

## VOL. III. POLITICAL POINTS. LIVERY DAY IN THE TENNESSEE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

**Bitter Fight Between the "Credit" and "No Credit" Wings—Patriotic Platform Adopted—Pledging the Party to Maintenance of the Public Faith—Disfranchisement Converts to Hancock's Candidacy—Nomination by the Republicans of the National State—Congressional Nominations in Various States.**

**Tennessee Democrats.**  
 Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 11.—The Democratic convention adopted the two-third rule in voting for candidates for governor, and adjourned until 2 p. m. At the afternoon session the committee on platform and resolutions presented a majority and two minority reports. A continued and persistent fight was made by the "no credit" men against the majority report signed by twenty-one out of thirty composing the committees. The "no credit" Democrats insisted that any settlement of the debt should be submitted to the people. The minority report was tabled and the one containing the submission plank rejected. The convention then adjourned until 3:30 p. m. and upon reassembling proceeded slowly under the excitement and confusion attending the adjournment. The convention came down to a square vote on the majority report, and the convention adopted the majority report by a vote of 875 to 455.

The following is the platform in convention assembled to declare:  
 First—Our abiding allegiance to the national Democracy and unflinching faith and devotion to its traditions and principles.  
 Second—That we endorse the action of the late Democratic convention at Cincinnati and reaffirm the principles enunciated in the Cincinnati platform and pledge our earnest undivided support to the majority nominees presented to the country by the Cincinnati convention.

Third—That in the nomination of W. S. Hancock, of Pennsylvania, and W. H. English, of Indiana, for President and Vice President of the United States, we recognize the complete restoration of fraternal feelings to all sections of our country.

Fourth—We assert our opposition to the repudiation of any public debt, and declare that the repudiation of either under any pretext or disguise would be the most direful of evils, moral, financial and political. In the patriotic language of the public instruction act, we pledge ourselves to the strict maintenance of the public faith, State and national.

Fifth—We recognize a disposition on the part of the creditors of the State, in view of the great depression of business and the general shrinkage in values, to make a liberal reduction in both the principal and interest of our indebtedness, and we declare that we favor a prompt settlement of the public debt, with our creditors, upon the best terms that can be agreed upon, as a result of negotiations.

Resolved, That we demand the most rigid economy in the administration of all the public offices of the State and National governments, the suppression of any and all extravagances in public expenditures, the reduction of all salaries and fees of officers, so far as can be done consistently with the proper discharge of public offices, and the strictest honesty in the management and application of all the public revenues.

Resolved, That we regard a thoroughly organized system of public instruction as a matter of the utmost importance to the people of our State, and we pledge our united support to institutions of learning, its maintenance and betterment, and we declare that we favor the establishment of a normal school for the training of teachers, and the development of our system of public schools.

Resolved, That we are unalterably opposed to the usurpation of the Republican party and we recognize the fact that the administration of the government of the United States is now in the hands of a party which is bent upon the centralization of power in the hands of a few men, and we declare that we are determined to resist such usurpation to the utmost of our power.

Resolved, That in view of the complaints coming up from every part of the State against the policy of the railroads discriminating against local freight and passengers, and in favor of through freight and passengers, it is the sense of this convention that the coming legislature should pass a law requiring the railroads to do justice to the trade and business of the State.

**Naming Candidates.**  
 Hartford, Conn., Aug. 11.—The Republican State convention organized to-day with Elwin Augustus Brandage for permanent president. After his address an informal ballot for governor was taken, a formal ballot followed and resulted: Bigelow, 70; Buckley, 111; Andrews, 60; H. E. Roy, 40; East, 10; Bigelow lacked 175 votes of the majority. The delegates of Hartford, moved the nomination of Bigelow by acclamation and hoped Buckley would consent to take second place. Hartford and New Haven shaking hands for once. The convention was then adjourned until 10 o'clock, and Bigelow was nominated by acclamation with great enthusiasm, and George William H. Buckley for lieutenant governor, also by acclamation.

In the afternoon the State ticket was completed by the following nominations: Charles A. Searis, secretary of state; David P. Nichols, treasurer and collector; Wheelock Batchelor, comptroller. The delegates at large are Henry B. Norton and Abijah Catlin. The resolutions adopted are as follows:

Resolved, That we heartily ratify the nominations of James A. Garfield and Chester A. Arthur for President and Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, That we endorse the principles affirmed by the late National Republican convention.

Resolved, That the election of the Republican candidates and the triumph of Republican principles will insure a continuance of that sound financial policy to which we owe our recent prosperity, and will secure full protection of free American work from all unfair competition; will spread free education over every portion of the country, and place beyond all peril the civil and political rights of every citizen in the United States.

Resolved, That we present to the electors of Connecticut our candidates for State officers. They are worthy of the suffrages of every free man and we pledge them our hearty support from this day until their election in November.

Other resolutions concern the State. Adjourned with cheers for the National and State candidates.

**Nominations by the Georgia Democrats.**  
 Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 11.—The State Democratic convention nominated Clifford Anderson, of Bibb, for attorney general; D. N. Speer, of Troup, treasurer; W. A. Wright, of Richmond, comptroller, and N. C. Barrett, of Baldwin, secretary of state.

The minority held a meeting to-night to issue addresses to the people of the State. The Republican State Central committee have called a State convention in Atlanta, Sept. 7th, to nominate a State electoral ticket.

**Hancock Reverts.**  
 Judge Alexander White, of Texas, whom Hayes wanted to appoint a federal judge a year ago, is out strong for Hancock.

Another valuable accession to the Hancock and English list is that of Ephraim Bledsoe, a prominent German of Keokuk. He has until recently been chairman of the Republican county committee of Lee county.

Daniel F. Bently, of Washington, N. J., was the New York Sun that there are twenty-five Republicans and seven Greenbackers in his piano and organ works who will vote for Hancock and English.

J. F. Ketchum, one of the most able and well-known Republican lawyers in central Illinois, addressed a Democratic meeting in

Jacksonville last Saturday evening, having announced his purpose to enter the canvass in favor of Hancock and English.

The *LeMars Liberal*, a leading Republican paper of northwestern Iowa, has pulled down the Garfield ticket and run up that of Hancock and English.

**California Republicans.**  
 San Francisco, Aug. 11.—The Republican State convention to choose Presidential electors assembled at Sacramento to-day. Commissioners were appointed and a recess taken until 7 p. m. In the meantime district conventions were held to nominate Congressmen.

The first district nominated Horace Davis for Congress without any opposing candidate, and Claude Stephens for Presidential elector, after considerable discussion over the charge that he employed Chinese, which was disproven except as to his sugar plantation in the Sandwich Islands.

The fourth congressional district convention nominated Romualdo Pacheco for Congress. Thomas R. Bard Presidential elector, and Walter S. Moore alternate.

The third congressional district convention nominated Geo. A. Knight, of Humboldt, for Congress; W. M. McGovig, for Presidential elector, and L. B. Misner, for alternate.

**Michigan Greenbackers.**  
 Detroit, Mich., Aug. 11.—The Greenback State convention was held at Lansing to-day, about 300 delegates attending. They endorsed the nomination of David Woodman, of Van Buren county; lieutenant governor, Sullivan Armstrong; secretary of state, Randolph Strickland, of Clinton; State treasurer, M. Morton, of Oakland; auditor, Gen. A. O. Homer, of Detroit; commissioner of the land office, John A. Elder, of Ingham.

**Weaver in Arkansas.**  
 Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 11.—J. B. Weaver, Greenback candidate for the Presidency, arrived here this morning, and will speak to-night. He has already spoken at New Orleans and Peary, and will leave to-morrow for Russellville, and the day after for Prescott, where he will address the people.

**Mississippians.**  
 Chicago, Aug. 11.—The Republican convention for the Seventeenth Congressional district nominated Wm. Cullen for Congress on the 172d ballot.

**Cincinnati, Aug. 11.**—Gen. James J. Robinson, of Hardin county, was nominated to succeed Gen. C. D. Smith, from the Ninth district by the Republicans.

**Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 11.**—H. A. Herbert has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Second district.

**Bay City, Mich., Aug. 11.**—The Democratic Congressional convention for the Eighth district of Michigan was held in this city to-day, and Timothy Tarney, of East Saginaw, nominated on the second ballot over ex-Mayor Joseph J. Conell of this city.

**WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 11.**—Benjamin Wilson, of Harrison county, was nominated for Congress to-night by acclamation by the First West Virginia district Democratic convention.

**BANKERS IN COUNCIL.**  
 Annual Meeting of the National Association at Saratoga—Address of Alex. Mitchell, of Milwaukee.

**SARATOGA, Aug. 11.**—The American bankers association was called to order in the Town hall by J. V. Van Hook, of New York, who introduced President Alex. Mitchell, of Milwaukee. Mr. Mitchell congratulated the members of the convention on the change in the financial condition of the country which has taken place during the past two years. Then the problem of a return to specie payments pressed for solution, which all awaited with anxiety and some with apprehension. Beyond doubt the success of resumption was largely, if not entirely, due to the cordial and organized effort and co-operation of the banks and bankers of the United States, and thus one of the great objects of the association had been happily achieved.

Resumption has only been tested under the most favorable circumstances. It was preceded by a long and elaborate preparation. Overtrading had been checked by enhancement in value of the currency, and had undergone in anticipation of the day fixed for resumption. The balance of our foreign trade was in our favor. The prosecution of works of public improvement had been partially completed. A footing of prudence and economy. Large crops and high prices abroad have furnished a stimulant to the vast trade. In this country periods of depression follow periods of prosperity. There has been more effect, than the regularity of the seasons. Such periods of depression may now be looked for at any time in the near future when an extensive failure of crops shall occur with seasons overcast and extravagance in enterprise and expenditure.

It is therefore a matter of most serious import what effect such depression would have upon the present stability and equilibrium of our banking system. I may well be questioned whether there be lodged in the federal government any power to prevent a financial crisis, or whether any action might be taken by the government to avert such a crisis. In reviewing the work of the year it is found that the spirit of cordiality and union has been gathering strength and the 6,000 banks and bankers of the country are gradually uniting for carrying on the common work for mutual benefit.

Another very important problem presents itself, which may be found equally difficult of solution, growing out of the continuous collapse of silver under existing laws. As long as no special effort shall be made to force this silver into circulation, its existence will not effect the government treasury to which it belongs and to which it apparently belongs. It is a question of the silver bullion. But whenever by failure of the crops, or the exigencies of our foreign trade, balances must be remitted to Europe, any considerable drain of silver will tend to the rank of silver and our entire circulation will be depreciated to the value of the silver dollar.

The report of the executive council states the expertly suggested at the last convention with a view to increase the membership and usefulness, resulted in an increase of membership by 22. Number of circulars, pamphlets and newspapers circulated during the year 173,000. There has been 155 deaths of bankers and bank officers during the year, among them Thomas Walcott, the oldest banker in the United States at the time of his death. In reviewing the work of the year it is found that the spirit of cordiality and union has been gathering strength and the 6,000 banks and bankers of the country are gradually uniting for carrying on the common work for mutual benefit.

**Restless Indians.**  
 Portland, Oregon, Aug. 11.—There is considerable restlessness among the Indians of the upper country, though the season is so far advanced that no active hostilities are anticipated.

Heavy rains in North Carolina, some estimate, have damaged the cotton crop 50 per cent.

The steamer Pierce, from Havre, at New York yesterday, brought 700,000 francs in twenty franc pieces.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad company, have decided to build an elevator at St. Louis, with a capacity of three quarters of a million bushels, and to cost \$250,000.

Secretary of the San Francisco on his return last night, addressed a Democratic meeting in

## ENGLISH RAIL HORROR.

**A FAST PASSENGER TRAIN OFF THE TRACK.**

**Seven Persons Killed and Twenty Injured.—The Reported Foundering of the Pilgrim Ship Denied—Growing Excitement in Ireland over the New Ross Assassination—Evidence Showing the Outrage Was by a Regularly Organized Force—General Old World News.**

**ENGLAND.**

**RAIL HORROR.**  
 LONDON, Aug. 11.—An accident occurred to-day on the Midland railway near Leeds and Lancaster where a passenger train left the rails and seven persons were killed and twenty injured.

**SHIPYARD STRIKE.**  
 Three or four thousand workmen in the Tyne shipyards have struck for an advance of ten per cent. in wages.

**THE NEW ROSS OUTRAGE.**  
 Great alarm and agitation are said to prevail in the vicinity of New Ross, on account of the mystery and evidences of organization surrounding the outrages. The disguises of the perpetrators were so perfect that identification could not be made. The weapons abandoned by the murderers are Enfield rifles bearing the government brand.

In the house of commons Monday Sir Stafford Northcote called attention to the New Ross outrage, and stated that the guns used were long Enfield rifles, with bayonets.

**The Irish Times**, of Dublin, asks how many such rifles are in the hands of the people and argues upon the necessity of the necessity of inquiring how they came into their possession. It is rumored that 1,400 Enfield rifles have been sent from Dublin to various parts of the country within the last few months.

The *Cork Youth* says private letters from the west of Ireland depict the condition of that part of the country in glowing colors, speaks of the large quantities of arms and munitions of war being drawn to the assistance of the Fenians, of the apparition of mysterious strangers from America and of the latest miracle at Knock, when the Virgin and St. Patrick appeared to the peasantry and told them to pay no rents.

**DUBLIN, Aug. 11.**—The Marquis of Waterford received a letter warning him against attending the agricultural society show, saying if he did he would be shot, but the marquis attended the show notwithstanding. He voted against the compensation bill.

**DENIED.**  
 LONDON, Aug. 11.—Mr. W. L. G. Justice, of the peace, writes to the newspapers denying the statement published yesterday that he had been fired upon in the neighborhood of Tamm. LIVERPOOL, Aug. 11.—Horace Maynard, postmaster general, sailed to-day for the United States.

**LONDON, Aug. 11.**—Rowell is challenged by an American to a pedestrian contest for the Astley belt.

A meeting, convened by Mr. Thorold Rogers, member of parliament, was held yesterday to consider the formation of a company for the purchase and sale of land in the United States with a view to furthering emigration of small farmers and assisting such emigration by loans on security of the land sold and occupied. A committee was formed to promote the undertaking.

**LONDON, Aug. 11.**—The iron makers of the west of Scotland met at Glasgow to-day, and fully considered the position of the iron and coal trade. They agreed that the state of trade didn't warrant an advance of wages of workmen at present, and as the strike of colliers and miners is general throughout Lanarkshire, it was resolved that all firms in the country belonging to firms represented at the meeting be thrown out forthwith.

**GENERAL FOREIGN.**  
 LONDON, Aug. 11.—A dispatch from Aden says upwards of 1,000 passengers and crew were drowned by the foundering of the steamer Jeddah, the 8th inst., on Cape Guardafui. The vessel was bound from Singapore to Jeddah. The Jeddah belonged to the Singapore Steamship company. She was built at Aberdeen, Scotland, and was an iron screw steamer.

**COWARDLY SHIP MASTER.**  
 LONDON, Aug. 11.—A dispatch from Aden says the steamer Jeddah, which her master abandoned, did not founder, as reported. She arrived there safe at 8 o'clock last night. She had been picked up and towed into port by the steamer *Arcturion*.

**GREECE HAS PURCHASED 1,400 ARMED HORSES.**  
 CLOUET, Aug. 11.—At a late meeting here this evening a letter was received from the archbishop of Cashel denouncing the house of lords for forcing the civil service to resign.

**PARIS, Aug. 11.**—President Grevy, M. Gambetta and M. Leon Say have returned to Paris. SMILEA, Aug. 11.—Latest advices from Candahar states the garrison has had some successful skirmishes with the tribes men of the neighboring villages.

**GORGING TANNER.**  
 Still Engaged in Consuming Immense Quantities of Food—Liberal Lecture Offered.

**NEW YORK, Aug. 11.**—Dr. Tanner is in good health and spirits. At breakfast he ate eighteen stewed oysters, three crackers and drank eight ounces of milk. He ate a piece of watermelon at intervals. At dinner he had fifteen stewed oysters.

Dr. Tanner, at 7 p. m., weighed 147 pounds. He was in the best of spirits all day and easily digests the immense quantities of food he consumes. An offer of \$1,500 per week, to lecture from ocean to ocean, has been received by him and is under consideration. Should he satisfy himself of the responsibility of the person making the offer, who is a Chicago man, it is probable he will accept.

**World's Fair of 1883.**  
 NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The commissioners of the international exhibition devoted the session this morning to discussion of the by-laws. It is provided in the by-laws no obligation shall be incurred and no money drawn from the treasury of the commission until the amount presented by Congress is subscribed and no less than 10 per cent. thereof paid in, nor until a permanent organization is effected.

An executive committee was appointed and instructed to open subscription books. A committee was also appointed to issue an address to the people of the United States.

The executive committee of the World's Fair commission met this afternoon and decided in what manner subscriptions to the capital stock should be made. A resolution was adopted declaring that 10 per cent. be paid at the time of subscription and the remainder after permanent organization, subject to the call of the executive committee, in six 15 per cent. installments at intervals of sixty days each, to commence July 1st, 1881.

**Western Rail Association.**  
 PITTSBURGH, Aug. 11.—The Western Rail association met in regular monthly session to-day and passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That this association reaffirm the card price of \$3 made and adopted on the 28th ult.

The association adjourned to meet two weeks from to-day. Considerable disposition to advance the card was evinced, as the feeling throughout the trade is strong and healthy.

**[Pittsburgh Dispatch.]**  
 Brooklyn's Beautiful Buildings.  
 David Acker, Esq., superintendent of building department, Brooklyn, N. Y., certifies that among his men the St. Jacobs Oil has been used for various complaints with the highest satisfaction.

## BUCKEYE VETERANS

**Fighting Their Battles Over Again at Columbus—Sixty Thousand People Gave Them Greeting—Addresses by President Hayes and Gen. Durbin Ward.**

**COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 11.**—The second day of the grand reunion of ex-soldiers opened under very propitious circumstances. At 6 o'clock the artillery fired a salute of thirty-eight guns, followed with reveille of the bugle and drum corps. The tents are rapidly filling up, fifteen hundred men having been assigned quarters yesterday. The morning was devoted to regimental and association reunions. President Hayes, General Sherman and party arrived at 6 o'clock this morning from Washington, looking as grand and as hale as the constabulary of United States troops stationed at Columbus garrison, the ex-soldiers' association, governor's guard, Columbus cadets, and other military organizations of the city and other places. The fine art ball on the fair grounds offers to view a most elegant and attractive display. A motto on the north side reads: "To preserve the Union Ohio furnished \$10,654 men," and "Ohio mourns for 24,591 dead," appears on the other side. Old Abe, the famous Wisconsin war eagle, is perched on a cannon in the front hall, looking as if he were about to fly as even a heavy rain storm passed over the city at 1:30 o'clock.

The heavy rain that set in at one o'clock cleared off at 3. The weather was very pleasant and the sun shone brightly. The grand reunion of the minds yesterday was to the success of the reunion it was displaced to-day. The immense throng of people who have arrived, thirty thousand coming in various railroads and the city and surrounding country, it being estimated over sixty thousand people were in the camp grounds and in the city. The city is all life and festivity tonight, reunion speech coming in the evening, and military organization being the order of the hour.

The Presidential party arrived at the fair grounds at 8 p. m., when a salute of thirty guns was fired, and the band played the national anthem. The band played the national anthem. The band played the national anthem.

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me. It delights my soul to look on you and see so many of the good old boys left yet. They are not afraid of rain, and have stood it many a time. I came as part of the escort to the President, and not for the purpose of speaking to you, but I simply have to look on and let the boys look at old Billy again. We are to each other all in all as man and wife, and every soldier here to-day knows that Uncle Billy loves him as his own flesh and blood. Could I command the language I would like to speak to you for an hour. There are others here who can and will give echo and say amen to these expressions. The war is now away back in the past and you can tell what boys cannot, when you come down to realistic realities. I have been here for many a day, and this is not soldiering here. There is many a boy here to-day who looks on soldiering as all a story, but boys, it is all alive. You can feel this morning voice to the war. 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