

DAILY INTER MOUNTAIN

Issued Every Evening, Except Sunday. INTER MOUNTAIN PUBLISHING CO.

ADDRESS ALL MAIL TO INTER MOUNTAIN PUBLISHING COMPANY, 26 West Granite Street, Butte, Mont.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SILVER BOW COUNTY AND CITY OF BUTTE.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Per Year, by mail, in advance . . . \$7.50 By Carrier, per month75

The Butte Inter Mountain has branch offices at Anaconda, Missoula, Bozeman and Livingston, where subscription and advertising rates will be furnished upon application.

The Inter Mountain can be found at the following out-of-town news stands: Eastern News Company, Seattle, Wash.; Shanks & Smith, Hotel Northern, Seattle, Wash.; Salt Lake News Stand, Salt Lake, Utah; Twenty-fourth Street News Stand, Twenty-fourth Street, Ogden, Utah; Barkalow Bros., Salt Lake, Utah; L. E. Lee, Palace Hotel, San Francisco; Portland Hotel, Portland, Ore.; Postoffice News Stand, Chicago, Ill.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1902.

THE "HEINZE MOVEMENT" IN ROSEBUD COUNTY.

It has been suspected all along that Mr. Heinze overdid his scoundrelism in Rosebud county. This suspicion is more than confirmed by the contest proceedings which have been begun at Forsyth in the hope of obtaining justice for those candidates for public office who were cheated at the ballot by the statesmen who managed the "Heinze movement" in Rosebud county, sending thither about 200 non-residents from Butte and Anaconda and voting them illegally on November 4.

It is not often that a more bare-faced piece of villainy is attempted on the rights of honest voters. The situation, as far as it has developed, is that Heinze or his agents hired William McCarthy, alias the "Anheuser Kid," to colonize illegal voters in Rosebud county, from which county Mr. Heinze was anxious to secure the election, or pretended election, of a state senator. McCarthy picked up most of his floaters in Silver Bow and Deer Lodge counties, where Mr. Heinze's arrangements were so perfect that he knew he would not need the votes of these men.

There were in the neighborhood of two hundred of them. They were put to work on ranches, irrigation ditches and at such employment as could be secured for them. A part of the "movement" consisted in paying a lot of railroad laborers a rate of wages above the company's scale, Mr. Heinze, with characteristic liberality, making up the difference. Nearly all of these men were registered illegally under the master mind of "Anheuser Kid."

The majority of them are known to have voted illegally. Thanks to the intelligence and vigilance of some of the authorities of Rosebud, the meshes of the law tightened around some of them, including McCarthy, otherwise the "Kid." At this point in the proceedings, or perhaps a day or two prior thereto, a business difference arose between Mr. Heinze and his valuable agent, Mr. McCarthy. The latter levanted from Rosebud and hastened to Butte, presumably for a heart-to-heart talk with his chief. He was arrested here on a warrant at the instigation of the sheriff of Rosebud county. Mr. Heinze apparently made up his mind that it would not do to abandon McCarthy to his fate. In any event, he was turned loose by County Attorney Breen on bonds furnished by John MacGinniss and the Hon. Thomas Hinds, who appeared to be the official Heinze bondsmen. The deputy sheriff of Rosebud came to Butte for his man, but he had flown. The county authorities here of course furnished no help to find the fugitive and he is still at large.

A part of the high-handed proceedings in Rosebud county was gerrymandering which threw republican districts together, compelling voters to travel from 40 to 60 miles to register and vote. In addition to this and dozen other rascalities, there was the theft and rape of a ballot-box.

The proceedings were outrageous from start to finish and the election a farce. No wonder the people of Rosebud county are demanding redress. They ought to get it, and in getting it the punishment should fall on the heads of the ring-leaders of the rascality as well as upon their poor dupes. For one thing, McCarthy should be brought back if possible to the scene of his activities, for he has an interesting tale to tell.

The country generally is appreciating the fact that President Roosevelt's message is a business man's talk to a business people. It was appropriate, therefore, that the message was cut on lines that made it easy reading for busy men.

The signs are that the "Heinze movement" in Rosebud county is still moving, but hardly doing the things that Mr. Heinze would expect. And speaking of an election, that which he called an election down in Rosebud would smell as sweet under any other name.

PEOPLE WE MEET

JOHN R. WALLACE, the California mining man, speaking of the relative value of the ores of the big copper mines of the world, said to a representative of the Inter Mountain:

"I have been collecting information on this subject for some time, accepting only that which seemed to me to be entirely reliable. The Rio Tinto, the big copper mine of Spain, and perhaps the oldest in the world, carries ore which yields 3 per cent, the Mountain company in California carries 8 per cent, the Palo of Mexico 6 per cent. In Arizona Senator Clark's United Verde carries 7 per cent and the Copper Queen 8 per cent. In Montana the Anaconda of Butte about 4 1/2 per cent.

"The Lake Superior mines produce the lowest grade ores we have in the United States, the leading mines being as follows: Calumet & Hecla, 3 per cent; Quincy, 1 1/2; Tamarack, 1 3/4; Wolverine, 1 1/4; Oseola, 1, and the Atlantic the lowest of all, or about one-half of 1 per cent."

Westley Venable, an assayer of Denver, is in Butte for a few days. "The Cripple Creek production," said he, "fell below the 200,000 mark last month, but that does not mean that the camp is playing out. I believe there are large ore bodies there yet to be developed, and unless the best opinion is at fault the yield of Cripple Creek will be considerably increased before long."

Walter R. Dunlap, a commission merchant of St. Louis, said to a representative of the Inter Mountain:

"I believe the fact cannot be disputed that my state of Missouri has the oldest mine in the United States. It is called the 'Mine La Motte.' It is located in Madison and St. Francois counties, and the property comprises several thousand acres. Smelting has been successfully carried on at this mine for nearly 111 years. The mine takes its name from M. de la Motte Cadillac, who was the French governor of Louisiana and who took an expedition into the country south of St. Louis in 1715. The mine is a lead producer and during the past few years its production has approximated 2,500 tons of pig lead. It is a fact that all the nickel and cobalt produced in the United States came from this old mine. The matte was refined in New Jersey."

"I see," said a Fort Benton man, who is visiting in Butte, "that there is a row in Knoxville, Tenn., over the division of the Great Northern train at Malta. As you will remember, the sheriffs had some difficulty in getting first class men and horses to join in the pursuit. There was one man, however, a German rancher of Choctaw county, who was crazy to go and in the chase he always was in front. I happened to be with the party, and out of curiosity one day I asked Hans why he was so eager to catch the 'Kid' when a number of other cattle men and ranchers had a sneaking sympathy for him.

"It was this way," said the German. "Three or four years ago, some time before the 'Kid' was outlawed for the killing of Pike Landusky, I got into a poker game with the 'Kid' down in a camp near Cow Island, in the Missouri. I held four aces and he had only four kings, but he had a gun behind the kings, and took the pot. That's why I want to meet 'Kid' Curry. This time I've got a Mauter rife, imported from Germany, and a Colt's .41. Maybe he can pull quick; I know he can; but I think I am just about as sudden."

When the Kid Held Four Good Kings. Many have come forward to claim the money, and the Great Northern Express company doubtless will turn it over to the chancery court to be held until the claims are adjudicated.

"The incident calls to my mind a little matter that came up a year ago last July when several posers were chasing Curry and his companions for the robbery of the Great Northern train at Malta. As you will remember, the sheriffs had some difficulty in getting first class men and horses to join in the pursuit. There was one man, however, a German rancher of Choctaw county, who was crazy to go and in the chase he always was in front. I happened to be with the party, and out of curiosity one day I asked Hans why he was so eager to catch the 'Kid' when a number of other cattle men and ranchers had a sneaking sympathy for him.

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WHAT HAPPENED TWENTY-ONE YEARS AGO TODAY? A case of pugilism is being tried in the police court this afternoon.

More high-grade ore was struck this morning in the Sheridan.

It is intended to lay the track of the Northern Pacific to a point about 10 miles this side of Miles City before quitting work for the winter.

The Inter Mountain predicts that the Northern Pacific road officials will yet choose the Pipestone Springs route. Thus far no logical reason has been advanced in favor of the Mullen route.

The coal resources on the line of the Northern Pacific in Dakota, come to the surface about 40 miles west of Bismark and extend to the Rocky Mountains. They vary from 6 to 18 inches in thickness.

The following unassuming paragraph appeared in yesterday's Miner: "The citizens of Walkerville complain that their mail does not reach them until 10 or 11 o'clock in the morning. Will the postmaster inform us just where the difficulty lies?"

It's a wonder that Postmaster Broughton didn't fall dead from fright on reading this article.

Ed Stone, chief of the Northern Pacific land department here, has been appointed auditor of accounts for the company for the payment to contractors and others.

The bench lands of the territory are now beginning to be taken up under the desert land act.

AMUSEMENTS.

"The Telephone Girl." There is fun fast and furious in "The Telephone Girl," which opened its engagement at the Grand last night. Also there are a host of pretty girls whose shapely figures are enough in evidence to gratify the most exacting sense of the artistic.

The farce has no very substantial thread upon which to hang its various incidents, but there is plenty of fun and action, dancing, singing, funny situations and gay wit to keep the house in a gale of laughter as it did last night.

Joe Kane is a splendid Hans Nix, the Dutch inspector of telephones, his make-up, accent and comedy being as funny as possible. He scored a decided hit with his audience. And then little, dimple Mammie Keogh was a good thing too. There were plenty of others. All in all it is a good

company and the piece is well staged and admirably presented. It will be repeated tonight and tomorrow night and at a matinee tomorrow.

"Richard Carvel." Any young actor capable of playing Charles Coghlan's part, when Mr. Coghlan could play no more, has a brilliant future indeed. Andrew Robson succeeded Mr. Coghlan in 'The Royal Box,' and made good, something few young actors could do. Mr. Robson will be at the Broadway theater tonight and tomorrow in "Richard Carvel." May his engagement be worthy of him and of all lovers of art.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS WITH ONE RAILROAD Charles S. Fee Celebrates His Quarter Centennial as General Passenger Agent of the N. P.

Charles S. Fee, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific railway, located at Minneapolis, has been the recipient of numerous congratulatory messages, as it marked the twenty-fifth anniversary of his connection with the company.

On December 1, 1877, Mr. Fee, then a young man, severed his connection with the Hannibal & St. Joseph road to become chief clerk to the general manager of the

Northern Pacific. In September, 1883, he was appointed general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, which position he has occupied to the present time. The road then extended to Bismarck.

"While I cannot speak accurately, my recollection is," said Mr. Fee, "that the gross earnings of the Northern Pacific system for the year then were less than half of the passenger earnings of the company for November alone."

This statement indicates the growth of the system since Mr. Fee became passenger agent. In spite of many flattering offers which he is known to have received from time to time from other companies, he has continued with the system and developed with it. Mr. Fee has many friends in Butte, who join in the felicitations that are being extended to him.

ABOUT THE TREASURE STATE Read This Column if You Wish to Learn All the News of Montana.

A Turkey Tournament. Great Falls, Dec. 5.—The Great Falls Rod and Gun club will hold a turkey tournament at its grounds December 21.

No Longer a Breach. Helena, Dec. 5.—The breach of promise case of Rosa Williams against H. B. Lyman has been settled out of court. The damages asked were \$1,500.

Butter Product Is Small. Helena, Dec. 5.—Labor Commissioner J. A. Ferguson is authority for the statement that 65 per cent of the butter used in the state is imported.

Murder Trial Is On. Kallispell, Dec. 5.—William Gehler and John Zawadke are on trial in the district court, charged with murdering Otto Thiersch June 21 last.

Jefferson County Contracts. Boulder, Dec. 5.—The county commissioners have let the poor contract to William Stewart at \$2 per capita per week. Dr. A. L. Ward got the medical contract for \$300.

Butte Men Incorporate. Helena, Dec. 5.—Charles H. Lane, P. K. Gillilan and John M. Howard, all of Butte, have incorporated the Western Investment company, with a capital of \$10,000.

Lost His Job. Glendive, Dec. 5.—The Dawson county commissioners have declared vacant the office of county physician, E. G. Ireland, having left the state. Dr. Hathaway has been appointed in his place.

Fire Department Reorganized. Glendive, Dec. 5.—The volunteer fire department has been reorganized and placed under the direction of the city government. Jerry Cam has been appointed chief.

Trying to Get Bail. Billings, Dec. 5.—Friends of Lewis M. Hayden are making strenuous efforts to raise the \$10,000 bail to secure his release from jail, pending his trial for the killing of John P. McRide.

All Returns In. Helena, Dec. 5.—With the receipts of the missing returns from Valley county, the state board of canvassers has completed the returns on the constitutional amendment. The full vote was 11,116 for and 8,662 against.

To Be Buried Friday. Boulder, Dec. 5.—Mrs. Henry McCantley has arrived with the body of her husband, who died in Los Angeles recently. The funeral will take place Friday.

TRANSMIGRATION. [New York Times.] It was a pike of modern men That floated in a stream; With fins and tail bestowed aright He settled down to dream.

It was a minnow gay and young That tried to pass him by; A sudden cloud came o'er the brook And darkened earth and sky.

A flash, a gulp; the minnow went. I know not how; he left. He transmigrated somewhere else. Or, rambled down the pike.

SHE HAD A TALE OF AWFUL WOE

In Petition for Divorce, Mrs. Ruth E. Crosley Says Her Husband Called Her Names Too Vile to Be Used in the Complaint in the Presence of Her Children.

Seldom is a paper filed in the clerk of the district court's office that sets forth a harder tale of woe than that contained in the complaint filed by Ruth E. Crosley this morning, against her erstwhile husband, John C. Crosley.

Mrs. Crosley, through her attorney, George M. Bourquin, alleges that she and Crosley intermarried at Holly, in Sheridan county, Neb., in 1887; that the defendant has treated her in a cruel and inhuman manner, although she is of poor health and a nervous disposition.

The complaint states particularly that during the year 1901, Crosley repeatedly accused his wife falsely of infidelity and that this was done in the presence of the children and the neighbors; that in the same manner he called the plaintiff vile names; too indecent to be set out in the complaint; that by reason of this and other extremely cruel conduct the plaintiff suffered mental and bodily pain and her peace of mind was destroyed and her health shattered.

"Plaintiff's life was wretched and intolerable," reads the next paragraph, "and to escape such injury she was forced on April 27, 1901, to take her children and live apart from her husband, and that she continued to live apart until September 3, 1902, when she returned with her children

through solicitude for their welfare and the hope that her husband would conduct himself kindly and decently towards her. "That immediately following this move, the husband renewed his cruel and inhuman treatment towards his wife, and because of this the wife is again broken in spirit, health and constitution, her existence is again made intolerable and she can continue to live with her husband no longer."

Mrs. Crosley states that her husband is the owner of a house and lot at No. 815 Highland avenue, Butte, valued at \$800, and that he is an able bodied man, earning \$3 per day at the smelter.

She says that there are seven children living of the issue of their marriage. The little ones range in age from 4 to 14 years and have been supported by the mother alone since November 1, although she is in wretched health and can only earn \$1 per day.

In the prayer of the complaint Mrs. Crosley asks that a total divorce be granted; that the seven children be awarded her; that the house and lot be set over in her name as a place of residence for herself and children; and that her husband be required to pay her monthly the sum of \$40 for maintenance of her family.

She also asks that her maiden name be restored.

THE DIVORCE CITY. Sioux Falls, Where Separation Is Had After Ninety Days. [Boston Post.]

Sioux Falls, S. D., is again in the limelight and for a day or two occupies the center of the stage in the everchanging drama in which the Molineux family are playing the leading roles.

With the acquittal of Roland Molineux on the charge of murder and his release from the death chamber came the announcement that Mrs. Molineux would seek a divorce.

And, seeking a divorce, she went to Sioux Falls, S. D., the Mecca of thousands of divorce seekers, the happy hunting ground for searchers after freedom and singleness.

North and South Dakota are considered the paradise for those who want legal separation from their wives or husbands, and want it in a hurry—for 90 days' residence is all that the law requires, aside from some plausible cause.

And so the hundreds, and later the thousands, flocked to the Dakotas, while the divorce mills ground out permits for personal freedom at an amazing rate.

And Sioux Falls, on the great falls of the big Sioux river, has built up a trade in divorce suits second to none in the country.

Fine hotels are there in plenty, lawyers' offices line both sides of the main street, and on each sign appears the legend, "Divorce Business a Specialty."

Happy lawyers, rejoicing in happy fees, all the result of the happy thought that made Sioux Falls the veritable heart of the divorce country, drew the profitable traffic from all quarters of the United States and made the brisk and chipper little city on the Big Sioux the spot in which to heal matrimonial scars.

There have been some notable divorces granted in South Dakota, and that of Mrs. Molineux is not the first to attract attention to the divorce laws of the state. Mrs. James Brown Potter was freed from her spouse in North Dakota, Fernando Yznaga and Mabel Curtis Wright Yznaga were given freedom from a hateful yoke in South Dakota, Mr. and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont found relief in the divorce courts of that state, as did Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Eliot.

Sioux Falls to which many pilgrimages are made from the East each year on account of its fine inducements in the way of kindly laws, is a city of some 15,000 inhabitants, not including the annual visitors.

Its chief industries outside the granting of divorces are agriculture, stock raising, dairy farming and Jasper polishing.

Sioux Falls is the seat of the judiciary for the county and contains a state penitentiary, jail, university, school for deaf mutes and a host of hotels and exceptionally fine schools and courthouses.

The causes for which divorces may be granted in South Dakota are unfaithfulness, extreme cruelty, willful desertion, neglect, habitual drunkenness, conviction of a felony. Judgments thus rendered have the effect of restoring the parties to the position occupied before the marriage. A residence of but 90 days is required before action can be commenced.

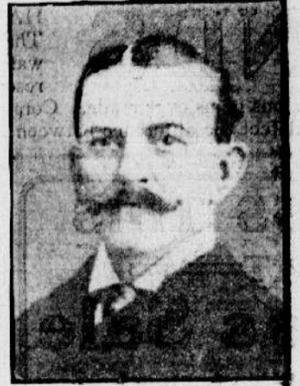
Evidently Not Popular. [Toronto Star.] Mr. Sam Smith is getting well as fast as can be wished.

The Duchess of Bedford shares all her husband's enthusiasm for animals, about which she probably knows more than any lady in society. She has a large library devoted to works on natural history, a gallery of pictures of birds and animals of all kinds, and she delights in teaching her horses, dogs and cats to perform tricks.

The Paris journal publishes an account of a conversation in which Sir Wilfrid Laurier is said to have taken part. On being asked by the representative of the Journal why Canada did not incorporate herself with the United States the Canadian premier is reported to have said: "We should disappear. French Canada would disappear much more quickly in that gigantic furnace than in the flood of Anglo-Saxon immigration. All who love the French language ought to wish us to remain Canadians. Besides, there is nothing nowadays to overshadow such a change."

President Roosevelt has received from the Rev. Dr. Thomas H. Saggerty of St. Louis a walking stick made from wood from a tree on the battleground of Willow Creek, a tree on the Lookout Mountain field, trees at Gettysburg, the frame of the Liberty bell, Grant's log cabin, Sherman's house, the house in which Lee surrendered, the Springfield house of Lincoln, the Morris Castle at Havana and the cruiser Christina Regina, sunk in Manila bay. The ferrule was made of iron of cars dumped into a creek by General Marmaduke. The Rev. Mr. Haggerty was a chaplain in Sherman's army.

Tonsorial Incident. [Washington Star.] A barber in Buffalo, N. Y., was arrested and fined for using the same towel for several customers. His case should be generally recorded and held up as a warning to barbers all over the country.



CHARLES S. FEE

BONDS OF COUNTY OFFICIALS FILED

ALVIN CROSSMAN'S IS \$30,000 AND DAN BROWN'S \$25,000—WHO IS VOUCHING FOR THEM.

Several official bonds were filed with the county clerk yesterday afternoon. Among them is that of Alvin Crossman, county auditor, in the penal sum of \$30,000. John MacGinniss, Charles R. Leonard and A. A. McMillan are named as sureties and the bond was approved by Judge Harney.

The amount of Daniel Brown's bond as county assessor is \$25,000 and the American Bonding company of Baltimore is surety. This bond was also approved by Judge Harney.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

William Carr of Livingston is a guest at the Thornton.

Arthur A. Lott, business manager of the James A. Levee "Hearts of Oak" company, is at the Thornton.

William O'Sullivan, who sells tobacco by the chew or carload, and who makes his headquarters at Helena, is a guest today at the Thornton.

James A. Walsh, a well-known mining man from Republic, Wash., the camp in which so many Butte people are interested, is at the Finlen.

Joe McDonough left last night over the Great Northern for the East. His destination is Queenstown. He expects to spend some time visiting in Ireland.

W. B. Webb, superintendent of the A. C. M. Co.'s lime kilns and silica quarries at Anaconda, was in town last night.

Hector McDonald of Livingston is at the Finlen.

Roy G. Butler is in Helena on business. Charles E. Sperry has gone to Tacoma on business.

Adolph Pincus has gone to Seattle to look for investments.

H. C. Erick of Pittsburg has purchased the Litz farm on the Niagara river, near Tonawanda, N. Y., where a big steel plant will be erected.

Queen Helena of Italy, who is a skilled artist, has been elected a member of the Order of St. Luke at Rome.

John Drew, the actor, has presented to Harvard university his theatrical history and biography left by the late Robert W. Lowe, who died in London last summer.

Miss Emma Segwick in the office of the quartermaster general, Washington, has just celebrated the fortieth anniversary of her entrance in the service of the war department.

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Leather Goods Sale

75 Cents Buys \$1 Worth Of Purses, Wrist Bags, Chatelaine Bags.

This week we offer our large stock of Leather Goods at 75c on the \$1. Our purses range in price from 10c to \$35. The very latest and up-to-date creations. This is a splendid opportunity to buy a good sensible Christmas present.



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