

no longer published

Hawaiian Gazette

FOOD FORECAST FOR TODAY
One Wheatless and One Meatless Meal

VOL. LII, NO. 54 HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1918. —SEMI-WEEKLY. WHOLE NUMBER 4783

HUNS FLEE IN TANGLED CONFUSION

Ostend Captured, Zeebrugge Abandoned, Bruges In Belgians' Grasp YANKS SMASH ENEMY'S DEFENSES ON THE MEUSE

KING ALBERT'S MEN MAY DRIVE PART OF GERMAN ARMY OVER DUTCH LINE

Paris Reports Boches Putting Outer Defenses of Antwerp Into Shape, Indication Retreat To Line of the Scheldt

LONDON, October 18.—(Associated Press)—Ostend has been taken, Zeebrugge is evacuated by the Germans, Belgian patrols have entered the outskirts of Bruges, Lille is in full possession of the British, Courtrai is held securely and Douai has fallen after a hard fight.

Along the entire front from the North Sea to Douai the enemy is falling back rapidly, offering small resistance in Northern France except at Courtrai and Douai, while in Flanders the German retreat is a disorganized rout, the Huns pouring in full flight through the gap left between Bruges and the Dutch border, abandoning vast accumulations of supplies gathered up during four years.

SHELLING ROUTED FORCES
Last night Belgian patrols entered Bruges, with Belgian cavalry operating east and west of the city and Belgian infantry coming up rapidly and threatening to cut the Bruges-Ellebroek road, the only good road over which the Germans may retreat, and which yesterday was reported to contain a vast jumble of transports and fleeing men. Belgian guns south of the city are firing on the retreating army.

It is confidently expected that a large part of the German force still between Bruges and the coast will be cut off. In that event it is expected that the Germans will flee across the Dutch border for safety, where they are certain of internment.

ALBERT AND ELIZABETH WITH ARMY
King Albert and Queen Elizabeth entered Ostend yesterday afternoon, with the Belgian troops, being given a touching ovation by the Belgian civilians left in the town by the Germans. The Belgian monarchs were welcomed back to Ostend by a British naval force, Admiral Keyes having landed from the sea after a British naval air squadron had reported the place cleared of Germans.

While King Albert was leading a portion of the Belgian army across the Yser and to Ostend, a second Belgian army was driving the German back upon Bruges, operating on both sides of the Thourout-Bruges road. This force later joined hands with the force to the west and a line running from northeast through Oudenburg, Zedelghem and Rudder-voorde was established, this line being advanced last night close to Bruges.

FRENCH TAKE TOWNS
The French, cooperating with the Belgians and British, took a number of important towns in their drive towards Ghent. These included Pitthem, Moulbeke and Wypgheme. The Germans on this section of the front offered a desperate resistance to the French.

From the region west of Thielt south the Germans are being driven back at every point where they are offering resistance, which are few, the whole army of General von Arnim being in retreat. This army is estimated at seventeen divisions, something over three hundred thousand men.

BRITISH MAKE ADVANCES
On their main section of this Northern France and Flemish front the British made notable advances from Courtrai to Douai. The former city, an important railroad point, was entered and occupied. The British fifth army advanced and began to encircle Lille, forcing a hasty retreat of the German garrison, and the British made a dramatic entry into the famous old city, marching in with drums beating. Lille escaped the touch of the Hun vandals and it was neither set on fire nor

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DUTCH soldiers behind the wire that marks their frontier, guarding the integrity of Holland. It will be into the hands of such soldiers that the fleeing Germans will fall if they seek safety from the Allies by crossing north into Dutch territory.



Secretary McAdoo Urges Further Subscriptions To Liberty Loan Now Threatened With Failure

While Americans in France have been winning one of the bloodiest battles of the war, struggling forward against thousands of machine guns, through mud and water, and dying undoubtedly by the hundreds, Americans at home are failing to make good. The Fourth Liberty Loan, to raise a minimum of six billion dollars, was only two-thirds subscribed up to noon yesterday and a special appeal has been sent out by Secretary McAdoo, urging the nation behind not to fail their sons at the front.

A special message has been sent by Secretary McAdoo to the people of Hawaii, urging further subscriptions here, irrespective of the fact that the local campaign has closed. The national campaign is still open and it is still possible for those who want to help the Nation and the cause for which America battles to place their subscriptions through the local banks by cable.

Mr. McAdoo cables The Advertiser as follows: "Subscriptions reported and estimated up to noon Thursday amount to four billion dollars, leaving at least two billion dollars to complete the Fourth Liberty Loan. Only two days are left within which to raise this vast sum. No country on earth but America could raise so vast a sum in so short a time.

"America can do it and must do it. The destinies of the world and the hopes of civilization are centered upon America.

"We shall fail in everything we have fought for and hope to gain in this war if the Fourth Liberty Loan is defeated.

"Let every true American citizen today examine himself under the white light of patriotism and say whether or not he has done his utmost in this emergency.

"The highest obligation of duty and patriotism command every true American to go immediately to his bank or to his Liberty Loan committee and subscribe to the limit of his ability to the Fourth Liberty Bonds.

"Don't delay. Don't wait to be urged. Be as quick to do your part in this Fourth Liberty Loan battle as our soldiers in France are quick to obey the orders to charge the enemy.

"Buy Liberty Bonds on the instalment plan if you cannot buy them for cash.

"Every patriotic bank will help you. If every patriotic citizen will do his duty today, victory for the Fourth Liberty Loan is certain.

"The continued victories of our armies in Europe, the certain defeat of our enemies and the glorious triumph of the cause of liberty depend upon what the American people do in the remaining two days of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign."

"W. G. M'ADOO."

PORTO RICO ASKS FOR ASSISTANCE

NEW YORK, October 18.—(Associated Press)—With more than one hundred dead and thousands suffering from the lack of shelter, food and clothing as a result of the earthquake which destroyed many towns and villages in the island, the government of Porto Rico has appealed to congress for Red Cross assistance. A cable received here today asking that immediate assistance be rendered the stricken Porto Ricans was forwarded to Washington.

EXPLOSION DOES HEAVY DAMAGE

LYONS, France, October 18.—(Associated Press)—Heavy material damage was done by an explosion in a munition factory here today. Only a few workers were injured.

ALLIES ARE NOW FIGHTING ON SOIL OF MONTENEGRO

LONDON, October 18.—(Associated Press)—For the first time since February, 1916, Allied forces are fighting on the soil of Montenegro. The Austro-Hungarian army in western Siberia has been forced across the border by the relentless attacks of the Serbian forces. The evacuation of Diakova has begun with the Serbians close on the heels of the retreating troops. Ipek is believed to be the objective of the enemy's retreat.

CAPTAINS WOUNDED

WASHINGTON, October 18.—(Associated Press)—Today's casualty list contains the names of Captains Moses Akins, Chicago, and Royal McCutcheon, Franklin, Virginia, wounded in action.

PLAY BIG PART IN LIBERTY LOAN

SAN FRANCISCO, October 18.—(Official)—Russians, Chinese and Japanese are playing a big part in raising the total of subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan here. According to an announcement from loan headquarters today total subscriptions for the three nationalities amount to \$2,274,050. Of this amount the Russians subscribed \$1,800,000. Subscriptions totaling \$386,750 were received from 625 Japanese and 700 Chinese subscribed \$87,300.

JEWES PLAN TO RAISE BILLION

NEW YORK, October 18.—(Associated Press)—Plans for raising a fund of \$1,000,000,000 for the reconstruction of Jewry throughout the world were announced here today by a joint committee representing the American Fund for the Relief of Jewish War Sufferers.

BLOODY BATTLE ON AIRE WON BY AMERICANS WHO NOW HOLD KEY POSITION

Cross River and Mud Flats To Drive Enemy From Forested Hills—Now Dominate Great Area Toward North

NEW YORK, October 18.—(Associated Press)—After three days of most desperate fighting, with the Americans forcing their way through obstacles that were regarded by the Germans as insuperable and against positions that were regarded as impregnable, the Yankees have won a signal victory northwest of Verdun. They have pierced the enemy's main defenses and have won positions that give them the key to great stretches of territory to the north and the northeast. If the Americans are able to follow up their victory as seems almost certain now, they will drive a wedge between the Germans east to Laon and the great bastion of the new defense line at Thionville and Metz.

The Americans are now in complete control of the Cote Chatillon, the wooded heights of which were defended by the Germans with the utmost tenacity and the strength of desperation, these positions being the dominant ones on this section of the Kriemhild line. While the Yankees were storming these heights, the French to their left were engaged in taking positions almost as important, those on Hill 222, north of Talma and west of Grand-Pre. Here, as in the Cote Chatillon, the Germans offered a desperate resistance.

OPEN ROAD TO NORTH
These victories open the way for a clear road to Buzancy and on to the great objective of this eastern campaign, the Montmedy-Mezieres railroad, the main line of retreat for the Germans, losing which they will be forced to retreat entirely through Luxembourg and Belgium.

The Americans yesterday fought at Champigneulle, Grand-Pre, in the Cote Chatillon and in the Bois de la Grande Montagne, the summit of which was taken. All three American army corps took part in the battle under General Liggett, General Bullard and General Cameron, while the French fought under General Gouraud. The strong defenses were held by the Prussian Guards, who fought to the death, refusing either to surrender or give quarter. There were few prisoners, the German garrisons being wiped out after they had been driven back inch by inch in their last effort to save the right wing of their army in France, the entire front of which is now rapidly crumbling.

REPORTED THAT SUBMARINES ARE RECALLED HOME

Dutch Paper Reservedly Publishes News of German Admiralty's Orders To U-Boats

AMSTERDAM, October 17.—(Associated Press)—The Handelsblad yesterday published a report, with reserve, that the German admiralty has issued wireless instructions to all German submarines, ordering these to suspend operations and return to their bases.

Should this report of the Dutch paper prove to be correct it may be taken as a verification of recent reports that Germany intends to mollify America if possible by a suspension of the submarine campaign that has already proven a failure.

Further evidence of the new light that is breaking in upon Berlin came yesterday in the report that Lille had been evacuated without the display of wanton vandalism that has marked the forced retirement from every other French city.

Clearing From Montenegro Begins

LONDON, October 17.—(Associated Press)—The Serbians are rapidly clearing the remnants of the Austrian army out of Serbia, town after town falling to King Peter's men in their work of reclaiming their own territory. Yesterday's reports told of the capture of Tloznitz, where the Serbs took thirty-two guns, the capture of Krushovitz and the occupation of Diskoba, on the Montenegrin frontier. The Austrians, after evacuating this town, retired into Montenegro with the Allies in pursuit. This begins the reclaiming of another occupied country.

The French, in their Balkan operations, took Ipek from the Austrians.

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