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TO ADVERTISERS

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Missoulian Publishing Company

MEMBER MONTANA STATE PRESS ASSOCIATION

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1914.

A DECLARATION

I warn our opponents that the fight has only just begun. Whatever may betide in the future, of one thing the disciples of an easy opportunism may rest assured—I will never abandon the men and women who drew around me to battle for these principles. They and I stand with our faces toward the morning; we will never be sundered from one another; and we will never yield the ground we have taken or flinch from the fight to which we are pledged.

—Theodore Roosevelt.

SET FIRE TO THE SEA?

Strategists are wondering how Wilhelm means to cross the English channel. Could he risk a general naval battle; and could he hope to win? He could not, unless he has a surprise to spring upon the world.

Wilhelm has sprung several surprises. There is his new explosive, battering down the strong fortresses; and there are his howitzers, which nothing but burrowing can foil. Has Wilhelm something similarly effective in naval warfare?

The theory is advanced, as a long shot, that he means to set fire to the sea—that he will lure the British into the channel—their whole channel fleet—and!—

THEN—AND NOW.

Within the memory of a majority of men now living, socialists were persecuted. Openly to embrace the party was to risk economic ruin, even social ostracism.

Today, the socialist goes everywhere and is received as well as anyone else. All this in a generation.

This persecution has had its inevitable reaction. It has left the socialists bitter.

We believe their party would advance more quickly if they would drop the martyr air and cease their indiscriminate attacks on all who happen to view things in a different light.

The Germans can build a Zeppelin and send it up in three months; but it doesn't take near that long to bring one down.

Lies brought about this war—shams, lies and misconceptions. War will cease when the masses of every country know the truth of things.

Don't be a curbstone Christian. If you could have been in church last night, and were not, you have no right to critise.

Neither side can blame the world for considering reports of Belgian battles at La Basse fishy.

The Chief Friend you will ever have is You; so You ought to give Him a square deal.

German steamer Ophelia taken to Yarmouth. Who said Yarmouth was a hamlet?

The powers will not begrudge Italy suzerainty over Albania.

Diaz is dead—long live Villa!

FLUX

American politics are getting pretty badly mixed up these days. The lines are so loosely drawn that one scarcely knows where to rank himself. And there may be a decade of this, before the inevitable realignment, between radical and reactionary, is completed.

At present, there are within the progressive, the republican and the democratic ranks men who belong with the socialists—the radical extreme; and there are hosts of republicans and democrats who belong with the middle-of-the-road party, which is the progressive. The final bourbon party is to be named; it will compose the reactionaries in both the democratic and republican parties as we now know them.

For, roughly, when we have passed this state of flux, we shall find politics divided between the old and the new; between those who hold property more sacred than life and those who hold life more sacred than property. In the bourbon party will be found those whose selfish interests place them there, supplemented by those who hope to get into the affluent classes or are directly opposed to them. This party will cling to the laws, traditions and conceptions of dead centuries. The new party will hold a bite and a roof and a rag supreme over all other earthly considerations and will aim to change the laws and economic systems very radically.

The progressive party as it now exists is the middle-of-the-road organization because it is halfway between the extreme radicals and the extreme reactionaries. The bull moose, if successful, might accomplish many things without serious civil disturbances; the radical extremists will not reach their goal without—trouble.

The next election is not only a bye-election but will come under such circumstances that the popular verdict will not bear directly upon the great economic battle of the future. The people realize that America is in a very tight place and hundreds of thousands who may vote differently in 1916 will be cautious next month. On the whole, we cannot see how Nov. 3, next, can bear the slightest significance.

By 1916, the war in Europe should be over and we should be free again to turn our attention to our own affairs. Then, we shall see what we shall see.

CONSOLIDATION CAN NOT INCREASE TAX

Helena, Oct. 21.—(Special.)—To The Missoulian: I observed in the headlines a day or two ago a statement to the effect that President Bowman is against consolidation. On reading the statement of President Bowman I find that he only says that he does not believe it would be well for the school of mines to be moved from Butte, and the author of the article wanted that I should give as wide publicity to this as I had to some of the other statements about President Bowman. The fact of the matter is that I have never referred to President Bowman in any article which I have written. I find, however, that President Bowman prepared a schedule less than two years ago, which he refers to as "years ago," and which is given below. The only change that has been made since that time is that some of the engineering has been moved from Missoula to Bozeman, thus strengthening the course at Bozeman.

Schedule prepared by President Bowman showing courses given at the three institutions:

Bozeman.	Butte.	Missoula.
Eng.	Eng.	Eng.
Math.	Math.	Math.
Deser. Geo.	Desc. Geo.	Desc. Geo.
Genl. Chem.	Genl. Chem.	Genl. Chem.
Genl. Physics	Genl. Physics	Genl. Physics
Woodwork		Woodwork
Plane Surv.	Plane Survey	Plane Surv.
Mechanics	Mechanics	Mechanics
Hydraulics	Hydraulics	Hydraulics
Irrig. Engin.		
Structl. Engin.	Structl. Engin.	Structl. Engin.
Sanity. Engin.		Sanity. Engin.
Municipal Engin.		Municipal Engin.
Elec. Machin.	Elec. Machin.	Elec. Machin.
Economics		Economics
Contr. & Spec.		Contr. & Spec.
Waterpower	Waterpower	Waterpower
Egin. Design	Engin. Design	Egin. Design
Dynamo Design		Dynamo Design
Elec. Lab.		Elec. Lab.
Alter. Current		Alter. Current
Elect. Design		Elec. Design
Power Plants	Power Plants	Power Plants
Steam Engin.	Steam Engin.	Steam Engin.
Mach. Design	Machin. Design	Mach. Design
Mechan. Lab.		Mechan. Lab.
Assaying	Assaying	Assaying
	Mineralogy	Mineralogy
Geology	Geology	Geology
	Mine Surv.	
	Mining	
	Ore Dressing	
	Metallurgy	
	Metal. Lab.	

It does not take the profoundest student in the work to see by comparison that practically everything that is given at the school of mines is given at the other two schools, and that one man added to the faculty of the agricultural college could, without doubt, take care of the few boys who go to the school of mines. President Bowman certainly did not mean to be misleading when he spoke of this schedule having been prepared "years ago."

One thing the people should remember and that is that it is impossible for consolidation to increase taxes, for the reason that the state tax limit is fixed at 2½ mills by constitutional provision. This amount has always been levied and cannot be increased without a constitutional amendment. If the legislature appropriates more for education there will be that much less for the politicians to divide up over the political pie counter in the shape of new jobs.

Very truly,
H. A. DAVEE,
State Superintendent of Schools.

The Way They Take It

NOT A POLITICAL ISSUE.

(Montana Daily Record.)

The Independent says that of the initiative measures which will be submitted to the voters November 3, the one proposing the consolidation of the University of Montana, the State College at Bozeman and the School of Mines at Butte "has become a party issue." Explaining why it believes the consolidation is a party issue, the Independent continues:

"From the inception of the movement to consolidate these schools, Governor S. V. Stewart has been actively opposed to the proposition, and together with Attorney General Kelly, Secretary of State Alderson and others, the governor is opposing the proposition in his campaign addresses.

"Recognizing Governor Stewart, as we must, as the head of his party in Montana, it can be said that the consolidation proposition is a political party measure—opposed by the leaders of the democratic party in Montana. Friends of Governor Stewart and his political supporters, will, therefore, be called upon to vote no on this proposition."

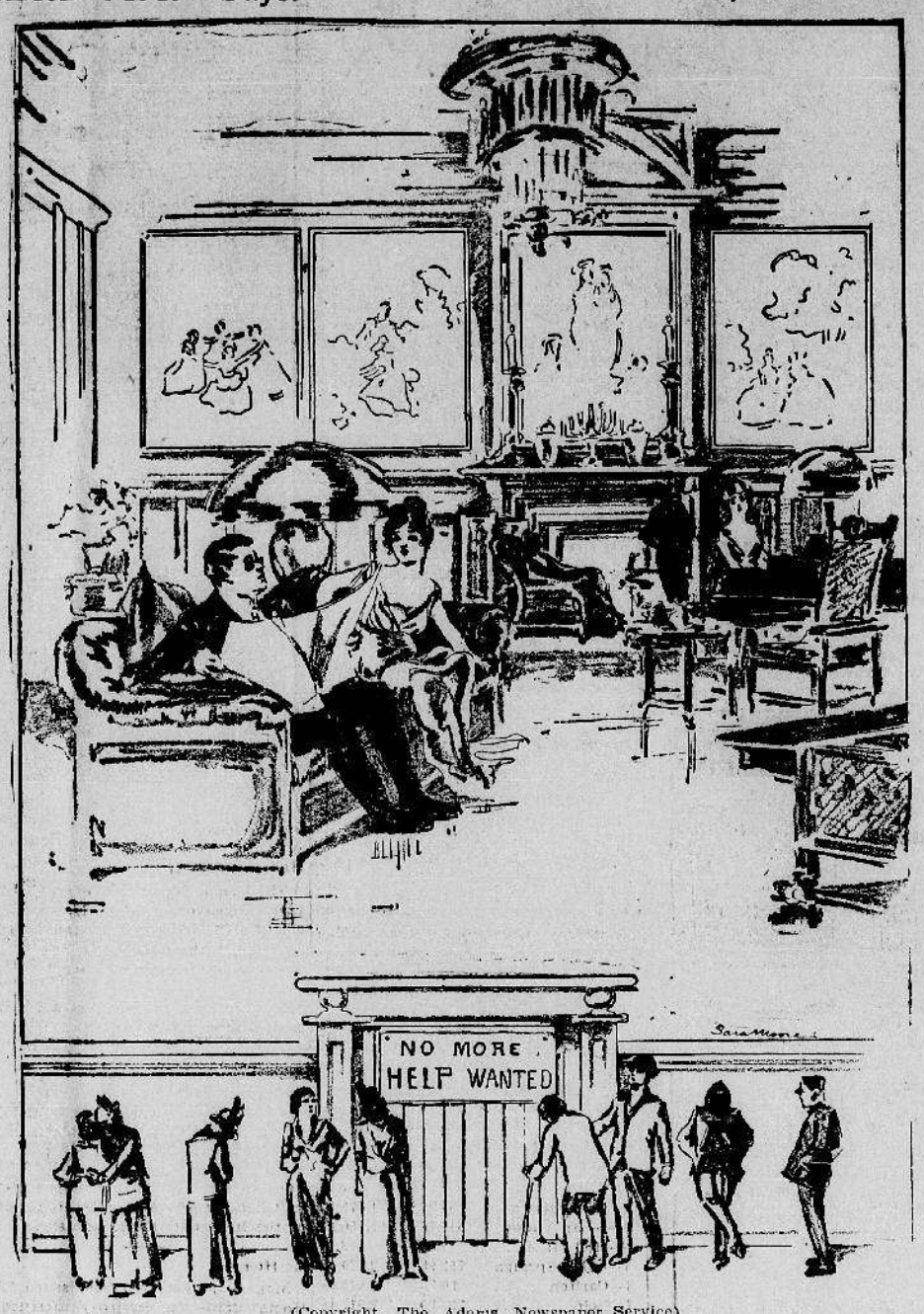
It may be that Chairman Arthur of the democratic state committee regards the consolidation matter as a party issue; it may be that Governor Stewart and other state officers also do. But there are thousands who do not so regard it. Governor Stewart may have made it a party issue, or a "political party measure," as the Independent says, but if he has, he will certainly not have the support of that other leader of the Montana democracy, Senator T. J. Walsh. Only a little while ago Senator Walsh wrote a strong letter which was generally published in the papers of the state favoring consolidation and giving his reasons. Former Senator Paris Gibson is a democrat, and he favors consolidation.

On the other hand many republicans favor consolidation, and many will oppose the measure which seeks to consolidate. In Missoula there are both democrats and republicans. The people of that city have gone on record as favoring consolidation, without regard to politics. In Bozeman the sentiment is against consolidation. There are republicans and democrats in that town. It cannot be said consolidation is a party issue in any sense of the word, and neither the Independent, Chairman Arthur nor Governor Stewart can make it one.

One ton of mechanical or half a ton of chemical pulp is the average yield of a cord of wood.

MERE MAN Says:

By SARAH MOORE



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"Capital is the result of industry—and thrift"

What is believed to be a lake of pure asphalt has been discovered near Georgetown, British Guiana.

On the Spur of the Moment

By ROY K MOULTON.

The War in Europe.

(By our own Staff Correspondent F. A. Kerr.—Censored.)

Amster——, Oct. 00.—The censor has begun to cut out all swear words, as will be noted by this dispatch from Amster——. It is a war when a correspondent can't even swear.

A terrific engagement has taken place two miles north of ———. After the engagement, Gen. ——— of the victorious ——— army gave out the following interview, which will go down in history among the famous remarks of famous men:

"We hav met ——— ——— ——— and ——— is ———. There is ——— not ——— for ——— and ——— yesterday. The ——— has ——— for ——— victory. ——— is ——— last man ——— for ——— at last."

It is officially reported that the ——— lost ——— men in the fighting yesterday and the ——— lost ———. The ——— are closing in on the fort at ———, which is expected to fall.

The ——— is suffering from pneumonia and is very ill, but is feeling perfectly well and has left for the ——— frontier. General ——— says the ——— troops are in excellent spirits.

There is fighting along the whole line. The ——— drove the ——— back yesterday and then in turn the ——— drove the ——— back.

NEPHEWS AND NIECES WANT HIS MILLIONS

MRS. ELZY G. BURKHAM.

Alleging among other things that James Campbell, late multi-millionaire broker and traction magnate of St. Louis, died without leaving "a child or children," his nephews and neices, children of the late John P. Campbell of West Virginia, have filed suit to break his will.

An important question that must be decided by the court is whether Lois Ann Campbell, introduced by the millionaire as his daughter at her debut in St. Louis and New York a year ago, is his daughter in fact. He referred to her in his will as his daughter, and bequeathed to her and his wife equal shares of his estate. Miss Campbell became the wife of Elzy G. Burkham, a St. Louis civil engineer, on September 15.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

The man who is supporting an automobile gets a laugh once in a while. For instance, microbes have been discovered on street car straps.

Missionary wants President Wilson to send troops to Turkey. There is a better scheme than that: Missionary better come home.

A scientist asks: "Should the well-to-do economize?" Well, the well-to-do are the only ones who have a chance to economize. The poor people have been economizing all they could for a long time.

The production of coal in Austria last year was 1,250,000 tons less than the year before.

Progressive State Ticket

For Members of Congress—
JAMES A. BRINSON of Butte.
WELLINGTON D. RANKIN of Helena.
For Railroad Commissioner—
JOS. A. WILLIAMS of Baker.

Progressive County Ticket

For State Senator—
J. R. LATIMER.
For Representatives in the Legislative Assembly—
CHARLES N. MADEEN,
L. A. DEMERS,
L. L. BULEN.
A. BUTZERIN.
CARL E. CAMERON.
For Sheriff—
W. H. HOUSTON.
For County Attorney—
JOHN L. CAMPBELL.
For Treasurer—
JOHN B. HENLEY.
For Clerk and Recorder—
DAN H. ROSS.
For Assessor—
W. P. MACLAY.
For Auditor—
FRED J. MURRAY.
For County Commissioner—
AUGUST HOLLENSTEINER.
For Superintendent of Schools—
MINNIE SPURGIN.
For County Surveyor—
EDWIN S. HATHAWAY.
Hell Gate Township.
For Justice of the Peace—
WILLIAM DYSON.
For Constable—
JOHN DAVIDSON.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Letters remaining unclaimed in the Missoula, Mont., postoffice for the week ending, Oct. 23rd, inst., 1914.

Oscar Anderson, Ben Anderson.

Ray Branham, Sam Barr, Ed. Burrows, Mrs. Iva Brownlow, Albert Bailey.

Miss Nan Campbell, Alvin Curtis.

Emma A. Ellis.

Wesley Freeman (2), Arthur Fleming (2), Ed. Fox, Arthur Fleming.

M. J. Goldsteen.

Miss Julia Hartman, Miss Cleta Hanson.

Arthur Johnson, A. N. Jacobs.

Wm. Hirt.

Dick Kerr, Walter C. Kerth.

Miss Kate Less, Jack Laird, Miss Ell. Lilly, E. L. Lidsay, Mrs. E. M. Lilly (2).

Wm. Morgan, Mrs. R. E. aurer, Missoula Grinding Co., Geo. McCall (23, Mrs. M. McLeod, A. E. McKenzie (2).

O. R. Newman.

Miss Tony Peterson.

Geo. Russell, R. W. Roberts, John S. Rick, Dr. Richmond, Jr., Ed. Rhodes, Mrs. Laura Raymond.

J. Shagpok, M. C. Shoemaker, John Soock, Carl Sage.

Mrs. Knute Thompson, Theatorium Theater, L. D. Tracy, C. V. Turner.

Parguole Velter, Mrs. C. Volkel.

Mrs. E. C. Webb, Mr. Dave White, G. M. Williams, L. W Williams

Package

Mrs. M. Nehring.

ANDRE LOGAN, P. M.

HOW TO MAKE TEA.

To make a good cup of tea is a very simple matter, but it is also something which every housewife does not know how to do. In the first place, an earthenware teapot should be used in preference to silver plated, copper and other metal vessels. Allow one teaspoonful of tea to each person and one for the pot, and heat the teapot with hot water before putting in the tea.

Then let fresh water come to a boil, pour over the tea, and let it steep. The teapot should be kept scrupulously clean, and owing to the accumulation of tannin on the inside, it would be well, once in a while, to put soda in the boiling water in which the teapot is washed.

Progressive State Candidates

Wellington D. Rankin

Candidate for Congress

Thursday, October 22nd Plains.
Friday, October 23rd, Thompson.

Judge Jos. A. Williams

Candidate for Railroad Commissioner

Thursday, October 22nd, Dixon.
Friday, October 23rd, Paradise.

Progressive County Candidates

List of Reservation Dates for Progressives

Thursday afternoon, Oct. 22, Ravalli.
Thursday evening, October 22, St. Ignatius Opera House.
Friday evening, Oct. 23, Fairview school.
Saturday evening, Oct. 24, Ronan, Opera House.
Monday evening, October 26, Leon School.