

TEUTONS PURSUE RUSSIAN TROOPS

Slav Retreat Is Becoming Disorderly Rout.

SUFFERING SEVERE LOSSES

Austro-Hungarian and German Armies Inflict Heavy Casualties on Enemy and Capture Many Guns and Considerable War Supplies—French Retake All Positions Recently Lost.

London, July 25.—Notwithstanding the threat of Premier Kerensky that a policy of "blood and iron" will be applied without restraint against the sedition Russian troops in East Galicia, whose disaffection has made null almost all the brilliant gains they had achieved early in the month, the Russians continue their retreat, virtually pell mell, before the German and Austro-Hungarian armies.

From the Carpathians to the region of Tarnopol the Russians almost everywhere are in disorderly retreat. Their losses in men killed, wounded or made prisoner and in guns and stores captured are extremely heavy and these undoubtedly will become greater unless the hoped for stiffening in the morale of the Russians is realized soon.

Stanislau, the principal junction for commercial activities in Galicia and an important grain and manufacturing center, is being evacuated by the Russians, while Podhaytse, Halicz and other towns have been taken by the Teutons.

Tarnopol is more seriously menaced than ever, if it has not already been retaken.

Entire Eastern Front Ablaze.

Including the hostilities in Galicia the entire eastern front, from the Baltic virtually to the Black sea, is the scene of big operations, but with the Russians standing firmly against the enemy only in the Roumanian theater. As in Galicia the Russians around the region of Dvinsk and Vilna continue to show signs of disaffection. Although they had captured German positions along the Dvinsk-Vilna railway the Russians could not be induced to press their advantage and retired, unhindered by the Germans, to their old positions.

In the repulse of attacks with large forces near Krevy, which was recaptured, and south of Smoogon the Germans cut entire regiments to pieces with the fire of their infantry and machine guns.

The Germans having ceased their violent infantry attacks against the French along the Chemin-des-Dames in France the latter have assumed the initiative and have taken back from the enemy the small advantages gained in terrain during weeks of tenacious assaults.

The lost ground on the Californie plateau and the Casemates plateau has all been recaptured and the French, despite vicious counter attacks, have even pushed their lines forward at several points in the latter region.

SEE LONG STRUGGLE AHEAD

Washington Officials Gloomy Over Russian Collapse.

Washington, July 25.—The collapse of the Russian drive and the mutiny of the Russian army on the southeastern front has filled Washington with gloom. The events are regarded as indicating that Russia will not be able to become an aggressive factor in the war for some time to come, if ever, and that the allies are up against a struggle of two or three years longer to defeat Germany.

The administration has been informed officially that German agents in Russia are responsible for the widespread disaffection that has paralyzed the government.

CALLS U. S. PLANS A BLUFF

German People Assured America Will Not Carry Out Air War Program.

Copenhagen, July 25.—The commanding general of the German aerial forces has issued an interview to the German newspapers in which he attempts to discount the prospective participation of American aviators in the war for mastery of the air.

Dispatches from the United States telling of hundreds of aviators who are to be graduated weekly and of the thousands of airplanes to be constructed give the general an occasion to speak scoffingly of what he terms the usual Anglo-American bluff and American weakness for big talk and tall figures.

KILLED BY STRAY BULLET

Second Lieutenant Patten Hit on Range Near Fort Bliss.

El Paso, Tex., July 25.—Struck by a bullet from a machine gun on the target range near Fort Bliss, Second Lieutenant Lopp P. Patten, Thirty-third United States infantry, was fatally wounded and died a short time afterward. A board of inquiry is investigating.

DISCUSSED BY COMMITTEE

Bill to Form Indian Regiments Is Considered.

Washington, July 25.—The Kahn bill to organize ten or more regiments of Indian cavalry as part of the American military forces was considered by the house military committee. The measure proposes that reservations be visited by medical examiners and recruiting officers and all available Indians invited to enlist.

Brazil to Aid Belgium.

Rio Janeiro, July 25.—A large committee has been organized for the purpose of obtaining money and supplies for the Belgians in the invaded regions. The supplies will be sent by a steamer of the Lloyd Brazilian line and debarked at Rotterdam, assurances having been given out that Germany will respect the vessel.

French Naval Tender Sunk.

Paris, July 25.—The naval tender Berthilde was sunk by a submarine in the Eastern Mediterranean on July 12, says an official report issued. Twenty-five men lost their lives.

SHIPPING PROFITS DUE TO HIGH RATES

New York, July 25.—An extraordinary growth in the profits of the International Mercantile Marine company since the beginning of the war, as revealed in the company's annual report for 1916, is attributed by Harold A. Sanderson, chairman of the directors, "to the shortage of tonnage and the abnormal increase in freight rates."

As a result "the earnings of the company and its subsidiaries reached a point far exceeding those of any previous period in its history."

Gross earnings of the company and its subsidiaries for 1916, according to the report, amounted to \$60,602,010, after providing for British excess profits duty.

This compares with \$51,056,679 in 1915, and \$43,378,526 in 1914.

Profits for 1916, before providing for depreciation on steamships, aggregated \$25,946,650, against \$17,341,997 in 1915, and \$3,307,029 in 1914.

RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

National League.

New York 6, Pittsburgh 2.
Cincinnati 6, Brooklyn 5.
St. Louis 3, Philadelphia 0.
Chicago 3, Boston 0.

American League.

Washington 2, Cleveland 1.

American Association.

St. Paul 2, Indianapolis 1.
Louisville 4, Milwaukee 2.
Toledo 7, Minneapolis 1.
Kansas City 5, Columbus 4.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 24.
Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, \$2.81; No. 1 Northern, \$2.80; No. 2 Northern, \$2.75. Flax—On track and to arrive, \$3.16.

St. Paul Grain.

St. Paul, July 24.
Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$2.95; No. 1 Northern, \$2.85@2.95; No. 2 Northern, \$2.80@2.90; corn, \$2.12@2.13; oats, 77½¢@78½¢; barley, \$1.15@1.50; rye, \$1.90@1.92; flax, \$3.09½.

South St. Paul Live Stock.

South St. Paul, July 24.
Cattle—Receipts, 2,650; steers, \$6.00@12.50; cows and heifers, \$6.60@8.50; calves, \$6.00@13.00. Hogs—Receipts, 2,160; range, \$14.70@15.35. Sheep—Receipts, 200; lambs, \$6.00@15.00; ewes, \$5.00@8.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 24.
Wheat—July, \$2.54; Sept., \$2.25. Corn—Sept., \$1.63½; Dec., \$1.14½; May, \$1.12½. Oats—July, 74½¢; Sept., 57½¢. Pork—Sept., \$40.20. Butter—Creameries, 38@38½c. Eggs—31½@33c. Poultry—Springs, 22@28c; fowls, 17@19c.

Minneapolis Grain.

Minneapolis, July 24.
Wheat—July, \$2.72; Sept., \$2.21. Cash close on track: No. 1 hard, \$2.95; No. 1 Northern, \$2.85@2.95; No. 2 Northern, \$2.80@2.90; No. 3 Northern, \$2.65@2.70. No. 3 yellow corn, \$2.12@2.13; No. 3 white oats, 77½¢@78½¢; flax, \$3.09½.

St. Paul Hay.

St. Paul, July 24.
Choice timothy, \$18.00; No. 1 timothy, \$17.50@18.25; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$16.50@17.25; No. 1 mixed, different grasses, \$16.00@16.75; No. 1 mixed, timothy and wild, \$15.50@16.25; choice upland, \$17.00; No. 1 upland, \$15.50@17.00; No. 1 midland, \$13.50@14.25; No. 1 alfalfa, \$20.00@20.75.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, July 24.
Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; steers, \$8.25@14.00; cows and heifers, \$5.30@11.90; calves, \$9.75@14.25. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; light, \$14.50@15.75; mixed, \$14.40@15.85; heavy, \$14.20@15.95; rough, \$14.20@14.45; pigs, \$11.50@14.25. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; native, \$7.75@11.00; lambs, \$10.00@15.75.

ANOTHER DRAFT CALL PROBABLE

United States May Summon Half Million More Men.

ESTIMATES BEING PREPARED

First Million Troops Will Be Made Up of Those Just Drawn for Service, the National Guard and Regulars. Navy Department Is Planning to Ask Congress for More Funds.

Washington, July 25.—Increased interest in the final steps for drafting the first army of Americans for service in the trenches of Europe followed the announcement of the possibility of increasing the conscription list to 1,000,000 men.

The first million men are to be made up of the first draft army of 500,000, the national guard and the regulars. It is improbable that the first draft will be increased, but the government is arranging its finances for other drafts without the necessity of going to congress again for money.

Estimates for revenue in the war tax bill provide only for the 500,000 men for eight months beginning July 1. The new estimates are designed to provide for the first army of a half million for an entire year and, in addition, for twelve months' expenditures caused by the second call of 500,000 men, because it would be necessary to buy their equipment before or soon after they are drafted.

Navy Will Require More Funds.

In addition to the war department's additional estimates the navy department is preparing estimates calling for \$100,000,000 additional. The shipping also is expected to require several millions more.

It is generally understood the president plans to call out 500,000 more men as soon as those now drafted are on their way to France.

Estimates have placed the training necessary before the first army is ready at eight months.

It is assumed the second army, thus would be called to the colors about April, unless events before that time shall hasten that step.

The selective draft bill authorizes a second call and the new revenue plan would meet all expenses until July, 1918.

Besides the additional sums needed for the war program Secretary McAdoo told the senate finance committee that the \$300,000,000 authorized for loan to the allies probably will last only until October and that about \$3,000,000,000 for their further assistance will be needed.

HUNGARY'S PREMIER OPPOSES CONQUEST

Copenhagen, July 25.—Advices from Budapest give the outline of an address of the Hungarian premier, Count Moritz Esterhazy, before parliament concerning the war.

"We are waging the war," the premier said, "as a defensive war and our goal at the conclusion of peace will not be for conquest. We have expressed readiness for an honorable peace and accord with the allies."

Count Tisza, the former premier, also addressed the chamber. He asked complete harmony on war aims, peace terms and for a loyal maintenance of the alliance existing between the reichstag and Hungarian public opinion.

MAY REORGANIZE THE ARMY

General Pershing Recommends Adoption of French System.

Washington, July 25.—The American army is likely to be reorganized along the lines of the French army as a result of General Pershing's observation in France. The reorganization will affect every company, regiment and division of the present regular establishment and the militia units which are about to go to camp. The national army called under the draft will be organized altogether along the French line.

Orders for the reorganization are being prepared by the general staff and they will be telegraphed to the various departmental commanders about the date of the field mobilization of the militia.

Colorado Colonel Found Dead.

Pueblo, Colo., July 25.—Colonel Elwood W. Evans, inspector-in-chief of the Colorado national guard and former commander of the famous Tenth regiment of negro cavalry of the United States army, was found dead in a bathroom of a hotel here. Death was ascribed to heart disease or apoplexy.

Two Men Die in Lake.

Eau Claire, Wis., July 25.—Mystery surrounds the drowning of two unidentified men in Lake Hallie, near here. Witnesses some distance away declare one man fell overboard and the second perished when he jumped from a small boat to save his companion.

Program of Examinations FOR COMMON SCHOOL CERTIFICATES

July 30, 31 and August 1, 1917

At the School House, Princeton, and School House, Milaca, Minn.

MONDAY, JULY 30.

Morning.
8:30 to 8:45 Enrollment.
8:45 to 9:15 Spelling.
9:15 to 10:00 Penmanship.
10:00 to 12:00 Arithmetic.
Afternoon.
1:15 to 3:00 Geography.
3:00 to 4:00 Composition.
4:00 to 5:00 Reading.

Tuesday, July 31.

Morning.
8:00 to 9:45 United States History.
9:45 to 11:30 English Grammar.
11:30 to 12:00 Music.

Wednesday, August 1.

Morning.
8:00 to 8:30 Enrollment.
8:30 to 10:15 Geometry.
10:15 to 12:00 Physics.
Afternoon.
1:15 to 2:45 Algebra.
2:45 to 4:15 Physical Geography or General History.
4:15 to 5:15 Agriculture.

If Geography, Physiology-Hygiene or Algebra do not require the full time, the remaining time may be used for the subjects that follow.

A fee of 50 cents for each applicant must be paid when enrolled.

Application for renewal of certificates must be made this month, and upon the regulation blank, and accompanied by the 50 cents fee and reading circle certificates.

This is the only examination for the year and all who expect to teach the coming year must secure their certificates at this time.

OLOF WASENIUS,

County Superintendent.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

Princeton, Minn., July 25, 1917.
The treasurer's financial report of Independent School District No. 1, Mille Lacs County, Minnesota.

Receipts.
Cash on hand July 15, 1916 \$4,987.21
State apportionment 4,139.57
Special state aid 3,164.00
Special taxes 14,441.81
Local one mill tax 536.09
Interest on account 19.15
All other sources 113.09

Total \$26,551.02

Disbursements.
General contract \$26.55
Teachers' salary 14,363.20
Books and supplies 508.65
Operation 3,918.21
Maintenance 203.49
All other expense 68.00
Cash in bank July 15, 1917 7,662.91

Total \$26,551.02

A. B. GRAMER,

Sec. Board of Education.

Kindness of Heart.

His face was pinched and drawn. With faltering footsteps he wended his way among the bustling crowd.

"Kind sir," he suddenly exclaimed, "will you not give me a loaf of bread for my wife and little ones?"

The stranger regarded him not unkindly. "Far be it from me," he rejoined, "to take advantage of your destitution. Keep your wife and little ones; I do not want them."—Tit-Bits.

Money to Loan

ON IMPROVED FARMS

Liberal Amounts: Lowest Rates
Prepayment Privilege

ROBT. H. KING

Princeton, Minnesota.

Why not sell your Eggs for Cash?

We pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICES

Townsend Produce Company

Opposite Allen's Store

WE ALWAYS LEAD

We want your Eggs and Cream

SEE US

HIGHEST PRICES ALWAYS AT
C. H. WERLING'S
Princeton " Minn.
Both Phones

First National Bank

OF PRINCETON, MINNESOTA.

PAID UP CAPITAL, \$30,000

A General Banking Business Interest Paid On Time Deposits.
Transacted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange.
Loans Made on Approved Security.

S. S. PETTERSON, President.
T. H. CALEY, Vice President.
J. F. PETTERSON, Cashier.

A Modern Safe Deposit Vault

Any kind of a hiding place was good enough in by-gone years for valuables. But the grief occasioned by many losses led to the gradual improvement of Vault protection until the modern fire and burglar-proof Bank Vault was brought to a high degree of protective perfection. This Bank has installed a modern fire and burglar proof customer's vault and within it have been arranged private safe deposit boxes for the use of individuals. We will rent these boxes by the year at a very reasonable rental.

THIS NEW SERVICE IS OPEN TO ALL ON VERY EASY TERMS. CALL IN AND LET US EXPLAIN.

Farm Loans Insurance
5 Percent Paid on Time Deposits.

Princeton State Bank

Princeton, Minn.



The Careful Man and his wife put their money in the bank where it is safe from fire, burglars and their own temptation to spend it.

HUSBAND AND WIFE BOTH SHOULD SAVE MONEY. WHAT'S THE GOOD FOR ONE TO SAVE AND THE OTHER TO SPEND.

JUST ASK YOURSELF TODAY: "WHO GETS THE MONEY I EARN?" DO I GET IT OR DOES SOMEBODY ELSE GET IT?

IF SOMEBODY ELSE IS GETTING IT CUT HIM OFF. YOU EARNED YOUR MONEY, IT BELONGS TO YOU. KEEP IT.

BE A CAREFUL MAN AND BANK YOUR MONEY.

BANK WITH US.

WE PAY 4 PER CENT INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Security State Bank

Farmers' State Bank

Long Siding, Minn.

We are always in the market for good real estate or personal loans.

Carry your checking account with us.
5% paid on time deposits.

FARM LANDS

FARM LOANS

McMillan & Stanley

Successors to

M. S. RUTHERFORD & CO.

PRINCETON, MINNESOTA

We Handle the Great Northern Railway Co. Lands.

FARM LOANS

FARM LANDS

A. C. SMITH

Prime Meats of Every Variety,
Poultry, Fish, Etc.

Highest Market Prices Paid for Cattle and Hogs

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