protective markings." On the back of each ear is a very bright white spot, and when the ears are directed forward these spots are conspicuous from the front. Mr. Beddard suggests that when the tiger is sleeping in the dim light of a cave or thicket the spots on its ears may appear to an enemy, looking in, as the gleam of its watchful eyes, and thus save the sleeper from an unexpected attack.

## The Wisdom of Experience.

When I was 20, I thought I was 40; when I was 30 I thought I was 50; when I was 40 I thought I was 25, and when I was 50 I wondered if they were going to bring in the high chair at the table and give me the bottle.—W. W. Goodwin, Retiring Harvard Professor, at a Dinner in His Honor.

## Ordinance No. 68.

An ordinance to prohibit the sale and use of cannon or giant firecrackers or any firecracker over six inches in length within the corporate limits of the village of Princeton, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Common Council of the Village of Princeton.

SECTION ONE. No person or persons shall at any time, sell or use any cannon or giant firecrackers or any firecracker over six inches in length within the corporate limits of the village of Princeton, Minnesota.

SECTION TWO. Any person or persons convicted of violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the village jail not exceeding thirty (30) days.

SECTION THREE. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its adoption and publication.

Adopted this 2nd day of July, A. D. 1901.

T. H. CALEY, President.

J. W. GOULDING, Village Recorder.

[Seal]

First Publication July 4, 1901.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

County of Milne Lacs.

District Court, Seventh Judicial District.

The Milne Lacs Lumber Company.

Plaintiff.

William A. Rhodamehl; the unknown heirs of Mary A. Mooney, deceased, all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of the court above entitled, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the undersigned at his office, number 203 Bank of Minnesota Building, St. Paul, Minnesota, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in its complaint.

Dated June 20th, 1901.

JOHN D. O'BRIEN,

Bank of Minnesota Building,

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

County of Milne Lacs.

District Court, Seventh Judicial District.

The Milne Lacs Lumber Company.

Plaintiff.

William A. Rhodamehl; the unknown heirs of Mary A. Mooney, deceased, all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, defendants.

Notice is hereby given of the pendency of the action above entitled. The object of said action is to obtain the judgment and decree of the court above entitled adjudging and decreeing the plaintiff to be the owner in fee simple and entitled to the possession of the following described premises situate in Milne Lacs county, Minnesota:

The south half (S $\frac{1}{2}$ ) of the southeast one-quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ) of section thirty-four (34), in township thirty-eight (38), of range twenty-six (26) and that none of the defendants have any right title, interest, claim, demand or lien in, to or upon any part thereof.

Dated June 20th, 1901.

JOHN D. O'BRIEN,

Bank of Minnesota Building,

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office of Register of Deeds, County of Milne Lacs, State of Minnesota.—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in my office for record this 20th day of June, A. D. 1901, at 4 o'clock P. M., and duly recorded in book "F" of Minn. on page 294.

ELMER M. CHAPMAN,

Register of Deeds.

[Seal]

By R. S. CHAPMAN, Deputy.

First Publication June 20, 1901.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Samuel R. Thayer:

Take notice that the following described piece and parcel of land situated in the county of Milne Lacs and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of the northeast quarter, in section 29, in township 38 north, of range 27 west, was on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1898, bid in for the State of Minnesota, for the sum of \$3.27, at the tax sale of lands held pursuant to a real estate tax judgment made and entered in the district court in and for the said county of Milne Lacs, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1898, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1896, in and for the said county of Milne Lacs, and was on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1901, assigned by the State of Minnesota for \$4.43; that the amount required to redeem such land from said tax sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the said sum of \$4.43, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent. per month from said 2nd day of May, A. D. 1901, to the time of such redemption, and the time for redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Dated at Princeton, Minnesota, this 21st day of May, A. D. 1901.

E. E. WHITNEY,

Auditor of Milne Lacs County, Minn.

[Auditor's Seal]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Samuel R. Thayer:

Take notice that the following described piece and parcel of land situated in the county of Milne Lacs and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter, in section 34, in township 38 north, of range 27 west, was on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1898, bid in for the State of Minnesota, for the sum of \$3.43, at the tax sale of lands held pursuant to a real estate tax judgment made and entered in the district court in and for the said county of Milne Lacs, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1898, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1896, in and for the said county of Milne Lacs, and was on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1901, assigned by the State of Minnesota for \$4.63; that the amount required to redeem such land from said tax sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the said sum of \$4.63, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent. per month from said 2nd day of May, A. D. 1901, to the time of such redemption, and the time for redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Dated at Princeton, Minnesota, this 21st day of May, A. D. 1901.

E. E. WHITNEY,

Auditor of Milne Lacs County, Minn.

[Auditor's Seal]

Notice of Ex