

GUSTAVE HEINEMANN,

Corner Seventh and Jackson Streets, (Successor to Esterley & Heinemann)

Will Offer, Commencing on To-Morrow!

3,500 yards Imported Piques, worth 35 and 50 cents for 12 1-2 cents per yard.

Victoria Lawn, fine quality, worth 30 cents, for 15 cents per yard.

Another lot of 70,000 yards of Ribbons, including eighteen to nineteen thousand yards of wide, all-silk and Satin Sash Ribbons, for 10 cents per yard, worth 25 and 75 cents per yard. This is a lot of Ribbons cheaper than anything else ever offered.

JUST PREPARED AND READY FOR SALE TO-MORROW!

Lawns, 5 cents per yard! Calicoes, 3 1-2 cents per yard! Dress Goods, Black and Colored Cachmeres, No. 500, No. 700, No. 800, No. 900, the best and most reliable Cachmeres in the world! Very cheap! All shades! Silks and Satins! Velvets!

Gloves! Mitts! Parasols! Fans! Laces! Gauze Underwear! Hamburg Embroideries! Hosiery! Table Linens and Towels! Napkins! At extremely low figures! Call early! Big Bargains!

Gustave Heinemann,

Corner Seventh and Jackson Streets,

Successor to Esterley & Heinemann.

EVENING UP AGAIN.

The Chicago Markets Showing a Better Tone Almost Hourly.

WHEAT STILL A WEAK DEAL.

The Bulls Refuse to Give it the Proper Support, and Prices Recede.

CORN SHOWS SOMEWHAT BETTER.

Good Trading and a Healthy Feeling in the Provision Trade.

A PANICKY FEELING IN WALL ST.

Fears of a War of Rates Among the Railroads Entertained.

CHICAGO.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

Chicago, June 23.—The better feeling noticed yesterday on 'change was maintained to-day, and although prices were still on a declining scale and wheat touched the lowest point yet reached in the market, there was no sign of panic or rumor of failure. Matters have again returned to their wonted order and decision. The announcement that another of the suspended firms, that of J. M. Ball & Co., had settled and resumed, had a favorable tendency, and it is now pretty generally believed that there will be no more failures arising out of the recent troubles. The basis of Ball & Co.'s settlement is 40c cash and the turning over to their creditors of all their claims against the estate of McGeoch, Everingham & Co., so that if that pays 60c the creditors of this firm will receive 100c on the dollar. The export demand for pork products noticed at the beginning of the week has continued till the close, and has done much to relieve the market from surplus offerings while the feeling is growing confidence. The impression prevails that nobody will attempt to run another corner in any commodity during the present season. This will likely prove a death-blow to corners, and if it does it will have been a "blessing in disguise" is a common remark. The business atmosphere has been cleared by the storm, and everybody seems to think he sees clear sailing ahead. It will still be some days before any announcement can be made of the actual condition of McGeoch, Everingham & Co.'s affairs. The clerks are still busy reducing the accounts to order, but have not nearly completed their task yet, and creditors will have to possess themselves in patience for some time longer before a statement is received by them. McGeoch has kept out of the city all the week, and it is said that he is so shaken by the complete collapse of all his schemes as to be still unable to leave his house. Receiver Benney to-day stated that the situation has not been exaggerated by any means. The liabilities, he found, were enormous and might reach \$5,000,000. He could not promise a dividend of 50 per cent., or that the firm's affairs could be settled up within three months. A prominent broker believes the unprotected creditors will not get over 10 per cent., while Armour pretends to believe McGeoch will pay in full. J. M. Crafts & Co. say they owe \$23,000 and have \$40,000 to collect. No estimate can be formed as to what portion of it can be gathered in. Their resumption depends on collecting. M. S. Nichols & Co. say they are paying differences just as fast as accounts can be made out, and have been doing so for several days. They calculate to be all right by Thursday next. Ellis & Lightner are unable to tell yet where they stand, but hope to make a statement Monday.

Wheat was by all odds the weakest commodity dealt in to-day. Aside from Lindblom & Roche there seems no one on the "bull" side to sustain the market, and prices are gradually but surely falling to a point where consumers must come and take the property, thereby relieving the market of its heavy burden. Yesterday there were several large short lines caused by Lester, Driver and Irwin, Ore. & Co., and seeing no immediate prospect for advance they were selling to-day. The old time friends of wheat when it was twelve cents higher have all departed, and the disposition is becoming general to allow the market to find a natural legitimate basis. Still, almost any day there may be a cry of rust or chinch bugs. On the

board there was at times a moderate trading, but the market generally ruled quiet and the feeling was weaker. Not many orders were received, but the local speculative element were also disposed to trade conservatively. The receipts continue fair and there is no shipping demand to speak of. The market opened about 1/2c lower, ruled temporarily firm, but then became weak under fair offerings and no special demand, selling off 1 1/2c to 1 3/4c per bushel, rallied about 1/2c, fluctuated slightly, and finally closed 1 1/2c lower for July, 1 1/2c lower for August and 1 1/2c lower for September than on 'change yesterday. July wheat started out at \$1.05, sold \$1.05 1/4, then slumped off to \$1.04, and ended the day only 1/4c above the inside figure. There were eighty-five cars inspected and 40,000 bushels reported shipped out.

Corn held up much better than wheat. An active demand by shorts made rather a firm market during the day, but in the face of large purchases the close is below opening figures. In the last few days so many shorts having covered one of the principal features to hold prices up is out of the way and if no upward movement should take place it would naturally seem the "bears" would desire to again put out their lines. From the southwest crop reports are not all encouraging, but this seems to have no effect towards bulling prices. The receipts were 267 cars, the shipments reported 209,000 bushels, and the charters 250,000 bushels. The shipping demand was limited to-day. The market opened 1/2c lower than yesterday, rallied 1/2c, declined 1/2c, selling to the inside price of the day, and finally closed 1/2c lower than on 'change yesterday.

An active trade can be recorded for the oats market to-day. Shortly after the opening large selling orders appeared, with comparatively no buyers, which scared the small local holders and the offerings were increased, all of which seemed to weaken prices 1/2c, quite an unusual fluctuation for oats. However, at the extreme decline some few shorts commenced to buy, and from then to the close a rather stronger feeling existed, but the close was within 1/4c of the bottom, with light trade. No. 2 white oats suffered more severely than the regular grade, selling below the inside price of yesterday. The market was affected by the unfavorable turn in the markets for wheat and corn. There was a fair shipping demand, but in view of the general depression buyers reduced their bids and sellers had no alternative but to submit to the reduction. An equally depressed feeling prevailed in the speculative market, prices breaking 1 3/4c to 1 1/2c for near futures, reaching 1 1/2c lower, but closing quiet. September and year weakened 1/4c to 1/2c. There were 127 cars received.

Provisions have been steady to-day, but the trade was fearfully dull and uninteresting. Much of the time was devoted to settling up the Nichols trade and in signing Geo. Stewart's settlements, so that these matters will be out of the way next week. The changes in prices were continued within a moderate range. Outside orders either to purchase or sell were comparatively light, and trading on local account was smaller than during previous days of the week. Operators as a rule have their trades safely margined, and are in a comfortable position and they prefer not to enlarge their business until deliveries are made on the first of the month and margins are released. The shipping demand was fairly active for all descriptions, and prices were well maintained. Foreign advices indicated a quiet feeling in that quarter, but the downward tendency in prices appeared to be checked. Eastern markets were inclined to quietness, but prices showed no material change. Receipts of product were fair and shipments quite liberal, especially of meats and lard. The shipments for the week are estimated at 10,500,000 pounds of meat, 30,000 tierces of lard, and 5,000 barrels of pork, but undoubtedly were larger, as many trades are not reported at all. They promise to be equally large next week. New York continues bearish, and yet sends her orders to sell the futures. There is an increasing feeling in some quarters that deliveries of year lard will be made in July or August, and this being so, year options will not prove the most profitable. The offerings of pork to-day were moderate and the demand fairly active. The market was stronger early and prices were gradually advanced 10c to 12 1/2c, but ruled easier again during the latter part of the session, declined 15c to 20c and closed comparatively steady at the decline. Cash lots were quotable at \$17.05

at 17.10. A fair business was reported in the lard market, but largely on speculative account. At the opening the market was stronger, and sellers succeeding in obtaining a slight advance. The offerings, however, were free and prices gradually receded again 7 1/2c to 10c per 100 pounds and closed comparatively steady at the reduction. The shipment demand was fair, mostly on export account. The shipments during the past twenty-four hours were about 8,800 tierces, of which 1,550 tierces were forwarded by lake. Cash sold at \$9.80. Since the first week in May the decline in pork has been \$3.80 per barrel, and in lard \$3.17 1/2 per 100 pounds. Short ribs are \$2.87 1/2 less per 100 pounds. The loss in actual property of hog products in this city by this depreciation is not less than \$4,000,000 and of the losses sustained by all parties by the shrinkage in prices on contracts for future delivery has been fully \$10,000,000 additional. It is estimated the receipts of hogs next week will be about 85,000 head.

NEW YORK.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

New York, June 23.—The bears attacked the market at the opening, depressing Michigan Central and New York Central, and before midday the whole list came in for a share of their attention. Western Union dropped to 85 1/2. The coal stocks held well and yielded but little. Transactions were on a small scale, and there was but little life at any time during the day. The market improved slightly when it was announced that Western Union Telegraph, Northwestern, Michigan Central and New York Central were the most actively dealt in. Business during the afternoon was perfectly stagnant. There were no quotations in the Omahas, and but few in the Wabashes and Northern Pacifics. The lighter properties were entirely neglected. The only activity was among the brokers, who were making arrangements to get out of town as quickly as possible. The Vanderbilt statements aroused comparatively little interest. Bulls considered them favorable; bears thought them only fair. A good deal has been said about the floating debt of Lake Shore, which has been estimated as high as \$1,500,000. It is said the operations of the half year have been a good deal more satisfactory than those of the corresponding half of 1882.

There has been a fresh outbreak of reports of a railroad war. A prominent operator said this afternoon: "It is bound to come. It may not appear until the large operators have unloaded their stocks, but then, if not before, you will see a very serious war of rates beginning probably with the Trunk lines and extending throughout the country. Lackawanna is taking the cream of west bound business. The Trunk lines allow for the time being, but they will not always. There have been rumors of inside selling of St. Paul, Erie & Western stock, and incomes have advanced very much on buying by brokers supposed to represent the Vanderbilt interest. Points have been given to buy Canada Pacific. The earnings per mile are increasing in a way to afford basis for a full movement in the stock. Jersey Central directors have confirmed contracts made with the Reading for the control of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation company. The gross earnings of the Jersey Central company in April are alleged to have been about \$950,000, and the net earnings a little less than \$500,000.

Base Ball.

At Harrisburg—Merritt 6; Harrisburgs 4.
At Pottsville, Pa.—Active 17; Anthracite 6.
At Boston—Boston 6; Philadelphia 2.
At Providence—Providence 12; New York 4.
At Cleveland—Cleveland 3; Chicago 0.
At Buffalo—Buffalo 7; Detroit 2.
At Louisville—Eclipse 4; Metropolitan 1.
At Columbus—Athletics 7; Columbus 3.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 7; Allegheny 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 7; Baltimore 0.
At New York—Princetons 3; Yales 2; Brooklyn 7; Trentons 1.

SCORE ANOTHER FOR THE HOSTILES.

EL PASO, TEX., June 23.—Don Louis Torres, governor elect of Sonora, has arrived. In a conversation regarding Crook he stated that if the captive Indians were put on the reservation now and escaped again into Mexico, that country would hold the United States responsible for all depredations committed by them upon Mexican citizens.

ALL AROUND THE GLOBE.

Fifty-two deaths from yellow fever at Havana last week.

The rise in the Missouri still impedes railroading in the vicinity of St. Joe. The Malagasy envoys will shortly return from France to Madagascar.

Another foundation pier of the Corralan, Canada, dam has been carried away. The Grand Trunk railway station at Richmond, Quebec, was burned yesterday. Loss \$20,000.

The captured Apaches are to be held as prisoners of war by the military until thoroughly tamed.

The French senate has passed a bill providing for direct postal service between Havre and New York.

The trade tribunal did not meet with their umpire at Pittsburg yesterday, he being out of the city.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road have been making important changes in its official organization.

Miss Helen Leonorde has been committed to jail without bail for the shooting of Mrs. Sarah E. Smith at New York.

Bassett, Hunting & Co.'s grain elevator at McGregor, Iowa, was burned yesterday. Loss \$75,000 and fully insured.

A boiler exploded at an oil well at Kendall Creek, Pa., last night, killing the engineer and demoralizing the works.

The American institute of Homeopathy is in session at Niagara Falls with 300 prominent physicians in attendance.

The same syndicate that had previously floated \$20,000,000 of the Canadian Pacific bonds has taken \$10,000,000 more of them.

Thos. Smith fatally shot Constable Mike Reilly in a drunken brawl at Jackson, O., on Thursday night and then made his escape.

Marshal Lewis Walden fatally shot a drunken man named Jos. Brown, who attacked him at Williamstown, Ky., on Friday night.

Hay will be above the average in the province of Quebec, wheat not promising, oats poor, corn medium, and an average crop of apples.

A convention has been had between Chili and England to indemnify the latter for losses to British subjects in the war with Peru.

Stephens, who murdered State Auditor Filson, in Drew county, Ark., has been captured in Louisiana and brought home for trial.

The loss by the tornado near Chillihothe, Mo., on Wednesday is \$20,000, exclusive of the loss to crops and the destruction of twenty-one houses.

A riot against the Jews was recommenced at St. Gallis, Switzerland, yesterday, and the dragons were called out to disperse the mob.

Conrad I. Farmer, a traveling salesman from Cleveland, was drowned at Coney Island while bathing yesterday, and his body has not yet been found.

A tornado in the western portion of Douglas county, Nebraska, yesterday morning, wrecked several frame buildings and did \$10,000 damage.

The Democrats and Republicans are trying to fuse in Raymond county, Miss., but the negro delegation of the Republicans want the biggest slice of the offices.

AMUSEMENTS.

Opera House, Monday, June 25.

SPIRITUALISM—ONE NIGHT ONLY.—"THE MILLER BROTHERS & MISS MAY LEYTON," will hold a Grand Spiritualistic Revival, assisted by other wonderful and newly developed mediums, who invite the closest investigation, performing all the tests on the stage.

The following are some of the marvelous manifestations that usually take place in the presence of these mediums:

"A large table floats in the air."
Materialization.
Forms from the Spirit Land appear, while the mediums are held hand and foot. Spirit forms walk out in full view of the audience.

The Wonderful Slate Test.
Messages written by an invisible hand before the eyes of the audience. Clairvoyance or supernatural vision. A book is opened by a person chosen by the audience at whatever page he may see fit, and is read by the medium while on the stage without seeing the book.

Sealed messages read and answered by the medium. Musical instruments will float in a wonderful strange manner, playing as they go.

As there are no reserved seats, it will be well to come early to avoid confusion, annoyance and possible disappointment. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

ST. PAUL

Art Exhibition!

MANNHEIMER BLOCK.

OPEN FROM

10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

SEASON TICKETS, \$2.

Single admission, 50c; Children, 25c. 167*

SAUK CENTER ACADEMY,

AND

Commercial Institute.

This institution is the "Grove Lake Academy of Individual Instruction," which by a liberal bonus of land and money by the people of Sauk Center is now located on the banks of Sauk lake, one and a half miles from the village. The school will enter on its seventh year and resume business on Monday, September 24. This school has been a complete success, and has given to its patrons entire satisfaction. No classes. Pupils recite alone in private rooms. Reference to the business and professional men of Sauk Center. It will pay parents who have sons to educate from home to send for circular and rules of this institution. We have ample accommodation for every (80) boarders. sun, sat, sun. THE PRINCIPAL.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

RARE OPPORTUNITY

A SYNDICATE

Is now being formed to purchase one of the most

FLOURISHING TOWNSITES

IN THE NORTHWEST.

It is not a paper scheme, but the town is already well advanced, and its growth is beyond question. A small portion of the

Syndicate Shares

Still remain unsold, and parties desiring to make a sure investment should apply at once, as the same will be closed in a few days.

Address SYNDICATE' Globe Office.

DRY GOODS.

MANNHEIMER BROS'

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

SUMMER FABRICS!

Of All Descriptions, Prior to Semi-Annual Inventory.

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS

Have been Made to Close the Entire Spring and Summer Assortment of

Black and Colored Silk Suits, Satin and Worsted Suits, White & Colored Wash Suits.

Silk Ottoman, Satin and Cloth Mantles, Wraps, Capes, Fichus, Jackets & Traveling Garments.

REAL BARGAINS IN

Black and Colored Nun's Veilings, Plain and Lace Bunting, Summer Cashmeres, Mexican and Brocade Grenadines, Grey and Illuminated DeBages and Melanges, Summer Silks, Foulard - silks, Pongees, Chintz Pongees, Surahs, and other Light Silk Dress Fabrics, Figured Swisses, Dotted Muslins, French Satens, Organdies, Persian Lawns, and French Nainsocks.

Special Advantages in Ladies' & Gent's Summer Underwear.

SILK, BALBRIGGAN, LISLE THREAD AND GAUZE, PLAIN AND FANCY STRIPED

SUMMER HOSEIERY,

For Ladies, Gents and Children, in an Unexcelled Variety of novel styles, superior qualities, and latest colorings in Silk, Lisle and Cotton.

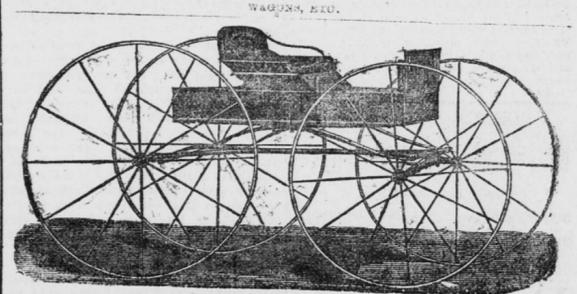
Parasols! Parasols!

An Assortment Comprising every new and desirable style, in low medium and finest qualities at

Prices Greatly Reduced to Close!

EXAMINATION SOLICITED,

THIRD & MINNESOTA STS.



Not Selling at Cost!

Neither do we intend Removing. We are not OBLIGED to do either. But we have THE ONLY Large and Complete Stock of

VEHICLES

of all sorts in the city, which we sell at BED ROCK prices, not enough margin left in them to admit of 25 to 50 per cent. reduction. We have been doing this all the spring and the buying public have found it out. The result is ALL THE BUSINESS WE CAN DO. Immense quantities of Carriages, constantly arriving and going like hot cakes. Our regular prices are cheaper than that of any other house, after they have made 50 per cent. reduction!

MAHLER & THOMSON,

258 E. Fifth Street, St. Paul.