

HARRIS.
One-Price, Square-Dealing,
CLOTHIER,
ST. LOUIS BLOCK,
MAIN STREET.

It is not often you can hear of a dealer in the Ready Made article of Clothing issue a Challenge to the Custom Tailors to equal with their work the class of goods he is selling, but here is an occasion where you can see it.

Take a stroll about our city, examine the Suits you see your friends have worked a month to pay for; look at the specimens displayed at the tailor shops, and then come down to our store; and if we can't discount them in STYLE, in FIT, in APPEARANCE, in TEXTURE, and in PRICE, we will acknowledge the corn, cancel our advertising contracts and retire from business.

You foolish men! who have been paying \$30, \$40 and \$70 for a Suit of Clothes, come and see what we are offering for anywhere from \$22 to \$35, and we will guarantee you will regret your reckless Waste of Wealth, and hereafter buy your Clothing from us.

MILLER HATS.

But another point that will interest you is our cut on

FALL OVERCOATS,
the Finest at \$18. Take your pick for \$18! Those Silk Lined, Wide Wales, formerly \$30, now \$18. Those Beautiful Kerseys sold for \$25, now \$18. Those Silk Faced Diagonals, worth \$28, now \$18. There ain't many of them, so be sure of securing your choice come soon before they are all gone.

STYLISH NECKWEAR.

To our numerous Lady Patrons, we would say: Our Department of Clothing for Boys and Children is more worthy of their attention than ever. Complete in every detail, lines numerous and varied, we feel that we have outdone all former efforts in the display we make this year.

The nobly little Jersey Suits are the admiration of all that see them, while the Plush Trimmed Overcoats—size 4 to 10—have induced purchases from ladies which had never before failed to send east when anything was needed for the little fellows. Fully 1,000 pairs of odd pairs for the "little shavers," and Flannel Waists from \$1 upwards.

MILLER HATS.

HARRIS
The One-Price Clothier
ST. LOUIS BLOCK,
MAIN STREET.

THE REDS MEAN MISCHIEF.

Discovery of an Anarchist Plot to Make Trouble in Chicago Next Monday.

No Meeting Allowed in the City Nor a Red Flag in the Parade.

The Testimony in the Cronin Trial Devoted to O'Sullivan's Connection With the Murder.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—The Daily News says Chief of Police Hubbard recently secured the admission of a trusted agent to the anarchists society in this city and as a result has discovered that they are once more arranging plans to arouse the working classes and stimulate the dormant movement for a social revolution. Preparations are making for a big demonstration Nov. 11, in commemoration of the execution of the anarchists, including a big meeting at the Battery armory and a parade through the city to Waldheim cemetery. Inflammatory circulars, identical with that mentioned in the Associated Press dispatch from St. Louis, Tuesday night, are being circulated in large numbers among working people. Chief Hubbard said this afternoon that he is well informed as to their movements. An anarchist meeting will not be admitted in the battery nor elsewhere in the city. They may parade, he said, but there must be no red flags nor disorder. He added there was no cause for alarm. There are a few of the old anarchists about, but they are not making much noise.

The Case of the State.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—In the Cronin case today Coroner Hertz identified the trunk as the one presented at the inquest. A milkman named Mertes testified that on the night following the murder he saw Coughlin and Kunze drive up to the Carlson cottage. Coughlin went in and Kunze drove away. An hour later Mertes heard pounding in the cottage as if boxes were being piled up. Policeman Loech told the circumstances of finding the key in the Carlson cottage which fitted the lock of the bloody trunk.

At the afternoon session Ex-Police Capt. Schaeck testified as to a conversation had with Iecman O'Sullivan regarding the latter's acquaintance with Cronin. The witness said he had known Cronin for six or seven years, but first spoke to him after the meeting of the Clan-Gael camp in Lake View in the latter part of March. Witness went over the old story as told him by O'Sullivan and the contract with Cronin for attending his men. O'Sullivan admitted that none of his men had ever met with an accident and the captain's question regarding the trunk was a good thing. At the same interview O'Sullivan admitted that Coughlin had telephoned him in April, but said it was about getting ice. O'Sullivan subsequently admitted, after much hesitation, that he had talked up Coughlin about Kunze. Schaeck also told about O'Sullivan's positive statement that he was at home and in bed at eight or half past eight o'clock the night of May 4. On cross-examination Capt. Schaeck said he knew Coughlin and Kunze were working together before O'Sullivan mentioned Kunze's name. They were working together without witness' consent. It was in connection with an attempt to kick up Lynch's distillery, Coughlin and Kunze went to Peoria about the beginning of the year. Kunze said he saw the man who threw the bomb at the distillery and it was to catch him, they said that they went to Peoria.

Chief of Police Hubbard testified at length regarding Burke and other matters, Capt. Schaeck, of the police force, narrated his visits to the Carlson cottage, described the trunk, sections of the flooring on exhibition, with the footprints in the paint, etc. He was still being cross-examined when court adjourned.

TRUSTS ARE ILLEGAL.

So Decides the Supreme Court of the State of New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The general term of the supreme court handed down its decisions to-day, among them the long expected one in the case of the North River sugar refinery, some time ago incorporated in the sugar trust. The opinion affirms the decision of Judge Barrett ordering a dissolution of the company.

The court holds that although the trust agreement does not set forth as one of its objects, the preventing of competition and the enhancement of prices, its objects may be judicially known from the facts in the case and from ordinary motives governing men's actions; and even though outside competition might prevent the trust from realizing these objects, this accident does not relieve the parties to the agreement from responsibility for their illegal course. The condition under which this corporation was allowed to be created and maintained was that it exercise and use its franchise for the benefit of the public, and when it voluntarily declines to do that or places itself in a situation in which that may be prevented as a consequence of its voluntary action under the statute, as well as a decision of the courts, its charter may be annulled at the suit of attorney-general.

Godfrey the Victor.

Boston, Nov. 7.—At the Parnell Athletic club to-night Jack Ashton, of Providence, and George Godfrey, a heavyweight pugilist of Boston, fought twenty rounds. Ashton made a game fight throughout and showed considerable science, but he was clearly no match for Godfrey, who finished in excellent form and scarcely showed a scratch. By the terms of the match Godfrey will receive a cash valued at \$1,000 and Ashton a \$200 trophy. At the conclusion of the contest Godfrey was challenged by Joe Latham, the well known heavyweight of Boston.

Carrington Was Successful.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Gen. Carrington, recently appointed to obtain a relinquishment of the Flathead Indians' claim in the Bitter Root valley, Mont., reports he has been entirely successful, and all negotiations have been perfected and that the Flatheads will go to the Jocko reservation in the spring.

A WHOLE LUMP LEAVENED.

Ex-President Cleveland Talks About the Recent Elections.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Ex-President Cleveland, interviewed last night on the election returns, said: "It is evident the leaven of tariff reform has at last leavened the whole lump. The west, which has suffered most from the unjust burden of tariff taxation, has awakened. The state platforms of both Iowa and Ohio were abreast of the St. Louis platform on the question of tariff reform. The people have considered and passed judgment. It was for the people to decide and they are now deciding. It is enough for me to say I am satisfied at the indications and results of Tuesday's elections. The verdict in Virginia indicates the south is still faithful to the democracy of Jefferson and Jackson."

THE DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES.

The Election of Boies and Campbell Beyond All Shadow of Doubt.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—The figures at the republican and democratic headquarters now are that the republicans will elect all the candidates on the state ticket with the exception of Foraker and possibly the lieutenant governor. So close is the result, according to the estimates made on the figures at hand, that it may require the official figures to decide.

The following was given out from the republican headquarters at 10 o'clock to-night: "We now have returns from the entire state, showing the election of Judge Deekman, attorney-general, Watson, state commissioner, Brown, member of the board of public works, Han, school commissioner, and John Hancock, clerk of the supreme court, by pluralities ranging from 2,800 to 5,000. We believe Lamson is elected lieutenant-governor, but the vote between him and his rival is so close that Lamson's plurality will be small. It will require the official count to obtain the exact plurality of the republican candidates."

Allison All Right.

DES MOINES, Nov. 7.—Additional returns on the legislative ticket show that the republican majority on joint ballot will be eight, thus insuring the re-election of Senator Allison.

The Register (rep.) says: Revised figures give Boies, for governor, 4,700 plurality and indicate the probable election of all the republican state ticket except governor.

Still Rolling Up.

RICHMOND, Nov. 8.—At midnight unofficial returns from every county in the state except seven, show a democratic majority of 42,715.

WASHINGTON ALL TORN UP.

Politicians in Our Sister Territory Looking for the Proclamation.

OLYMPIA, W. T., Nov. 7.—The senate and house met to-day, and after affecting temporary organization adjourned until Monday. All the officers elected and the members of the legislature have gone home and the preparations for the inauguration are postponed until Monday, Nov. 19. The law provides that the inaugural shall take place on the Monday after the issuance of the proclamation, so if it was issued before next week new complications would arise. The friends of the senatorial candidates, Squires and Allen, are trying to push a caucus of the republicans so as to decide who the party will support. There is a perfect army of workers here for both men and many want to go home. It is conceded that J. B. Allen and Watson Squires have a majority now, but their opponents hope to win by delay. S. C. Hyde has withdrawn and Squires and Geo. Turner and Allen are the only state candidates.

A Robert Elsmere Imitated.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—The Rev. J. A. Graham, pastor of the Holy Trinity Episcopal Church, astonished his congregation Sunday morning by assuming the role of Robert Elsmere, renouncing Christianity and denying the Bible, the church and their teachings. So cleverly did the gentleman play his part that a startling scene ensued. Many of his listeners were in tears, some thought that he was crazy and all were inexpressibly shocked at his words. His strange discourse was spoken in a very impressive manner and not a member doubted that he meant all he said, but he did not. He was trying to show the people the evil results of indifference in religion so that they might get an idea how terrible it was to near religion denounced. His main point was to make them see the necessity of clinging to faith. It was a strange way of getting at the people, but it had its effect and gave them an unusual shaking up on religious questions.

Condemned at Bozeman.

BOZEMAN, Nov. 6.—[Special.]—Nothing has been talked of here since yesterday morning, but the work of the canvassing board. Democrats are indignant and outspoken, and while republicans were surprised they have nothing at all to say. The Independent correspondent has yet to find one here who has endorsed the methods of the canvassing board, or in fact any of the proceedings. Much surprise is expressed that Gov. White should be a party to this obvious wrong, as he has heretofore been regarded as an honest man.

Was a Prominent Church Member.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 7.—E. H. Vanhosen, a prominent church member and cashier of the Toledo National bank, was arrested last evening charged with embezzling \$90,000 of the bank's funds. J. N. McKee, teller of the bank, is also under arrest as an accomplice. The stealing was discovered a year ago, but the affair was hushed upon a promise to make good the loss. This they failed to do and the prosecution was begun.

Arrested for an Old Crime.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 7.—Geo. Hancock, Mormon high priest, has been arrested at Payson, charged with murdering Mrs. Hatch and her son, Geo. Jones, thirty-two years ago. The victims were accused of incest when they were slain, but the Gentiles say it was a church murder.

The Doctor Wants Damages.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Dr. Mary Weeks Barnett brought suit to-day for \$50,000 damages against Frances E. Willard, president of the national W. C. T. U., Caroline Buell and Sterbuck, for circulating false and defamatory statements against complainant concerning the management of the National Woman's Temperance hospital.

THE VOTES ARE COUNTED

Judge DeWolfe's Peremptory Order in the Mandamus Case Put Into Operation.

The Canvassers Add Tunnel Precinct to the Vote of Silver Bow County.

Clerk Booth Issues His Certificates in Accordance with the Result as Shown by the Count.

BUTTE, Nov. 7.—[Special.]—There was a large crowd in the court room this morning when Judge DeWolfe announced his opinion, which was a verbal one. The following is a verbatim report:

In these cases I have not had an opportunity to examine the various authorities cited and referred to by counsel, and hence, inasmuch as I stated, at the adjournment of court last evening, that I would decide this question this morning, I must decide as well as my recollection of the authorities and my view of the law will permit. It is not necessary for me to review what was done in the matter. The court, in its ruling heretofore made, held that the duty imposed by law upon the canvassing board was purely a ministerial one—in fact, it was scarcely more than clerical; it was as simple as the addition of a column of figures. They, in disregard of what the court counted to be their plain duty under the statute, went outside the limit of their authority and assumed to judge of the nature of the returns, and whether or not the proceedings had been in every respect in conformity with the law. The court held that this was beyond the province of the canvassing board, and hence granted a peremptory writ of mandamus requiring them to count the returns from this precinct, 31, for the returns in these cases. From that judgment of the court two members of this board have taken an appeal to the supreme court of the territory and have asked a stay of proceedings until that appeal be heard. Now, many questions presented by counsel are, no doubt, interesting as legal propositions; first, whether this judgment in a regular action at law, or whether it is a judgment in a special proceeding, or whether an appeal and a special supersedeas lies in a case of mandamus that can be reviewed on appeal, or whether it should be taken advantage of by a writ of error; all these are various similar questions have been fully and elaborately by counsel, but I do not conceive with my view of the law of these cases, that it is necessary for me to decide any of these points, and I shall leave them to be determined by a higher tribunal than this court. Looking at the action and its result from a different standpoint, having held as I did heretofore, in granting a peremptory writ of mandamus, that the board transgressed its power in the action they took in casting out the returns of this precinct, the question presents itself then, should a board, constituted according to law for the performance of a simple duty, be allowed, by an appeal, to defer the rights of the voters, thus obstructing, as I may say, the entire wheels of government by their proceedings? This is the point for the court to decide. Not only do the relations in these cases have rights, but the board have rights; the voters are entitled to have the returns counted for them as they were sent to the board of canvassers, and the people have the right to have the men who were elected upon the face of the returns at least granted a certificate for their offices. The law provides another way by which those who claim to have been injured by fraudulent votes, or by proceedings that are not in conformity with the law, by which all these things can be brought up and determined. In these cases the competitors of the relators have a perfect right and the law affords them full and ample remedy for the contest the legality of the votes cast at that precinct, or any other precinct in this county, notwithstanding the fact that the canvassing board counted them, they are all subject to examination and review, and if an error of the voters was illegal, there is a way of determining what was and what was not illegal. But in this particular case I cannot conceive, I cannot believe that it was ever the intention of the legislature that a canvassing board should determine matters of this kind. It is needless for me to say what would be the effect of granting a supersedeas in these cases, the members of the board are candidates for the legislature of the state of Montana; if the certificates were issued to them, which issue, if the votes of this precinct No. 31, which were improperly rejected, were counted, they would be entitled to seats in the body to which they were elected. If they are denied those seats, of course, the certificates would be issued to their competitors in the election. Certainly the members of each house and the judges of the election returns and qualifications of its own members, but to say that a mere ministerial board should have the right to determine a question of this kind is a matter that was never in the contemplation of the legislature, and it would be so manifestly wrong, in my opinion, to stay proceedings in cases of this kind that this motion to grant a supersedeas in these cases is overruled. Whatever may be said in regard to the action of the board in regard to the right of a majority of the board to appeal from the decision, upon that express no opinion; but I do maintain that in these cases that a supersedeas should not be granted, and that this writ should be made peremptory and should be obeyed by the parties to whom it is directed.

Mr. Campbell—in order that no misunderstanding may occur I desire to state to the court that we withdrew the motion for supersedeas and stood upon the appeal bond that we filed. It was tacitly understood that the court will be now that a peremptory writ issue in each case of these two cases, I did intend to write an opinion in this case, but having decided the main point heretofore, and as the members of the bar well know as I am so fully occupied with the duties before the court, I think I will not file a written report in these cases.

The peremptory writ of mandamus was issued at once and served on Hall and Judge Irvine. At 2:30 these gentlemen met and canvassed the vote, including precinct 31, and certified the abstract to the county clerk and recorder, who will at once issue certificates of election to the candidates elected in accordance with these returns. The members of the legislature who would be elected by throwing out the 34th precinct to-day received certificates of election from the state canvassing board.

THE WORLD FORSAKEN.

Miss Kate Drexel, Worth Ten Millions Enters a Pittsburg Convent.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 8.—A \$10,000,000 heiress has bidden farewell to the world. Miss Kate Drexel, second daughter of the late A. J. Drexel of Philadelphia, to-day took the white veil of the novitiate at the convent of the Sisters of Mercy in this city. For the past six months Miss Drexel has been a postulant at the mother house in this city, seeking to be accepted as a candidate for membership in the order. Having successfully passed through the preliminary period she was to-day accepted as a novice, or candidate for admission to the order.

The ceremony of conferring upon her the white veil took place at 10 o'clock this morning. Bishop Phelan of the Pittsburgh diocese officiated and was assisted by Bishop O'Connor of the Omaha diocese, who is a personal friend of the Drexels. Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia delivered a sermon. The candidate for the novitiate in the Order of Mercy always attires herself in bridal robes of white on the day she receives the veil. The ceremony is symbolic of the candidate becoming a bride of Christ. Miss Drexel's costume was made by one of Philadelphia's modistes, and was a superb creation. It is stated that its cost will run into the thousands. After the ceremony she laid aside this magnificent gown and clad herself in the coarse habit of the novices. She will pass three years in the cloister. If at the end of that time the novice is still determined to lead a religious life, and if her conduct during her novitiate has been exemplary, she is received into the order as choir sister and given the black veil. Should she, however, think that she was not called for a cloister life, she can forsake the convent and go into the world at will.

Miss Drexel's entrance to the novitiate of the Order of Mercy was not public. Invitations were issued to some prominent Catholic clergymen and laymen, and no person was allowed in the chapel of the convent where the ceremony took place but those having cards. It is yet a trifle early to discuss her future plans, considering the three years she has to spend before becoming a Sister of Mercy, but it is likely her field will be among negroes or Indians.

WANTED TO SEE JOSEPH.

The Indian Senatorial Commission at Spokane Falls.

SPOKANE FALLS, Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The senatorial commission arrived here at 3 p. m. to-day and left at 6:30 p. m. for Denver over the Union Pacific. Gen. John Gibbon, United States army, accompanied the party to this city, expecting to see Joseph, chief of the Nez Perce Indians. Senator Daves, chairman of the committee on Indian affairs, was very desirous of meeting Joseph in an official capacity. Gen. Gibbon had arranged to have the Indian meet the party, but Joseph could not be found.

Dago Frank, killed by Tom Eldridge yesterday afternoon, was buried to-day. It has been discovered that he was robbed of a gold watch and chain and \$100 in money, while dying in the store where he fell. The watch and chain were recovered this afternoon.

INDIANS AS FREIGHTERS.

Paul McCormick Employs the Reds in a Good Business.

FORT CUSTER, Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Paul McCormick, grain contractor of Fort Custer, has just unloaded 500,000 pounds of oats at Custer, hauled from Wyoming by a train of 123 wagons, all owned and driven by Crow Indians. Mr. McCormick says the Crows have proved to be admirable freighters, and he thinks he would rather have them than any freighters he has ever had. They were paid off to-day, \$1,500, all in silver and gold, and were greatly delighted with the shiners. The amount earned by each team was from \$10 to \$15. This is a new field of industry opening up to the Indians, to which they seem to be well adapted.

Bayard-Clymer Nuptials.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Thos. F. Bayard, ex-secretary of state, and Miss Mary Willing Clymer, were married at 1 o'clock this afternoon at the bride's residence in the presence of a most distinguished company. The intention was to have the wedding as quiet as possible and invitations numbering about 150 were confined to relatives, the contracting parties and a few personal friends. Among the latter were ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland, ex-Secretary and Mrs. Fairchild, Hon. Geo. Banerott, Justice and Mrs. Field, Justice and Mrs. Lamar, Mrs. M. W. Fuller. A reception and breakfast followed the ceremony and soon after the newly married couple left for a tour to New York and other northern cities.

A Boulangist Conference.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—A conference between the leaders of the Boulangist party was held to-day at the residence of Boulanger on the Island of Jersey. Sixty prominent members of the party were present. The authorities of the island cautioned the landlord of the hotel that he would be held responsible in the event of any overt demonstration arising from the conference. It is stated the Boulangist leaders debated propositions for important alterations in the programme of the party.

Talking for the Times.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Sir Henry James resumed his speech before the Parnell commission to-day in behalf of the Times. He read extracts from speeches by Parnell, Davitt and others, in which the speakers advocated boycotting. He contended that the persons who had made these speeches were responsible for crime in Ireland, following their delivery.

Ate the Englishmen.

MELBOURNE, Nov. 7.—The cannibals of the Solomon islands have murdered and devoured an Englishman named Nelson and three native boys. Learning of the massacre, the captain of the British cruiser Royalist proceeded to the scene and shelled the villages along the coast. The natives fled to the hills. Other cases of cannibalism on the islands are reported.

MANY CATTLE PERISH.

Snow Storm and Blizzard of Eight Days' Duration Prevailing in New Mexico.

Cowboys and Shepherders Lose Their Lives in Attempts to Hold Their Stock.

Thousands of Head of Cattle Buried Under Eight Feet of Snow—All Traffic Suspended.

DENVER, Nov. 7.—The Republican's special from Clayton, N. M., says unless the snow storm which has been raging for eight days comes to an end soon next summer will show a county covered with the dead bodies of animals as thickly as was the old Santa Fe trail in the sixties. The depth of the snow is now not less than twenty-six inches on a level and in many places it is drifted seven feet high. When the storm struck this section seven large herds of cattle, numbering from 400 to 2,000 were being held near this place, awaiting shipment to eastern markets. The rain of a week ago Wednesday was followed Thursday morning by a blizzard of snow and sleet, which sent the herds in a southerly direction. In vain did the half frozen cowboys try to check the march of the herds, but on they went through the increasing storm until finding it utterly impossible to hold the cattle, the boys rode aside and let them pass, and nearly dead, rode their exhausted horses into canons or partially sheltered places, where they passed many hours without food or fire. Two cowboys drifted into a canon where they found a cedar tree with a rat's nest in it. They managed to light a fire with it. During the second night one of their horses died from cold and having nothing to eat, the men cut pieces of flesh from the dead animal which they warmed and ate without salt. After remaining there sixty hours they started out and after much suffering and hardship managed to reach a ranch thirty miles away, where they were cared for. Five cowboys are known to be frozen to death, Henry Miller, John Martin, Chas. Jolly and two unknown. Two Mexican sheep herders have been found frozen to death near Tramperson and another on a small creek near town.

Two men coming in this morning report the drifts in some places seven and eight feet high, in which are hundreds of dead stock, many with only the head and horns above the snow. In one draft thirteen were frozen in, another ten. Some of these were sent out, but finding them from their frigid prison. Herds of sheep are completely wiped out of existence, and the range for thirty miles from town is covered with their dead bodies. It is estimated that 25,000 sheep have perished in this part of the territory, and at present it is not possible to estimate the number of cattle lost, but it will probably be in the thousands. Every place of shelter in town is being used as barns for snow bound horses. They say the supply of hay is nearly exhausted, and to-day \$100 per ton was offered by stockmen and refused. At Textline, nine miles below Clayton, two passenger trains were sent out, but unable to move from their running out, the passengers were compelled to venture out in the storm and kill cattle, the quarters of which were taken into the cars and roasted. It is thought the snow pack will reach the improved trains to-day, but it is doubtful if the road be opened in a day or two. The storm is by far the worst ever known in New Mexico, and at present loss of life and property cannot be estimated.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Ex-President Cleveland yesterday called on President Harrison.

The president has appointed William W. Bates, of New York, commissioner of navigation.

In an explosion yesterday in a dynamite factory near Bilbao, Spain, four were killed and many injured.

The decision in the Tilden will case has been reversed by the supreme court of New York and a new trial ordered.

Fire yesterday destroyed the Cron block, on Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va. Loss \$750,000. Lieutenant of Police Crichton was burned to death.

The American ship Chesborough, from Hong Kong, for New York, was wrecked on the northern coast of Japan. Nineteen of the crew were drowned.

The volcano of Colima, Mexico, is in a state of active eruption. Many houses in the vicinity have fallen and the woods for many miles around are on fire.

All the differences between the Evansville & Terre Haute railroad and the striking conductors, brakemen and firemen were settled yesterday and trains are now running regularly.

The convention of the Woman's Home Missionary society duly adjourned yesterday. Mrs. John Davis of Cincinnati, was elected president to succeed the late Lucy Webb Hayes. The other general officers were re-elected.

The biggest sale of the Chicago auction horse show was made yesterday when Echoro, by Echo, was sold to J. L. Case, owner of the famous Jay Eye See, for \$65,000. Echoro is a seventeen year old mare, and is the dam of Director.

The national convention of the W. C. T. U. opens in Chicago to-day. About 400 delegates will be present. The principal question to come up is the attitude of the organization with regard to the question of party politics.

At Wharton station, Kan., yesterday, Charles E. Smith, night telegraph operator for the Santa Fe road, was shot and fatally wounded by two robbers, who came to the station evidently for the purpose of robbery. After the shooting, however, they left without securing any valuables. A posse is in pursuit.

The body of Capt. C. Marcus Schoonmaker, who lost his life in the hurricane at Samoa, was interred yesterday in the family plot at Kingston, N. Y. There was a brief service that was attended only by immediate relatives. Lieut. Coffin, who was the executive officer of the Vandalia, was present.

The Deal is Closed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—A dispatch has been received from C. A. Pillsbury, the Minneapolis miller, in which he says he has been notified by cable from London that the \$8,000,000 necessary to purchase the Pillsbury and Washburn mills, the Minneapolis water power and grain elevators, has all been subscribed and the deal closed.