GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

MATTERS OF INTEREST IN MANY LANDS. MR. GLADSTONE'S HEALTH-IRISH POLITICS-THE FRENCH CRISIS-THE EMPEROR WILLIAM AND THE POPE-MARINE DISASTERS.

The London cable letter to THE TRIBUNE says that Mr. Gladstone is rapidly gaining in health. It is said that the Ministry neither intends to change its policy in Ireland nor to suffer the next session to be occupied exclusively with Irish complaints. English Conservatives predict the collapse of the French Republic. Sir James Stephen's "History of the Criminal Law important work of jurisprudence of this century. The debate in the French Chamber on the question of expelling representatives of the late reigning families from the country has been fixed for to morrow. A steamship has been wrecked near Swansea.

TOPICS IN THE BRITISH CAPITAL.

[BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.] LONDON, Jan. 27 .- The accounts from Cannes all represent Mr. Gladstone as rapidly regaining health. The improvement began from the day he left England, and continues so rapidly that Mr. Gladstone declares himself to be fully ten years younger. He believes that his health is perfectly restored. He is resolved to return to London before Parliament meets. His friends are equally resolved to keep him where he is. Leading members of the Cabinet hope that Dr. Andrew Clarke will issue a prohibition against the Premier's leaving the south of Europe before spring. Many physicians consider that his return during cold weather would very likely occasion serious illness.

THE IRISH SITUATION. There is nothing in the present state of public business requiring Mr. Gladstone's personal attention. Even Irish matters, although grave, demand no fresh decision. Lord Spencer and Mr. Trevelyan enjoy the Premier's confidence so thoroughly that within the broad lines of Cabinet policy the whole line of Irish business is intrusted to them. Every day's developments strengthen the conviction at Dublin Castle that organized assassination will be broken up. The officials say that certain men who are now under arrest are deeply implicated. They believe that at least one of them was personally concerned in the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish. Farrell's testimony itself furnishes accurate and capable confirmation of all im-

The resolve of Michael Davitt and Mr. Healy to go to prison rather than to give security that they will not break the peace, disturbs nobody. Lord Spencer knew that they would do this before he determined to arrest them, Mr. Healy having given Mr. Trevelyan formal notice of his intention.

The Mallow election only proves that Irish voters believe that more concessions are obtainable by opposing than by supporting the Government. If every Minister should declare as Lord Hartington has done, that local sell-government would only be granted when the English people were assured that it would not be used as a means of resisting the authority of the Crown, Irish politics would

Mr. Forster, though not agreeing on all points with Lord Hartington, favors delaying the Irish Reform bill till the country is quiet. Mr. Goschen, who might be in the Cabinet if he would, and who House of Commons outside the Ministry, reiterates his protest against any concession to Ireland involving Home Rule. Lord Spencer and Mr. Trevelyan are equally firm on the same point, they and Lord Hartington being the three men whose infinence with Mr. Gladstone on the Irish question is

NOT AN IRISH SESSION.

It is obvious that the Ministry neither intends to shauge its policy in Ireland nor to suffer the next session to be occupied exclusively with Irish complaints. Measures long promised relating to county government, London municipal reform, a general bankruptoy bill, and many other acts, will be introduced and pressed. Mr. Forster's strong speech in favor of a stronger bill for the distribution of seats extorts compliments from Radical papers which have been heretofore implacably hostile to

THE FRENCH CRISIS.

The French crisis continues to excite endless discussion in England, the Conservatives predicting an impending collapse of the Republic, but omitting to explain why the probable overthrow of the weakest Ministry France has seen since the downfail of the Empire, should involve the destruction of a Liverpool to embark for America, fearing arrest. form of government which has survived the defeat of many strong ones. Everybody acknowledges the want of Gambetta's clear sense and commanding authority. Nobody foresees who can replace the present Ministry. The truth is that no Ministry is or can be secure under the present Constitution with the present Chamber of Deputies, which is the centre of a political power it is radically incapa-

The English Foreign Office is quite content to see France too busy with home politics to meddle with the Egyptian question.

The meeting at the Mansion House vesterday in support of the memorial to the late Archbishop of Canterbury was presided over by the Duke of Albany and attended by numerous notabilities. Every party in the Church, Ritualists, High, Broad and Evangelical, even the Nonconformists, united in expressing respect for an Archbishop who really strove to make the English Church National, The demonstration was the more significant because fears have already been expressed respecting the Ritualistic tendencies of the Archbishop. Many churchmen note with alarm that all three of Mr. Gladstone's recent episcopal nominations belong to the

Sir James Stephen's "History of the Criminal Law of England," issued to-day, is probably the most important work of jurisprudence of this century. Profound in research and scientific in method, It is the work of an original and powerful mind. It

to the first comprehensive treatise on the subject. Vicomte d'Haussonville's book on the United States, published this week in Paris, is critical but friendly in tone, discriminating sharply between the politicians and the people, and predicting that the altimate salvation of the country will be due to the presence in the latter of the three great prin-

spect for religion.

LITERARY NOTES.

John Morley will become editor of " Macmillan's Magazine" in May next, Mr. Grove retiring. This arrangement supersedes the proposed new review. Macmillan & Co. are also maturing plans for a new illustrated popular magazine under the editorship of Mr. Comyns Carr. The first number will appear

The same publishing house publicly announces that it is unable to obtain from Mr. Julian Hawthorne the conclusion of "Fortune's Fool," omitting of England" is spoken of as the most the fact that Mr. Hawthorne received payment in

> The new novel, "L'Evangériste," by Alphonse Daudet, was published in Paris last week, and thirty thousand copies were sold.

ESTIMATES OF DORE.

Gustave Dore's death elicits copious eulogies in England, where the belief still survived that he was a great painter. The French critics and public long since agreed to neglect his pictures, regretting that an artist of really fine faculties should persist in attempting subjects to which he was unequal, as he was deficient alike in drawing and in sense of color. Doré, who lived much in London, is personally lamented here, and in Paris, by a wide circle of friends.

THE UNITED STATES MINISTER. Mr. Lowell has gone to Mentmore over Sunday

to visit Lord Rosebery.

THE CRISIS IN FRANCE. PROPOSED ACTION AGAINST MEMBERS OF FORMER

REIGNING FAMILIES-RESIGNATIONS FROM THE

Paris, Jan. 27 .- The Paris announces that the Government and the Committee of the Chamber of the Deputies have agreed, upon the question of the precenders, to accept the counter project of M. Fabre, which proposes that the Orleans Princes shall be prohibited from filling any civil or mili-

At a Cabinet Council to-day the members decided to accept the compromise between the Government and the Committee of the Chamber of Deputies on the question of excluding pretenders, based upon M. Fabre's proposal, which also prohibits pretenders from exercising the elective function. Admiral Jaurequiberry then resigned. General Billot, Minister of War, announced that he should oppose the measure, but consented to remain in office provisionally, in order to avoid a Ministerial crisis. Nothing is known regarding the opinion of M. Duclerc, who is still unable to receive any one. The committee on being informed of the resolution of the Cabinet, agreed by a vote of 5 to 6 to support M. Fabre's proposal. M. Marcou then resigned the post of reporter of the committee. M. Fabre, who was chosen in his place, was instructed to submit the report to the Chamber of Deputies before the close of to-day's sitting.

M. Fabre's proposal is a reproduction of the Government bill with the additional clause prohibiting pretenders from exercising the elective function. In the Chamber of Deputies to-day debate was continued on the Magistracy bill. The vote of last year abrogating the principle of trremovability of Judges and providing that they be elected was reversed by the rejection of the first clause of the

committee's draft. Toward the close of the sitting M. Fabre read the report of the Committee on the Question of Excluding Pretenders. M. Bourgeois, Bonapartist, protested, and moved the previous question. M. Cuneo d'Ornano, Bonapartist, also protested. The previous question was rejected by a vote of 99 to 440. Debate on the report was fixed for Monday. After the adjournment of the Chamber the mem bers of the Right held a meeting and decided to

bers of the Right held a meeting and decided to oppose all bills or resolutions affecting members of former reigning families, and not to associate themselves with any motion for a secret ballot when such questions are put to a vote.

M. de Casagnac writes in The Vays that exempress Eugénic did not, during her visit in Pans, request him to modify his attitude toward Prince Jerome. Those who affirm that she associated herself with Prince Jerome's policy, he says, insult her. Her journey to Paris was simply an act of family solidarity and chivalrous generosity.

La trance says the Juge d'Instruction having charge of the investigation in Prince Jerome's case to-day transmitted his report in relation thereto to the court, which will decide within five days as to the proceedings to be taken in the matter.

M. Duclere declines to accept M. Fabre's compromise and insists upon the retention of the Government's proposals in their original form. He communicated his decision to-night to President Grévy and Ministers Fallieres and Deves. It is asserted that General Billot shares M. Duclere's views.

PHASES OF THE IRISH TROUBLES.

BELFAST, Jan. 27 .- A conference of tenant-farm ers here on the land question has passed resolutions in tayor of the amendment of the Land Act, and urged that lease-holders should be admitted to its benefits and that the purchase clauses should be altered so as to afford greater facilities to the farmers in acquiring possession of land.

DUBLIN, Jan. 27 .- Formal notices were served today on Mesars. Davitt, Healy and Quinn, that they must find bail within a week or go to Kilmainham Five men have been arrested in Craughwell on

Doherty in 1881. The prisoners were taken of an way. The arrests were made on the evidence of an

WRECKS AND LOSS OF LIFE.

LONDON, Jan. 27 .- The German bark Admiral Prinz Adalbert is ashore at Mumbles Head, Wales. A lifeboat which went out to her rescue was stove in and six of the crew of the lifeboat were drowned. The bark is a total wreck. All except one of the erew were saved.

A large steamer was wrecked to-day near Swan Sea. The crew perished.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.—The British bark Governor Langdon, from St. John, N. B.; British saip Importer, Captain Sutherland, from St. John, N. B.; British bark Dunstafnage, from Newcastle, N. B.; and the British ship Queen of India, from Quebec, have all been seriously damaged in this port by the

GERMANY AND THE VATICAN.

BERLIN, Jan. 27 .- The North-German Gasette gives the text of a letter from the Emperor William to the Pope dated December 22. After heartily returning the good wishes expressed in a letter from the Pope to the Emperor, the latter declares that the Pope's letter has strengthened his hope that the satisfaction felt by the Pope at the re-establishment of the Prussian Legation at the Vatican will afford ground for his Holiness to reciprocate by similar advances. The Emperor believes that the advance made by the Vatican in regard to the duty f giving notice of ecclesiastical appointments to the Government is even more to the interest of the Catholic Church than to the State. If the Emperor were convinced that his desire for an understanding were recipiocated, he would be able to concede that the Diet should reconsider the May laws, which are not permanently required for the maintenance of peaceful relations with the Vatican.

A GERMAN PRINCE'S WILL.

Berlin, Jan. 27 .- The late Prince Charles, by his will, leaves 27,000,000 marks, apportioned as follows: 12,000,000 to his son Prince Frederick Charles , 6,000,000 to each of his two daughters ; 1,000,000 to the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, of which order the late Prince was Grand Master, to be employed in founding a Home for Convalescents: 1,000,000 to other charities, and the 1,000,000 marks remaining to be at the disposal of the Em-

SERRANO URGING CONCILIATION. Madrid, Jan. 27 .- At a meeting to-day of Liberal

ciples, respect for liberty, respect for law, and re- | members of the Chamber of Deputies, Marshal Serrano presided. Señor Moret said the Liberal party would always be guided by the wishes of the people. Marshal Serrano urged conciliation towards all Liberals. "Let there be no more revolutions," he said, "thus avoiding reaction. We desire the union of the throne and the people."

MEXICAN BANDITS ATTACKED. SIX SOLDIERS AND ELEVEN OUTLAWS KILLED-THE

BANDITS DEFEATED. CHICAGO, Jan. 27 .- A Matamoras, Mexico, dispatch says a party of bandits, led by Jesus Banaca. were attacked yesterday near 8an Juan, Jalisco, by rural soldiers under Captain Thomas Lemon. A desperate fight ensued and the bandits were defeated, having eleven killed. Six soldiers were killed, including brother of Captain Lemon.

NEWS FROM CANADA. OTTAWA, Jan. 27 .- It is authoritatively stated that the Department of Justice will deliver up Hall to the American authorities unconditionally. The

necessary papers have been made out, and a warrant authorizing his removal will be issued as soon as the formal demand is received. MONTREAL, Jan. 27.—The union boot and shee lasters, who have been on strike here, are returning to work on their employers' terms.

FOREIGN NOTES.

LONDON. Saturday, Jan. 27, 1883. A dispatch from Cairo to The Standard says the Minister of Justice has sent a circular to the local tribunals instructing them not to press debtors nor to sanction foreclosures until the fellaheen have had time to pay their creditors. The circular has incressed the commer-cial difficulties.

Crofters on the Island of Barra, Scotland, have seized upon grazing land belonging to other persons, and are in communication with the crofters on the lale of Skyc. It is stated that the Mesars. Inman have purchased a large and fast steamer of 6,000 ton, which is now building on the Civde, and which is to be launched in February, and will be ready for sea in June.

A Vienna dispatch says that M. do Giers had a long interview to day with Prince Henry VII. of Reuss, the German Ambassador in that city. Count Kainoky, the Imperial Prime Minister, gave a farewell dinner this evening to M. de Giers.

A Berlin dispatch says that Prince Bismarck had a long interview yesterday with the Emperor and to-day he had an interview, lasting three-quarters of an hour, with the Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia previous to the latter's departure from Berlin.

Violent storms prevailed in Hungary on Friday. In the District of Oranvitza most of the houses were destroyed.

RAILROAD NEWS.

LACKAWANNA AND THE POOL ROADS.

The presidents of the trunk lines have authorized Commissioner Fink to arrange for the admisroad into the trank line pool whenever that company desires to enter the pool. The authority is given for the purpose of facilitating a union with the new line without recourse to a special meeting of the committee of presidents. It is also believed that this action may be of avail to Mr. Fink in his consultation with the Lackawanna's officials on the subject of the maintenance of schedule rates. There has been no formal invitation to the Lackawanna to join the trunk line poel, and no elleation for admission has been made by the new

better security were the Lackawanna to adopt the trunk line agreements. It is emphatically denied that the cuts charged against the new line have seriously disturbed the schedule rates of the pool lines. But the position of the Lackawanna forms a disturbing element, which, it is feared, may work injury if the road receives a warm support from the Grand Trunk of Canada. The Grand Trunk, while declining to enter the trunk line pool, has professed to abide by the rates, freight and passenger, cataolished by the pool. Nevertheless, it is accused of irregularities in rates, to a greater or less extent, most of the time, and especially since the traffic arrangements were made between the and the Lackawanna it has been an object of increased jealous watching on the part of its American rivals. A well-known railroad man recently expressed the deck. Witness attended meetings in North Lotts. Poole was held the opinion of the managers of the New-York roads when he said: "The Grand Trunk lines then it is possible for general trouble to be made." The Lackawanna's appearance as a competitor for through traffic causes the most concern to the Eric. The linited facilities of the new line have been, as a rule, taxed in the transportation of fourth-class freight. The New-York Central has had no traffic agreements with the Grand Trunk for some time, but the Eric is peculiarly sensitive to the suspicion that its Canadian connections with the Canada road. Hence the Eric is peculiarly sensitive to the suspicion that its Canadian connections with the Canada connections with the Canad position of the Lackawanna forms a disturbing element,

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CONSOLIDATION.

Washington, Jan. 27 .- The Senate Com-Keilogg to report to the Senate a substitute for the bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Miller, of California, which authorized "Tue Southern Pacific Railroad Com pany and other railroad companies to unite and consoli date so as to form a continuous line of railroad between the tidal waters of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans." The object of the substitute is to enable the Southern Pacific Railroad to effect a consolidation under one general management of the continuous line of road now virtually controlled by that company under eight differ-Francisco to New-Orleans. The main features of the substitute for the bill are as follows:

substitute for the bill are as follows:

The consolidation of parallel lines of road or their leasing or control by purchase is prosibiled, and the right is reserved to the Government to regulate the races of freight and passage and the right to alter and amend the act of consolidation. The bill also reserves the rights of all creditors of the various roads that make up the consolidation. The land grants from Yuma to El Paso, through the Territories of Arizona and New-Mexico, which were by arrangement between the Terris and Pacific Company and the Southern Pacific Company ceded by the former to the latter, are in no way affected by the

CONSOLIDATION OF TWO LINES. ALBANY, Jan. 27 .- The Addison and Northera Pennsylvania Railway Company of New-York and the Addison and Northern Pennsylvania Railway Com pany of Pennsylvania have filed a certificate with the retary of State of consolidation, with the name of the Addison and Northern Pennsylvania Raliway Company and a capital of \$600,000. The route of the road in this State is from Addison, a station on the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railway, to the boundary line of the States of New York and Pennsylvania, to connect with the road of the same name now being constructed in Pennsylvania.

TREASURER POLE'S DEFICIT.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 27 .- A dispatch to The Times Star from Nashville, Tenn., says: "The accountant finds the deficit of the late State Treat for Polk to be \$292,427 25."

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

A FAMER KILLED BY LIGHTNING. GALVESTON, Ga. Jan. 24.—A special dispatch from Huntsville to The News says a farmer, one Murphy, was killed there by lightning has night.

Altoona, Penn. Jan. 27.—A. M. Dulon, a young mechanical engineer, committed suicide in this city last night by taking suiphate of morphia. He had been drinking heavily.

lly. HANGING HIMSELF IN HIS HOUSE.
PHILAD LPHIA, Jan, 27.—Victor Sennapp, age
fifty-nic, committed suicide this morning, by hanging, in an
upper story of his house, No. 4,650 Washington-et, Manayunx.

yunk.

FATAL ACCIDENT FROM AN EMERY WHEEL PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 27.—James Rooney, jage seventeen, was struck by the band of an emery wheel Pawing set this morning. He fell forward upon the whand received injuries from which he died in less than an ho FOUND WITH HIS FORE WHICH HE HER IN THE HEAD WITH HIS FOREHEAD CRUSHED.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Jan. 27.—Giles McFarland was discovered last night, in Nanticoke, lying in the street with his forehead crushed in by a blow from some binnt lastrument. He died this morning. His assailants are unknown.

SENTENCED FOR LIFE,

NEW-ORLEANS, Jan. 27.—A dispatch to The Picayune says. The Governor has commuted the sentence of
"Buffalo Bill." colored convicted of murder in Grant Parish, to imprisonment for file. The appeal for elemency was
signed by the Attorny-General, the Court, and other officials
of Grant Parish.

if Grass Parish.

A BALLROAD CONDUCTOR ASSAULTED.

A EGUSTA, Jan 27.—Conductor P. H. Ward, of the Port Royal Estimated, was assaulted at Yemassee, S. C. this corning by a train hand, one narries who has been thin down with an engine lamp and sicked him and specked him to ward to be a critical condition. The sessitant was arrested. Ward is in a critical condition. His sendinut was arrested, GOLD-BOR-UGH SENTENGED FOR LIBEL. CUMBERLAND, Md., Jan. 27.—" M. Goldsborouch convicted of libel on account of a dispatch sent to The Washington Star on May 17, 18-2; saying: "It is stated that William M. Price has left Cumberlant to avoid arrest in the Morey letter forger; Case," was sautenced to day to pay a fix of 300 and costs, and to be imprisenced untui it is paid.

THE IRISH MURDERS.

EVIDENCE AGAINST THE ASSASSINS. SEVERAL OF THE PRISONERS IDENTIFIED-DISCLOS-URES OF A SENSATIONAL CHARACTER.

Dublin, Jan. 27.—Joseph Brady, Timothy Kelly, Lawrence Hanlon, John Dwyer and Myles Kavanagh, a carman, appeared in the Kilmainham Court-House to-day charged with conspiracy to murder Field, a special juror. The court was crowded and carefully guarded. Alice Carroll. age seventeen, deposed that on the evening of November 27, shortly after 6 o'clock, she saw a car with three passengers and a driver stop in Hardwicke-st. The three men got off; she knew two of them; they were Kelly and Brady; she frequently saw them at Mullet's public-house. She saw them follow Field, whom Brady stabbed; she aw the glitter of the canesword or dagger. The two other men were behind Brady. When Field fell he was again stabbed by Brady or Kelly. The three men got on the car and drove off. Kavanagh was the driver. The witness positively identified Brady, Kelly and Kavanagh. A long cross-examination followed, but the testi-

uony of the witness was not broken down. The prisoners were brought into the Kilmainham Court-House by a private passage from the jail. The counsel for the Crown stated that he intended only to prosecute the five prisoners in the dock for the attempt to murder Field. The accused men were represented by four counsellors. Several of the Castle officials and many ladies were present in

The girl witness denied telling her parents that she saw the attack upon Field. An accidental conversation some days after with the policeman caused her examination. She did not "inform" in consequence of the reward of £500. She saw Brady stab Field in the breast or face after he spoke to Brady. The prisoners smiled at the evidence and joked among themselves. The girl refused to go on the witness-stand. The next witness for some reason also refused. They were examined from a side

Michael Farrell, a brass-fitter, age sixteen, deposed that on the evening of the attack upon Field he saw three men standing at the corner of Hardwicke-st. A car was on the opposite side of the street. The witness knows Brady, Kavanagh and Kelly. Kavanagh was in charge of the car. The other two men were near.

Connolly, a solicitor's clerk, swore that on the evening of the attack upon Field he was on his way home through Frederick-st., and heard cries of murder. He ran up and saw Field on the ground. The prisoner, Kelly, was just behind him, and made his escape through the crowd. Kelly, who vanished when he saw the witness, had a weapon partly concealed under his coat. The witness forlowed him, and saw him get on a car, upon which he threw the weapon. A stout man jumped upon the other side. Kelly lost his hat on jumping on the car. The stout man had a revolver. The witness pursued the car fifty yards, and was stopped

Pau, a provision-dealer, proved that he picked up a hat immediately after the occurrence.

At this stage of the proceedings, the sixteen other prisoners against whom a general charge has been brought of conspiracy to murder Government officials, were placed in the dock with the five under

enpied the chair. It was decided to arrange for the appointment of a new Vigilance Committee to carry out the decrees of the Directory. Joseph Mullett was chairman of the Directory. Complaints were made at this meeting of Poole, and the chairman said the matter would be dealt with when the Vigilance Committee was formed. All understood what the Vigilance Committee was for. Mulletsaid it would be well to send Kingston and McNamara away. A meeting of Centres was held on the following Sunday in the Glasneven Cemetery. Joseph Mullett, Daniel Delaney, Farrell and others were prisent. Witness gave Mullett money, and Mullett gave him a receipt for the same under the name of Salmon on December 31, 1882. The same evening a meeting was held at a public-house. Mention was made of a threat of Mr. Mallon, Superintendent of Detectives, to prosecute for perjury certain

was made of a threat of Mr. Mallon, Superintendent of Detectives to prosecute for perjury certain witnesses examined at a private inquiry in Dubin Castle. Mullett said Mr. Mallon would not get a chance to prosecute if a new Vigilance Committee was formed, as he would be killed.

After the murder of Detective Cox, the old Vigilance Committee was broken up. Each of the nine Centres selected two men from the rank and file of the Brotherhood, and these eighteen men were introduced to the chairman, who swore them in as a Vigilance Committee; they were bound to obey him. Witness attended the meeting at which the new Vigilance Committee was sworn in; it was held in brunswick-st., in the latter part of October last. Kingston was in the chair. Witness brought in Devine and Hawkins. Boland, a member of the Directory, and Kingston were members of the Devine and Hawkins. Boland, a member of the Directory, and Kingston were members of the former Vigilance Committee. Wilmess had been arrested for the Kenny murder, but was liberated. The witness then said: "I visited Poole in Kilmainham Jail, within the last week, accompanied by my wife, who is his sister. I told the police I would give information a week ago. I don't expect any money. I did not tell Poole I would inform the Police Inspector."

Fogariy proved that in December, 1881, he found at the prisoner Whelan's residence a large quantity of arms and ammunition, information about which had been given by Bailey. Whelan's brother-in-law, who was subsequently murdered in Skipper's Alley.

cartraiges were found.

The inquiry was adjourned for a week. The Crown counsel stated that on next Saturday important evidence in regard to the Phonix Park murders would be given.

The prigoners were taken back to the jail through the prisoners were

FEARING ANOTHER MINE DISASTER. BY TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Jan 27 .- The people residing in the immediate vicinity of the district which caved in are moving away rapidly, and those who remain do so out of necessity, because they can secure no quarters elsewhere. The of families are mostly miners, employed in and about the scene of the disaster, and they are compelled to stay where they earn their daily bread. If it were not for this, many of them would leave the town. Watchmen are on duty every night ready to give the signal as soon as danger shows itself. The water supply is still as danger shows itself. The water supply is still out off, but so far the people have been drawing water from the weil of Mr. Geyer, the only one in the district which has held out, although there were only six feet of water in it when the lemand was first made upon it. Many of the families have not eaten a warm meal since the shock, depending entirely upon cold lunches as they are afra'd to light their fires. The loss of siery consequent upon the uncertain condition of they are afra'd to light their fires. The loss of sie-p consequent upon the uncertain condition of things has naturally made the people exceedingly nervous, which, added to the constant anticipation of more trouble, fairly crazes the brain. Since yesterday men have been employed in filling up the cracks that interfere with the safe passage of streets and paths. Future developments are awaited with much anxiety, and until an examination is made of the mine everything will be in a state of great uncertainty.

CARS THROWN DOWN AN EMBANEMENT.

WABASH, Ind., Jan. 27 .- A west-bound express train on the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Rail-road hast night struck a broken rail a mile from here, and the chair car and sleeping car rolled down an embanknent forty feet deep. There were only eight persons in the two cars. No one was seriously injured except the

porter of the sleeping car. The names of the wounded who were brought here, are as follows: M. Knight, get eral freight agent of the Wabaah Line, of St. Louis; C. I Whitman, of St. Louis; A. W. Colton, of Toledo, and N J. Gail, of St. Louis.

THE SENATORIAL STRUGGLE.

TWO NEW SENATORS FROM COLORADO.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 27.-In joint session of both Houses of the Legislature at noon to-day Thomas M. Bowen, of Rio Grande, was elected United States Senator for the term of six years from March 4, and H. A. W. Taber, of Arapahoe, for the short term. Each received the full party vote.

Judge Bowen is about fifty-two years old. At the out-

break of the war he was living in Kansas, where he or ganized a regiment and served in the Southwestern cam paigus. He was breveted for meritorious conduct, an was given a special command in Arkansas. At the close of the war he became a Constitutional Convention

was given a special command in Arkansas. At the close of the war he became a delegate to the Constitutional Convention for the reconstruction of the State, and was made chairman of that body. After the readmission of Arkansas into the Union Mr. Bowen was elected an Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of the State. At that time he was recognized as one of the prominent Republican leaders in Arkansas. In 1871 he removed to New-York, and in 1872 President Grant appointed him Governor of Idaho. Afterward he removed to Colorado and was elected a judge of one of the courts in that State. He became interested in mining property and is now reckoned as one of the "Bonana kiuga." He is an able jurist and a man of dignified bearing.

In the spring of 1878 Horace A. W. Tabor, who has been elected United States Senator from Colorado for the term ending in 1883, kept a small store in California Gulch, near Leadville, and was a poor man. At that time Georee Hook and August Risone (a sheemaker), both without means, induced Mr. Tabor to enter into a partnership with them and put in what miners call a "grub stake." In other words, Mr. Tabor was to furnish tools and provisions to them while they were engaged in searching for minerals, and in return he was to have a state of what they found. Hook and Rischo went upon a hall near Stray Horse Guich, now known as Fryer Hill, where George H. Fryer was searching for ore. Soon after Mr. Fryer found the vein Mr. Tabor's partners pierced it. They called their mine the Little Pittaburg and Mr. Fryer called his the New Discovery. Mr. Tabor afterward bought out his partners, and in five or six mont as the book out of the mine and sold \$300,000 or \$400,000 worth of ore. He then sold the unite to Measrs. Chaffee and Mofatt for a large sum of money. These two mining and two smaller ones, the Dives and Winnemote, were afterward consolidated under one management. Although the Little Pittaburg was the basis of Mr. Tabor's present waith, about \$10,000,000, he has often sold the interior—by als wit

MR. WINDOM'S FORLORN HOPE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 27 .- The Windom men held a secret conference last night, the result of which was not known until a very late hour. Mr. Win was in the hands of his friends, thanking them for their support, and intimating that he was willing to withdraw that they resolved to vote for him again when the Legis lature reassembles on Tucsday, and afterward to vote for some other candidate. It will thus be seen that Windom's star has set. All his legislative and journalistic supporters in the State have given him up. Either Sabin or Gordon E. Cole will probably be elected on Wednesday.

A REPUBLICAN CAUCUS IN NEBRASKA. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 27 .- The Republicans finally succeeded in getting a caucus at which sixty-seven attended, just enough to elect a Senator. The Millard, 16; Thayer, 15; Saunders, 13; Manderson, 8. The eleventh ballot was: Cowan, 14; Millard, 18; Thayer, 13; Saunders, 13; Manderson, S. The vote in the Legislature to-day resulted as follows: er, 10; Saunders, 13; Mandersön, S.
vote in the Legislature to-day resulted as follows:
23; Saunders, 16; Thayer, 15; Millari, 14;
a, 14; Stickel, 14; Manderson, S; Morton, 5;
v, 4; Brown, 3; Lake, 2; Crounse, 2; and the
sattering. rest scattering.

A WOMAN HELD FOR MURDER.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 27 .- Delia Gilbert, who was arrested several days ago, charged with the murder of Phoshe Brush, her sister, in Stratford, about where a hearing was held before Justice Morenouse.
Police Officer Arnold testified regarding a conversa tion held with the accused woman, during which she caught hold of him as he was leaving the room and exlaimed: "Ob, if I could only trust you!" and a moment after again said, " It was a woman who did it." He then endeavored to have her tell him all she knew about the case, when she said, "If you will come over to-morrow I will tell you all about it." The witness said that the I will tell you all about it." The witness said that the next day he went to see her, when she told bim she had nothing to say about the matter, as she had consulted her counsel in the meantime.

Dr. C. Godfrey said he had made an examination of the substance found on the bottom of the rubber shoes taken from the prisoner. He pronounced it to be blood. The prisoner was bound over to appear at the February term of the Supreme Court, and was lodged in the county fail.

A FATAL MINE ACCIDENT.

ALLENTOWN, Penn., Jan. 27 .- The ore mine of Jonas Metzger, operated by the Hokandaqua Iron Company, near this city, caved in this morning and Elias Huntsberger was killed outright, John Billiard, one Semmel and William Metzger were also working in the shaft at the time. Billiard and Semmel made their escape, but Metzger was caught by the failing earth and timber, caught by the failing earth and timber, and held fast. His calls for help were, however, plainly heard by the rescuers, and this evening, though still buried, he was alive, and it is hoped that his life will be saved. The Hokandagua Iron Company has sent a large force of men to aid in the rescue. The body of Hunts berger cannot be reached to night Men, women and children flocked to the mine, and there is great excitement. The shaft slopes sixty feet into the earth and then proceeds forty feet horizontally. The men were caught near the foot of the slope.

FOUND DEAD WITH HIS FEET TIED.

Boston, Jan. 27.-The body of Adoniram conard was found in the woods near Raynham. The body was frozen stiff. Both feet were tied with stout ope to a small sapling. Under the corpse was found a 22-calibre revolver. Leonard, who had worked in a Fall River mill, was a man of good character, and had been missing since November 1.

FUNERAL OF PROFESSOR S. S. GREENE, PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 27.-The funeral of Professor S. S. Greene, of Brown University, took place

to-day. The services were conducted by President Robinson, and the Rev. H. C. Graves, of Haverhill, Mass. There was a large attendance. TELEGRAPHIC NOTES. INCORPORATION OF A NEW YORK CLUB.

INCORPORATION OF A NEW YORK CLUB. ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Among the companies incorporated to day was the Governor's Club of New York, for social purposes. It has power to acquire a club-house. *EQUESTS TO CHARITABLE INSTITUTION'S. BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 27.—The will of the widow of the late Francis E. Pomeroy was filed to-day. She haves about \$21,000 to charitable institutions. A SUIT FOR DAMAGES AGAINST A RAILROAD. WATERBURY, Count. Jan. 27.—George A. Aver, president of the Waterbury Constructing Company, who received permanent injuries in the accident on the New-York and New-England Railroad in october last, has brought a suit against that road for \$50,000 damages. GOVERNOR BUTLER IN COURT. PROVIDENCE, E. I., Jan. 24.—Governor Butler was in the Supreme Court to-day trying to secure the reversal of the decree, issued has Saturday, appointing a receiver of the Quidness Company. The court held the case under advisament.

RHODE ISLAND EDUCATIONAL MATTERS.

RHODE ISLAND EDUCATIONAL BART STAND RHODE ISLAND EDUCATIONAL BART STAND RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE. R. I. Jan. 27.—I he Rhode Island Institute of Instruction to day elected the following officers: President, William T Peck; vice presidents, the Rev. Dr. Daniel Leach, and fifteen others. Professor J. C. Greenough, Principal of the date Normal School declines to accept the office of Supervisor of Schools in Boston.

THE MONTREAL CARNIVAL

VISITORS WHO WERE MUCH PLEASED. PARADE OF THE TANDEM CLUB-SNOW-SHOE RACING AND OTHER SPORTS-CLOSE OF THE PESTIVITIES. MONTREAL, Que., Jan. 27 .- With the grand ball at the Windsor Hotel last night, of the success of which everyone is talking pleasantly to-day, the first winter carnival in Montreal virtually ended.

The retrospect of the week, it is universally conceded by strangers as well as citizens, is of the most satisfactory character. In taking leave of the city this morning there was nothing but praise on every visitor's lips, all declaring that such a pleasant, novel and healthful week they had never passed before. There was a complete absence of complaint or grumbling. The voluntary hospitalities of citizens were also warmly acknowledged, and it will be strange indeed if the memory of the carnival will not rematn green in the minds of those

whohad the pleasure of participating in it. The loads of trophies in the shape of toboggans, snow-shoes, etc., of Canadian winter sports carried away by the Americans proved how delighted they were with the varions amusements they had participated in. All who came here with an idea that they were entering an Arctic country where the piercing cold held sway, departed with enlightened views.

Although the weather in the forenoon was anything but cheering, there was a delightful change shortly after midday. This inspired hopes, and the carnival wound up in a blaze of sunshine which made strangers think that geographers must have been mistaken when they placed Montreal in such a high northern latitude. The first thing on the programme, and not the least interesting one of the week, was the parade of the tandem club of the city. The cavalcade, which consisted of fifty splendid sleighs drawn by fine horses with beautiful trappings, made a sensation among the vast crowd collected to see it in Dominion Square. Many of the turnouts were four-in-hands and they presented an attractive appearance. The principal avenues were

A most exciting time followed at the lacrosse grounds, where the snow-shoe champions were contesting for honors. Some very interesting races were run, but the Montreal Club, the senior in the city, came out victorious over all.

The curling bonspiel for stone players, which excited so much curro-ity and interest, was won by the comparatively young Lindsay,
Ontario, Club, beating the Thistles, of
Hamilton, cleverly. The St. Andrews, of
New-York, stood well up at the finish, and played well throughout. The iron players cup was taken by the Thistle

cup was taken by the Thistle Club, of Montreal, from the Quebec Club, after a brilliant contest. The winner made brilliant play from the beginning, beating the veteran clubs of Belleville and Ottawa.

The hockey match between the Quebec Club and the Victorias, of Montreal, ended in a triumph for the former. Another match, between the winners and the MeGill University Club, after a very severe struggte, ended with a draw.

The carnival is over. So far as the sports and novel sights for visitors are concerned, it has been a success. The citizens are well satisfied with the result of the tournament of Canasian winter amusements, and have resoived to repeat it in much more elaborate form hereafter.

Next year the plans will be on an enlarged scale. In continuing the carnival the managers feel strongly that they are only giving expression to the wishes of the strangers who visited them on this occasion. It is estimated that the number of visitors was 15,000.

STEALING STAMPS BY THE THOUSAND.

Adam Schmalzer, of No. 29 Norfolk-st., John Hogge, of the Fenimore Flats, in West Fortyseventh-st., and James W. Robertson, of No. 42 St. Mark's Place, were taken yesterday before Justice Power, at the Tombs Police Court, charged with defrauding Boyd's City Dispatch, by which they are employed. The complaint was made by Mrs. Mary Blackman, wife of the proprietor of the concern, caucus adjourned at midnight after taking eleven bal. The business of this firm is the distribution of and circulars as a kind of privat post. It has been organized for the last sixty years in the city, and for twenty-three years has been owned by William Blackman. Stamps are sold by them to customers, and these stamps are placed on such matter as the carriers of Boyd's Dispatch collect and distribute daily. Some sixty carriers are employed and the prisoners arraigned yesterday were among these. It is charged that they have been obtaining these stamps and disposing of them without the knowledge of the proprietor, and appropriating the

stamps and disposing of them without the knowledge of the preprietor, and appropriating the money.

A TRIBUNE reporter last evening called at the house of Mr. Blackman, No. 294 McDonough-st, Brooklyn, and obtained a statement from Mrs. Blackman, who has been directing the business for the last three months. Her husband was injured by an accident in November, and since then has been unable to leave the house, nottle a few days ago. Mrs. Black nan said that shortly after taking charge of the business she became convinced that something was wrong, the receipts being too small for the business transacted, all the stamps were kept in a vault, locked by a combination, and it was not thought possible that they could be surrestitionally obtained. It was supposed that counterfest stamps had been made. Mrs. Blackman, in connection with the superintendent of the business, Edgar Williams, kepta close watch, and it was finally discovered that the safe was being tampered with. A new combination was then placed on it and this stopped the thefts. There were several million stamps in the vault and thousands could be taken at a time without being missed. It was learned that they had been taken by Schmalzer, wholhad discovered the combination. He distributed them to his contederates among the carriers, others took orders for stamps and filled them instead of delivering the orders to the office. Schmalzer, Mrs. Blackman said, confessed so much yesterday; 103,000 stamps were found in a closet in his house, and 20,000 more were discovered in the cellar of the building at No. 1 Park-place, where the office is. All preparations made and the proof secured before the arrest, and the confederaces were taken completely by surprise, and confessed their guilt, Mrs. Blackman and the proof secured before the arrest, and the confederaces were taken completely by surprise, and confessed their guilt, Mrs. Blackman and the proof secured before the arrest, and the confederaces were taken completely by surprise, and confessed their guilt. Mrs. Blac

DISAPPEARANCE OF HORATIO FOWES.

INT TRIEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Kingston, N. Y., Jan. 27 .- Heratio Fowks ditor of The Morning Courier of this city, and presiden of the Courier Printing Company, left his home in this city on Saturday last to transact some business in New-York, expecting to return on Monday or Tuesday. He has not yet returned, and the only word from him which has reached his family or triends here since was a telegram on Saturday night announcing his safe arrival in New-York on that day. Mr. Fowks has long been a prominent member of the Winter Street Methodies Church, and superintendent of the Sanday School. He

Later developments show that the financial embar rassment of Mr. Fowks was more serious than at first rasament of Mr. Fowes was more serious than at first supposed, and the general opinion now is that on reach-ing Now-York a week ago, and being unsuccessful in ob-taining financial relief, he resolved to fly from the scene of his misfortunes. He has long been in the habit of perrowing small sums of money to tide over the adversity in his business. The total amount of his liabili-ties cannot yet be ascertained. It is, however, impre-

ties cannot yet be ascertained. It is, however, impressable that he had any large amount of money with him when he left home. He leaves a wife, daughter and baby. It is said that his wife observed that he acted at a second and the second here of the second by many that his troubles finally dethroned his leaved by many that his troubles finally dethroned his reason. The story connecting him with the Foster girl, of Jersay City, is entirely without feandation.