

# The Martin Co.

## Special Prices on NEW WASH GOODS

We offer, commencing today, many splendid lines of this season's newest wash fabrics at decidedly less than regular prices.

### Excellent Assortment of Very Latest Patterns to Select From

#### 13 1/2 cents Yard

Beautiful figured lawns and batistes in a wide range of stripes floral and dotted designs; 42 inches wide and regular 20c wash fabric; sale price, yard.....**13 1/2c**

#### 10 cents Yard

An excellent assortment of figured lawns in light and dark coloring, some with border effects; regular 15c wash fabric; special sale price, yard.....**10c**

## White Cotton and Gingham Fabrics

#### 19 cents Yard

Mercerized Madras cloths, barred Nainsooks and plaid Swiss—all proper materials for waists and dresses; 27 inches wide, regular 25c and 30c values; special sale price, yard.....**19c**

#### 12 1/2 cents Yard

Scotch dress gingham in a goodly assortment of striped, checked and plaid designs; absolutely fast colors; 27 inches wide special, yard.....**12 1/2c**

### Solid Colored Linen Finished Suitings 15 cents

## LIBERIAN COMMITTEE IS GREETED

### UNITED STATES COMMISSION ARRIVES TO INVESTIGATE CONDITIONS.

Monrovia, Liberia, June 6.—A great public demonstration attended the landing of the United States Liberian commission which is to investigate conditions in the African republic. The United States cruisers which conveyed the commission to Liberia were forced to anchor three miles off the coast and the commission was conveyed in small boats to the government wharves. President Arthur Barclay headed the reception committee appointed to honor to the distinguished visitors. They were taken to the official residence of President Barclay, the White House of Liberia. Ernest Lyons, the United States consul general at Monrovia, welcomed them to the American legation, which is one of the most attractive residences in the capital city. Every effort will be made to show the needs of Liberia to the commission in the hope of interesting them in behalf of the little republic, which is really the offspring of United States philanthropy.

Liberia certainly needs help. This little country, with its 350 miles of coast line extending into the interior from 250 to 500 miles, was founded in 1822 by a few American philanthropists. They organized under the name of the American Colonization society for the express purpose of planting a colony in Africa whither negroes in America who might become free might be sent, with the object of rearing in the fatherland a Christian community. Among the prominent men back of the society were Henry Clay, General Fenelon Meyer, Judge Bushrod Washington and the names of many of America's foremost citizens. In 1847 the Liberian colonies, which up to this date had been governed as the commonwealth of Liberia under the tutelage of the foreign society, were forced to assume the status of an independent state in order to enforce its laws and protect its interests against foreign aggressions. Since that time America and Americans have apparently taken little interest in this African offspring. The negro slaves who were sent over were entirely unfitted for self-government and the wonder is that the republic has survived at all. At a matter of fact, Monrovia, the capital city, possesses many attractive homes and does a considerable commerce, has two newspapers and a college.

J. Dosses, LL. D., associate justice of the supreme court and vice president of this African colony very clearly. He says: "Among the most urgent needs of Liberia is that of immigration to the country with a view to giving the 45,000 square miles and a civilized and growing population estimated at nearly 20,000, is an extraordinary spectacle. We need immigration to build up waste places and to plant strong and industrial centers in the rich virgin black land. We need accession to plant Christian civilization in our remote island and to teach the 2,000,000 industrial population the peaceful pursuits of western civilization."

## TREASURER'S REPORT FOR MAY

### COUNTY'S FINANCIAL AFFAIRS ARE SHOWN IN STATISTICS MADE PUBLIC.

The status of Missoula county's financial affairs is shown in the county treasurer's report for May, made public Saturday. The report follows:

Receipts.	
Balance May 1	\$344,219.75
Licenses	5,625.00
Fees county clerk	622.80
Fees clerk of court	133.57
Certificate of redemption	35.40
Justice peace fines	26.00
Fines clerk of court	100.00
Examination fees	15.00
Insurance, school district No. 5	503.00
Part payment, Bonner deputy	42.00
Tax, 1908	27.92
Tax, 1909	247.85
Disbursements.	
State treasurer	2,801.00
General fund warrants	2,076.73
Poor fund warrants	937.00
Interest on poor fund warrants	3.90
Bridge fund warrants	1,163.35
Court house warrants	135.00
Higgins avenue bridge warrants	4,365.03
Redemption fund warrants	35.85
High school orders	1,247.75
District school orders	8,228.25
Bonus redeemed, school district No. 7	1,000.00
Bond interest, school district No. 1	1,012.50
Bond interest, school district No. 14	180.00
Poor tax refunded	110.00
Road tax refunded	35.00
Refund tax, 1906	12.80
Refund tax, 1907	29.29
Refund tax, 1908	18.24
Balance May 31, 1909	\$328,550.89

## THE WEATHER

The weather man fell down on his assignment yesterday and didn't deliver the goods as he should have done for Sunday. It was a cold, cloudy day, with showers in the afternoon. The observations:

Maximum	66
Minimum	38
At 6 a. m.	42
Thermometer	26.89
Barometer	26.89
At 6 p. m.	51
Thermometer	26.83
Barometer	26.83
Wind from the northeast.	

### RIGHT FOOT IS HURT.

An inebriated member of the "gentlemen of leisure" class was hurt by a freight train at Garrison yesterday. The man, who gave the name of McLaughlin, was attempting to board a moving train in the Garrison yards and fell under the wheels, getting his right foot crushed. He was taken to Deer Lodge by the sheriff for treatment.

Ecuador exports about 20,000 tons of vegetable ivory annually, of which Germany takes about one half and the United States one-fourth.

## HORSE THIEF GOES TO PRISON

### GEORGE BENNETT IS SENTENCED TO THIRTY-TWO YEARS IN PENITENTIARY.

Bozeman, June 6.—Trembling and stammering, George Bennett was brought into the court here late last evening and was sentenced by Judge Stewart to serve 32 years in the state penitentiary for stealing a horse and saddle last fall from Peter Edingson of Central Park. He had his head bandaged as a result of his attempt Thursday night to beat his brains out against the wall of his cell. Sheriff Sales left early this morning for Deer Lodge with Bennett. The prisoner made another attempt Friday night to take his life by running his head against his cell wall. This makes three attempts by him at suicide since he has been confined in the county jail here. When Bennett finishes this sentence, he will have to face a charge in Meagher county of assault with intent to kill. He is now 26 years old. When 21 years of age he was convicted of stealing a horse here and sent to the penitentiary for four years. When released he returned here to live and was working at different places in the valley. Last September he stole the horse and saddle belonging to Edingson and started away with it from Biggs. He was pursued by the officers but succeeded in making his escape. A number of ranchers were deputized to assist the officers in arresting him. Ben J. Hatfield of Sixteen Mile being one of the number. Hatfield and his hired man, J. H. Mehaffey, got on Bennett's trail and when they tried to arrest him, Bennett shot Hatfield through the abdomen. A duel followed between the fugitive and Mehaffey. Finally at long range Mehaffey shot Bennett in the leg. After this shot Bennett left the horse he was riding, threw down his weapons and made his way through the timber. Nothing more was heard of him until about six weeks ago, when the Salt Lake officers notified the local officers that they believed they had located him in Pocatello. He was arrested and taken to Salt Lake, where Sheriff Sales secured him.

## TONIGHT JUNIOR BAND GIVES FIRST DANCE

Tonight at Elite hall will be given the first ball of the Junior band, an organization of young musicians which has been practicing diligently all winter under the direction of J. K. Witzman, the leader of the Missoula band. The Junior band has an instrumentation of about 20 and has shown itself to be of good material. It is the auxiliary organization from which the Missoula band recruits. Its strength and as such has proven of great benefit to the older band. This will be the first dance to be given by the organization and a large crowd is expected. The music will be furnished by the entire band.

An electric fan has been devised to remove the feathers from chickens. Its blast is said to clean one completely in a few seconds.

## POLICE WAR AGAINST DRUG EVIL

### DOCTORS URGE HIGH TARIFF ON "DOPE" AS PROTECTION TO PEOPLE.

New York, June 6.—For the first time in its history the police department of this city has organized and begun a special crusade to stamp out the alarming spread of the cocaine habit, which is now recognized to be one of the most serious sources of vice and crime throughout the country. Every effort is being made to enforce the new state law against the sale of excessive quantities of this drug for the use of the "dope fiend" rather than the doctor. Fully 75 per cent of the cocaine that passes through this city, the police admit, finds its way to the victims of the deadly drug through an underground system of traffic which draws principally from foreign sources.

With no duty on coca leaves, from which illicit purveyors extract a rough form of cocaine for their drug-craved customers, and only a low tariff imposed upon the quantities of the drug that are shipped here for secret distribution throughout the country, it is recognized that the chances for controlling the spreading cocaine curse are today very slim, even under the most strict state laws and police surveillance. Urging the recent recommendation of the American Health league for a "prohibitory tariff, internal revenue tax and other means which will restrict the use of cocaine its substitutes and derivatives, to medical profession, welfare workers, medicinal profession, welfare workers, clergyman and the leading drug houses are now looking to congress to safeguard every community in the country by thus shutting off this chief source of the illegal supply of the noxious drug. Though restrictive laws can be and are being successfully enforced by compelling the local manufacturers and wholesalers to keep records of their cocaine sales, it has been proven that unscrupulous retailers to whom the American houses refuse to sell excessive quantities are perfectly free to obtain a limitless and untraceable supply from abroad.

More cocaine is sold to drug victims from one of their supply stations in a single night than an ordinary drug store could sell for medicinal purposes in a year, the police declare. Medical men who are interesting themselves in urging congress to give the homes of this country this high tariff protection from the ravages of the drug assert that the comparatively small supply of cocaine necessary for professional purposes will still be readily available for their uses. With a tariff of \$1.50 an ounce upon the foreign cocaine supply and a duty of 5 cents a pound on coca leaves, it is proposed to decisively check the cocaine plague and place it firmly under government control by an internal revenue tax.

No power but that of the people can now induce the law makers at Washington to include in the Aldrich-Payne bill this necessary clause for the protection of every American family, the leaders of this movement declared today. If every philanthropic, medical and charitable organization throughout the land will recommend to its members an immediate appeal to Senator Lodge, who is presenting this matter, or to their representatives in congress, it is believed these efforts to avert the curse of cocaine may succeed.

## THE GRAND PRESENTS A CLASSY PROGRAM

The management of the Grand theater will present another first-class program this week, beginning tonight. Last week's program was one of the best yet and the bill which will be on after tonight will be fully up to standard. The headliner of the week is a musical sketch by Lynne and Bonnie Hazzard, entitled "The Musician and the Little Lady," while the rest of the program will be as follows: Verne and Verne, comedians, singers and dancers; Vancello, barrel juggler and equilibrist; Miss Margaret Bolander will sing the illustrated songs and there will be the usual good motion pictures.

### KUHN-KUFUN.

John C. Kuhn of St. Joe, Idaho, was married yesterday to Miss Mary A. Kufun of the same city, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. A. Maclean at the manse. The couple left after the ceremony had been performed for St. Joe, where they will make their home.

## FOOD PRESERVATIVES DANGEROUS

### DOCTORS DECLARE THAT USE OF BENZOATE OF SODA IS HARMFUL TO HEALTH.

Washington, June 6.—The first compilation of expressions of prominent physicians in regard to the use of benzoate of soda in ketchup, preserves, dairy products, meat products, etc., shows that while in view of the Henssen board's experiments some are not prepared to say that small quantities of the drug may not be used without harmful effect upon healthy persons, the opinion is unanimous that no benefit to the consumer can be had from taking it into the system in any quantity whatever. Coupled with this negative opinion is the unanimous conclusion that in the case of children and invalids, with which classes the physicians are mostly concerned, the effect of chemically preserved foods cannot be injurious. Those who have given the subject deepest consideration believe the upsetting of the conclusions reached by the department of agriculture that the use of benzoate of soda should be prohibited, is but the entering wedge to the overturning or emasculating of the pure food law. Experiments are now being made by the Henssen board with the sulphurating of fruits with the probability favoring a conclusion that in this case also the department of agriculture went astray and the possibility of a future ruling permitting this practice. Behind these two comes borax and formaldehyde and already tentative "feelers" are being sent out to the effect that after all there is a chance that borax has been unjustly condemned and its use should be permitted. These facts give ground to the suspicion that a concerted movement is on foot to undo the good done and to restore conditions, as far as preservatives are concerned, to what they were before the passage of the national pure food law. The Association of State and National Dairy and Food Departments, which fought so hard for the pure food law, is gravely concerned about these insidious attacks upon this statute and at its meeting August at Denver, Colo., will consider ways and means to preserve the law in its integrity and entirety.

### First Victory.

The first victory for the "preservative" element having been on benzoate of soda, the use of that drug is now the bone of contention. Some of the extracts from opinions of physicians which have been collected are as follows:

Professor John T. Lloyd of Cincinnati, ex-president of the United States Pharmaceutical association, says: "In my opinion the corruptorists in the direction of canned goods and such have now been driven to the last ditch and their methods would have been annihilated could the introduction of chemical preservatives have been altogether prevented. \* \* \* Under these circumstances I believe we should still resist the urging into foods that are eaten daily by our people of a product such as benzoic acid or benzoate of soda may be." Smoking of such preservatives in general, Dr. V. C. Vancello, dean of the medical faculty of Ann Arbor university, Michigan, says: "As a rule their use is condemned for two reasons. In the first place, like coloring matter, it enables a man to sell a poor grade article in place of a better grade; and in the second place, it enables the manufacturer to be less careful in other means of preservation." Dr. James W. Holland, professor of toxicology in the Jefferson Medical college, "It defeats the efforts of the human system to assimilate or destroy it." Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief chemist of the department of agriculture, says: "Benzoate of soda is highly objectionable and produces a very serious disturbance of the metabolic functions, attended with injury to digestion and health. The evidence points so strongly to the poisonous properties of preservatives that their use as a class should, under the act, be prohibited in foods and food products."

### No Reason.

Dr. G. Harlan Wells, president of the Philadelphia Academy of Medicine, says: "There is absolutely no adequate reason for use of benzoate of soda as a preservative of foods. To legalize its use would open up a wide door for fraud and endanger public health by making possible and profitable the employment of inferior and unsuitable materials in the manufacture of food preparations." Dr. Albert P. Martineau, professor of physiological chemistry, University of Chicago, says: "Whatever the final decision on this question of the effect on health of sodium benzoate, wise men will continue to regard germs, such as sodium benzoate, as highly suspicious constituents of our foods and, as far as possible, purchase foods which are preserved in a cleanly and healthful manner, free from such germicides. We should also express in some way to Dr. Wiley our appreciation of the splendid fight he has made in behalf of the people against the adulterators and poisoners of our food supplies." Dr. R. E. Stallings, state chemist for Georgia, says: "There is no occasion or necessity for the use of such chemicals as food preservatives and, whether benzoate is deleterious to the consumer or not, its use ought to be severely prohibited because of the fact that it can and does conceal unwholesomeness and even infectious decay."

### No Question.

"There is no question in my mind that decayed and worthless fruits, vegetables and meats have been mixed with good ones and the fraud concealed by the use of benzoate of soda." Professor Charles H. LaWall, chemist of the Pennsylvania state dairy and food commission, speaking

Girls will be girls!  
They will roll on the grass.  
They will soil their dresses. They will get their hands and faces dirty.

All right! Let them!  
Ivory Soap and water will make everything clean again.

Equally available for bath, toilet and fine laundry use.

Ivory Soap  
99 1/100 Per Cent. Pure.

of the Henssen board's report, says: "The use of sodium benzoate is bad in principle. It is unfair to the consumer. The experiments conducted by the Henssen (Henssen) board were made on healthy persons and did not clear away the doubts as to the danger of using this preservative. The process of using benzoic acid in preparing meat is an indication that we are going back 5,000 years; for benzoic or its products has not been used in the preservation of flesh since the Egyptians stopped embalming their dead." Discussing the constitution of benzoate of soda, Dr. H. S. Placemore of Washington says: "The drug contains the active principles of carbonic acid, a corrosive poison, and acetanilid, much used in mercurial headache powders, which are counted on by every reputable physician; other contents are constituents of formaldehyde and benzol, the active principles of cocaine. \* \* \* Upon the effect of the drug when used by invalids and young children the referee board did not pass."

Dr. Christian A. Hoerter of Columbia university, one of the three experimenting members of the Henssen board, in discussing in his report certain deviations from the physiological functions of his subjects, says: "We would offer the hypothesis that the phenomena in question are best accounted for by the supposition that the gastro-enteric mucosa in some part of its course had been subjected to slight stimulant or irritative action and that this action was exerted by the continued use of rather large doses of sodium benzoate."

### RECITAL TONIGHT.

The annual recital of the school of music at the state university will be held in convocation hall tonight at 8:30. The program, which has already been announced in The Missoulian, will be under the direction of Mrs. Blanche Wittaker.

### "From the old World"

## IRISH LINIMENT

Geo. F. Peterson, your own druggist, has it for sale and will give you back your money if it fails in any of the following ailments, Rheumatism, and Eczema, first, then Lumbago, Gout or Neuralgia. For burn or sprain it has no equal, it will take soreness out and reduce swelling over night—Prescribed by Dr. De Coursey, best known man in all Ireland. For sale by Geo. F. Peterson.

## Farm for Rent

Very close to the city.  
Fifty-five acres of grain,  
Five acres of potatoes,  
Twenty acres of corn for fodder,  
Fruit, berries, etc.  
Crop all in.  
Good five-room house, plenty of barn room, ice house, chicken house, etc.

The crop will be good for \$2,000 when harvested. Will rent the place until March 1 for \$750.

Apply Immediately.

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## FAMILY Theater

Grand Opening Monday Evening

June 7

THE 10 CENT BIG SHOW

DRAMA AND VAUDEVILLE  
12—PEOPLE—12  
Opening Play

The Great American Drama "Across the Desert" In four acts

VAUDEVILLE BETWEEN ACTS

Lower Floor.....15c

Balcony.....10c

## The Grand

Cor. Higgins Ave. and Main Street MISSOULA'S NEW AMUSEMENT CENTER.

## High-Class Vaudeville

Entire change of people every Monday and Thursday.

## Program

VERNE AND VERNE  
Comedians, Singers and Dancers.

VANCELLO  
Barrel Juggler and Equilibrist.

LYNNE AND BONNIE HAZZARD  
Presenting a musical sketch entitled, "The Musician and the Little Lady."

MISS MARGARET BOLANDER  
Illustrated Song.

## MOTION PICTURES.

Entire change of performers Monday and Thursdays.

Entire change of pictures Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Continuous Performance—First performance, 7:30 p. m.; admission 15c and 25c.

MATINEE—Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 3 p. m. Admission: Ladies, 15c; children, 10c.

## AT THE BIJOU

TONIGHT

"IN THE LIMELIGHT."

"THE RUBES AND THE BUNCO MEN."

Illustrated Song: "WON'T YOU EVEN SAY HELLO?" by Ed Levasseur.

"IN THE DAYS OF OLIVER CROMWELL"

From a chapter of England's History.

## LYRIC Theater

High-class Motion Pictures and Illustrated Songs.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MISSOULA

United States Depository  
Capital.....\$200,000  
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